American Association for the Advancement of Science

CIENCE

7 FEBRUARY 1992 Vol. 255 PACES 653-768 Srf I A Unique 8 Base Cutter From Stratagene

> As Rare As the Perfect Wave

Srf 1* is a novel restriction endonuclease developed at Stratagene which recognizes the eight base palindrome 5'-GCCCGGGC-3'. Srf I cleaves after the third C, producing blunt ends which are useful for cloning applications¹. Srf I joins our expanding list of enzymes certified for pulsed field use. Because of its 100% (G+C) recognition sequence, Srf I is an essential tool for megabase mapping and cloning.

Srf I is supplied with Stratagene's unique Universal Buffer, formulated for ease-in-use in single and multiple digests. Each lot is date stamped for guaranteed 100% activity through the expiration date.

Contact Stratagene for our growing list of high quality restriction enzymes, including our new isochizomers which replace outdated commercially available higher priced and lower quality enzymes.

*Patents Pending 1. Simcox, T. G., Marsh, S.J., Gross, E.A., Lernhardt, W., Davis, S.J. and Simcox, M.C., *Gene*, **109**: 121 - 123, 1991

Please contact Stratagene for the distributor near you.

Germany: Stratagene GmbH Telephone: (06221) 40 06 34 Telefax: (06221) 40 06 39

United Kingdom: Stratagene Ltd. 5 34 Telephone: (0223) 42 09 55 Telefax: (0223) 42 02 34

France: Stratagene France Telephone: (0590) 72 36 Telefax: (1) 44 28 19 00



Corporate Headquarters: Ordering and Tech. Services: 800-424-5444 FAX: 619-535-5430, TELEX: 9103809841

Circle No. 85 on Readers' Service Card

A MUTATION IS A TERRIBLE THING TO MISS DON'T!

INTRODUCING MDE[™] GEL

AT Biochem's new MDE (Mutation Detection Enhancement) gel allows you to detect mutations from PCR*-amplified samples using simple electrophoretic techniques, without special equipment and gradients. When compared with standard acrylamide, MDE gel significantly improves detection of single base mutations using either the heteroduplex or SSCP method.



For complete technical information call 1-800-282-4626







MDE Gels are for research use only.

AT Biochem, Inc. 30 Spring Mill Drive, Malvern, PA 19355 Telephone: 1-800-282-4626 or 215-889-9300 Fax: 215-889-9304 * Patented Process; Cetus Corporation

Circle No. 2 on Readers' Service Card

American Association for the Advancement of Science



ISSN 0036-8075 7 FEBRUARY 1992 VOLUME 255 NUMBER 5045

	059	This week in Science
Editorial	661	Engineering Research Centers
Letters	663	Access to Genetic Sequence Data: C. ELKAN Chronic Fatigue Syndrome: W. J. MARTIN; J. PALCA Alar: The Aftermath: A. M. FINKEL; L. MOTT; D. E. KOSHLAND, JR. Supermelons?: J. L. HOFFMAN; EDITORS The Argentine Fork: Correction: A. D. FRANKEL AND J. TAO
ScienceScope	671	AXAF's indirect costs soar higher; budget woes ground NIH scientists; etc.
News & Comment	672	Science Budget: Selective Growth ■ Science and the Domestic Spending Squeeze ■ Civilian R&D: The Big Four Federal Spenders
	676	Where Have All Japan's Scientists Gone?
	677	Sequencing Venture Sparks Alarm
	678	Third World: S(ave) O(ur) S(heep)!
	679	Stepping Up the Pressure On Indirect Costs
	680	Briefings: Zagury in the Clear ■ Debut for 425-Million-Year-Old Fossil ■ Sarin Indicted ■ Neuro Nerves Calmed ■ More Turmoil Over Orphan Drugs ■ Picture-Perfect Plankton
Research News	682	Pollutant Haze Cools the Greenhouse Hot Nights in the Greenhouse
	684	Molecular Design Gets Into a Hole
	685	Yellowstone Ecosystem: "Win-Win" Solution
	686 688	"African Eve" Backers Beat a Retreat \blacksquare Choosing a Human Family Tree Boring in on β -Amyloid's Role in Alzheimer's
Articles	690 695	When Do Anomalies Begin?: A. LIGHTMAN AND O. GINGERICH Deformational Mass Transport and Invasive Processes in Soil Evolution: G. H BRIMHALL, O. A. CHADWICK, C. J. LEWIS, W. COMPSTON, I. S. WILLIAMS, K. J. DANTI, W. E. DIETRICH, M. E. POWER, D. HENDRICKS, J. BRATT
Reports	703	Antiferromagnetism in Pressure-Amorphized Fe ₂ SiO ₄ : M. B. KRUGER, R. JEANLOZ, M. P. PASTERNAK, R. D. TAYLOR, B. S. SNYDER, A. M. STACY, S. R. BOHLEN

SCIENCE (ISSN 0036-8075) is published weekly on Friday, except the last week in December, by the American Association for the Advancement of Science, 1333 H Street, NW, Washington, DC 20005. Second-class postage (publication No. 484460) paid at Washington, DC, and additional mailing offices. Copyright © 1992 by the American Association for the Advancement of Science. The title SCIENCE is a registered trademark of the AAAS. Domestic individual membership and subscription (51 issues): \$195. Foreign postage extra: Mexico, Caribbean (surface mail) \$50; Other countries (air assist delivery) \$95. First class, airmail, student and emeritus rates on request. Canadian rates with GST available upon request, GST #1254 88122. Change of address: allow 6 weeks, giving old and new addresses and 11-digit account number. Postmaster: Send change of address to Science, P.O. Box 2033, Marion, OH 43305–2033. Single copy sales: \$6.00 per issue prepaid includes surface postage; Guide to Biotechnology Products and Instruments, \$20. Bulk rates on request. Authorization to photocopy material for internal or personal use under circumstances not falling within the fair use provisions of the Copyright Act is granted by AAAS to libraries and other users registered with the Copyright Clearance Center (CCC) Transactional Reporting Service, provided that the base fee of \$1 per copy plus \$0.10 per page is paid directly to CCC, 27 Congress Street, Salem, Massachusetts 01970. The identification code for Science is 0036-8075/83 \$1 + .10. Science is indexed in the Reader's Guide to Periodical Literature and in several specialized indexes.

The American Association for the Advancement of Science was founded in 1848 and incorporated in 1874. Its objectives are to further the work of scientists, to facilitate cooperation among them, to foster scientific freedom and responsibility, to improve the effectiveness of science in the promotion of human welfare, to advance education in science, and to increase public understanding and appreciation of the importance and promise of the methods of science in human progress.



COVER Granophyre from the roof zone of the Muskox intrusion, Northwest Territories, Canada, with a skeletal quartz crystal (violet, ~ 0.17 millimeter long) surrounded by optically continuous vermicular quartz intergrown with alkali feldspar (blue). The intergrowths reflect the final crystallization of a magma rich in silica and alkalis that coexisted with an underlying silica-poor magma. See page 708. [Photograph by Brian W. Stewart, California Institute of Technology, with cross-polarized light and a 575-nanometer retardation plate]

	705	Modeling 100,000-Year Climate Fluctuations in Pre-Pleistocene Time Series: T. J. CROWLEY, KY. KIM, J. G. MENGEL, D. A. SHORT
	708	Diffusive Isotopic Contamination of Mafic Magma by Coexisting Silicic Liquid in the Muskox Intrusion: B. W. STEWART AND D. J. DEPAOLO
	711	Reaction Planning: Computer-Aided Discovery of a Novel Elimination Reaction: R. HERGES AND C. HOOCK
	714	NMR Diffraction and Spatial Statistics of Stationary Systems: G. A. BARRALL, L. FRYDMAN, G. C. CHINGAS
	717	On the Probability of Matching DNA Fingerprints: N. J. RISCH AND B. DEVLIN
	721	Insulin Secretion from Pancreatic B Cells Caused by L-Arginine-Derived Nitrogen Oxides: H. H. H. W. SCHMIDT, T. D. WARNER, K. ISHII, H. SHENG, F. MURAD
	723	Reversal of Integration and DNA Splicing Mediated by Integrase of Human Immunodeficiency Virus: S. A. CHOW, K. A. VINCENT, V. ELLISON, P. O. BROWN
	726	Potentially Amyloidogenic, Carboxyl-Terminal Derivatives of the Amyloid Protein Precursor: S. Estus, T. E. GOLDE, T. KUNISHITA, D. BLADES, D. LOWERY, M. EISEN, M. USIAK, X. QU, T. TABIRA, B. D. GREENBERG, S. G. YOUNKIN
	728	Processing of the Amyloid Protein Precursor to Potentially Amyloidogenic Derivatives: T. E. GOLDE, S. ESTUS, L. H. YOUNKIN, D. J. SELKOE, S. G. YOUNKIN
	730	The Influence of Prior Synaptic Activity on the Induction of Long-Term Potentiation: YY. HUANG, A. COLINO, D. K. SELIG, R. C. MALENKA
	733	Chondroitin Sulfate as a Regulator of Neuronal Patterning in the Retina: P. A. BRITTIS, D. R. CANNING, J. SILVER
Technical Comment	737	Human Origins and Analysis of Mitochondrial DNA Sequences: A. R. TEMPLETON; S. B. HEDGES, S. KUMAR, K. TAMURA, M. STONEKING
Book Reviews	740	The Detection of Gravitational Waves, <i>reviewed by</i> P. R. SAULSON Neuronal Networks of the Hippocampus, C. KOCH Electrogenic Ion Pumps, B. HILLE Vignettes: The Market for Books Books Received
Products & Materials	744	Cell Lysis Reagent Simplifies DNA Release Particle Size Analyzer DNA Insertion Marker Light Box Nanoliter Injector Centrifugal Ultrafiltration Devices Photon-Counting Spectrofluorometer Premixed Electrophoresis Buffers Literature

Mary Ellen Avery Francisco J. Ayala Eugene H. Cota-Robles Robert A. Frosch **Board of Directors Editorial Board** Board of Reviewing Editors Harry A. Fozzard Victor R. Fuchs William H. Orme-Johnson III Stuart L. Pimm Donald N. Langenberg Retiring President, Charles J. Arntzen Elizabeth E. Bailey Yeshayau Pocker Dennis A. Powers Theodore H. Geballe John Abelson Margaret J. Geller David Baltimore William F. Brinkman Chairman Joseph G. Gavin, Jr. Florence P. Haseltine Frederick W. Alt John C. Gerhart Roger I. M. Glass Ralph S. Quatrano Erkki Ruoslahti Don L. Anderson Leon M. Lederman E. Margaret Burbidge Pierre-Gilles de Gennes Stephen J. Benkovic David E. Bloom Jean'ne M. Shreeve Warren M. Washington Stephen P. Goff Corey S. Goodman Ronald H. Schwartz President Terrence J. Sejnowski F. Sherwood Rowland Joseph L. Goldstein Floyd E. Bloom Stephen J. Gould Ira Herskowitz Thomas A. Steitz Richard F. Thompson Mary L. Good Henry R. Bourne President-elect William T. Golden Harry B. Gray John J. Hopfield James J. Bull Kathryn Calame Robert T. N. Tjian Emil R. Unanue Treasure Eric F. Johnson Stephen M. Kosslyn F. Clark Howell Paul A. Marks Charles R. Cantor C. Thomas Caskey Richard S Nicholson Konrad B. Krauskopf Michael LaBarbera Geerat J. Vermeij Bert Vogelstein Executive Officer Yasutomi Nishizuka Dennis W. Choi Charles S. Levings III Harvey F. Lodish Harold Weintraub John M. Coffin Bruce F. Eldridge Helen M. Ranney Zena Werb Robert M. Solow George M. Whitesides Owen N. Witte **Richard Losick** Paul T. Englund Fredric S. Fay Douglas T. Fearon Edward C. Stone James D. Watson Anthony R. Means Mortimer Mishkin Roger A. Nicoll William B. Wood Keith Yamamoto

Why use a messenger when you can DNA to protein in a single tube... TNT^{**} Lysate Systems^{*} go to the source?

Introducing the first Eukaryotic system for in vitro coupled transcription/translation.

- FAST- No RNA prep time. DNA to autoradiograph in 6 hours.
- **EFFICIENT Produces 2-6 times** the protein of standard reactions, thus more protein is available for functional studies.
- FLEXIBLE Systems available for DNA cloned downstream from SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters.
- **RELIABLE Based on Promega's high** quality Reticulocyte Lysates.
- **CONVENIENT- A unique, non**radioactive, functional luciferase assay* control is provided.

... only from Promega.

Reagents and a detailed protocol provided for 30 coupled reactions.

- TNT Lysate System, SP6 promoter, Cat.# L4600
- TNT Lysate System, T7 promoter, Cat.# L4610



Promega	Corporation	
2800 Woods	Hollow Road	
Madison, WI	53711-5399 L	JSA
Toll Free	800-356-9	526
Telephone	608-274-43	330
Fax	608-273-6	967
Telex	62057	092

800-356-9526

*patents pending TNT is a trademark of Promega Corporation. © 1991 Copyright Promega Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

For more information request your copy of Technical Bulletin 126.

Circle No. 71 on Readers' Service Card

O Technical Bull



Glassy antiferromagnet

morphous Fe_2SiO_4 exhibits antiferromagnetic behavior similar to that of its crystalline form, even though theory would predict that its transition temperature for entering into the antiferromagnetic ordered state (the Néel temperature) should be lower for the glassy form. Disorder should "frustrate" the delicate geometry of spins imposed by a crystal lattice. Kruger *et al.* (p. 703) used high pressure to convert crystalline Fe_2SiO_4 into an amorphous form.

100,000-year cycles

ycles of 100,000 years that occur in the records of glacial ice volume during the Pleistocene have been attributed to nonlinear feedbacks between climate and glaciation, but many pre-Pleistocene climate records, such as tropical lakes levels, also show such cycles even when global glaciation was probably absent. In a modeling study, Crowley et al. (p. 705) show that a simple linear response between variations in solar radiation and climate may be operating. In equatorial regions, the twice yearly passage of the sun overhead interacts with the precession cycle to produce a temperature maximum, and possibly monsoon activity, every 100,000 years.

Mafic Muskox

n layered magma chambers, chemical diffusion can be extremely slow between the heavier mafic magmas from the mantle and the silica-rich magma formed from the melting crust, but isotope diffusion can be sufficiently rapid to reveal signatures of the dynamics between these melts. Stewart and DePaolo (p. 708; cover) studied samples from the Muskox mafic intrusion. Isotopic records for Nd and Sr were used to constrain models of the physical processes in the magma chamber and to show that the Muskox intrusion crystallized in about 100,000 years.

Computer as chemist

computer algorithm, based on graph theory, successfully searched for new organic chemical reactions; two novel elimination reactions were found and experimentally verified. Herges and Hoock (p. 711) used the program to do an exhaustive search of seven-center, eight-electron pericyclic reactions. Semiempirical methods were used to explore the two new reaction pathways for different heteroatoms. One of these reactions, in which carbon disulfide is eliminated, can be used to generate synthetically important intermediates.

NMR diffraction

uclear magnetic resonance (NMR) has been used in a diffraction mode to analyze smallscale sample heterogeneity, such as porosity and granularity. Barrall *et al.* (p. 714) have experimentally developed an approach, originally proposed by Mansfield in the 1970s, that yields a statistical characterization of length scales in a material, such as average distances between pores. This method can reduce by several orders of magnitude the amount of data that needs to be obtained compared to other approaches.

Five DNA prints

n court cases, the probability that an individual's "DNA fingerprint" is calculated by the multiplication rule. For this calculation to be valid, the DNA sequences (loci) analyzed must occur independently; this independence, especially among different ethnic groups, has been questioned. Risch and Devlin (p. 717) analyzed DNA print matching in two large databases (FBI and Lifecodes) and found no evidence suggesting linkage disequilibrium (nonindependence across loci). Even the most common five-locus genotype occurred no more often than about 1 in 10⁶. Thus any individual five-locus "print" is extremely rare.

EDITED BY PHILLIP D. SZUROMI

Insulin and NO

-Arginine causes release of insulin from B cells of the pancreas. Schmidt *et al.* (p. 721) report that the B cells contain a nitrogen oxide (NO) synthase that converts L-arginine into NO. The NO produced causes accumulation of guanosine 3',5'-monophosphate and release of insulin. Abnormalities in synthesis of L-argininederived NO might therefore be a cause of diabetes mellitus.

Integrase reversal

iral integrases not only mediate the cleavage and ligation reactions that insert viral DNA into the host genome, but their activity can be reversed, demonstrating that such proteins are indeed enzymes. Chow et al. (p. 723) reversed the activity of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-1 with a Y-shaped oligonucleotide substrate that they constructed so that it mimics the recombination intermediate. HIV integrase not only cleaved this oligomer but also several others that deviated significantly from this structure. DNA cleavage of partially singlestranded Y-oligomers, or "DNA splicing," was also mediated by HIV integrase.

Amyloid processing

ifferent processing pathways of amyloid β precursor (β APP) can yield either amyloid β protein $(A\beta P)$, which is deposited as plaques in Alzheimer's disease, as well as nonamyloidogenic proteins. Estus et al. (p. 726) show that the two largest carboxyl-terminal derivatives of BAPP in the human brain have the entire $A\beta P$ sequence at or near their amino terminal. Golde et al. (p. 728) find that in the secretory pathway β APP is cleaved at a single site in the ABP region to yield a secreted protein and a nonamyloidogenic fragment, whereas in the endosomal-lysosomal pathway potentially amyloidogenic carboxyl fragments are produced [see news story by Marx (p. 688) on amyloid processing].

THIS WEEK IN SCIENCE 659

A DENSITOMETER FOR ALL REASONS

Quantitation...1-D gels, Northerns & Dot Blots

Quantity One[®] -- software for all types of quantitation from films, gels, blots and photos.

RFLP Automatic Analysis

RFLPrint[™] -- software for rapid, automatic RFLP and DNA fingerprint analysis.

DNA Sequence Reading

DNA Code[®] -- for automatic reading and post sequence searching of DNA sequence from films.

2-D Gel Analysis & Databasing

PDQUEST[™] -- the world standard. Ask for our list of publications.

Call **1-800-777-6834** for more information or a demonstration with your data.



The Discovery Series[™] offers 21µ resolution, two-minute scan times and large scan areas.

pdi

protein + dna imageWare systems sm

405 Oakwood Road, Huntington Station, NY 11746 • Tel.: 800-777-6834 • 516-673-3939 • Fax: 516-673-4502

In the U.K.: Vital Scientific, Ltd., Sussex, England • Tel.: (0403) 710479 • Fax: (0403) 710382 In Japan: Toyobo Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan • Tel.: 06-348-3786 • Fax: 06-348-3322 In Germany, Austria and Eastern Europe: Süd-Laborbedarf GmbH, D 8035 Gauting, FRG • Tel.: 089 850 6527 • Fax: 089 850 7646

Circle No. 47 on Readers' Service Card

Come see us at ASBMB/Biophysical Meeting Booth No. 1526/1528.



- "I hear your new product is ready."
- "Yep. Mmm, the lasagne looks tasty."

"Patents checked?"



"Wouldn't have tested otherwise."

- "And regulatory compliance?"
- "It checks out...



...which is more than I can say about that meatloaf."

"Hey, where're you getting so much help?"

The answer is in Dialog.

Information-complete, precise, upto-the minute. It's your most powerful research tool. Find exactly what you need to know fast in Dialog®the world's first and largest electronic library. We offer over 400 diverse, detailed databases readily accessible online via computer and modem, many even

on compact disc. You probably won't have to look anywhere else. See your Information Specialist about Dialog. Or call for a free kit on Dialog information for your industry.

1-800-3-DIALOG

Outside U.S., 415-858-3785. Fax 415-858-7069.

Dialog Tools for Chemistry: Research and industry news, plus chemical substructures and properties, patent, trademark, safety, regulatory, environmental, and competitive data. Full text and/or abstracts from newspapers, newsletters, journals, conference proceedings, citations, handbooks, encyclopedias. Some sources updated as often as daily, even continuously.

H385

A KNIGHT-RIDDER COMPANY © 1991 Dialog Information Services, Inc., 3460 Hillview Avenue, Palo Alto, California 94304. All rights reserved. DIALOG is a servicemark of Dialog Information Services, Inc., Registered U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

DIALOG INFORMATION SERVICES, INC.

Circle No. 86 on Readers' Service Card



PRECISION IN YOUR HAND

EPPENDORF VARIPETTE® 4810 and EPPENDORF COMFORPETTE® 4800. Two precision instruments tuned to modern analysis. A composition of finest craftsmanship and technical expertise. These piston-stroke pipettes are entirely autoclavable. All functions are executed with one single control button: volume adjustment, measuring stroke, blow out and tip ejection. A special feature of the Varipette 4810 is the digital volume readout which is visible from above. Our tonesetting pipette generation is designed for volumes from 0.5 μ l to 2,500 μ l. Eppendorf products: human skill and pioneering precision in perfect harmony.





Eppendorf - Netheler - Hinz GmbH · P.O. Box 650670 · D-2000 Hamburg 65 · Tel. (40) 53801-0 · Fax (40) 53801556 · Teletex-no. 403061=EGHAM Circle No. 17 on Readers' Service Card

Pure mRNA in Minutes...

...Directly from Small or Large Samples of Cells or Tissue.

FastTrack™ and MicroFastTrack™ set the industry standard in high quality mRNA isolation.

MicroFastTrack™*: 20 Reactions

- Ideal for PCR, Northerns and cDNA synthesis
- Isolation from samples ranging in size from 10-3×10⁶
 cells or 10-250 mg of tissue.
- Reproducible yields of high quality mRNA.

FastTrack™*: 6 Reactions

- mRNA isolation for Northerns, cDNA, library construction, PCR, microinjection, RNA protection studies and *in vitro* translation.
- Isolation from samples ranging in size from 10⁷-10⁸ cells or 0.4-1.0 gram of tissue.
- Fast, efficient recovery of large amounts of polyA + RNA from a variety of sources.

Both systems offer:

- High yields of intact mRNA with low ribosomal contamination.
- Eliminate the need for total RNA isolation or the use of toxic chemicals.
- The most cost effective means of generating high quality mRNA.
- Consistency, convenience and the fastest isolation time.

For the very best in direct mRNA isolation FastTrack[™] and MicroFastTrack[™] are the choice of thousands of research labs worldwide. When the quality of your mRNA is important, turn to the original source for purity, reliability and convenience; turn to Invitrogen.





3985 • B Sorrento Valley Blvd. • San Diego, CA 92121 (619) 597-6200 Phone • (619) 597-6201 Fax

RITISH BIOTECHNOLOGY LTD, UK - TEL: 44-235529449 • AMS BIOTECHNOLOGY UK LTD, UK - TEL: 44-993822786 • BDH INC., CANADA - TEL: 800-268-0310 • BIO-TRADE, AUSTRIA - TEL: 43-2228284694 • CELBIO, ITALY - TEL: 39-24048646 • FUNAKOSHI PHARMACEUTICALS, JAPAN - TEL: 81-356841622 • ITC BIOTECHNOLOGY GMBH, GERMANY - TEL: 06221-303907 • KEBO LABS AB, SWEDEN - TEL: 46-86213400 • MEDOS COMPANY PTY LTD, AUSTRALIA - TEL: 61-38089077

*patent pending. mRNA model courtesy of BIOSYM

Circle No. 80 on Readers' Service Card

Wouldn't It Be Nice If Automated DNA Sequencers Spoke The Same Language As Researchers?



How most automated sequencers read data.

How most researchers read data.

Why be forced into reading chromatogram-like peaks when you can see your data the way you're used to seeing it: as sequence ladders.

The new BaseStation™Automated DNA Sequencer from Millipore reads, analyzes and presents data as familiar four-lane sequence ladders. In fact, it's the only sequencer to display data this way.

The system is able to accomplish this because of the novel way it looks at DNA fragments in a gel. Light emitted by fluorescing DNA is captured inside a charge coupled device (CCD) camera. The CCD is a matrix array of thousands

of individual detectors, each capable of registering a single photon of light. This lets the camera see DNA as welldefined bands, allowing for accurate interpretation of data.

Up to 20 kb of primary sequence can be analyzed every day. Over 500 bases are run per sample, with 98% of the first 400 identified



unambiguously by the BaseStation system.

The BaseStation system also analyzes your data in real time. A Fluorogram[™] (similar to an autoradiogram) is displayed on screen as the bands move down the gel, so you can assess the quality of the sequencing chemistry. A typical run takes 7 hours, including pre-electrophoresis and loading. When it's done, so is your analysis.

And our DNA Sequence Manager makes reviewing data simple. It automatically generates "contigs" from your sequence sets. And to aid in resolving areas of ambiguity, the system can also display the original Fluorogram image.

For a demonstration or more complete information, call 800-225-1380 in the U.S.; in Japan call (81) (3) 3474-9111; and in Europe call Dick Barker at (33) 1.30.12.72.34.

MILLIPORE

©1992 Millipore Corporation

Circle No. 77 on Readers' Service Card

Pure mRNA in Minutes...

...Directly from **Small or Large Samples** of Cells or Tissue.

FastTrack™ and MicroFastTrack™ set the industry standard in high quality mRNA isolation.

MicroFastTrack™*: 20 Reactions

- Ideal for PCR, Northerns and cDNA synthesis
- Isolation from samples ranging in size from 10-3×106 cells or 10-250mg of tissue. – Reproducible yields of high quality mRNA.

FastTrack™*: 6 Reactions

- mRNA isolation for Northerns, cDNA, library construction, PCR, microinjection, RNA protection studies and in vitro translation.
- Isolation from samples ranging in size from 10⁷-10⁸ cells or 0.4-1.0 gram of tissue.
- Fast, efficient recovery of large amounts of polyA+ RNA from a variety of sources.

Both systems offer:

- High yields of intact mRNA with low ribosomal contamination.
 Eliminate the need for total RNA isolation or the use of toxic
- chemicals
- The most cost effective means of generating high quality mRNA
- Consistency, convenience and the fastest isolation time.

For the very best in direct mRNA isolation FastTrack™ and MicroFastTrack™ are the choice of thousands of research labs worldwide. When the quality of your mRNA is important, turn to the original source for purity, reliability and convenience; turn to Invitrogen.





3985 • B Sorrento Valley Blvd. • San Diego, CA 92121 (619) 597-6200 Phone • (619) 597-6201 Fax

BRITISH BIOTECHNOLOGY LTD, UK - TEL: 44-235529449 • AMS BIOTECHNOLOGY UK LTD, UK - TEL: 44-993822786 • BDH INC. CANADA - TEL: 800-268-0310 • BIO-TRADE, AUSTRIA - TEL: 43-2228284694 • CELBIO, ITALY - TEL: 39-24048646 • FUNAKOSHI PHARMACEUTICALS, JAPAN - TEL: 81-356841622 • ITC BIOTECHNOLOGY GMBH, GERMANY - TEL: 06221-303907 • KEBO LABS AB, SWEDEN - TEL: 46-86213400 • MEDOS COMPANY PTY LTD, AUSTRALIA - TEL: 61-38089077

mRNA model courtesy of BIOSYM *patent pending.

Circle No. 80 on Readers' Service Card



ELECTRON MICROSCOPY SOUTHERN RESEARCH INSTITUTE

The Electron Microscope Facility at Southern Research Institute is dedicated to resolving a broad range of research and development problems in the industrial and medical areas. This facility has allowed an increasing number of investigators to utilize electron microscopy as an experimental tool. If you have a requirement for electron microscopy work, consultation, or collaboration in these areas, we can be of service to you. For additional information please contact:

Dr. Anis Chowdhury Dr. Lee J. Wilkoff (205) 581-2687 (205) 581-2413 Fax No. (205) 581-2877



Southern Research Institute

Circle No. 70 on Readers' Service Card

