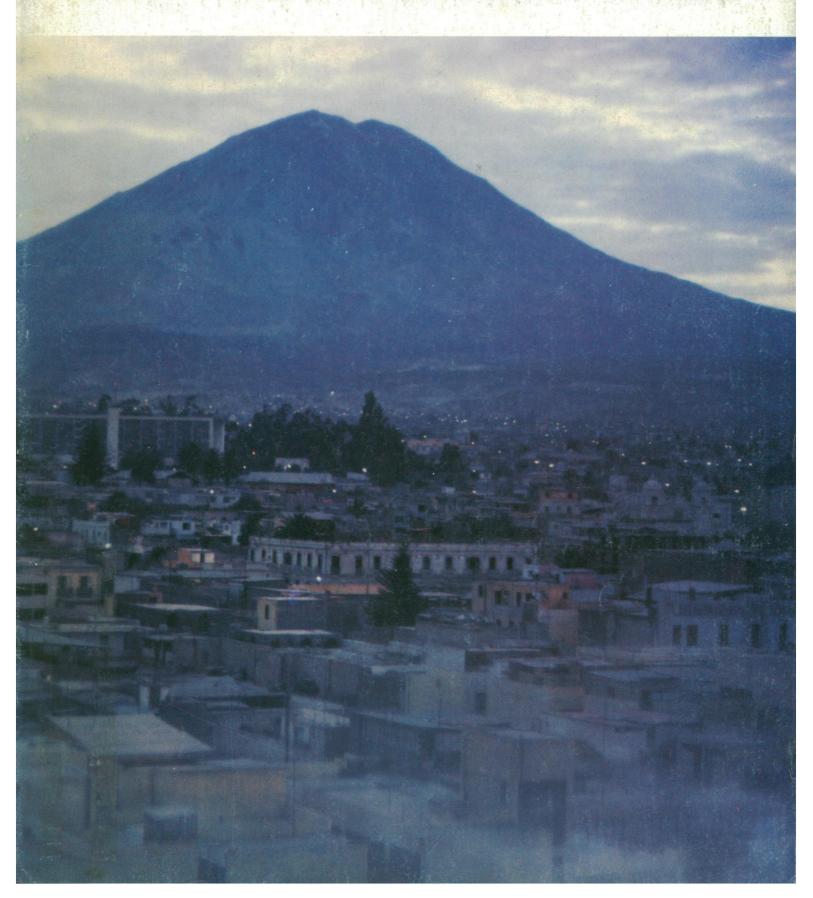
12 December 1980 • Vol. 210 • No. 4475

\$1.50

## SCIENCE

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE





The Beckman J2-21 is the most reliable high-speed centrifuge in the world. It uses proven components designed for continuous, trouble-free performance at speeds up to 21,000 rpm. A powerful DC drive accelerates rotors quickly. An automatic partial vacuum makes parts last longer, and you use less energy. The J2-21 is sound engineered for quiet-very quiet-operation. And it is the only centrifuge of its type that is UL listed.

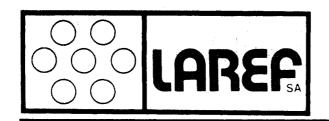
With the J2-21, you have a choice of eleven different rotors. There are six fixed angle, including the popular JA-17 which holds 14 50-mL tubes; two swinging bucket; a vertical tube; and the JCF-Z with interchangeable cores for continuous flow and zonal centrifugation. Of special interest is the Elutriator Rotor for gently harvesting whole cells and other fragile materials.

The quiet, reliable J2-21 is backed by Beckman, with the

largest instrument sales and service organization in the world. Send for brochure SB-366 to Beckman Instruments, Inc., Spinco Division, 1117 California Avenue, Palo Alto, CA 94304.

BECKMAN

Circle No. 377 on Readers' Service Card



**Head Office and Plant** 

6814 Cadempino - TI (Switzerland) P. O. Box 6812 Tel. 091-56 43 51

Tel. 091-56 43 51 Telex: lph 79 386

We are pleased to inform you, that we are in the position to provide commercially a specially purified group of proteins.

**Ultrapure Nerve Growth Factor** from Mouse Submaxillary Gland (MSG-NGF) NGF Antiserum - Purified NGF Antibodies. **Ultrapure Epidermal Growth Factor** from Mouse Submaxillary Gland (MSG-EGF) EGF Antiserum - Purified EGF Antibodies.

Therefore we are offering you a product whose biological effect is sure and not polluted by «side-effects». The guaranteed sterility makes the use of these substances easy for every type of experimental investigation.

#### Sterile Products

Code no.	Size	Price \$
	NERVE GROWTH FACTOR - NGF -	
0101	0.020 mg	75
0102	0.050 mg	165
0103	0.100 mg	300
	NGF PURIFIED ANTIBODIES	
0301	0.100 mg	60
0302	0.200 mg	110
	EPIDERMAL GROWTH FACTOR - EGF -	
1101	0.020 mg	46
1102	0.050 mg	105
1103	0.100 mg	190
	EGF PURIFIED ANTIBODIES	
1301	0.100 mg	60
1302	0.200 mg	110
Antisera		
	EGF ANTISERUM	
0201	1 ml	50
0202	2 ml	90

#### 12 December 1980

Volume 210, No. 4475

### SCIENCE

LETTERS	OSTP: The Last 4 Years: A. E. Stevenson; J. Blake; Chestnut Blight: E. G. Kuhlman; Paleontologists and Continental Drift: L. J. Hickey; Communicating Scientific Data: H. E. Kennedy	1199
EDITORIAL	Eradication: D. Stetten, Jr	1203
ARTICLES	Intermediate Bosons: Weak Interaction Couriers: P. Q. Hung and C. Quigg	1205
	Conceptual Foundations of the Unified Theory of Weak and Electromagnetic Interactions: S. Weinberg	1212
	Embodied Energy and Economic Valuation: R. Costanza	1219
NEWS AND COMMENT	Insulin Wars: New Advances May Throw Market into Turbulence	1225
	NRC Plans to Deregulate Biomedical Waste	1228
	The Case of the Unmentioned Malignancy	1229
	Briefing: For the Weapons Labs, a Countdown of Regents?; Should N.Y. Accredit Foreign Medical Schools?	1230
RESEARCH NEWS	Is Your Brain Really Necessary?	1232
	Math and Sex: Are Girls Born with Less Ability?	1234
	A Long-Range Plan for Nuclear Science	1236
ANNUAL MEETING	An Invitation; Washington Meeting in 1982	1238

BOAR	D OF	DIRE	CTC	RS
------	------	------	-----	----

CHAIRMEN AND SECRETARIES OF AAAS SECTIONS

KENNETH E. BOULDING Retiring President, Chairman

FREDERICK MOSTELLER

D. ALLAN BROMLEY

ELOISE E. CLARK MARTIN M. CUMMINGS

RENÉE C. FOX NANCIE L. GONZALEZ

PSYCHOLOGY (J) Lloyd G. Humphreys Meredith P. Crawford

MATHEMATICS (A)

Herbert B. Keller Ronald Graham

Rolf M. Sinclair SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC SCIENCES (K)
Kingsley Davis
Gillian Lindt
HISTORY AND PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE (L)
Brooke Hindle
Diana L. Hall
ENGINEERING (M)
H. Norman Abramso
Donald E. Marlowe

PHYSICS (B) William M. Fairbank

CHEMISTRY (C)

ASTRONOMY (D) Tobias Owen Donat G. Wentzel H. Norman Abramson Donald E. Martowe

EDUCATION (Q) Joseph D. Noval Roger G. Olstad

DENTISTRY (R) Robert J. Genco Harold M. Fullmer PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES (S) David A. Knapp Robert A. Wiley

INFORMATION, COMPUTING, AND COMMUNICATION (T) Henry M. Kissman Madeline M. Henderson

DIVISIONS

**ALASKA DIVISION** 

**PACIFIC DIVISION** 

SOUTHWESTERN AND ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

John Bligh President

T. Neil Davis **Executive Secretary**  Beatrice M. Sweeney President

Alan E. Leviton Executive Director

Sam Shushan President

M. Michelle Balcomb

SCIENCE is published weekly on Friday, except the last week in December, by the American Association for the Advancement of Science, 1515 Massachusetta Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20005. Second-class postage (publication No. 484460) paid at Washington, D.C., and at an additional entry. Now combined with The Scientiffic Monthly®. Copyright © 1980 by the American Association for the Advancement of Science. Domestic individual membership and subscription (51 issues): \$38. Domestic institutional subscription (51 issues): \$78. Foreign postage extra: Canada \$14, other (surface mail) \$17. air-surface via Amsterdam \$45. First class, airmail, school-year, and student rates on request. Single copies \$1.50 (\$2 by mail); back issues \$2.50 (\$3 by mail); classroom rates on request. Change of address: allow 6 weeks, giving old and new addresses and seven-digit account number. Postmaster: Send Form 3579 to Science, 1515 Massachusetts Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20005. Science is indexed in the Reader's Guide to Periodical Literature and in several specialized indexes.

#### AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE

BOOK REVIEWS	Phylogenetic Patterns and the Evolutionary Process, reviewed by D. B. Wake; Evolutionary Biology of Parasites, C. S. Holling; Petroleum in the Marine Environment, K. A. Kvenvolden; Theory of Meson Interactions with Nuclei, R. D. Amado; Books Received	1239
REPORTS	Observations of a Probable Change in the Solar Radius Between 1715 and 1979:  D. W. Dunham et al.	1243
	Origin of Lead in Andean Calc-Alkaline Lavas, Southern Peru: G. R. Tilton and B. A. Barreiro	1245
	Evidence for Homologous Actions of Pro-Opiocortin Products:  J. M. Walker, H. Akil, S. J. Watson	1247
	Transformation by Cloned Harvey Murine Sarcoma Virus DNA: Efficiency Increased by Long Terminal Repeat DNA: E. H. Chang et al	1249
	Vasoactive Intestinal Peptide: A Possible Transmitter of Nonadrenergic Relaxation of Guinea Pig Airways: Y. Matsuzaki, Y. Hamasaki, S. I. Said	1252
	pH-Sensitive Liposomes: Possible Clinical Implications: M. B. Yatvin et al	1253
	Developmental Equations for the Electroencephalogram: E. R. John et al	1255
	Developmental Equations Reflect Brain Dysfunctions: H. Ahn et al	1259
	Sex Differences in Mathematical Ability: Fact or Artifact?: C. P. Benbow and J. C. Stanley	1262
	Human Sleep: Its Duration and Organization Depend on Its Circadian Phase: C.A. Czeisler et al	1264
	Light Suppresses Melatonin Secretion in Humans: A. J. Lewy et al	1267
	Glucose Suppresses Basal Firing and Haloperidol-Induced Increases in the Firing Rate of Central Dopaminergic Neurons: C. F. Saller and L. A. Chiodo	1269
	Fasting Associated with Decrease in Hypothalamic $\beta$ -Endorphin: $S.R.$ Gambert et al	1271
PRODUCTS AND Materials	Line Scan Recorder; LISP Computer; Titrator; Water Treatment Simulator; Bench Top Centrifuge; Literature	1274

ANNA J. HARRISON HUSSELL W. PETERSON

JOHN C. SAWHILL HARRIET ZUCKERMAN

WILLIAM D. CAREY Executive Officer

GEOLOGY AND GEOGRAPHY (E) Duris Malkin Curtis Ramon E. Bisque MEDICAL SCIENCES (N)

Philip K. Bondy Leah M. Lowenstein STATISTICS (U) Oscar Kempthome Ezra Glaser

WILLIAM T GOLDEN Treasurer BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES (G) Thomas Eisner Walter Chavin AGRICULTURE (O) Roger L. Mitchell Coyt T. Wilson

ATMOSPHERIC AND HYDROSPHERIC GENERAL (X) SCIENCES (W) Vera Kistakowsky Edward S. Epstein Glenn R. Hilist S. Fred Singer

ANTHROPOLOGY (H) Edward I. Fry Priscilla Reining INDUSTRIAL SCIENCE (P) John D. Caplan Robert L. Stern

#### COVER

El Misti Volcano, with city of Arequipa, Peru, in foreground. The lavas, together with those of the numerous stratovolcanoes along the Pacific coasts of North and South America, are predominantly andesite. Geochemical studies show that the El Misti lavas contain a component from rocks of the Precambrian basement on which the volcano sits. See page 1245. [G. R. Tilton, University of California, Santa Barbara

The American Association for the Advancement of Science was founded in 1848 and incorporated in 1874, its objects are to further the work of scientists, to facilitate cooperation among them, to foster scientific treedom and responsibility, to improve the effectiveness of science in the promotion of human welfare, and to increase public understanding and appreciation of the importance and promise of the methods of science in human progress.

# Graphics on the powerful computers: a fast way



## HP Series 9800 desktop to focus on the facts.

For monochromatic applications, the System 45B, as well as our new, low-cost HP 85, also provides advanced graphics software. And when you add an input peripheral and our four-color plotter, you've got a full-function graphics workstation—a completely integrated computing system that operates under your own personal control.

#### Power you can get your hands on.

To complement this graphics capability, our powerful IMAGE data base management package on the disc-based System 45 models lets you store, retrieve, sort, modify and analyze large amounts of technical data—quickly and efficiently. User-addressable memories up to 449K bytes give you plenty of room for complex manipulations. And hooking up to measuring instruments is a simple matter of choosing from among four protocols available: HP-IB, Bit-Parallel, BCD or RS-232-C.

#### As friendly as ever.

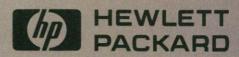
Even with major increases in power and graphics capabilities, HP desktop computers retain the easy-to-use features that have always been their hallmark. These include simplified programming in our HP Enhanced BASIC language (or optional assembly language on some models); built-in operating systems that let you start solving

problems as soon as you turn the computer on; and reliable, low-maintenance operation.

### Plenty of room for growth.

If your applications require a larger data base, you can link your desktop computer to our powerful HP 1000 or HP 3000 computer systems (and to non-HP computers as well). Communication is easily managed—both async and bisync protocols are available—and, by combining the relative strengths of desktops with our larger computers, you get a remarkable degree of flexibility for processing scientific, engineering and managerial information.

If you'd like to find out more about how HP Series 9800 desktop computers can help improve your engineering productivity, just contact your local HP sales office listed in the White Pages. Or write for more information to Hewlett-Packard, Attn: Pete Hamilton, Dept. 3585, 3404 East Harmony Road, Fort Collins, CO 80525.



Circle No. 366 on Readers' Service Card



**Quality** you can feel whenever you operate a switch, slide a poise.

**Precision** you can see every time you make a weight determination.

**Convenience** you'll appreciate in time savings, ease of use, simplicity of operation.

Reliability you can depend on, day after day, even under severe conditions.



### IN A LAB BALANCE.

Job Suitability — you can choose from a wide selection of over 60 models — without compromise.

Value—you know it when you see it. That elusive combination of all of these benefits—at a price you can afford.
There's one sure way to get it all.



Ohaus Scale Corporation
29 Hanover Road, Florham Park, N.J. 07932

Please send me the complete Ohaus catalog of over 60 different models of balances for the laboratory.

Please have a representative arrange a no-obligation demonstration.
I'm particularly interested in My phone number:

Name
Title

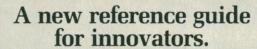
Organization

Address

City
State
Zip

My application is

A. Ohaus Model 300 electronic balance — 300 g x 0.01 g B. Ohaus Dial-O-Gram® Model 1650 balance — 2610 g x 0.1 g C. Ohaus Heavy-Duty Solution balance Model 1119D — 20 kg x 1.0 g D. Ohaus Dial-O-Gram® Model 310 balance — 310 g x 0.01 g



"Innovative Products for Separation Science," the all-new comprehensive Schleicher & Schuell catalog and reference guide, is now available on request. Much more informative than a mere catalog, this 48-page, full-color book provides complete product descriptions... tells how to select and use separation media...and includes explanatory text, charts, illustrations, and convenient

fold-out reference tables. S&S has put a lot into it, so you can get more out of it. Next time you need filter paper..membrane filters and related apparatus...or chromatogra-

phy products..have this complete selection and ordering guide on hand. Send now for your free copy.

#### Schleicher&Schuell

Keene New Hampshire 03431 (603) 352-3810



# Innovative Products for Separation Science

Schleicher&Schuell





Because they don't clearly understand the difference between Term and Whole Life insurance ... and that a Term policy can typically provide five to ten times as much immediate family protection for the same money!

As shown in the table below, a first year net outlay of only \$150 buys a \$142,000 TIAA 20-Year Decreasing Term policy or a \$97,000 5-Year Renewable Term policy, for a man aged 30 or a woman aged 35. The same outlay used to purchase a Whole

Life policy would give their family only \$13,000 of family protection.

If you're like most of your colleagues in education and research, your first priority is to give your family the most financial security for the least amount of money—and that's what TIAA Term is all about! Whatever your age, the difference in the level of protection available for just \$150 is dramatic, as the table illustrates.

#### Immediate Protection Available For \$150 First Year Net Cost \*

For a Man	For a Woman	20-Year Decreasing	5-Year Renewable	Whole
Aged	Aged	Term Plan	Term Plan	Life Plan
25	30	\$206,000	\$112,000	\$16,000
30	35	142,000	97,000	13,000
35	40	88,000	74,000	10,000
40	45	52,000	48,000	8,000
45	50	31,000	31,000	7,000

<sup>\*</sup>Annual premium less cash dividend payable at the end of first policy year, based on 1979 dividend scales. While not guaranteed, dividends have been paid every year since TIAA's founding in 1918.

Why such big differences? With Term you pay only for protection, while a Whole Life policy combines protection with a savings (cash value) element. Remember, the protection part of life insurance is relatively inexpensive; it's when savings are included as well that a high outlay per \$1,000 of coverage is required.

If you'd like to know more, ask us to send two highly informative articles reprinted from *The New York Times* and *Business Week* that discuss the choice between Term and Whole Life. We'll gladly mail them, along with detailed personal information about TIAA policies for you.

#### Mail coupon or call collect

Just complete and mail the coupon at right, or call the TIAA Life Insurance Advisory Center (collect) 212-490-9000. If you wish, an Insurance Counselor will review your insurance needs with you and help you select the plan and amount that's right for you. No obligation, of course.

**Eligibility** to apply for a life insurance policy from Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association is limited to employees of colleges, universities, private schools and certain other nonprofit educational or research institutions. The employee's spouse is also eligible, provided more than half of the combined earned income of husband and wife is from a qualifying institution.

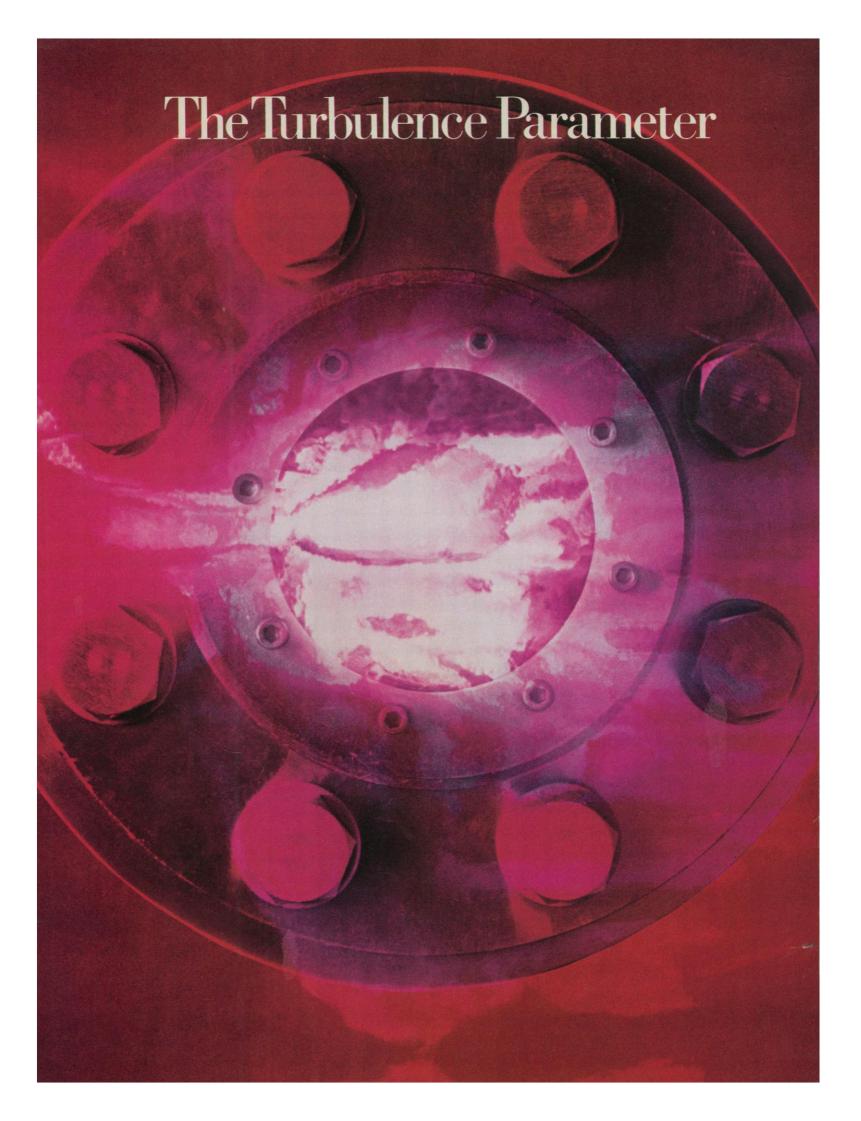
Established service org Carnegie F Advanceme

Established as a nonprofit service organization by the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching

Life Insurance Advisor Teachers Insurance an 730 Third Avenue, New	nd Annuity Association	AO3S
	printed articles contrasting Ter ons of these TIAA policies:	rm and Whole Life.
□ Decreasing Term	☐ 5-Year Renewable Term	☐ Whole Life
Please print		
Name		
Job Title		Birthdate
Home Address		·
City	Stat	teZip
Phone #s (optional)	Home ( ) C	Office ( )
Your nonprofit employe	er (college, univ., private schoo	ol, research institution, etc
If your spouse is also	eligible under the rules given a	at left, please provide:

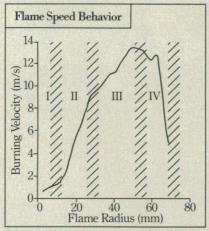
### TorontoTapes





### The Turbulence Parameter

Energy-efficient operation of the internal combustion engine requires the highly turbulent movement of fuel and air in the chamber. Recent advances at the General Motors Research Laboratories provide a new basis for determining what degree of turbulence will get the most work from each drop of fuel.



Burning velocity plotted as a function of flame radius. Combustion stages are indicated by roman numerals.

High-speed photographs showing flame evolution (lasting six milliseconds) through four stages: initiation (I); flame growth (II); full development (III); termination (IV).

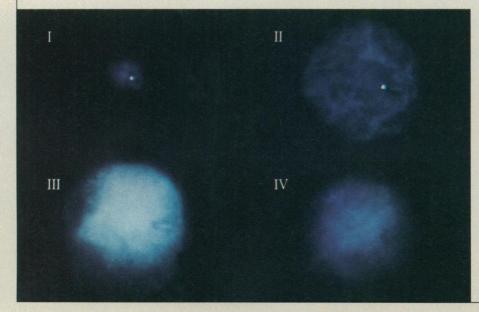
ITHOUT TURBULENCE, the highly agitated motion of cylinder gases, combustion would take place too slowly for the gasoline engine to function. Predicting combustion behavior in order to design engines with greater fuel efficiency depends upon understanding the relationship between vital, turbulent gas motions and burning rate. The challenge is to quantify this relationship-a complex task made more difficult by the requirements of measuring a transient event occurring in a few milliseconds within a small, confined space.

New knowledge of how turbulence affects flame speed has been revealed in fundamental studies conducted at the General Motors Research Laboratories by Drs. Frederic Matekunas and Edward Groff. Their investigative results have been incorporated into a model that successfully predicts the effect of engine design and operating conditions on power and fuel economy.

The researchers separated their experiments into two phases. In the first phase, they measured turbulence in the engine cylinder; in the second phase, they determined flame speeds over a broad range of operating conditions. Testing took place in a specially designed, single-cylinder engine equipped with a transparent piston to permit high-speed filming of the combustion event.

Hot-wire anemometry was applied to measure the turbulent flows while the engine was operated without combustion. Instantaneous velocities were calculated from the anemometer signals and simultaneous measurements of gas temperature and pressure. More than 400,000 pieces of data were processed for each ten-second measurement period.

The significant measure of turbulence is its "intensity," defined as the fluctuating component of velocity. Because conditions in the cylinder are both transient within cycles and variant between cycles, separating the fluctuating and mean components of velocity is inherently difficult. The researchers overcame this problem by using a probe with two orthogonal wires properly aligned with the direction of the mean flow.



In the combustion phase, tests were performed at over one hundred operating conditions of varied spark timing, spark plug location, engine speed and intake valve geometry. Detailed thermodynamic analyses were applied to the recorded cylinder pressures to calculate flame speeds throughout combustion. High-speed films were analyzed frame by frame to validate flame speeds and to characterize how gas motions influence the initial flame.

The researchers used these measured flame speeds, turbulence intensities, and the conditions under which they occurred to formulate a burning law for engine flames. They divided the combustion event into four stages. The initiation stage begins with ignition and ends as the flame grows to consume one percent of the fuel mass. In the second stage, the flame accelerates and thickens in response to the turbulent field. The third stage exhibits peak flame speed. In the final stage, the thick flame interacts increasingly with the chamber walls and decelerates.

VER THE RANGE of turbulent intensities encountered in engines, the researchers were able to describe the turbulent burning velocity, S<sub>T</sub>, during the critical third stage of combustion with the expression:

 $S_T = 2.0 S_L + 1.2 u' P_R^{0.82} \beta$ 

S<sub>L</sub>, the laminar flame speed-a known function of pressure, temperature and mixture composition—is the flame speed that would exist without turbulence. The variable u' is the turbulence intensity. P<sub>R</sub> represents a pressure ratio accounting for combustioninduced compression of the unburned mixture. The dimensionless factor  $\beta$  accounts for the effect of spark timing on geometric distortion of the flame which occurs during the first combustion stage and persists into the later stages.

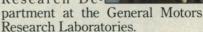
The researchers also observed that the burning velocity in the second stage increases in proportion to flame radius, and that in predicting the energy release rate from the burning velocity equation, it is necessary to account for the finite flame-front thickness.

'The form of our burning equation," says Dr. Matekunas, "shows a satisfying resemblance to expressions for non-engine flames. This helps link complex engine combustion phenomena to the existing body of knowledge on turbulent flames.'

"We see this extension," adds Dr. Groff, "as a significant step toward optimizing fuel economy in automotive engines."

#### THE MEN THE WORK

Drs. Matekunas and Groff are senior engineers in the Engine Research De-



Both researchers hold undergraduate and graduate degrees in the field of mechanical engineering.

Dr. Matekunas (right) received his M.S. and Ph. D. from Purdue University, where he completed graduate work in advanced optics applications.

Dr. Groff (left) received an M.S. from California Institute of Technology and a Ph. D. from The Pennsylvania State University. His doctoral thesis explored the combustion of liquid metals.

General Motors welcomed Dr. Matekunas to its staff in 1973, and Dr. Groff in 1977.







It's the H-600-1, an exceptionally powerful analytical tool featuring:

- LaB, Gun
- Pushbutton-selectable microscope modes: TEM (2.0 Å), SEM (20 Å), and STEM (10 Å)
- Triple condenser lens—all 7 lenses microcomputer controlled
- Ultra high (5 x 10=7 torr) vacuum system

The system is available with EDX, Energy Loss Spectroscopy, Diffraction, Beam Rocking, and Spot Scanning. The analytical modes require no specimen repositioning. And, probe sizes down to 15 Å are easily achieved for excep-

tional analytical capability. What's more, the H-600-1 is easy to operate. Routine setups and adjustments are done automatically by the built-in microcomputer. As for cost, you'll be happy to know that prices for the H-600 series start at less than \$140,000 F.O.B. San Francisco.

The H-600-1 is just part of the most complete TEM lineup in the industry. For full details about a TEM that matches your application and your budget, call or write today. Hitachi Scientific Instruments Division, 460 East Middlefield Road, Mountain View, California 94043. Phone (415) 961-0461. In Canada: Nissei Sangyo Canada Inc. Phone (416) 675-5860



### THE FIRST ANNUAL CONGRESS FOR RECOMBINANT DNA RESEARCH

25-27 FEBRUARY, 1981 - SAN FRANCISCO **HYATT UNION SQUARE** 

#### JOHN D. BAXTER, CHAIRMAN

The congress, organized jointly by Scherago Associates and the Journal of Recombinant DNA will include approximately thirty (30) papers and several poster sessions covering the following subjects:

- Gene Structure and Evolution
- Regulation of Gene Expression
- Transcription
- Transfer of Genes Into Eukaryotic Cells
- Synthesis of Mamalian Proteins in Bacteria
- Developmental Biology

#### **SPEAKERS**

John Abelson

University of California, San Diego

**Richard Axel** 

Columbia University

John Baxter

University of California, San Francisco

J. Michael Bishop

University of California, San Francisco

Mario Capechi University of Utah

Pierre Chambon

Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique

**Stanley Cohen** Stanford University

**David Goeddel** 

Genentech

**Howard Goodman** 

University of California, San Francisco

James Darnell Rockefeller University **Ronald Davis** 

Stanford University

**Walter Gilbert** Harvard University

Dean Hamer

National Institutes of Health

**David Hogness** Stanford University

Leroy Hood

California Institute of Technology

**Fotis Kafatos** Harvard University

**Brian McCarthy** 

University of California, San Francisco

**Bert O'Malley** 

Baylor College of Medicine

Robert Roeder Washington University

William J. Rutter

University of California, San Francisco

**Robert Schimke** Stanford University

John Shine

Australian National University

Robert Tjian University of California Berkley

**Harold Weintraub** 

**Hutchinson Cancer Center** 

**Charles Weissmann** Universitat Zurich

Scientists interested in presenting poster papers, send abstract to John D. Baxter, c/o Steve Nordeen, 671 HSE, University of California, San Francisco, CA 94143.

Student Re Attendance  Pleas  Pleas	egistration: \$225 (includes Lunches and Subscription egistration: \$175 (includes Lunches) e will be limited to approximately 300. se reserve space(s): Registration fee muse send a Registration Application. se send Exhibit Information (Table Tops Only).	
Name		
Dept		
Organization		
Street		
	State/Country	Zip
Telephone: (	)	
	F.R. Buffing Scherage Associates Inc.	

E.R. Ruffing, Scherago Associates, Inc. 1515 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10036 Tel: (212) 730-1050

Circle No. 335 on Readers' Service Card



# We've just added higher resolution and contrast to Olympus Vanox. Introducing: new Olympus LB objectives.

Our new LB objectives are measurably clearer and provide higher resolution and contrast than our Vanox universal research microscope ever offered. Considering the objectives they superceded, that's quite an achievement.

By creating a matched system of eyepieces and objectives, we were able to distribute lateral chromatic aberration correction between both, instead of correcting it in the objective alone. This preferred system gives us more freedom to correct field curvature, astigmatism and other aberrations, especially at the periphery of the field. The result is flatter fields, increased resolution, crisper images, without eyepiece color.

Long-barrel construction offers more room for optical improvements, such as the convenience of parfocality at every objective magnification from 1.0X to 100X. Even the matching eyepieces make observation easier: by shortening the distance from eyepiece shoulder to image plane, we give you a wider visual field (our new standard eyepieces have a field number of 20), while keeping a comfortable 18.8mm eye relief, enough even for eyeglass wearers.

OBJECTIVE

And because the Vanox is a truly universal microscope, the LB series will include LB Plan Apochromats, Plan Achromats, Phase Plan Achromats, Fluorites, Achromats and other objectives.

But optics are just part of the Vanox story, for the Vanox is more a system than a microscope. Based on a frame whose ultra rugged construction assures rock-steady, vibrationless observation and photomicrography, the Vanox system includes optical, mechanical, illumination and photographic modules for virtually every research need: phase contrast, differential interference contrast (after Nomarski), fluorescence, polar-

incident light.

Options for photomicrography include accessories for large-format film or Polaroid packs, as well as for 35 mm film, with manual or automatic exposures up to 32 minutes, advanced color temperature regulation and data imprinting.

ized light and darkfield illumina-

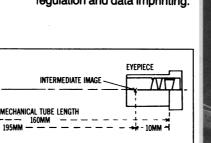
cases for transmitted as well as

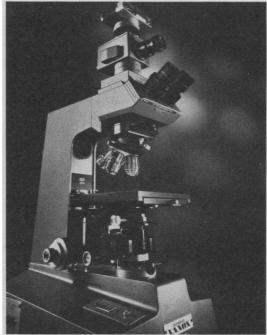
tion-available in most

Human engineering, however, is not an option—it is basic to Vanox design. When a microscope system is designed to grow with your changing research needs over the next decades, its operation must be as comfortable and natural as it is precise.

The Vanox is the culmination of 60 years of Olympus microscope design and manufacturing experience.

Write for a free brochure describing the Vanox and its LB objectives. Or for a demonstration, see your Yellow Pages for the National Olympus Sales & Service Network.







# ANNOUNCING THE NEW AAAS SCIENCE

### COVER CALENDAR FOR 1981

Featuring

- a new 13" x 26", easy-to-read wall format
- 14 striking full-color reproductions of Science covers, with detailed descriptions
- birth dates of notable contributors to scientific thought
- dates of AAAS meetings, symposia, and conferences
- legal holidays
- AAAS membership information
- large blocks for making notations

The 4th annual AAAS Science Cover Calendar is a useful, informative, and attractive complement to home or office and also makes a great gift. Send for copies for you and your friends today!

Name		Address	
City		State	Zip
Please send	copy(ies) to a friend	(\$4.00/\$3.50 to AAAS members).	
Name		Address	
City		State	Zip





# MINC lets you spend less time gathering data and more time using it.

Set up a MINC computer in your lab. Connect your instruments. Run your experiments. Suddenly, you'll notice you've got extra time. Time you never had before.

Time to manage.
Time to interpret. Time to conceptualize, theorize, extrapolate. Time to make good use of all that data you once spent so much time collecting.

That's the value of MINC: the Digital family of convenient, inexpensive laboratory computer systems.

MINC is designed specifically for scientific use. It interfaces easily with lab equipment. It has the versatil-

ity to perform a wide variety of research tasks. And it comes with graphics display, plug-in input/out-put modules, and easy-to-use, ready-to-run software routines. So even if you've never used a computer before, you can have MINC fully integrated into your lab with a minimum of training and start-up time.

Of course, with MINC, you get a lot more than just time. You get the service, resources, and reputation of Digital, the undisputed leader in laboratory computers. Now MINC is available with the powerful Digital PDP-11/23 microcomputer. Which means it's more than just reliable. It's compatible with most other Digital computers. As your lab grows, this

extensive compatibility assures you that your investment in Digital equipment is always protected.

There are now three MINC computer systems to choose from, priced from \$9,900 to \$30,900.\* A Digital Laboratory Data Products representative can tell you all about them. You'll see just how easy it is to bring a MINC into your lab. And just how valuable a tool it can be.

MINC. For the work it does. And for the time it spares you.

TO: Digital Equi Laboratory Data One Iron Way, N (617) 467-5869	Products	Group MR 2	
European headq 1213 Petit-Lancy In Canada: Digit	/Geneva.		
Yes, maybe we confectively. Tell m			nore
Name			
Title			
Organization			
Address		4	
City			
State	Zip_	Phone 12/12/80	D-X397

\*Prices apply in U.S.A. only, MINC (Modular INstrument Computer) is a trademark of Digital Equipment Corporation.



# Napco announces: the years-ahead incubator system that won't be matched.

The new Napco water jacketed 6000 series embodies more important benefits and features than any incubator ever marketed.

Here are some of over 15 advances in incubator design.

1. More accurate control of chamber temperature.

By positioning sensors not only in the water jacket, but also in the chamber itself, Napco permits more precise chamber monitoring than other water jacketed incubators.

2. New electronic controls, digital display.

New solid state control

system reduces chamber variances, and scanning digital displays monitor chamber parameters.

3. The first modular design.

All control
elements can
be unplugged from
the chamber module for
quick service.

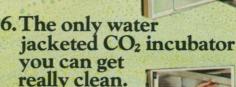
4. Unique wet-jet air flow system.

The exclusive wet-jet air flow system provides maximum chamber uniformity and assures

the highest relative humidity available in any incubator.

5. More secure chamber uniformity.

Superior new Napco door closure systems ensure integrity of inner chamber.



Shelf standards and plenums can be easily removed for cleaning in five minutes. This leaves an empty, perfectly

smooth chamber that can be swabbed for easy management of spores and contaminating organisms.

7. The best service in the industry.

If you should ever have an equipment breakdown, a Heinicke-Napco Minute Man will be on his way to you in 48 hours. You'll seldom need the Minute Man service because Heinicke and Napco instruments are built to work. But if you do, dial toll free 800-327-9783.

Introducing a new constant flow incubator ~ the 4000 series.

The new modular Napco constant flow system embodies a unique principle that offers superior results in tissue culture and related disciplines. Each of the modular chambers has its own individual controls and separate metering system, to accommodate specific environments in each module.



Appliance Company

A Heinicke Company 3000 Taft Street Hollywood, Fl. 33021 800-327-9783 or (305) 987-6101 Telex: 512610

Available at the following dealers:
Curtin-Matheson, Fisher Scientific Co.,
Preiser, Sargent-Welch, S.G.A. Scientific,
Scientific Products, Arthur H. Thomas Co..
In Canada: Canlab, Fisher Scientific
Co. Ltd., Sargent-Welch of Canada Ltd.

All Napco water-jacket incubators are available in three space saving models.

Circle No. 143 on Readers' Service Card



#### **LETTERS**

#### **OSTP: The Last 4 Years**

An article entitled "Frank Press's number game" (News and Comment, 24 Oct., p. 406), suggests that Frank Press and his staff at the Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP) may have distorted budget data in order to overstate President Carter's record in support of basic research. Fairness requires me to clarify the record about the data on the Administration's support for basic research and Press's testimony before my subcommittee on 19 September.

Subsequent to the hearing, information was provided to the subcommittee by the OSTP which confirmed that the growth of support for basic research in constant 1972 dollars between fiscal years 1979 and 1981 (March) was slight, as was also reported in Willis Shapley's analysis for the AAAS. Press's testimony indicated, however, that the Carter Administration's 4-year record, that is, for fiscal years 1978-1982, would exhibit real growth in basic research of 11 percent. From the information I now have, it appears this increase depends largely on the new funding for fiscal years 1981 and 1982 promised in the President's August 1980 economic message.

I don't question Press's good faith, nor the intentions of the Carter Administration. But the record of support for basic research in 1981 and 1982 will now depend on the Reagan Administration and the new Congress.

The real message of the budget figures is that, while support for basic research was increasing significantly in current dollars under President Carter, the impact of inflation cut away those gains.

The relationship between Press and my subcommittee has been close, cordial, and mutually supportive. Press made the most of a difficult, understaffed assignment and deserves the gratitude of all who attach a high priority to the health of science in the United States.

ADLAI E. STEVENSON Subcommittee on Science, Technology, and Space, Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, U.S. Senate, Washington, D.C. 20510

The Office of Science and Technology Policy has received some comment in recent letters to the editor (21 Nov., p. 846). I wish to add something on a positive note. During the last 4 years there has been important interaction established by the OSTP with the industrial research community. Furthermore, this interaction was carried out without any

adversarial relationship, which sometimes obtains in the interaction between industry and some federal agencies. The interactions were frequent and led to involvement of many industrial researchers in activities such as the Domestic Policy Review on Technological Innovation. We in the industrial R & D community feel that our voice has been heard and that we have made a contribution. We do not represent a single narrow interest, but a broad spectrum of industrial science and technology important to the economy of the United States.

We trust that this relationship may continue with the incoming presidential science adviser.

JULES BLAKE

Industrial Research Institute, 100 Park Avenue, New York 10017

#### **Chestnut Blight**

American plant pathologists who are seeking a control for chestnut blight (Research News, 22 Aug., p. 892) must objectively examine two aspects of the French literature on hypovirulence (1, 2). Foremost are the subjective statements by Grente and Berthelay-Sauret (1) that there is a direct relationship between the relative recovery of blight cankers on European chestnuts in Italy and the relative abundance of strains of the fungus with infectious hypovirulence. These statements are the basis for the hypothesis that an infectious hypovirulence agent is the mechanism for biological control of chestnut blight in Europe. If this direct relationship exists, objective experimental data should be presented to confirm it.

A second problem is the absence of experimental data in reports (2) of the successful control of the blight on European chestnuts in French orchards. To confirm that a control treatment is effective, the treatment must be compared with suitable check treatments. The French reports do not indicate any such comparisons were made. In the absence of check treatments, there is no basis for establishing the relative effectiveness of a control treatment.

Infectious hypovirulence in a plant parasitic fungus is not unique to the chestnut blight fungus Endothia parasitica. Lindberg (3) reported hypovirulence in Helminthosporium sativum in 1959. Recently it was reported in Rhizoctonia solani and Gaumanomyces graminis (4). Although these authors have speculated that hypovirulence may provide biological control, they have not

# Competing against bigger technical staffs?

### Better give yours the competitive edge

#### -Dialog

When you're short of hands, you need to extend all of your available brains. That's where Dialog comes in. It's the world's largest online information retrieval system, and it helps small staffs act big in many ways.

In seconds, Dialog puts members of your staff in touch with the latest developments in virtually any field, from adhesion to zeolites. And it also covers developments going back 10 years or more. In seconds, it can keep members of your staff from reinventing the wheel. In seconds, it gives them a headstart in their project. What's more, Dialog is worldwide in scope.

Your organization's library can give you Dialog services at surprisingly low cost. Or your staff members can have Dialog in their lab or offices. Contact Lockheed Information Systems, Dept. 52-80SC, 3460 Hillview Avenue, Palo Alto, CA 94304. Phone toll-free (800) 227-1960; in California, (800) 982-5838.



#### **Lockheed Dialog**

Circle No. 37 on Readers' Service Card

### **There's** only one answer to your questions isposable ter units

What disposable, presterilized filter units have the most filter surface area for more efficient filtration?

Nalgene Filter Units (17.4 cm<sup>2</sup>)

What disposable, presterilized filter units are the simplest, most convenient to use? Nalgene Filter Units. (The 3-piece design eliminates the extra parts that can cause error or contamination.)

What disposable, presterilized filter units have the longest performance record?

Nalgene Filter Units. (Only Nalgene Filter Units have been proven reliable in over 15 years of laboratory use.)

What disposable, presterilized filter units give you the choice of three membrane porosities using a proven nontoxic membrane?

Nalgene Filter Units. (Their membrane is nontoxic to cell cultures and comes in  $0.20\mu$ ,  $0.45\mu$ , and  $0.80\mu$  porosities.)

What disposable, presterilized filter units cost least and can be purchased from laboratory supply dealers everywhere? Nalgene Filter Units. (Ask your dealer.)

Specify NALGENE® filter units from your laboratory dealer. The one right answer to your filtering needs.

#### SYBRON | Nalge

Nalge Company, Division of Sybron Corporation P. O. Box 365 Rochester, N. Y. 14602

Circle No. 273 on Readers' Service Card

demonstrated it. The U.S. Forest Service is supporting research to critically evaluate the potential of hypovirulence in Endothia parasitica for biocontrol in the United States. This research may or may not confirm the interesting hypothesis of Grente and Berthelay-Sauret, but it should give us a sound basis for that determination.

E. G. KUHLMAN

Forest Sciences Laboratory, U.S. Forest Service, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709

#### References

- J. Grente, C. R. Seances Acad. Agric. Fr. 51, 1033 (1965); \_\_\_\_\_ C. R. Acad. Sci. Ser. D 268, 2347 (1969).
- J. Grente and S. Berthelay-Sauret, in Proceedings of the American Chestnut Symposium, W. L. Macdonald, F. C. Cech, J. Luchok, C.
- W. L. Macdonald, F. C. Cech, J. Luchok, C. Smith, Eds. (West Virginia University, Morgantown, 1980), pp. 30-37.
   G. D. Lindberg, Phytopathology 49, 29 (1959); ibid. 50, 457 (1960).
   B. Castanho and E. E. Butler, ibid. 68, 1505 (1978); ibid., p. 1511; ibid., p. 1515; J. M. Lemaire, B. Jouan, M. Coppenet, B. Perraton, L. Lecorre, Sci. Agron. Rennes (1976), p. 63.

#### **Paleontologists and Continental Drift**

However alluring the image may be of a bunch of mossback paleontologists being dragged kicking and screaming into acceptance of continental drift by those clever geophysicists, it represents a simplified piece of revisionist history (Research News, 31 Oct., p. 514).

Before Wegener, the father of continental drift theory, paleontologists and biogeographers were faced with a difficult problem in explaining in terms of Darwinian evolution the demonstrably close affinities of living and certain fossil biotas on widely separated continental areas, especially in the Southern Hemisphere. In his classic work The Origin of Continents and Oceans, Wegener writes that he only took seriously implications for the coastline fit of South America and Africa after examining paleontological evidence for a former land bridge between the two continents. Paleontological and biogeographic data make up a major portion of the arguments that Wegener marshaled in favor of continental drift, even to the timing and rough sequencing of separation events. His proposal of continental displacements, rather than of the transoceanic land bridges seemingly required by organisms, represented a major simplification of the perplexing evidence of vertebrate paleontology, paleobotany, and biogeography. The villains of this piece turned out to be the geophysicists, who disposed of his theory on grounds of crustal rigidity and the lack of a sufficient motive force.

In the case of the asteroid theory of extinctions, what some paleontologists, including myself, are objecting to is not the possibility of an extraterrestrial impact but to some of the more extreme flash-frying, mass-gassing (1), or lightsout (2) scenarios attributed to it.

LEO J. HICKEY

Division of Paleobotany, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C. 20560

#### References and Notes

K. Hsü, Nature (London) 285, 201 (1980).
 L. W. Alvarez, W. Alvarez, F. Asaro, H. V. Michel, Science 208, 1095 (1980).

#### **Communicating Scientific Data**

Philip H. Abelson, in a recent editorial (17 Oct., p.255), raises a number of complex issues for both scientists and those who are engaged in the design and planning of the information systems for the future.

As a "data base supplier," Bio-Sciences Information Service, generally known to the scientific community as the publisher of Biological Abstracts, has worked actively on the integration of computers into our abstracting and indexing work since the 1950's. As a result, we are now able to provide scientists with "electronic" access to more than 2 million research reports. When it is considered that modern systems have the ability to select within seconds only the most relevant items from this "memory bank," those of us who have labored in conventional libraries during our student and professional lives can well be astonished. When we add the now commonplace situations that allow these systems to function for hundreds of researchers simultaneously and (with allowances for time zones) from all five continents, the power of this new information medium is even more remark-

Despite the above, we feel that the future of the scientific journal is not so gloomy. In fact, the printed form of Biological Abstracts and our other information publications continue to provide the fundamental revenues that make our electronic communication media possible. In those areas of the world not presently benefiting from the electronic form of distribution, the information must be available in more conventional garb. Further, the refereeing process in connection with conventional publication remains an essential value of the scientific documentation system.

H. E. KENNEDY BioSciences Information Service, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103

#### SCIENCE, ENGINEERING, AND DIPLOMACY FELLOWSHIPS

The American Association for the Advancement of Science (AAAS), in cooperation with the Department of State, is seeking applicants for two Science, Engineering, and Diplomacy Fellowships. Fellows will spend 1 year, beginning 1 September 1981, working as staff officers in the Department of State's Bureau of Oceans and International Environmental and Scientific Affairs.

Potential assignments may include assisting in developing and negotiating procedures with coastal nations for the conduct of marine scientific research, working on various international aspects of energy, assisting in monitoring and examining bilateral scientific and technical agreements between the United States and the People's Republic of China, or helping to carry out new Department of State responsibilities for coordinating the international science and technology activities of more than 29 federal agencies.

Prospective fellows must demonstrate exceptional competence in some area of science or engineering, be flexible, and have some experience and/or a strong interest in applying knowledge toward the solution of problems in the area of foreign affairs

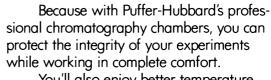
Salary is \$25,000 annually. A secret security clearance must be obtained after selection

Deadline for receipt of application is 20 February 1981. For application details and materials write: Science, Engineering, and Diplomacy Fellows Program, AAAS, 1776 Massachusetts Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20036.

#### You don't have to catch a cold in the name of science.

If you've been trying to conduct chromatography experiments inside a cold room, throw away your mittens and ear-

muffs and come out of the cold.



You'll also enjoy better temperature control — a uniform 4°C — with our forced air cooling system, and have optimum

storage for buffers, reagents, fractionating equipment and other materials.

Puffer-Hubbard's chromatography chambers are available in 23, 50 and 75 cu. ft. sizes, with a variety of accessories. For a copy of our complete catalog, call or write:



Scientific Equipment Division Rheem Manufacturing Company West Columbia, South Carolina 29169 Telephone: 803/796-1700

1100 Memorial Drive TWX: 810-666-2103

Circle No. 342 on Readers' Service Card

# Did data processing ruin your last experiment?

In too many research labs, data management is more of a problem than a solution.

The Research System, RS/1, can change that. It's simple, straight-forward software that converts any PDP-11' or VAX' (into a useful scientific tool.

Use RS/l as a notebook. Numeric and textual data can be permanently entered and stored using English-language commands and familiar constructs.

Use RS/1 as a calculator. Compute derived values or do statistics. Perform analysis of variance, linear and non-linear regressions, curve-fitting and more.

With RS/I you can also plot graphs of presentation quality. And the system is programmable—if its convenient dialog structure doesn't suit your experiment, create your own set of procedures.

RS/1 comes complete. Installation,
on-site seminar, full documentation
and periodic updates are all included
in a remarkably cost-effective package.

Discover The Research System. It will give you data control to rival your experimental control.

And you'll still be a scientist, not a programmer.

Write: Bolt Beranek and Newman Inc., RS/1 Marketing, 50 Moulton Street, Cambridge, MA 02238. Or call: (617) 491-8488.

COMPUTER SYSTEMS

PDP-11 and VAX are registered trademarks of Digital Equipment Corporation.

## Busiest cytogenetic lab banks on Photomicroscope III...

#### ...for heavy-duty photomicrography

"An image of the best possible quality from an absolutely routine specimen preparation is what we need, and that is what we receive from our six Zeiss Photomicroscopes," says Dr. William D. Loughman. His Pre-Natal Diagnostics and Chromosome Analysis Lab at the University of California produces several thousand photomicrographs a year.

#### Flawless image, rugged mechanics

Great Zeiss optics give the image detail needed for accurate analysis and diagnosis. And Zeiss precision engineering gives the performance required for easy, trouble-free operation. The built-in automatic 35mm camera and data-recording system combine for speed and accuracy every step of the way.

#### Nationwide service.

The great name in optics

West Germany

Carl Zeiss, Inc., 444 5th Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10018. (212) 730-4400. Branches: Atlanta, Boston, Chicago, Houston, Los Angeles, San Francisco. Washington, D.C. In Canada: 45 Valleybrook Drive, Don Mills, Ontario, M3B 2S6. Or call (416) 449-4660.





#### AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE

Science serves its readers as a forum for the presenta tion and discussion of important issues related to the adtion and discussion of important issues related to the au-vancement of science, including the presentation of mi-nority or conflicting points of view, rather than by pub-lishing only material on which a consensus has been reached. Accordingly, all articles published in *Science* including editorials, news and comment, and book reviews—are signed and reflect the individual views of the authors and not official points of view adopted by the AAAS or the institutions with which the authors are af-

#### Editorial Board

1980: RICHARD E. BALZHISER, WALLACE S. BROECK-ER, CLEMENT L. MARKERT, FRANK W. PUTNAM, BRY-ANT W. ROSSITER, VERA C. RUBIN, MAXINE F. SINGER, PAUL E. WAGGONER, F. KARL WILLENBROCK

1981: Peter Bell, Bryce Crawford, Jr., E. Peter Geiduschek, Emil W. Haury, Sally Gregory Kohlstedt, Mancur Olson, Peter H. Raven, Wil-liam P. Slichter, Frederic G. Worden

#### Publisher

WILLIAM D. CAREY

#### **Editor**

PHILIP H. ABELSON

#### **Editorial Staff**

Managing Editor ROBERT V. ORMES Assistant Managing Editor John E. RINGLE Business Manager Hans Nussbaum Production Editor ELLEN E. MURPHY

News Editor: Barbara J. Culliton
News and Comment: William J. Broad, Constance Holden, Eliot Marshall, R. Jeffrey
Smith, Mariorie Sun, Nicholas Wade, John Walsh

Research News: Richard A. Kerr, Gina Bari Kolata, Roger Lewin, Jean L. Marx, Thomas H. Maugh II, Arthur L. Robinson, Mitchell Wal-

Editorial Assistants, News: Fannie Groom, Cassandra Watts Administrative Assistant, News: SCHERRAINE MACK.

Consulting Editor: Allen L. Hammond
Associate Editors: Eleanore Butz, Mary Dorf-MAN, SYLVIA EBERHART, RUTH KULSTAD

Assistant Editors: MARTHA COLLINS, CAITILIN GOR-

Assistant Editors: Martha Collins, Catillin Gordon, Stephen Kepple, Edith Meyers, Lois Schmitt Book Reviews: Katherine Livingston, Editor; Linda Heiserman, Janet Kegg Letters: Christine Gilbert

Copy Editor: ISABELLA BOULDIN Production: NANCY HARTNAGEL, JOHN BAKER; ROSE LOWERY; HOLLY BISHOP, ELEANOR WARNER; MARY McDaniel, Jean Rockwood, Leah Ryan, Sharon

Covers, Reprints, and Permissions: GRAYCE FINGER, Editor; GERALDINE CRUMP, CORRINE HARRIS
Guide to Scientific Instruments: RICHARD G. SOMMER

Assistants to the Editors: Susan Elliott, Diane

Membership Recruitment: GWENDOLYN HUDDLE Membership Recruitment: GWENDOLYN HUDDLE Member and Subscription Records: ANN RAGLAND EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE: 1515 Massachusetts Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20005. Area code 202. General Editorial Office, 467-4350; Book Reviews, 467-4467; Guide to Scientific Instruments, 467-4480; News and Comment, 467-4430; Reprints and Permissions, 467-4483; Research News, 467-4321. Cable: Advancesci, Washington. For "Instructions for Contributors." write to the editorial office or see page xi, Sci-Advancesci, washington. For instructions for Controutors," write to the editorial office or see page xi, *Science*, 26 September 1980, BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE: Area Code 202. Membership and Subscriptions: 467-4417.

#### Advertising Representatives

Director: EARL J. SCHERAGO

Director: EARL J. SCHERAGO
Production Manager: GINA REILLY
Advertising Sales Manager: RICHARD L. CHARLES
Marketing Manager: HERBERT L. BURKLUND
Sales: NEW YORK, N.Y. 10036: Steve Hamburger, 1515
Broadway (212-730-1050); SCOTCH PLAINS, N.J. 07076:
C. Richard Callis, 12 Unami Lane (201-889-4873); CHICAGO, ILL. 60611: Jack Ryan, Room 2107, 919 N. Michigan Ave. (312-337-4973); BEVERLY HILLS, CALIF.
90211: Winn Nance, 111 N. La Cienega Blvd. (213-657-2772); DORSET, VT. 05251: Fred W. Dieffenbach, Kent
Hill Rd. (802-867-5581). ADVERTISING CORRESPONDENCE: Tenth floor,

1515 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10036. Phone: 212-

#### Eradication

The ultimate step in the control of any disease is its eradication worldwide. This earthshaking goal has been achieved only in the case of smallpox. The last case of epidemic smallpox occurred in November 1977. The sole reported case thereafter was the result of a deplorable laboratory accident. Smallpox was an excellent candidate for eradication. It was a disease that caused high mortality and the survivors were often badly scarred. There had been a long history of major epidemics. There was an effective, stable, and thoroughly tested vaccine, and the immune population was generally identifiable. There was no known animal reservoir, nor was there a significant carrier state. The disease had been shown to be controllable by vaccination in many countries. Nonetheless, doubts about the outcome of the eradication campaign were initially expressed, even by actively participating scientists. The control of smallpox, before its eradication, imposed a continuing burden both in dollars and in health hazards. Despite most effective programs of immunization and quarantine, occasional outbreaks resulting from importation were inevitable. With eradication of the disease, this burden has been permanently removed and the savings thus effected extend in perpetuity.

The history of smallpox makes it attractive, indeed mandatory, to consider other diseases that may be ripe for eradication. This was the subject of a conference held in the Fogarty International Center at the National Institutes of Health on 27 and 28 May. Attention was given primarily to infectious diseases for which there exist means of interrupting transmission of the infectious agent from person to person. These means might include immunization of the susceptible population, antibiotic treatment of the infected population, or elimination of an obligate vector. Of the several diseases considered, the three that received the most attention were measles, poliomyelitis, and yaws.

A major effort is now being made in the United States to control measles. If it proves successful, as is generally expected, worldwide eradication of the disease and elimination of its serious consequences, such as subacute sclerosing panencephalitis, should also be possible. Measles differs from smallpox in a number of important ways. Although measles is considered a trivial disease in certain countries, it is a serious health problem in some developing areas of the world. Measles vaccine is relatively thermolabile and requires hypodermic administration. Measles is highly infectious and does not provide stigmata of prior disease.

There is ample evidence from many countries that poliomyelitis can be controlled by adequate immunization. The selection of the most appropriate vaccine for this disease is still in dispute, and satisfactory immunization in certain underdeveloped nations has yet to be demonstrated.

For yaws, a chronic and highly infectious skin disease caused by Treponema pertenue and seen most frequently in the tropics, the procedure would be entirely different. There is no satisfactory immunization at present. However, victims of yaws can be rendered noninfectious by a minimal course of penicillin, thereby interrupting the spread of the disease.

Man has proven himself to be effective in the extermination of other species. We no longer have the dodo bird, the great auk, or the passenger pigeon. We may now add to these extinct species the variola virus, except for that stored in freezer chests in several countries. Among the species of animals now threatened with extinction are the Bengal tiger, the sperm whale, and the white rhinoceros. Would it not be preferable to eliminate instead the measles virus, the poliomyelitis virus, and the Treponema pertenue of yaws?—DeWitt Stetten, Jr., National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland 20205



Whatever you need in the way of laboratory equipment for science and industry, there's a good chance you'll find it in the Intec line.

For example:

(A) Our Reach-In Refrigerators (+4°C) are available in single, double and triple door models, as well as blood bank models with dual pane glass doors, alarm and recorder.

(B) The Intec 6100 Flash Freezer (3.9 cu. ft./110 liters storage at -80°C constant run) provides for rapid freezing of plasma and pre-freezing of red cells.

(C) Our Low-Temp chest and vertical freezers are available in a variety of capacities from 4 cu. ft./151 liters to 20 cu. ft./589 liters, with pulldowns to -85°C.

(D and E) Intec's compact undercounter and free-standing refrigerators (+4°C) are available in single and double door models, as well as blood bank models with dual pane glass doors, alarm and recorder.

(F) The Intec 1000 Series dual purpose bath-circulators can handle all routine cooling and heating applications, with temperature ranges of -30°C to +70°C and tank capacities of 1.0 gal./3.8 liters to 50.0 gal./189.25 liters.

(G) The Intec 400 Series general purpose baths provide a temperature range of +5°C above ambient to

+60°C, or 100°C with cover. They are available in eight sizes, with capacities from 1.5 gal./5.9 liters to 8.7 gal./33 liters.

So write us today for complete technical information, and ask about our environmental rooms built to your specifications. Because somewhere in our line, there's bound to be something in your line.

International Technologies, Inc., 100 Lee Street, West Columbia, S. C., 29169, Telephone 803-796-2494.



Circle No. 345 on Readers' Service Card