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Conservation: The Minnesota Plan*

Energy conservation is a broad, vague, high-minded notion. Virtually everyone is for it. Yet our commitment to conservation remains shallow. When opposed by an intrenched special interest group, conservation proposals usually come off second best. This is because we have not given conservation the hard, analytical thought necessary to establish it as a highpriority, public-priority objective.

The State of Minnesota considers energy policies and programs a major state responsibility calling for a strong, focused state response. In the wake of the 1973 OPEC oil embargo, the Minnesota legislature, with the support of then-Governor Wendell R. Anderson, created the Minnesota Energy Agency. The Agency has broad responsibility for conservation, information, education, and outreach programs, data gathering, supply and demand forecasting, policy development, research, and emergency management and the regulatory responsibility to determine the need for large new energy facilities. The state has provided adequate personnel and funds for these activities. The Agency has a staff of 70 persons, some 50 of them at the professional level, and a budget of \$2.6 million, 80 percent from state funds.

As a result, Minnesota has a strong, comprehensive, and coordinated state energy program, of which conservation efforts are a product. There are six energy goals: (i) to obtain adequate and secure supplies of petroleum; (ii) to seek our share of the available natural gas and help direct it to the highest-priority users; (iii) to develop a coal use plan that balances energy, environmental, and economic considerations; (iv) to promote alternative energy sources; (v) to obtain adequate supplies of electricity and achieve the greatest possible efficiency in the generation, transmission, and end-use of electricity; and (vi) to implement a comprehensive conservation plan.

Many of the Agency's programs are aimed at achieving immediate savings—establishment of air-conditioning standards, a ban on decorative gas lamps as well as on pilot lights on new stoves, in new forced-air furnaces, and in new dryers, a prohibition against new heated commercial garages. The Agency this year is undertaking 119 different conservation projects, some of the most interesting of which involve longer-term horizons.

A popular program has been infrared flyovers. Last winter, 27 Minnesota cities were flown. Thermograph pictures show the heat loss through the roofs of individual buildings and homes. Viewing centers have been opened in these cities where homeowners can see the amount of heat and money going through their roofs. The centers also provide weatherproofing information and facts about various loan programs for home insulation.

The growing interest in energy conservation in Minnesota was apparent earlier this month when the Agency, in cooperation with Northern States Power and Minnegasco, sponsored a 4-day Energy Savers Show in the Minneapolis Auditorium. The show featured exhibits, training films, and demonstrations of residential energy-saving measures. Admission was \$2 for adults. More than 35,000 attended the show.

Energy conservation is of the utmost importance. Man has survived and flourished because he has been able to adapt to vastly different environments. Our environment is again changing—far more rapidly than many of us recognize. We are changing from an energy-affluent people to an energydeficient people. Energy permeates virtually everything we do. The implications of this change are monumental.

But we know that change offers opportunities as well as dangers. The greatest danger we face is that we will not recognize change fast enough and will not know what to do about it. The greatest opportunity will be realized if with foresight and understanding we recognize a need for adjustments in man's relationship to his environment and to his fellow man.—John P. MILLHONE, Director, Minnesota Energy Agency, St. Paul 55101

^{*}Adapted from an address presented at the fifth annual Illinois Energy Conference, Chicago, 28 September 1977.