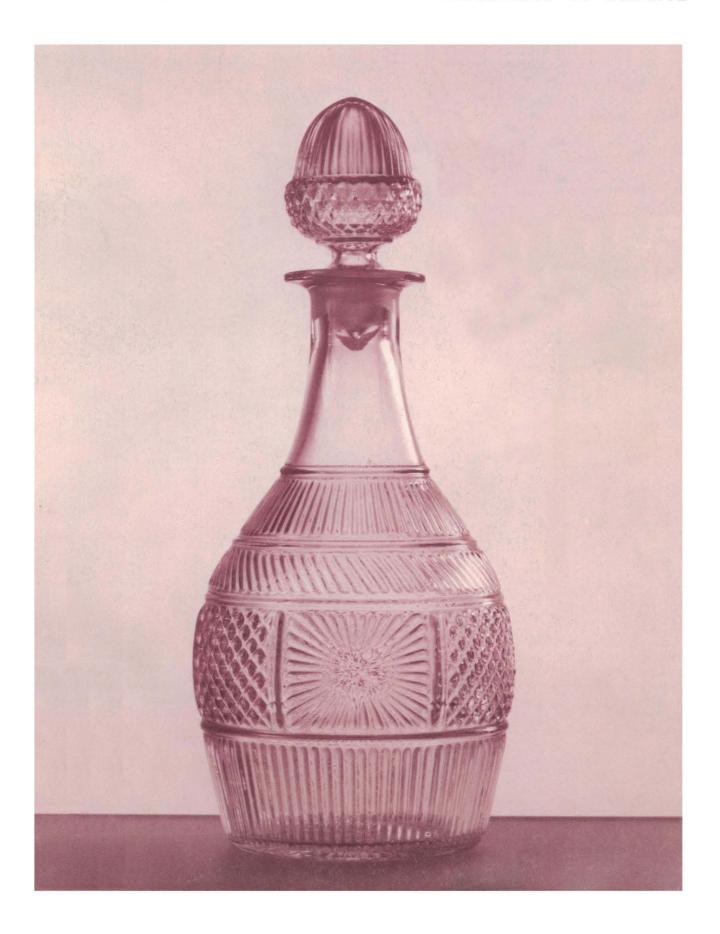
27 May 1977

SCIENCE

Volume 196, No. 4293

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE





You're looking at a versatile new laboratory tool: a miniature, low-cost ultracentrifuge capable of speeds to 100,000 rpm and forces to 160,000 g.

Called the Airfuge, this little ultracentrifuge is driven by ordinary laboratory air. The tiny rotor holds up to six 175-µl samples in individual

plastic tubes, and accelerates to top speed in seconds. Sedimentation takes place rapidly in these small

> tubes-so the overall run times may be hours less than you'd expect. In fact, the Airfuge rotor has the highest efficiency rating

of any rotor we make - large or small.

When you have small samples to separate by centrifugal force-lipoproteins, amino acid samples for deproteinizing, rapidly changing or short-lived subcellular components, or whatever-remember: there's an ultracentrifuge that's the right size for them-the Airfuge.

Send for NPI-134 to Beckman Instruments, Inc., Spinco Division, 1117 California Ave., Palo Alto, CA 94304.

BECKMAN[®]

Circle No. 108 on Readers' Service Card

Three major technical advances have made Neslab's constant temperature circulating baths the most advanced laboratory cooling baths available. The temperature range of +250 down to -100°C only hints at the new lows we've reached.

Multi-point sensing probes housed in a stainless steel sheath read the temperature three times per second at three different points in the bath. Unavailable in laboratory baths at any price, Neslab's 3-point sensing virtually eliminates overshoot and lag, and keeps control deviations lower than ever before possible.

The proportional IC controller provides unmatched short-term control without long-term instability or drift. Four integrated circuits provide stability of a low ± 0.02 °C or less. Conservatively.

The new circulating pump is adjustable from 0 to 13 liters/minute. It combines a specially designed motor, industrial grade ball bearings, a multi-bladed rotor and a massive ½" diameter shaft, reducing vibration and noise to a new

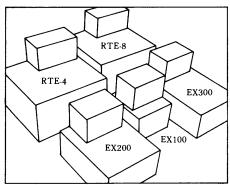
low. With no sacrifice in flow or pressure.

The efficient, progressive cavity pump design reduces mechanical heat input to a new low. It can operate with a wide range of temperatures, bath fluids and viscosity conditions, and is designed to run for years. Continuously.

Lowest of all is the price tag. Neslab's baths actually cost less than others not having their exclusive features. And we think that's the best low of all.

Phone right away. Or write away. NESLAB INSTRUMENTS, INC., 871 Islington St., Portsmouth, N.H. 03801 U.S.A., (603) 436-9444.

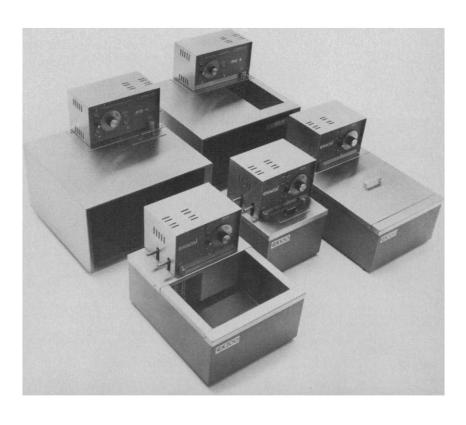




EXACAL BATH CIRCULATORS provide constant temperatures from -35 to +150°C. Stability: ± 0.02 °C or less. Work areas: up to 10" x 12" x 5%4" deep. Accessories: refrigeration units; electronic temperature programmer.

RTE-4 & 8 REFRIGERATED BATH CIRCULATORS have 20-30% greater cooling capacity than most baths. From -30 to $+100^{\circ}\text{C}$. Stability: $\pm 0.02^{\circ}\text{C}$. Work areas: up to 834'' x 434'' x 9'' deep. Accessory: electronic temperature programmer. LT-9 LOW-TEMPERATURE BATH CIRCULATOR (not illustrated) can maintain a high 300 watt heat removal capacity at -70°C . From $+10^{\circ}\text{C}$ to -80°C . Stability: $\pm 0.05^{\circ}\text{C}$. Work area: 634'' dia. x 8'' deep. Accessory: electronic temperature programmer.

We've reached some new lows in temperature control.



27 May 1977

Volume 196, No. 4293

SCIENCE

LETTERS	Paul Erdös: Addenda: M. Golomb; World Hunger: R. C. Clement; Social Cost: R. Dorfman; E. Cook	938
EDITORIAL	Intergovernmental Science and Technology: F. Press and G. Busbee	943
ARTICLES	Microstructure Fabrication: R. W. Keyes	945
	Government-Sponsored Demonstrations of New Technologies: W. S. Baer, L. L. Johnson, E. W. Merrow	950
NEWS AND COMMENT	Charged Debate Erupts over Russian Beam Weapon	957
	"Soft Technology" Energy Debate: Limits to Growth Revisited?	959
	Public Interest Lawyers: Carter Brings Them into the Establishment	961
	Ocean Mining: Former Negotiator Now Lobbies for Kennecott	964
RESEARCH NEWS	Ternary Compounds: A Promising Way to Make Superconductors	966
BOOK REVIEWS	Excavation of the Abri Pataud, reviewed by P. A. Mellars; Prehistory of the Nile Valley and Early Hydraulic Civilization in Egypt, C. E. Stearns; Spatial Analysis in Archaeology, G. L. Cowgill; High-Resolution Laser Spectroscopy, W. M. Fairbank, Jr.; Books Received and Book Order Service.	969
REPORTS	Glass Hydration: A Method of Dating Glass Objects: W. A. Lanford	975
	Evidence for Late Tertiary Volcanic Activity in the Northern Black Hills, South Dakota: J. G. Kirchner	977
	A Compound Ovary with Open Carpels in Winteraceae (Magnoliales): Evolutionary Implications: JF. Leroy.	977
	Moonquakes: Mechanisms and Relation to Tidal Stresses: M. N. Toksöz, N. R. Goins, C. H. Cheng	979

BOARD OF DIRECTORS	WILLIAM D. MC ELROY Retiring President, Chairma	n President		EDWARD E. DAVID, JR. President-Elect			RENÉE C. FOX MIKE MC CORMACK
CHAIRMEN AND SECRETARIES OF AAAS SECTIONS	MATHEMATICS (A) Dorothy M. Stone Truman A. Botts	PHYSICS (B) Norman Rams Rolf M, Sinclai			ASTRON Beverly Arlo U. L		
AAAS SECTIONS	PSYCHOLOGY (J) Donald B. Lindsley Edwin P. Hollander	SOCIAL AND ECONOMI Matilda W. Riley Daniel Rich	C SCIENCES (K)	HISTORY AND PHILE Ernan McMullin George Basalla	OSOPHY OF SO	EIENCE (L) ENGINEER Ernst Webe Paul H. Ro	er
	EDUCATION (Q) Herbert A. Smith James T. Robinson	DENTISTRY (R) Harold M. Fullmer Sholom Pearlman	PHARMACEUTIC Stuart Eriksen Raymond Jang	CAL SCIENCES (S)	INFORMATION Lawrence P. Ho Joseph Becker		COMMUNICATION (T)
DIVISIONS	AL	ASKA DIVISION		PACIFIC DIVISION		SOUTHWESTERN A	ND ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISIO
	David M. Hickok President	Keith B. Mather Executive Secretary	Robert T. Or President		Leviton tary-Treasurer	Erik K. Bonde President	Max P. Dunford Executive Officer

Nitrogen Budget for an Aggrading Northern Hardwood Forest Ecosystem: F. H. Bormann, G. E. Likens, J. M. Melillo	. 981
Chainlike Formation of Particle Deposits in Fluid-Particle Separation: C. Tien, Cs. Wang, D. T. Barot	. 983
Pyroelectricity and Induced Pyroelectric Polarization in Leaves of the Palmlike Plant Encephalartos villosus: S. B. Lang and H. Athenstaedt	. 985
Surface of Venus: Evidence of Diverse Landforms from Radar Observations: M. C. Malin and R. S. Saunders	. 987
Photoassisted Electrolysis of Water by Visible Irradiation of a p-Type Gallium Phosphide Electrode: M. Tomkiewicz and J. M. Woodall	. 990
African Trypanosomes: Cultivation of Animal-Infective Trypanosoma brucei in vitro: H. Hirumi, J. J. Doyle, K. Hirumi	. 992
Synapse Formation Between Two Clonal Cell Lines: C. N. Christian et al	. 995
Bombesin: Potent Effects on Thermoregulation in the Rat: M. Brown, J. Rivier, W. Vale	. 998
Mutagenic Activity of Nitrite-Treated Foods: Human Stomach Cancer May Be Related to Dietary Factors: H. Marquardt, F. Rufino, J. H. Weisburger	1000
Lithium Ion Entry Through the Sodium Channel of Cultured Mouse Neuroblastoma Cells: A Biochemical Study: E. Richelson	1001
Hormone-Induced Cyclic Guanosine Monophosphate Secretion from Guinea Pig Pancreatic Lobules: C. L. Kapoor and G. Krishna	. 1003
Duchenne Dystrophy: Alteration in Muscle Plasma Membrane Structure: D. L. Schotland, E. Bonilla, M. Van Meter	. 1005
Endothelial Damage and Thrombocyte Adhesion in Pigeon Atherosclerosis: J. C. Lewis and B. A. Kottke	. 1007
Elk in the Shrub-Steppe Region of Washington: An Authentic Record: W. H. Rickard, J. D. Hedlund, R. E. Fitzner.	. 1009
Cytochrome c: Immunofluorescent Localization of the Testis-Specific Form: E. Goldberg et al	. 1010
Cerebrospinal Fluid Production: Stimulation by Cholera Toxin: M. H. Epstein, A. M. Feldman, S. W. Brusilow	. 1012
Visual Search in the Pigeon: Hunt and Peck Method: D. S. Blough	. 1013
GM ₂ Ganglioside Lysosomal Storage Disease in Cats with β-Hexosaminidase Deficiency: L. C. Cork et al	. 1014
Lymphocyte-Defined Loci in Cattle: W. R. Usinger, M. Curie-Cohen, W. H. Stone	. 1017
Spectrophotometer; Amino Acid Analyzer Programmer; Liquid Chromatograph; Gas Chromatograph–Mass Spectrometer; Blood Withdrawal System; Ultraviolet Radiometer; Environmental Chamber; Sequential Numberer; Literature	. 1020

PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS

Spectrophotometer; Amino Acid Analyzer Programmer; Liquid Chromatograph;	
Gas Chromatograph-Mass Spectrometer; Blood Withdrawal System;	
Ultraviolet Radiometer; Environmental Chamber; Sequential Numberer;	
Literature	1020

FREDERICK MOSTELLER CHEN NING YANG CHAUNCEY STARR WILLIAM T. GOLDEN Treasurer WILLIAM D. CAREY Executive Officer ANTHROPOLOGY (H) Raymond H. Thompson Philleo Nash GEOLOGY AND GEOGRAPHY (E) Howard R. Gould Ramon E. Bisque BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES (G) Mary E. Clark Jane C. Kaltenbach INDUSTRIAL SCIENCE (P) Joseph H. Engel Robert L. Stern MEDICAL SCIENCES (N) Robert W. Berliner Richard J. Johns AGRICULTURE (O) John P. Mahlstede J. Lawrence Apple STATISTICS (U) John W. Pratt Ezra Glaser ATMOSPHERIC AND HYDROSPHERIC SCIENCES (W) Robert G. Fleagle Stanley A. Changnon, Jr. ROSPHERIC AND HYDROSPHERIC GENERAL (X) Mary Louise Robbins Joseph F. Coates

The American Association for the Advancement of Science was founded in 1848 and incorporated in 1874. Its objects are to further the work of scientists, to facilitate cooperation among them, to improve the effectiveness of science in the promotion of human welfare, and to increase public understanding and appreciation of the importance and promise of the methods of science in human progress.

COVER

A blown, three-mold decanter, the style of which would indicate that it was made about 1820. This decanter was hydration-dated to demonstrate the utility of this method for detecting modern reproductions. The hydration profile showed that only the first 0.1 micrometer of the surface glass was hydrated, confirming that this object was indeed a modern reproduction. See page 975. [Audio-Visual Center, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut]

Research and Development Research and Budget: FY 1978 in the Federal Budget.

This series is sponsored by the AAAS and its Committee on Science and Public Policy and prepared under the direction of Willis H. Shapley, former budget official and Associate Deputy Administrator of NASA, who has had extensive experience in research and development, national defense, and space programs.

RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT IN THE FEDERAL BUDGET: FY 1978, by Willis H. Shapley, Don I. Phillips and Herbert Roback, offers a timely analytic summary and interpretive report on R&D in this year's annual budget and a stimulating discussion of significant, current, and basic issues:

- FY 1977 budget outcome
- FY 1978 budget analysis
- Future R&D budget outlook
- · Congressional role in R&D budgeting
- How R&D budget decisions should be made

RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT IN THE FEDERAL BUDGET: FY 1977, by Willis H.

Shapley, lays the foundation for FY 1978 and succeeding volumes. It gives an in-depth analysis of how the federal budget is prepared and surveys the broad range of continuing issues affecting research and development budgets. An incisive analysis of lasting significance.

These two volumes unravel the mysteries and complexities of the budgeting process and give a clear and analytical report on R&D in the federal budget. They identify issues of major importance to scientists, engineers, research institutions, administrators, and students of public policy.

Essential reading in this changing climate of government support of R&D.

Order your copies now.

ORDER FORM

Please send me the item(s) checked below:

- □ R&D in the Federal Budget: FY 1978
 (available in June 1977)
 Retail: \$5.50 | AAAS member price: \$4.95
- R&D in the Federal Budget: FY 1977
 Retail: \$5.50 AAAS member price: \$4.95
- ☐ Both publications at the special rate

 Retail: \$9.00 AAAS member price: \$8.10

All orders \$5 or less must be prepaid. (Please allow 6 to 8 weeks for delivery)



Send orders to Department L

American Association for the Advancement of Science
1515 Massachusetts Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20005

"...dramatic improvement ...indispensable to our research"

"The clarity, detail and contrast in the wide-field Axiomat must be experienced to be believed".

The above quotes about the Zeiss Axiomat are from Prof. R. D. Allen, Chairman, Dept. of Biological Sciences, Dartmouth College. He says, "Every microscopic object that we had studied previously with conventional microscopes has merited careful re-examination with the Axiomat, because in almost every case new details have emerged that could not have been seen before.

"In some cases the dramatic improvement has been almost like having a cataract removed from the eye."

Professor Allen continues, "The new differential interference contrast system of the Axiomat is especially significant. Its

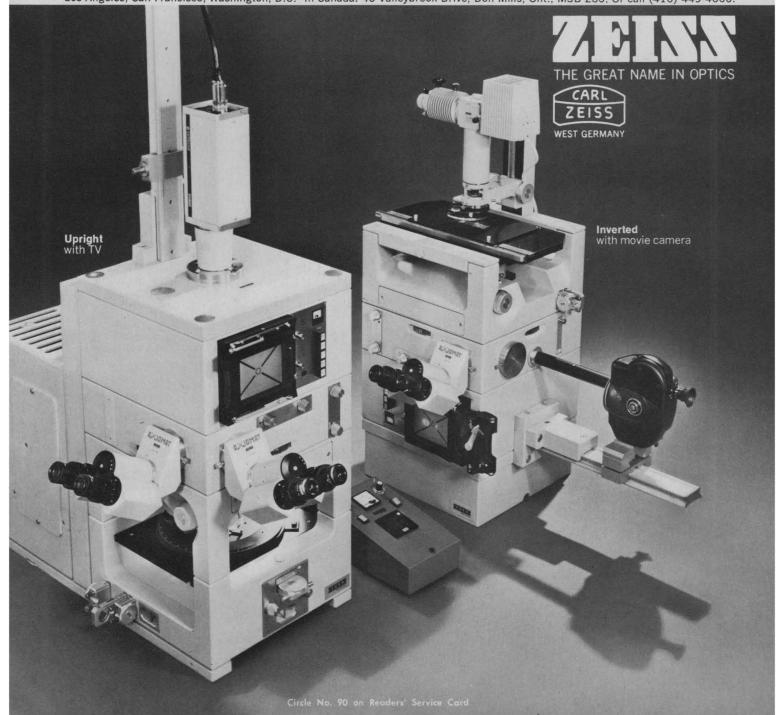
dynamic range is several times greater than that of any other available microscope. With the superbly corrected objectives of the Axiomat, the images are crisp and loaded with phase detail. The stability of the Axiomat stand is ideal for photomicrography and cinemicrography." (35 mm and 4x5" cameras are always built-in.)

"In the short time we have used an Axiomat, it has already become indispensable to our research, and there are always people waiting to use it."

Don't wait to get complete details or a demonstration. Contact Zeiss today.

Nationwide service

Carl Zeiss, Inc., 444 5th Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10018 (212) 730-4400. Branches in: Atlanta, Boston, Chicago, Columbus, Houston, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Washington, D.C. In Canada: 45 Valleybrook Drive, Don Mills, Ont., M3B 2S6. Or call (416) 449-4660.





Current Abstracts in the Neurosciences

A new weekly publication of brief nonevaluative abstracts offering the most up to date abstract service presently available to neuroscientists, and a reprint request forwarding service, a convenient, new method of requesting reprints.

Purpose: to provide an effective method of keeping up with the literature in six areas of neuroscience research. Each area is covered under a separate heading.

- 1. Neuroanatomy and neurocytology
- 2. Neurochemistry
- 3. Neurophysiology
- 4. Neuropsychology
- 5. Neuropharmacology and psychopharmacology
- 6. Biological psychiatry.

Abstracts: The abstracts are prepared with the objective of concisely stating the main finding of each paper. A brief statement of the author's interpretation of the main result and/or a statement of the rationale of the paper is also given in many cases. The anticipated weekly volume is about 180 abstracts.

Publication lag: Up to the present time neuroscientists could keep up with the literature by examining publications containing tables of contents of many journals, many of which are unrelated to the neurosciences. The publication lag with this method is about three weeks. By concentrating on the neurosciences, Current Abstracts in the Neurosciences is able to offer brief abstracts rather than simply titles, and a reduction in the publication lag to about two weeks.

Reprint Request Forwarding Service:

A reprint request forwarding service is available through Current Abstracts in the Neurosciences. By circling the abstract number on a Reader's Reprint Request Forwarding card and returning it to Current Abstracts your reprint requests will be forwarded to the authors. The cost of each reprint request to be forwarded is 10 cents.

Sample Issues: In order to introduce Current Abstracts in the Neurosciences to its potential subscribers in the most effective manner, free sample issues can be obtained by checking the appropriate box on the order form.

Circle No. 243 on Readers' Service Card

Editor

Bernard Migler, Squibb Institute for Medical Research, Princeton, N.J.

Contributors

Dennis Benson Paul Blum Eric Brunngraber Victoria Chan-Palay Leonard Davis Henry Edinger Yigael Ehrlich Stephen Gobel Dale Harris Richard Heikkila Jacob H. Jacoby Jean Lauder Richard Meibach Francis Pirozzolo Martha Romeskie Joel Schiff George Wooten

The Johns Hopkins Medical School Columbia University University of Missouri-Columbia Harvard Medical School University of Missouri-Columbia New Jersey Medical School University of Missouri-Columbia National Institutes of Health Harvard Medical School Mount Sinai School of Medicine New Jersey Medical School University of Connecticut Albert Einstein College of Medicine University of Rochester New York Medical College New York University Dental Center Cornell University Medical Center

Published by

Current Abstracts in the Neurosciences, Princeton, N.J.

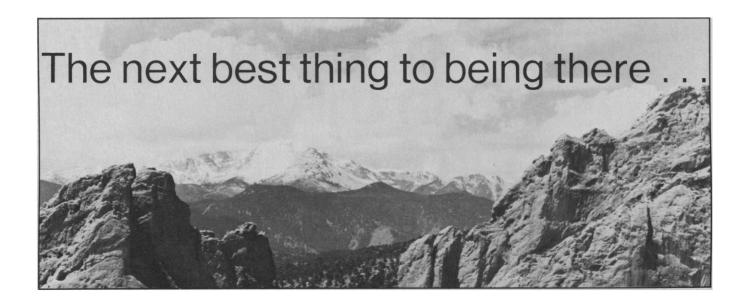
ORDER FORM

Current Abstracts in the Neurosciences P.O. Box CN-27, Princeton, N.J. 08540. USA

- $\hfill\square$ Please send free sample issues for 2 weeks
- □ Please enter a regular individual subscription, 52 weekly issues, with Reprint Request Forwarding card, USA & poss., \$26, elsewhere \$42.
- □ Please enter a library, institutional or other multi-reader subscription, 52 weekly issues with Reprint Request Forwarding card, USA & poss., \$52, elsewhere \$68.

Name
(Please type or print)
Address
City
State Zip
Country

Overseas subscribers please make payment by international money order or foreign draft drawn in U.S. funds on a U.S. bank. (These can be purchased at your local bank.) Personal checks will also be accepted if a \$2 fee for the cost of collection is added.



If you couldn't make it to the 1977 AAAS Annual Meeting in Denver, we've arranged to bring the meeting to you. This year, like last year, we've taped some sessions (both presentations and question-and-answer sessions) so you won't miss much.

These high quality tapes are on handy cassettes—useful for classroom, library, or personal use—and at a reasonable price.

We can't list all the audiotape titles on one page, but the sampling below will give some idea of the diversity of topics available.

Medicine and Health

Scientific Information and Public Policy: Regulating the Use of Psychotropic Drugs (77T-332)

Anthropology

An Account of the Visual Mode: Man versus Ape (77T-298)

Frontiers of Folklore (77T-337)

Technological Implications

Beyond Gutenberg: Communication Without Paper? (77T-317)

Political and Social Aspects of Remote Sensing from Space (77T-348)

Behavioral Science

Families Across the Life Cycle: Issues and Perspectives (77T-331)

Individual Differences, Cognition, and Learning (77T-307)

Violence at Home and at School (77T-343)

Economic and Social Sciences

National and International Cooperation: The Institutional Limits to Growth (77T-308)

Science and Public Policy

Emerging National and International Policy on Information (77T-309)

History and Philosophy of Science

Contemporary Religious Movements in America: Religious Minorities in a Secular Society (77T-305)

Agriculture and Ecology

Biology and Agriculture in the People's Republic of China (77T-301)

General Interest

The Frontiers of the Natural Sciences (77T-333) The Right to Die (77T-341)

Physical and Mathematical Sciences

The New Solar Physics (77T-303)

The Promise of High Energy Physics (77T-296)

Energy

Wind-Energy Conversion Systems (77T-312) Renewable Energy Resources and Rural Life in the Developing World (77T-323)

Resource Policy

Energy from the Rockies: Fueling the Nation or Fouling the States? (77T-321)

Biological Science

Physiological Reactions in Plants Initiated by Environmental Stress (77T-304)

Arid Lands

American Droughts (77T-294)

Environment

How Well Are We Equipped to Cope With Environmental Problems? (77T-299)
The Measurement of Air Pollution (77T-322)

For a complete list of both 1976 and 1977 AAAS Annual Meeting audiotapes, with prices and ordering information, write to: AAAS Cassettes, c/o CEBAR Productions, 2550 Green Bay Road, Evanston, Illinois 60201.

936 SCIENCE, VOL. 196

A CATALOG, A REFERENCE BOOK, AN ENCYCLOPEDIA.



MILES BIOCHEMICALS 1977

1977 edition features two new sections: Electrophoresis and Molecular Recombination Reagents. Other sections include: Stable Isotopes, Immobilized Biochemicals, Polypeptides, Lipids, Lectins, Nucleic Acids, Enzymes, Blood Proteins and Immunochemicals.

On its 171 fact-filled pages, you'll find not only a listing and a description of products, but also applications, assay methods and pertinent references.

No other catalog gives you so much useful information at a glance. It can serve as a handy reference book and an alphabetical index makes everything easy to

What's more, this unique catalog is backed by Miles' 24-hour ordering system. You can phone us at any time (even Saturday at 4 A.M.) and place your order for immediate shipment the next working day. You can also phone for quick assistance or information on any

To get your copy of the 1977 Miles Biochemical Catalog, just fill out and mail the coupon. What could be easier?

Please rush me my free copy of the 1977 Miles Biochemical Catalog.

DEPARTMENT

ORGANIZATION

Mail to:

Miles Research Products, Miles Research Products, Miles Laboratories, Inc., Elkhart, IN 46514

Miles Laboratories, Ltd. P.O. Box 37 Stoke Court, Stoke Poges

SLOUGH SL2 4LY UNITED KINGDOM

New Lauda G3T Constant Temperature Circulator with dial-in temperature control. Only \$399.



Your laboratory could be using a new Lauda Constant Temperature Circulator with dial-in temperature control, and for as little as \$399.

That's the price the new Model C-3T, with 1,000 watt heater, 8-liters per minute pumping capacity, easy-to-set one-knob thermostatic control, built-in coil for external cooling, all stainless-steel components, reading thermometer, and 30-100°C operating range (0-100°C using external cooling) with ±0.2°C control accuracy.

Need greater control accuracy? Model C-3B has it (±0.03°C), plus pre-set temperature selection (25°, 37° and 56°C) and fine adjustments within ±1.0°C, all for \$540.

For literature on these and other Lauda models, write: Lauda Division, Brinkmann Instruments, Cantiague Rd. Westbury, N.Y. 11590. In Canada: 50 Galaxy Blvd., Rexdale, Ont. M9W4Y5.



LETTERS

Paul Erdös: Addenda

The portrait by Gina Bari Kolata of mathematician Paul Erdös (News and Comment, 8 Apr., p. 144) as a man totally devoted to his subject is very well done but lacks a few important details. Although Erdös' devotion to his subject is unlimited, it is not correct to say that his entire attention is given to mathematics. Those who know Erdös well would probably agree that he is also eternally inquisitive and well informed about social, political, cultural, and general scientific matters. All these interests do not detract from his constant preoccupation with mathematics. I recall a long-past incident that illustrates the point. It occurred during a chess game between Erdös and a colleague, who was known as a masterful chess player. As I walked by I saw Erdös' opponent in deep thought about his next move, while Erdös himself seemed to pore over an encyclopedia of medicine that he was holding in his lap. When I asked him what he was studying, he answered, "Please, do not interrupt. I am proving a theorem."

Kolata says that Erdös has never had a regular appointment at a university. However, he did have a research instructorship at Purdue from 1943 to 1945, and later he was a member of the mathematics department at Notre Dame. The scientific community should be informed why his affiliation with Notre Dame was terminated. Late in the summer of 1954, Erdös wished to attend the International Congress of Mathematicians (a quadrennial event), which was meeting in Amsterdam that year. As an alien resident he had to apply for a reentry visa that would allow him to return to the United States after the congress. His request for the visa was rejected, although the administration of Notre Dame claimed him as an essential member of its faculty. He had lengthy hearings with immigration and FBI officials and learned that a voluminous file had been accumulated on his occasional expressions of sympathy for and monetary contributions to various causes, his signing of petitions, his correspondence with foreign mathematicians, and other matters. Erdös decided that he would rather give up the security that he enjoyed at that time than to have his right to travel so arbitrarily restricted. He left the United States officially still on leave from Notre Dame but was not permitted to return. In subsequent years he tried to get a visitor's visa to attend meetings, symposia, and conferences in

the United States; his requests were supported by frequent petitions of colleagues, professional organizations, and even U.S. senators. His requests were rejected again and again. I received a letter from him (in 1961 or 1962) saying that he had at last obtained the promise of an American consul that he would receive the visa shortly, but a few weeks later he had to cancel his visit; the promise was disavowed. In his typical style he wrote that the foreign policy of the State Department was adamant on two points: nonadmission of Red China to the United Nations and of Paul Erdös to the United States. Finally, in 1963, he was allowed to attend the annual meeting of the American Mathematical Society in Boulder, Colorado, and to visit several campuses. He also came to Purdue to give a colloquium lecture. The audience included an unusually large number of students who had came to see and greet the famous man. Erdös prefaced his talk with the words: "Sam [the United States] finally admitted me because he thinks I am too old and decrepit now to overthrow him."

It is a sad commentary on our time and country that this man—so totally immersed in scholarly work, so remote from the political arena, a free spirit who lives by the highest moral standards—could be harassed by bureaucrats in high positions whose duty it is to protect our freedoms.

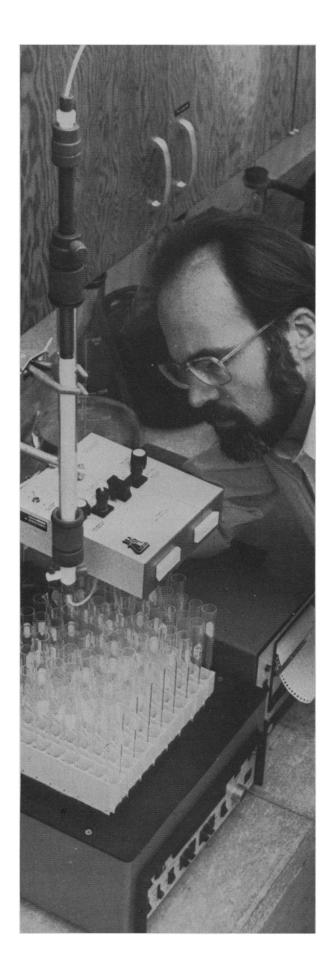
MICHAEL GOLOMB Division of Mathematical Sciences, Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana 47907

World Hunger

Deborah Shapley's article about the Antarctic krill (News and Comment, 29 Apr., p. 503) is welcome, and one hopes a new treaty to provide sound management of this marine resource will be concluded *before* commercial fishing for krill gets under way.

It would help greatly, however, if all of us who discuss these needs were more alert to the presumably unconscious determinism involved in such phraseology as Shapley's "the realities of a resourcehungry world" or Gerard Bertrand's "The world need for protein will require the utilization of krill."

These "givens" obscure more significant underlying realities in need of institutional analysis and modification. Why this world hunger? Overpopulation as an answer has become a cliché; it subverts deeper probes. The most neglected sig-



column chromatography with a difference

ISCO instruments save you time, simplify your work, and often give you results you can't get in any other way.

The Model UA-5 absorbance monitor is sensitive, reliable, and easy to use. Calibration standards and recorder are built-in, and you can mount the compact optical head on an apparatus stand right next to the column. Automatic scale expansion means you don't have to choose between reducing sensitivity or watching the recorder. A selection of 13 wavelengths (one or two at a time) and 16 different flow cells provide impressive versatility. The Model UA-5 can even actuate a fraction collector at the beginning and end of each absorbance peak so that sample components are isolated in separate tubes. Both the monitor and fraction collector can service two columns simultaneously.

ISCO fraction collectors hold 10 to 25mm diameter test tubes and 28mm scintillation vials in removable, self-standing racks. You can even have a tabletop refrigerated fraction collector if your cold room is too crowded. Seven ISCO metering and gradient pumps provide flow rates from 200 to 2500 ml/hr, and pressures to 200 kg/cm 2 .

We also have all the accessories you need to make everything work right. And if you need a complete high performance liquid chromatograph, we can supply that too. Send now for an ISCO catalog and see for yourself how much more you can do when you have ISCO LC instruments in your lab.

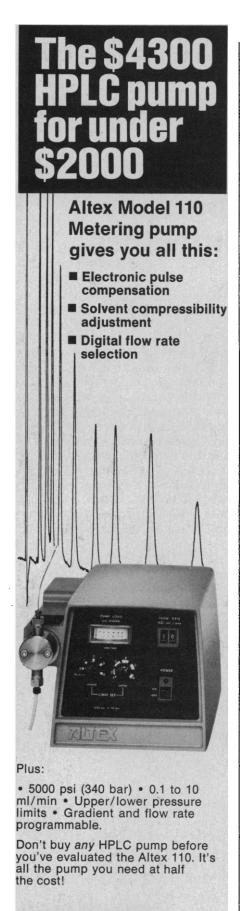
Circle No. 149 on Readers' Service Card





BOX 5347 LINCOLN, NE 68505 USA PHONE [402] 464-0231 TELEX 48-6453

27 MAY 1977 939



nificant cause of this imbalance between numbers of people and food supplies seems to be the dispossession of the world peasantry by capital-intensive agriculture that produces for export, not to feed local people (1). We cannot manage krill wisely in a socioeconomic vacuum.

ROLAND C. CLEMENT

National Audubon Society, 950 Third Avenue, New York 10022

References

J. J. Parsons, Rev. Biol. Trop. 24 (Suppl. 1), 121 (1976); J. Belden and G. Forte, Toward a National Food Policy (Exploratory Project for Economic Alternatives, Washington, D.C., 1976); E. Feder, The Rape of the Peasantry: Latin America's Landholding System (Doubleday Anchor, New York, 1971).

Social Cost

The article by Earl Cook, "Limits to exploitation of nonrenewable resources" (20 Feb. 1976, p. 677), is extremely informative. In fact, I should like to assign it to my class except that it is marred by an egregious fallacy. Since this fallacy has been turning up repeatedly in writings about environmental and natural resource problems, I wish to call it to the attention of *Science* readers.

The mistake has to do with the nature of social cost. Cook, for example, writes "To society . . . the profit from mining (including oil and gas extraction) can be defined either as an energy surplus, as from the exploitation of fossil and nuclear fuel deposits, or as a work saving, as in the lessened expenditure of human energy and time when steel is used in place of wood. . . ." A number of other authors also equate social cost with the expenditure of energy.

For better or for worse, neither kilocalories nor man-hours nor any other directly observable, unidimensional, physical input is an adequate measure of social cost. A moment's thought should make this compelling. Consider a very simple self-contained economy where coal is extracted by surface mining and the coal seams lie under the only land suitable for growing hops. The greater the amount of coal that is surface-mined the less the amount of beer that can be brewed. In these circumstances surface mining may be a loser, socially speaking, even though it requires the expenditure of far less than 12,000 Btu's per pound of coal; and subsurface mining may be advisable even though it requires more energy per pound extracted than surface mining, particularly if there is a beer shortage. The social cost of surface-mined coal includes the reduction in the availability

of beer along with the expenditure of man-hours, capital investment, and other things too numerous to mention.

Clearly, then, social costs cannot be measured in calories or any other simple physical units. The only adequate measure is what economists call "social opportunity costs," meaning the social value of the alternative commodities that have to be foregone in order to obtain the commodity being produced. Under certain idealized conditions this opportunity cost is measured by the dollars-andcents cost of producing the commodity. Under realistic conditions the dollarsand-cents production cost is a fair approximation to the social cost. Under almost any conceivable conditions the dollars-and-cents cost is a much better approximation to social cost than the amounts of energy expended or any other simple physical measure.

Huettner, in his article, "Net energy analysis: An economic assessment" (9 Apr. 1976, p. 101), points out at greater length the inadequacy of energy costs and surpluses as measures of social or economic worth.

It is a great pity that so much valuable work, including Cook's article on the exploitation of mineral resources, is hung up on the fascination with energy problems. Energy is indeed a scarce and valuable resource; but it is only one of many, and there is a good deal more to life and the economy than British thermal units.

ROBERT DORFMAN

Department of Economics, Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

The assault of outraged economist Dorfman leaves me unabashed in my "egregious fallacy." I wrote of energy surplus and worksaving, not of social cost. Energy surplus can be measured in kilojoules. Worksaving can be measured in man-hours. Social cost can be measured adequately in neither, nor even by "social opportunity costs," because the sound of wild birds at dawn and the dignity of man are not measurable commodities.

What is a social benefit to one society may be a social cost to another. If mining is allowed at all, there is an anticipated social profit, an excess of benefits over costs. The primary benefits—unlike the primary costs—are those of energy, whether surplus or saving.

EARL COOK

College of Geosciences, Texas A & M University, College Station 77843

SCIENTIFIC INC. 1780 Fourth Street/Berkeley, California 94710

(415) 527-5900

We listened to hundreds of experienced users before we designed the Mark III. And we were naturally curious to know how well we'd succeeded in giving them everything they wanted in a liquid scintillation system. So late last year, we conducted a survey of the Mark III users in the United States.

We were very gratified when 39% of those polled responded...and even more gratified to find that over 97% of them would consider buying another Mark III if they moved to a lab with similar needs. That's quite a statement coming from a group of individuals who are impossible to fool and very difficult to please.

When we asked about features, most replied that the Mark III's abil-

*Quote taken from a survey questionnaire sent to Mark III users in the U.S.

ity to compensate for quench was most important. The Mark III can adjust automatically for the quench of a whole batch or for each individual single or dual-label sample... and it handles quench up to 30:1.

The second most-appreciated feature is the Mark III's ability to adjust counting parameters. Not surprising, since the Mark III can automatically set ideal windows and terminators (time or count) and subtract the appropriate background for each batch.

Overall ease of operation ran a strong third. With the Mark III, you need no complicated programming when you change counting conditions. Just dial a number on the cap and all the automatic quench and counting capabilities go to work for you. The DPM version also is extremely easy to operate.

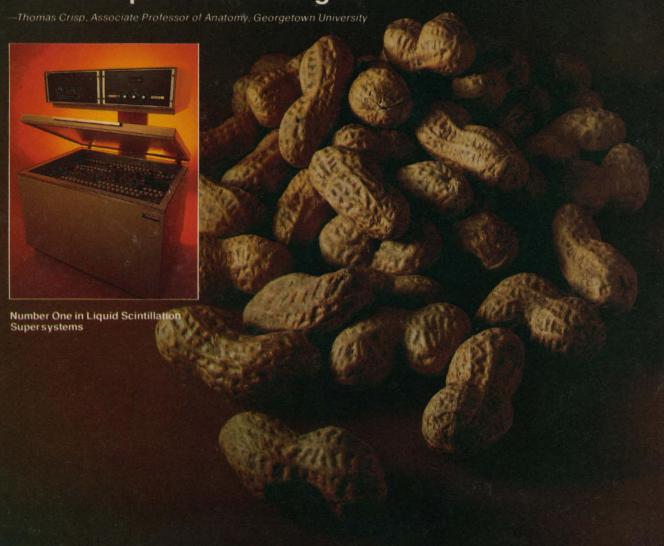
These are just some of the reasons why there are more than 10 times as many Mark IIIs installed today as the "other" top-of-the-line supersystem...and why the overwhelming majority of all Mark III users are so satisfied. For more information on the Mark III, call or write:

SEARLE

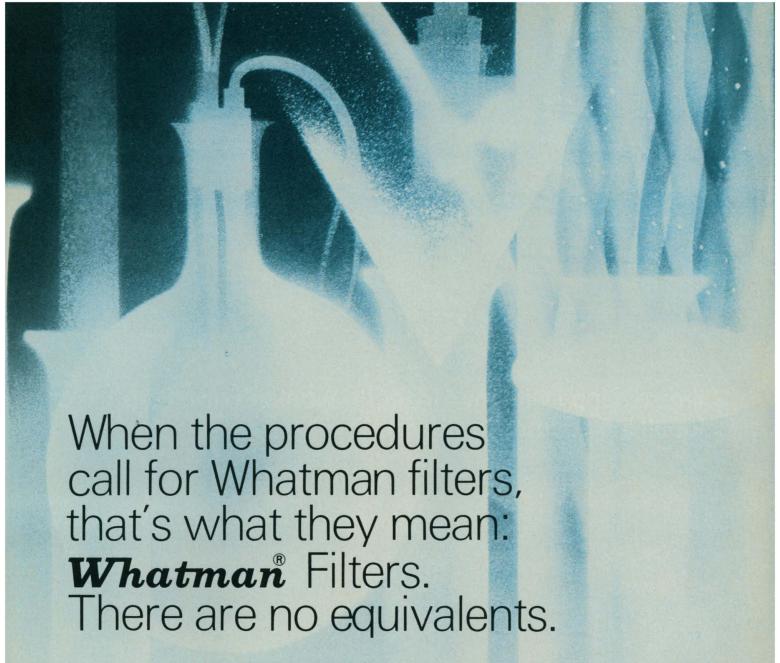
Searle Analytic

Division of Searle Diagnostics Inc. 2000 Nuclear Drive Des Plaines. IL 60018 Phone (312) 298-6600

"I'm so happy with my MARK III I wouldn't give it up for all the peanuts in Georgia."*



Circle No. 82 on Readers' Service Card



Whatman filters and media have so become the standard of excellence that our trademark, Whatman, has just about come to *mean* filters.

But, while that's flattering, it's easy to draw the wrong conclusions—Whatman is not a generic type; it's a specific *brand* of filters and media. Whatman products are standards because of excellence. Excellence of performance and of quality. Excellence maintained over many decades and insisted upon for new products as well as for established products. Two *centuries* of leadership.

Equivalents? Hardly.

Whatman filters and media for virtually every laboratory and technical filtration, and separation purpose are available world-wide from selected laboratory supply dealers. There is no need to chance an "equivalent"—the standard of excellence is available to hand.

Whatman. Filters and media for the separation sciences.

® Registered trademark of Whatman Ltd.

Whatman Inc. ■ 9 Bridewell Place, Clifton, New Jersey 07014 Tel. (201) 777-4825 ■ Telex 133426.

Whatman Ltd. ■ Springfield Mill, Maidstone, Kent ME14 2LE, England Tel. (0622) 61681 ■ Telex 96113.

Whatman S.a.r.I. ■ Zone Industrielle, BP N.12, 45210 Ferrieres, France Tel. 95 74 15 ■ Telex 78229.







AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE

Science serves its readers as a forum for the presentation and discussion of important issues related to the advancement of science, including the presentation of minority or conflicting points of view, rather than by publishing only material on which a consensus has been reached. Accordingly, all articles published in Science including editorials, news and comment, and book reviews—are signed and reflect the individual views of the authors and not official points of view adopted by the AAS or the institutions with which the authors are af-

Editorial Board

1977: WARD GOODENOUGH, CLIFFORD GROBSTEIN, H. S. GUTOWSKY, N. BRUCE HANNAY, DONALD KENNEDY, NEAL E. MILLER, RAYMOND H. THOMPSON 1978: RICHARD E. BALZHISER, JAMES F. CROW, HANS LANDSBERG, EDWARD NEY, FRANK W. PUTNAM, MAXINE SINGER, PAUL E. WAGGONER, F. KARL WILLENBROCK. ENBROCK

Publisher

WILLIAM D. CAREY

Editor

PHILIP H. ABELSON

Editoral Staff

Managing Editor ROBERT V. ORMES Assistant Managing Editor
JOHN E. RINGLE

Business Manager HANS NUSSBAUM Production Editor Ellen E. Murphy

News and Comment: JOHN WALSH, Editor; PHILIP M. BOFFEY, LUTHER J. CARTER, BARBARA J. CULLITON, CONSTANCE HOLDEN, DEBORAH SHAPLEY, NICHOLAS WADE. Editorial Assistant, SCHERRAINE MACK

Research News: Allen L. Hammond, Editor; Gina Bari Kolata, Jean L. Marx, Thomas H. Maugh II, William D. Metz, Arthur L. Robinson. Editorial Assistant, Fannie Groom

Associate Editors: ELEANORE BUTZ, MARY DORF-MAN, SYLVIA EBERHART, JUDITH GOTTLIEB

Assistant Editors: Caitilin Gordon, Ruth Kul-STAD, LOIS SCHMITT

Book Reviews: KATHERINE LIVINGSTON, Editor; LIN-DA HEISERMAN, JANET KEGO

Letters: CHRISTINE KARLIK

Copy Editors: ISABELLA BOULDIN, OLIVER HEAT-

Production: Nancy Hartnagel, John Baker; Ya Li Swigart, Eleanor Warner; Jean Rockwood, Leah Ryan, Sharon Ryan

Covers, Reprints, and Permissions: GRAYCE FINGER, Editor; CORRINE HARRIS, MARGARET LLOYD

Guide to Scientific Instruments: RICHARD SOMMER Assistant to the Editors: RICHARD SEMIKLOSE

Membership Recruitment: GWENDOLYN HUDDLE

Member and Subscription Records: ANN RAGLAND EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE: 1515 Massachusetts Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20005. Area code EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE: 1315 Massachusetts Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20005. Area code 202. General Editorial Office, 467-4350; Book Reviews, 467-4367; Guide to Scientific Instrument, 467-4480; News and Comment, 467-4430; Reprints and Permissions, 467-4483; Research News, 467-4321; "Cable" Advancesci, Washington. For "Instructions for Contributors", write the editorial office or see p. vi. Science, 26 Mutors," write the editorial office or see p. x1, Science, 20 March 1976.
BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE: Area Code 202.
Business Office, 467-4411; Circulation, 467-4417.

Advertising Representatives

Director: EARL J. SCHERAGO

Production Manager: MARGARET STERLING Advertising Sales Manager: RICHARD L. CHARLES

Advertising Sales Manager: RICHARD L. CHARLES Sales: NEW YORK, N.Y. 10036: Herbert L. Burklund, 11 W. 42 St. (212-PE-6-1858); SCOTCH PLAINS, N.J. 07076: C. Richard Callis, 12 Unami Lane (201-889-4873); CHICAGO, ILL. 60611: Jack Ryan, Room 2107, 919 N. Michigan Ave. (312-DE-7-4973); BEVERLY HILLS, CALIF. 90211: Winn Nance, 111 N. La Cienega Blvd. (213-657-2772); DORSET, VT. 05251: Fred W. Dieffenbach, Kent Hill Rd. (802-867-5581)
ADVERTISING CORRESPONDENCE: Room 1740, 11 W. 42 St., New York, N.Y. 10036. Phone: 212-PE-6-1858.

Intergovernmental Science and Technology

There is a growing awareness, both in Washington and throughout the country, that if science and technology are to benefit our people more effectively, a better R & D partnership must be established between the federal government and the states, counties, and cities. Properly designed and directed toward state and local needs, federally supported R & D could help to protect regional and local environments, reduce demands on energy and various natural resources, and improve the delivery of state and local serv-

In recent years, federal funding of R & D for the civilian sector has been growing rapidly. It is now in excess of \$7 billion annually. But its impact on meeting public expectations—on filling the everyday needs of the people often seems disappointing.

Past intergovernmental science and technology programs have been primarily one-sided affairs, relying heavily on the federal government offering money and off-the-shelf technology to the states and cities with little concern for or understanding of the user's needs. Much of this technology was the spin-off of aerospace and military R & D which might be adaptable to the needs of a local fire or police department or serve some other public need. In addition, there were programs to supply governors and mayors with science and technology advisers.

These efforts at domestic technology transfer in several cases have met with some success. But the residual problems at the state and local levels remain enormous and deserving of a greater effort. Clearly some new stimuli and new approaches are needed.

A feeling is now developing along the lines that intergovernmental action in science and technology must become more of a two-way flow. More initial state and local involvement in setting federal R & D agendas appears to be one way of generating this. Governors, mayors, state legislators, and county and local officials have far better ideas of the problems and the needs of their communities than do Washington officials. They should have more of an input into the decision-making that results in federal R & D budgets in the civilian sector.

A related problem is that much federally generated R & D that might be applicable to public use on a state or local level is not adequately assessed or demonstrated. As a result, its usefulness cannot be properly evaluated. In many cases, research that might ultimately serve a public purpose is not carried far enough into application, implementation, or the federal commercialization stage. This situation could be improved by more attention and closer cooperation between federal and state and local officials concerning research utilization.

There have been some encouraging signs along these lines. The Department of Transportation has become a leader in soliciting views of state and local governments on research needs and in working with them to develop technologies. The National Science Foundation has supported a number of mechanisms including the Urban Consortium and various science networks to strengthen the capacity of state and local governments to use science and technology.

A new thrust toward building a better partnership on a government-wide basis has been the formation of the Intergovernmental Science, Engineering and Technology Advisory Panel as part of the Office of Science and Technology Policy in the Executive Office of the President. This new advisory group, composed of four governors, four mayors, and eight other state and local government officials, is already grappling with ways to improve the intergovernmental science and technology enterprise.—FRANK PRESS, Director, Office of Science and Technology Policy, Executive Office of the President, Washington, D.C. 20500, and GEORGE BUSBEE, Governor, Office of the Governor, Atlanta, Georgia 30334

A professional microscope at a price you can afford.



Named after the famous Greek physician, the GALEN microscope meets exacting Bausch & Lomb standards. It is priced at \$746.00*.

The GALEN microscope is ideal for routine work in colleges, hospitals and industrial labs. And it meets the specifications required for a microscope used to study medicine.

Compare the quality of the GALEN microscope against any other microscope on the market.

Look into GALEN when you're looking for a microscope:

- Parfocal, coated optics.
- 4x, 10x, 40x, 100x (oil) achromatic objectives.
- Monocular, binocular, triocular models.

- In-base, variable control illuminator (30-watt).
- Ideal for brightfield, darkfield and phase contrast observations.
- Precentered substage with convenient low rack-and-pinion focusing.
- Graduated mechanical stage; low, coaxial controls.
- Immediate off-the-shelf delivery.
- Bausch & Lomb guarantee, and nationwide service.

BAUSCH & LOMB Scientific Optical Products Division Optics Center, Dept. 6602 1400 North Goodman Street Rochester, N.Y. 14602



*Monocular model \$746, Binocular model shown \$895.

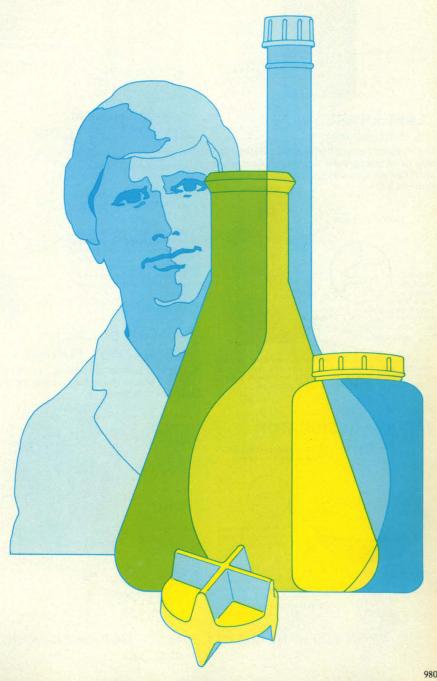
Title Institution or Company Street		
Title		
Name		
Have my B&L dealer free demonstration.		rrange a convenient end catalog 31-2439.
Scientific Optical Produc Optics Center, Dept. 660 20717 North Goodman S Rochester, N.Y. 14602)2	

Circle No. 73 on Readers' Service Card

SYBRON Nalge

Nalgene Labware Showcase '77

This is a pull-out section of some of the newest Nalgene laboratory products, along with the old favorites, from our complete line of over 250 products which can be seen in our 1977 catalog.



Looking Inside Nalgene® Labware

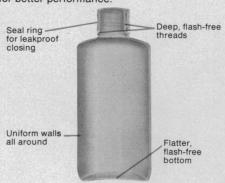
or-

How to get your money's worth when you buy labware

Today you can't afford to waste a cent when making laboratory purchases. All labware, especially plastic labware, is not alike. Illustrated below are just a few of the unique features built into Nalgene labware to give you better, longer service for your money.

BOTTLES (30-1000ml)

For this size range we use a new process combining both injection- and blow-molding to get more uniform, cleanly molded, precise-volume bottles. Even the closures are engineered for better performance.



"LARGEWARE" (1/2 to 13 gallons)

Our large bottles and carboys are blow-molded with extra strong walls, semi-buttress threads and linerless closures for contamination-free, secure closing.



Outlet for attaching spigot or tubing is molded integrally with the rest of the carboy to prevent the leakage common with other brands having welded-on outlets. Outlet lower on bottle for complete drainage.

Implosion-Proof VACUUM DESICCATOR



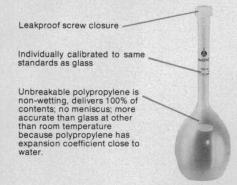
A "Best-Buy"

SAFETY SHIELD

Designed in consultation with one of the nation's leading laboratory safety specialists

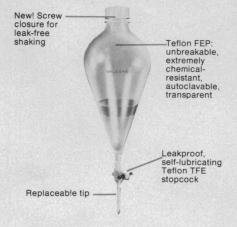


Precision-Calibrated VOLUMETRIC FLASK

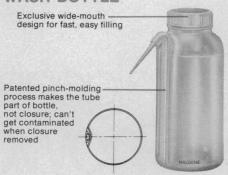


The World's Only Teflon SEPARATORY FUNNEL

Nalge is a pioneer in making Teflon labware and this sep funnel is the nearest thing yet to permanent labware.

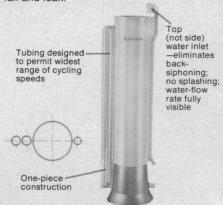


WASH BOTTLE



The World's Only "One-Piece" PIPET WASHER-RINSER

The same pinch-molding process makes all tubing integral with the rinser body; no welds to fail and leak.



All-Plastic, Unbreakable DEWAR FLASK

Our rotational-molding facilities and experience are used to make Dewars that are not only functional at extreme temperatures—they're also SAFE!



Dozens of innovations, a continuous product improvement program, 62 new products in the last five years, with more to come— these are the reasons you should specify Nalgene Labware by name... and make sure you get it.

WHEN YOU WANT QUALITY, SPECIFY NALGENE LABWARE ... AND MAKE SURE YOU GET IT

NALGENE FILTER UNITS

polystyrene; nitrocellulose membrane

• A complete, disposable, nontoxic, *presterilized* membrane filter system ready for immediate use . . . filter cup, cover, support plate, porous support, 115 ml capacity suction flask with cotton-plugged sidearm (flask graduated from 20 to 115 ml), and membrane filter. Uncomplicated design avoids sources of error and contamination. Bagged individually. Package also contains an adapter for connecting the units to a vacuum source (Nalgene Hand-Operated Vacuum Pump is suitable). Eliminates cumbersome glass and metal filtration assemblies, and all the labor and time of setting up and sterilizing. Membranes are free of plasticizers and other extractables. No need to handle sterile membranes—avoids breakage.

Available with either a plain membrane—0.20 micron porosity, or a grid membrane—0.45 and 0.80 micron porosities.

U.S. Patent No. 3,295,686

Cat. No. 120-0020; with 0.20 micron membrane, plain Cat. No. 245-0045; with 0.45 micron membrane, green grid Cat. No. 380-0080; with 0.80 micron membrane, black grid Price, per pkg. of 12

QUANTITY PRICES:

Price, per case of 6 pkgs. (72 units) 131.10 per case 5-19 cases assortable porosities 124.20 per case 20 cases assortable porosities 117.30 per case

Case prices reflect following discounts: 1-4 cases, 5%; 5-19 cases, 10%; 20 or more cases, 15%.

NOT ASSORTABLE

Presterilized and individually packaged for immediate use.

NALGENE FILTER UNIT HOLDER T acrylic

• Attractive, convenient, transparent and sturdy. The filter unit holder is designed to free your hands while filter units are attached to a vacuum source. Filter units are held firmly in place but are easy to insert and remove without binding. Will hold three filter units at one time.

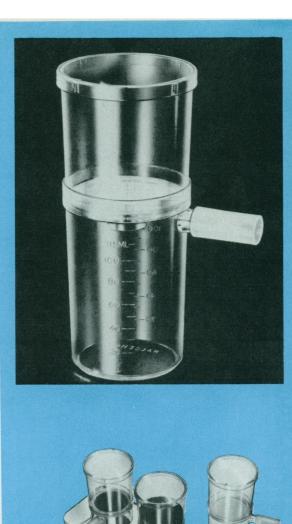
Cat. No. 400 Dim., in.	-1000 10 x 3½ x 2
Price, each	
Price, per case of 4	39.60
NOT ASSORTABLE	

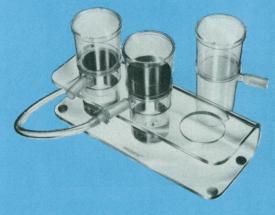
NALGENE SUSPENSION CULTURE FLASK A T PMP flask; polypropylene screw closure;

Teflon floating stir bar; silicon gaskets

• New. Transparent. All plastic construction. Autoclavable. Fully gasketed. Leakproof. An unbeatable combination for the all-new tissue culture suspension culture flask. The Teflon floating stir bar provides excellent stirring action with no grinding of cells. Two 13 mm openings with nipple closures provide easy access for addition and sampling during cell growth. Wide mouth for easy cleaning.

Cat. No. 620	-0250	-1000
Capacity, ml	250	1000
Closure, mm	70	120
Nipple closure, mm	13	13
Price, each	32.00	45.00
Price, per case of 2	57.60	81.00







3662-NEW SIZE* 3663-1203-1201-

NALGENE GRADUATED WARE

NALGENE PP GRADUATED CYLINDERS A polypropylene cylinder; black polypropylene base

• Precision-molded polypropylene cylinders meet accuracy requirements of Federal Specification NNN-C-940, Cylinder, Graduated, Laboratory; Glass. Ideal for rugged industrial and school lab use. Black molded graduations for easier, quicker reading. No meniscus—easy to read. Calibrated To Contain/To Deliver (TC/TD) at 20°C. Large octagonal base. 10 ml size has conical top. Autoclavable, however autoclaving may affect accuracy. May be sterilized by standard chemical methods. The 2000 and 4000 ml sizes are molded in one piece and have natural-color graduations.

Cat. No. 3662	-0010	-0025	-0050	-0100	-0250	
Cap., ml	10	25	50	100	250	
Subdiv., ml	0.2	0.5	1.0	1.0	2.0	
Limit of error, ml	0.10	0.30	0.40	0.60	1.4	
No. in case	24	18	18	12	12	
Price, each	2.90	3.50	3.90	4.40	5.20	
Price, per case	62.64	56.70	63.18	47.52	56.16	
Cat. No. 3662	-0500	-10	00 -	2000	-4000	
Cap., ml	500	100	0 2	2000	4000	
Subdiv., ml	5.0	10.	0	20.0	50.0	
Limit of error, ml	2.6	5.0)	10.0	20.0	
No. in case	8	6		4	2	
Price, each	7.20	9.3	30 2	20.00	42.36	

NALGENE PMP GRADUATED CYLINDERS A polymethylpentene cylinder; black polypropylene base

• Precision-molded polymethylpentene (PMP) graduated cylinders meet accuracy requirements of Federal Specification NNN-C-940, Cylinder, Graduated, Laboratory; Glass. Transparent, shatterproof and heat resistant. Large, easy to read, molded-in graduations. No meniscus—easy to read. Octagonal base helps prevent tipping. Calibrated To Contain/To Deliver (TC/TD) at 20°C. 10 ml size has conical top. Autoclavable, however autoclaving may affect accuracy. May be sterilized by standard chemical methods. The 2000 ml and 4000 ml sizes molded in one piece.

Cat. No. 3663	-001	o -	-0025	-0050	-0100	
Cap., ml	10		25	50	100	
Subdiv., ml	0.2		0.5	1.0	1.0	
Limit of error, ml	0.10	1	0.30	0.40	0.60	
No. in case	24		18	18	12	
Price, each	2.9	 6	3.90	4.36	4.90	
Price, per case	63.9	4	63.18	70.63	52.92	
Cat. No. 3663	-0250	-0500	-1000	-2000	-4000 *	
Cap., ml	250	500	1000	2000	4000	
Subdiv., ml	2.0	5.0	10.0	20.0	50.0	
Limit of error, ml	1.4	2.6	5.0	10.0	20.0	
No. in case	12	8	6	4	2	
Price, each	6.76	9.26	12.90	21.86	45.00	
Price per case	73.01	66.67	69.66	78.70	81.00	

NALGENE GRIFFIN LOW FORM BEAKERS (A) T polymethylpentene (PMP)

• PMP has the transparency of glass, remarkable heat tolerance, excellent chemical resistance. "No-drip" pouring. Shatterproof. Continuous usage at 150°C, intermittent service to 175°C. Can be autoclaved repeatedly. Nontoxic, noncontaminating, biologically inert. With approximate volume scales molded in. Convenient oval marking area. Tapered walls for safe handling, easy stacking.

Cat. No. 1203	-0030	-0050	-0100	-0150	-0250	-0400	-0600	-1000	-2000	-4000
Cap., ml	30	50	100	150	250	400	600	1000	2000	4000
No. in pkg.	12	12	12	12	6	6	4	3	1	1
No. in case	36	36	36	36	24	24	12	12	4	- 4
Price, per pkg.	4.80	6.00	11.76	14.64	10.14	11.88	13.36	13.20	8.96	13.06
Price, per case	12.96	16.20	31.75	39.53	36.50	42.77	36.07	47.52	32.26	47.02

NALGENE GRIFFIN LOW FORM BEAKERS (A) polypropylene

• For general laboratory use. Autoclavable. Combine "no-drip" pouring, durability, translucency. Approximate volume scales (conveniently located near pour spout) easily read for right- or left-handed use; molded in. Oval marking area.

Cat. No. 1201	-0030	-0050	-0100	-0150	-0250	-0400	-0600	-1000	-2000	-4000
Cap., ml	30	50	100	150	250	400	600	1000	2000	4000
No. in pkg.	12	12	12	12	6	6	4	3	1	1
No. in case	48	48	48	48	36	36	24	12	6	4
Price, per pkg.	3.24	3.96	7.08	8.88	6.24	7.32	9.12	8.46	6.18	10.86
Price, per case	11.66	14.26	25.49	31.97	33.70	39.53	49.25	30.46	33.37	39.10

Send for the 1977 Nalgene® Labware Catalog. Circle R.S. No. 131

NALGENE WASH BOTTLES

NALGENE WIDE MOUTH UNITARY™ WASH BOTTLES†

conventional polyethylene; polypropylene screw closures

• The only wide mouth wash bottle for faster, easier filling. The 750 ml size is big enough for real convenience, but slim enough around the waist for an easy grip. Wide-mouth bottle and tubulation molded in one piece,† eliminating any possibility of leakage. No messy delivery tube to get bench wet. Entire contents can be dispensed without tipping or shaking. Dispensing tip gives fine stream or can be cut back to increase flow.

Cat. No. 2402	-0125	-0250	-0500	-0750	-1000	
Cap., ml	125	250	500	750	1000	
Screw cap size	24	43	48	48	53	
No. in pkg.	6	4	4	4	2	
No. in case	48	36	24	24	12	
Price, per pkg.	5.88	4.48	5.40	6.60	3.92	
Price, per case	42.34	36.29	29.16	35.64	21.17	

†U.S. Patents No. 3,398,427 and 3,534,435. Canadian Patent No. 901,540.

NALGENE SAFETY WASH BOTTLES

red conventional polyethylene; red polypropylene screw closures

• Bottles molded of red polyethylene-instantly recognized. Vertically ribbed surface insures accurate identification by touch also. Indicate inflammable or dangerous contents . . . reduce the hazard of picking the wrong bottle. Delivery tube is through the shoulder. Screw cap size is 24 mm.

Cat. No. 2404	-0250	-0500	
Cap., ml	250	500	
No. in case	36	24	
Price, per pkg. of 4	6.44	7.68	
Price, per case	52.16	41.47	

NALGENE DISPENSERS AND DROPPERS

NALGENE DROP-DISPENSER BOTTLE (A) []

Teflon FEP; Teflon ETFE dropping closure and plug

• New. Only drop-dispensing bottle available made of Teflon FEP and ETFE . . handles virtually any chemical you need to dispense. Autoclavable. One per package.

-0030	
30	
10.00	
36.00	
	30 10.00

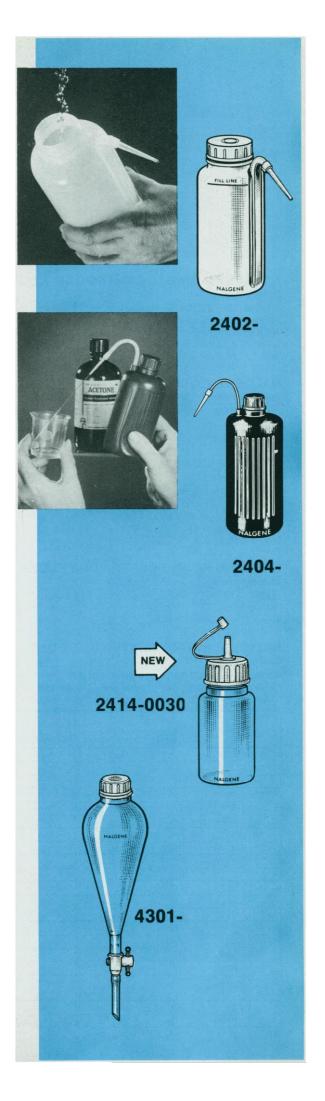
NALGENE SEPARATORY FUNNELS

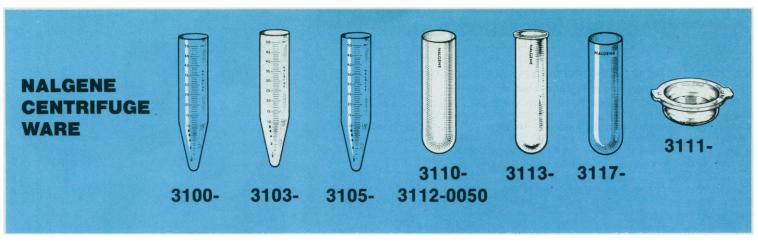
NALGENE SQUIBB PEAR SHAPE SEPARATORY FUNNELS Teflon FEP; Teflon TFE plug; Tefzel ETFE screw closure

• Improved. Teflon has all the qualities to make the perfect separatory funnel; it's unbreakable, non-stick for easy cleaning, non-wetting for complete draining, and impervious to any chemical used in a separatory funnel. The economical answer to continual replacement of fragile glass funnels. These funnels are so transparent the phase interface of even colorless liquids such as ether and water can be clearly seen down to the stopcock pluq. Ideal for use in radiological and hazardous separations. The leakproof closure is made of Du Pont's "Tefzel" ETFE fluoropolymer; the leakproof stopcock is made of self-lubricating Teflon TFE. Stopcock housing may be removed for easier cleaning. Funnel can be chemically sterilized.

Cat. No. 4301	-0125	-0250	-0500	-1000	
Cap., ml (nominal)	125	250	500	1000	
Closure size, mm Stem length below	28	33	43	53	
stopcock, mm	65	65	65	65	
Price, each Price, per case of 4	26.26 94.54	31.10 111.96	35.60 128.16	58.20 209.52	

Send for the 1977 Nalgene® Labware Catalog. Circle R.S. No. 132





NALGENE CONICAL CENTRIFUGE TUBES (A) T polymethylpentene

• Cat. No. 3100-. For low-speed centrifugation to 3000 x G, these tubes offer autoclavability, transparency and excellent chemical resistance without the danger and nuisance of shattering. Molded-in graduations. 15 ml size takes standard urinometer. Without closures. Capacities: 15 and 50 ml. Autoclavable.

NALGENE CONICAL CENTRIFUGE TUBES (A) polypropylene

• No. 3103-. Excellent chemical resistance. Molded-in, raised graduations. For use up to 6000 x G in all non-refrigerated centrifuges. Without closures. Capacities: 15, 50 ml. Autoclavable.

NALGENE CONICAL CENTRIFUGE TUBES (A) II polycarbonate

• No. 3105-. Outstanding strength. For use up to 6000 x G. Moldedin, raised graduations. 15 ml size also takes standard urinometer. Autoclavable—but repeated autoclaving may shorten the life of polycarbonate tubes. Without closures. Capacities: 15, 50 ml.

NALGENE ROUND CENTRIFUGE TUBES © polypropylene

• **No. 3110-.** Economical polypropylene tubes. Use as test tubes. For use up to 50,000 x G in all non-refrigerated centrifuges. Without closures. Capacities: 3.5, 6.5, 7, 12, 15, 18, 50, 100 ml.

NALGENE ROUND CENTRIFUGE TUBE

conventional polyethylene

• No. 3112-0050. For use in refrigerated centrifuges up to 50,000 x G. Capacity is 50 ml; dimensions are 29 x 104 mm. Without closure.

NALGENE ROUND CENTRIFUGE TUBES (A) Tefzel ethylene-tetrafluoroethylene

• No. 3113-. The centrifuge tube for maximum reliability in critical centrifuge procedures. Tefzel ETFE gives these tubes tremendous tensile strength, the chemical resistance of Teflon and resistance to temperatures from -100°C to +180°C. They can be used with any solvent in refrigerated centrifuges with the proper size rotor at 50,000 x G when fitted with Nalgene closures. Unlike Teflon TFE tubes, these tubes are translucent. Without closures. Capacities: 3.5, 6.5, 12, 15,50 ml.

NALGENE ROUND CENTRIFUGE TUBES polycarbonate

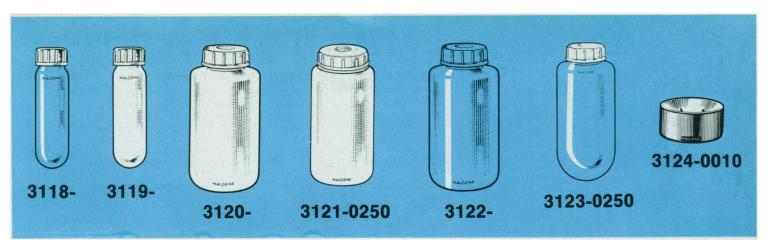
• No. 3117-. Stronger than polypropylene and crystal clear. Withstand centrifugal forces up to 50,000 x G even under refrigeration. Repeated autoclaving may shorten life of polycarbonate tubes. Nontoxic, non-contaminating. Without closures. Capacities: 3.5, 6.5, 7, 12, 15, 18, 50, 100 ml.

NALGENE TUBE CLOSURES A polypropylene

• New design friction-fit closures for all Nalgene centrifuge tubes. Designed for Nalgene tubes. May not provide liquid-tight seal.

Cat. No. 3111	-0012	-8013	-0016	-0017	-0019	-0029	-0032	
Closure No.			16			29	32	
Price, per pkg. of 20	4.10	4.40	4.80	5.10	5.50	6.60	7.20	
Price per case of 200	36.00	30.60	43 20	45.00	40.50	50.40	64.80	

Catalog No.	Material	Transparent	Autoclavable	Capacity ml	Size O.D. x Length	Takes Closure No.	No. in Package	No. in Case	Price per Package	Price per Case
3110-0035	PP	No	Yes	3.5	10.9 x 77	12	10	100	3.10	27.90
3113-0035	ETFE	No	Yes	3.5	10.9 x 77	12	2	10	9.36	42.12
3117-0035	PC	Yes	Yes	3.5	10.9 x 77	12	10	100	4.10	36.90
3110-0065	PP	No	Yes	6.5	12.5 x 101	13	10	100	3.50	31.50
3113-0065	ETFE	No	Yes	6.5	12.5 x 101	13	2	10	9.36	42.12
3117-0065	PC	Yes	Yes	6.5	12.5 x 101	13	10	100	4.30	38.70
3110-0070	PP	No	Yes	7	15.8 x 60	16	10	100	3.50	31.50
3117-0070	PC	Yes	Yes	7	15.8 x 60	16	10	100	4.30	38.70
3118-0010	PC	Yes	Yes	10	16.1 x 79.5	13	10	100	10.40	93.60
3119-0010	PP	No	Yes	10	16.1 x 79.5	13	10	100	8.50	76.50
3110-0120	PP	No	Yes	12	15.8 x 101	16	10	100	3.60	32.40
3113-0120	ETFE	No	Yes	12	15.8 x 101	16	2	10	10.94	49.23
3117-0120	PC	Yes	Yes	12	15.8 x 101	16	10	100	4.70	42.30
3100-0015	PMP	Yes	Yes	15	17 x 119	17C	10	100	7.10	63.90
3103-0015	PP	No	Yes	15	17 x 119	17C	10	100	5.10	45.90
3105-0015	PC	Yes	Yes	15	17 x 119	17C	10	100	6.90	62.10
3110-0150	PP	No	Yes	15	15.8 x 116	16	10	100	3.80	34.20
3113-0150	ETFE	No	Yes	15	15.8 x 116	16	2	10	11.72	52.74
3117-0150	PC	Yes	Yes	15	15.8 x 116	16	10	100	5.10	45.90
3110-0180	PP	No	Yes	18	18.5 x 116	19	10	100	3.90	35.10
3117-0180	PC	Yes	Yes	18	18.5 x 116	19	10	100	6.00	54.00



NALGENE OAK RIDGE-TYPE CENTRIFUGE TUBES 🕭 🗓 polycarbonate; polypropylene screw closures

• No. 3118-. Leakproof screw caps. Full mouth opening. Withstand over 50,000 x G in suitable rotors. Capacities: 10, 30, 50, 85 ml.

NALGENE OAK RIDGE-TYPE CENTRIFUGE TUBES (A) polypropylene; polypropylene screw closures

• No. 3119-. Similar to the above but polypropylene construction provides greater chemical resistance. Leakproof screw caps. Autoclavable. Not designed for refrigerated centrifuges. Withstand forces to 50,000 x G. Capacities: 10, 30, 50 ml.

NALGENE CENTRIFUGE BOTTLES

polypropylene; polypropylene screw closures

• No. 3120-. Fit standard centrifuge cups. Take centrifugal forces up to 13,200 x G in non-refrigerated centrifuges. Frequently used as animal watering bottles. Use Sorvall No. 424 adapter with 250 ml size for best results. Capacities: 250, 500 ml.

NALGENE WIDE MOUTH CENTRIFUGE BOTTLE

linear polyethylene; polypropylene screw closure

• No. 3121-0250. Wider mouth than standard centrifuge bottles. For use in refrigerated centrifuges-withstands temperatures down to -120°C, and centrifuge forces up to 8,000 x G. More chemically resistant than polycarbonate. Use Sorvall No. 424 adapter for best results. Dimensions are 61 x 119 mm, with size 43 closure. Capacity 250 ml.

NALGENE CENTRIFUGE BOTTLES

polycarbonate; polypropylene screw closures

• No. 3122-. Excellent dimensional stability. Withstand up to 27,300 x G. Frequently used as animal watering bottles. Use Sorvall No. 424 adapter with 250 and 290 ml sizes for best results. Capacities: 250, 290,

NALGENE SPHERICAL-BOTTOM CENTRIFUGE 🔕 🗓 **BOTTLE**

polycarbonate; polypropylene screw closure

• No. 3123-0250. Withstands forces up to 27,500 x G. Use Nalgene support listed below. In 250 ml size only. Dimensions are 61.7 x 136 mm, with size 38 closure.

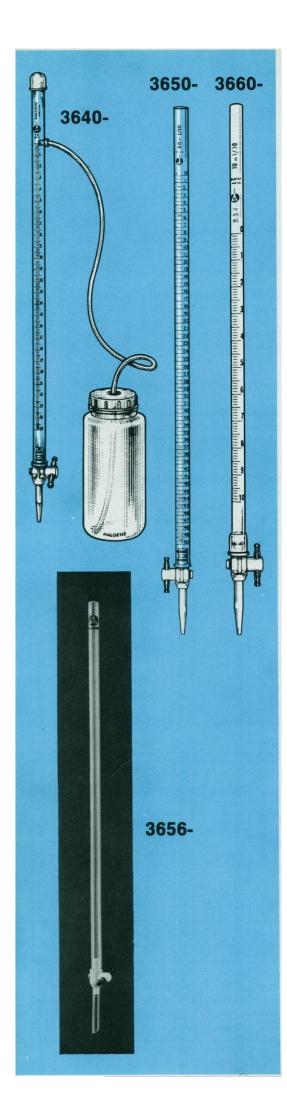
NALGENE SUPPORT FOR SPHERICAL-BOTTOM **CENTRIFUGE BOTTLE**

blue polycarbonate

 For use in standard centrifuge rotors with spherical-bottom centrifuge bottles, diameter 61.7 mm.

Cat. No. 3124	-0010
Price, per pkg. of 4	8.12
Price, per case of 12	29.92

Catalog No.	Material	Transparent	Autoclavable	Capacity ml	Size O.D. x Length	Takes Closure No.	No. in Package	No. in Case	Price per Package	Price per Case
3118-0030	PC	Yes	Yes	30	25.7 x 92	20	10	100	11.40	102.60
3119-0030	PP	No	Yes	30	25.7 x 92	20	10	100	9.80	88.20
3100-0050	PMP	Yes	Yes	50	28.7 x 134	29	10	100	12.80	115.20
3103-0050	PP	No	Yes	50	28.7 x 134	29	10	100	6.90	62.10
3105-0050	PC	Yes	Yes	50	28.7 x 134	29	10	100	10.30	92.70
3110-0500	PP	No	Yes	50	28.7 x 103	29	10	100	4.30	38.70
3112-0050	CPE	No	No	50	29 x 104	29	10	100	5.70	51.30
3113-0500	ETFE	No	Yes	50	28.7 x 103	29	2	10	14.06	63.27
3117-0500	PC	Yes	Yes	50	28.7 x 103	29	10	100	6.40	57.60
3118-0050	PC	Yes	Yes	50	28.6 x 104	24	10	100	13.80	124.20
3119-0050	PP	No	Yes	50	28.6 x 104	24	10	100	12.20	109.80
3118-0085	PC	Yes	Yes	85	38.1 x 101	33	10	100	15.50	139.50
3110-1000	PP	No	Yes	100	31.5 x 164	32	10	40	10.30	37.08
3117-1000	PC	Yes	Yes	100	31.5 x 164	32	10	40	15.70	56.52
3120-0250	PP	No	Yes	250	61.7 x 122	38	4	36	6.20	50.22
3121-0250	LPE	No	No	250	61 x 119	43	6	36	7.80	42.12
3122-0250	PC	Yes	Yes	250	61.7 x 122	38	4	36	9.80	79.38
3123-0250	PC	Yes	Yes	250	61.7 x 136	38	4	36	12.36	100.12
3122-0290	PC	Yes	Yes	290	61.7 x 137	38	4	36	11.32	91.69
3120-0500	PP	No	Yes	500	73.4 x 163	48	4	24	7.48	40.39
3122-0500	PC	Yes	Yes	500	69.5 x 163.5	48	4	24	16.08	86.83



NALGENE BURETS AND DISPENSERS

NALGENE AUTOMATIC SELF-ZEROING BURET acrylic body; PMP stopcock and tip; Tellon TFE plug

• Crystal-clear. Easy to use. Durable. Safer than glass. Offers repeatable, accurate results. Individually calibrated, the buret meets accuracy requirements of Federal Specification NNN-B-00789a, Buret, Straight, Precision. *Unaffected by dilute acids and dilute bases used as titrants*, but not designed for exposure to alcohol and organic solvents. Individually packaged, each size includes one automatic self-zeroing buret with cover, squeeze bottle with closure, and three feet of Nalgon tubing.

Cat. No. 3640	-0010	-0025	-0050	-0100
Cap., ml	10	25	50	100
Subdiv., ml	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.2
Reservoir, ml	500	500	1000	1000
Price, each	24.00	24.00	26.00	26.00
Price, per case of 4	86.40	86.40	93.60	93.60

NALGENE TRANSPARENT BURETS acrylic body; PMP stopcock and tip; Tellon TFE plug

• Crystal-clear. Durable. Individually calibrated, they meet Federal Specification NNN-B-00789a, Buret, Straight, Precision. Stopcock is leakproof, with self-lubricating Teflon TFE plug. Excellent for general use, schools, industrial labs and field use. *Unaffected by dilute acids and dilute bases used as titrants*, but not designed for exposure to alcohol and organic solvents.

Cat. No. 3650	-0010	-0025	-0050	-0100
Cap., ml	10	25	50	100
Subdiv., ml	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.2
Limit of error, ml	0.04	0.06	0.1	0.2
Price, each	18.50	18.50	18.50	22.00
Price, per case of 4	66.60	66.60	66.60	79.20

NALGENE BURETS A

polypropylene; PMP stockcock and tip; Teflon TFE plug

• For use with all titrants. Individually calibrated. Teflon plug won't seize, never needs lubrication. Easily disassembled and cleaned. Has outstanding chemical resistance.

Cat. No. 3660	-0010	-0025	
Cap., ml	10	25	
Subdiv., ml	0.10	0.10	
Limit of error, ml	0.06	0.10	
Price, each	16.24	18.10	
Price, per case of 4	58.46	65.16	

NALGENE CHROMATOGRAPHY COLUMNS

NALGENE CHROMATOGRAPHY COLUMNS []

Teflon FEP tubing; Teflon TFE stopcock and support

• An unbreakable, *all Teflon* chromatography column that can be used with all column chromatography reagents—even at elevated temperatures. Transparent. Straight bore assures easy cleaning. Removable stopcock has self-lubricating Teflon TFE plug. TFE support disc can be removed for easy cleaning. Individually packaged.

Cat. No. 3656 Column I.D., mm	-1130 11 300	-1150 11 500	
Column length, mm Price, each	20.00	24.00	
Price, per case of 4	72.00	86.40	

NALGENE SIEVES

NALGENE SIEVES

linear polyethylene; polyester mesh

• These large-capacity sieves are available in seven U.S. Sieve Series mesh sizes. The 12" O.D. and 4" depth provide ¼ cubic foot of usable volume. The polyester mesh is durable, uniform and will not corrode in fresh or salt water; won't contaminate samples. The base fits snugly into top of Nalgene Receiver Pan (below). Ideal for field studies by biologists, geologists and others who are concerned about corrosive damage to sieves. These sieves and the pans described below will float—can't be lost at sea. For covers, order No. 5307-0012. Individually packaged.

Cat. No. 4230	-1205	-1210	-1218	-1230	-1235	-1240	-1260
U.S. Sieve Series Designation Standard Alternate		2.000mm No. 10	1.000mm No. 18	.600mm No. 30	.500mm No. 35	.425mm No. 40	.250mm No. 60
Sieve opening, inches (approx.)	0.157	0.0787	0.0394	0.0234	0.0197	0.0165	0.0098
Price, each Price, per case of 2	32.06 57.71	32.06 57.71	32.06 57.71	32.06 57.71	32.06 57.71	32.06 57.71	32.06 57.71

NALGENE RECEIVER PAN

linear polyethylene

• For Nalgene Sieves described above. Same excellent chemical resistance and durability. O.D. is 12", overall height 3". Sieves fit snugly into receiver pans to restrict spillage. Individually packaged.

Cat. No. 4233	-0012	
Price, each	10.00	
Price, per case of 6	54.00	

NALGENE JARS AND VACUUM EQUIPMENT

NALGENE MULTI-PURPOSE JARS (A) TI polycarbonate

• Use these unbreakable, transparent polycarbonate jars instead of the breakable kind as water baths, aquaria, terraria, freeze-drying chambers, bell jars, etc. You can safely drill, tap or apply clamps to these jars to attach heating and cooling equipment. Do not autoclave if used for vacuum applications. For covers, see below.

Cat. No. 5300 Cap., gal. (approx.)	-0609	-0910	-0918 3½	-1212 4½	
O.D. x height, in.	6% x 91/4	8¾ x 10	8¾ x 18	12 x 12	
Price, each	14.46	24.08	35.86	37.46	
Price, per case of 2	26.03	43.34	64.55	67.43	

NALGENE COVERS FOR MULTI-PURPOSE JARS (A) I polycarbonate

• For the multi-purpose jars above as well as for glass jars of the same diameters. The 6%" size fits the 1-gallon No. 5300 Nalgene jars; the 8%" cover fits the 2- and 3½-gallon jars. The 12" cover fits the 4½-gallon jar and Nalgene sieves. Made of unbreakable, autoclavable, transparent polycarbonate, these covers can be drilled or tapped to accommodate a variety of accessories. Also permit jars to be stacked safely. Individually cartoned.

Cat. No. 5301	-0006	-0009	-0012
I.D., in.	6%	8¾	12
Price, each	3.48	4.98	6.54
Price, per case of 6	18.79	26.89	35.32

NALGENE VACUUM CHAMBERS I

polycarbonate jars; LPE or polycarbonate plates; neoprene gaskets

• Four complete, versatile vacuum chambers, each consisting of transparent unbreakable No. 5300 "bell jar" and gasketed No. 5306 vacuum plate with ¼" tubing connection at rim. Withstand full vacuum. Use as controlled environment chambers, for degassing operations and freeze-drying. Connect to any convenient vacuum source such as Nalgene Vacuum Pump (Cat. No. 6140-0010) or mechanical pump.

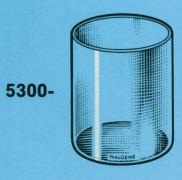
Cat. No. 5305	-0609	-0910	-0918	-1212	
Cap., gal.	1	2	3½	41/2	
Jar, O.D. x height, in.	6% x 9¼	8¾ x 10	8¾ x 18	12 x 12	
Plate O.D., in. (mat.)	7½ (LPE)	13 (PC)	13 (PC)	13 (PC)	
Gasket O.D., in.	7	12%	12%	12%	
No. in case	2	1	1	11	
Price, each	26.16	43.34	55.12	56.72	
Price, per case	47.09	43.34	55.12	56.72	

Send for the 1977 Nalgene® Labware Catalog. Circle R.S. No. 136





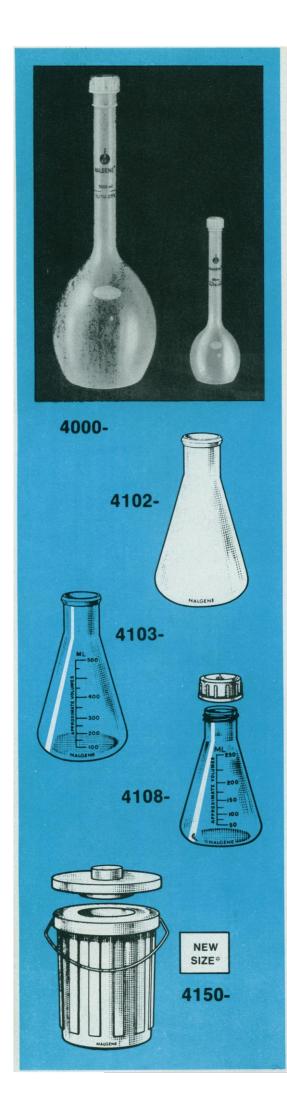
4233-0012











NALGENE FLASKS

NALGENE VOLUMETRIC FLASKS

polypropylene; polypropylene screw closures

• All the accuracy of standard glass flasks combined with the unbreakability of plastics. Each flask individually calibrated To Contain/To Deliver at 25°C, and marked with permanent color graduation line. More accurate than glass at other temperatures. No meniscus to confuse readings. Oval marking spot. Supplied with polypropylene screw closure. 200 ml size has additional graduation line at 203 ml level for BOD and DO determinations. (Flask may easily be cut at 203 ml level to use brim capacity.) Individually packaged.

Cat. No. 4000	-0050	-0100	-0200	-0250	-0500	-1000
Cap., ml	50	100	200	250	500	1000
Limit of error, ml	± 0.10	± 0.16	± 0.20	± 0.24	± 0.40	± 0.60
Ht., mm, with cap	146	184	209	222	279	317
No. in case	12	12	12	12	8	6
Price, each	6.22	6.40	7.48	8.34	9.60	12.80
Price per case	67 18	69 12	80.78	90.07	69 12	69 12

NALGENE ERLENMEYER FLASKS & polypropylene

 For general laboratory use. For stoppers, see Nalgene Hollow Stoppers. The 25 ml and 2000 ml sizes have molded-in graduations.

Cat. No. 4102	-0025	-0050	-0125	-0250	-0500	-1000	-2000
Cap., ml	25	50	125	250	500	1000	2000
Stopper No.	0	1	3	6	7	9	10
No. in pkg.	12	12	12	6	4	2	2
No. in case	36	36	24	12	12	6	6
Price, per pkg.	13.68	13.68	16.80	12.48	12.36	9.16	12.66
Price, per case	36.94	36.94	30.24	22.46	33.37	24.73	34.18

NALGENE ERLENMEYER FLASKS (A) T polycarbonate

Graduated flasks feature excellent clarity, physical toughness and great strength.
 Autoclavable. Especially useful in clinical work. 500 ml size is a superior combustion flask for microdetermination of fluorine. Molded-in graduations. Nalgene Hollow Stoppers may be used.

Cat. No. 4103	-0025	-0050	-0125	-0250	-0500	-1000	
Cap., ml	25	50	125	250	500	1000	
Stopper No.	0	1	5	6	7	9	
No. in pkg.	12	12	12	6	4	2	
No. in case	36	36	24	12	12	6	
Price, per pkg.	21.60	23.64	29.16	19.98	19.80	14.24	
Price per case	58 32	63.83	52 49	35.96	53 46	38.45	

NALGENE ERLENMEYER FLASKS WITH SCREW CLOSURES (A) Dolycarbonate; polypropylene screw closures

• The toughness and transparency of polycarbonate are combined with the utility of screw closures in these graduated flasks. For the preparation and storage of culture media and for many culturing techniques. Closures are linerless, noncontaminating, and can be autoclaved. Mouth can be flamed gently if desired.

Cat. No. 4108	-0025	-0050	-0125	-0250	-0500	-1000	
Cap., ml	25	50	125	250	500	1000	
Closure size, mm	20	24	33	38	43	53	
No. in pkg.	6	6	6	4	4	2	
No. in case	24	24	24	12	12	6	
Price, per pkg.	14.22	15.18	18.12	15.96	22.80	15.80	
Price, per case	51.19	54.65	65.23	43.09	61.56	42.66	

NALGENE DEWAR FLASKS

linear polyethylene; expanded polystyrene cover; polyethylene coated handle

• The first all-plastic Dewar flasks suitable for cryogenic work. They are *shatterproof*: use them with complete safety with liquid nitrogen as well as for dry ice-solvent and hot baths. The double walls are molded from chemically-resistant linear polyethylene, which will withstand temperatures from –196°C to + 100°C. The annulus is filled with insulating urethane foam. Ribs molded in for safer handling except on 10 liter size. Vented, insulating cover. Convenient bail-type handle except on 10 liter size. Packed 1 per carton.

Cat. No. 4150	-1000	-2000	-4000	-9000*	
Cap., liters	1	2	4	10	
I.D. at mouth, in.	3¾	43/4	5¾	7¾	
Inside depth, in.	7 %	8%	11 5/16	151/2	
Overall ht., in.	9	101/4	12¾	18	
No. in case	4	2	2	1	
Price, each	23.50	29.36	35.22	65.00	
Price, per case	84.60	52.85	63.40	65.00	

Send for the 1977 Nalgene* Labware Catalog. Circle R.S. No. 137

NALGENE DESICCATORS

NALGENE VACUUM DESICCATOR, 250 mm (A) [T]

polycarbonate cover; green polypropylene body and stopcock with Teflon plug

• Both the transparent polycarbonate cover and the polypropylene base are implosion-proof at full vacuum. The body is impervious to acids, alkalies, and all usual desiccants. Convenient vacuum connection on body makes cover easier to handle. Stopcock breaks vacuum gently, leaving ash undisturbed. Supplied with a quick disconnect adapter for ¼" vacuum tubing. Recessed-rim design on cover keeps grease off bench top when cover is set down. Also useful as a lyophilizing chamber for freeze-drying small samples in tubes or vials. Overall height 9%"; outside diameter including stopcock, 12¹⁵/₁₅". Maximum clearance above plate, 145 mm. Takes any standard 230 mm desiccator plate (see below). Individually packaged. Available without stopcock—Cat. No. 5309-0250.

Cat. No. 5310-025	0	Cat. No. 5309-025	0
No. in case	4	No. in case	4
Price, each	44.84	Price, each	30.28
Price, per case	161.42	Price, per case	109.01

NALGENE DESICCATOR PLATES (A) light green Nucerite:

• Guaranteed* unbreakable desiccator plates, with greater thermal shock resistance than porcelain. Made of Nucerite, a ceramic-metal composite, these plates feature fire-polished, corrosion-resistant, inert, non-stick glass surfaces. The plates are marked with numbered quadrants for easy location of crucibles and other containers . . . allow use by several people. Six holes in each quadrant and a ½" center hole. Individually packaged.

°If your Nalgene Desiccator Plate should, within five years from date of purchase, become unusable because of thermal shock, corrosion, or breakage (excluding chipping caused by abuse) when employed in a laboratory desiccator, it will be replaced at no charge if returned to Nalge Company, Rochester, New York 14602.

Cat. No. 5312	-0140	-0190	-0230	
O.D., mm	140	190	230	
Price, each Price, per case of 6	6.30 34.02	10.08 54.43	12.40 66.96	_

NALGENE VACUUM PUMPS AND ACCESSORIES

NALGENE HAND-OPERATED VACUUM PUMP WITH VACUUM GAUGE

polyvinyl chloride pump

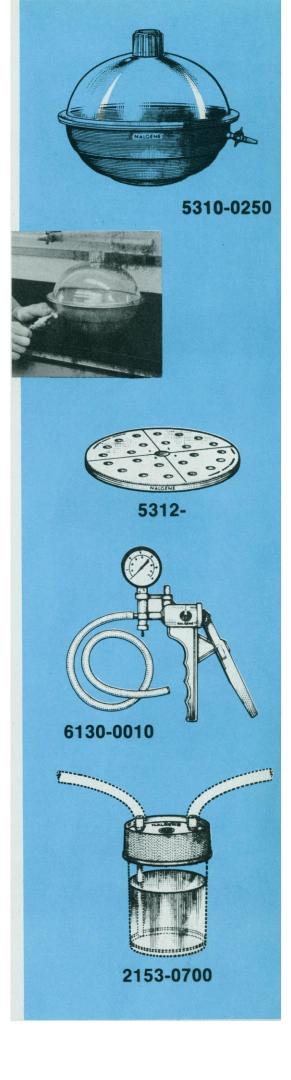
• With a few squeezes of the handle this pump attains and holds a vacuum of 25 in. Hg. Equipped with gauge to monitor vacuum in both centimeters and inches of mercury. Pumping rate is 15cc per stroke. Fitted with valve to release vacuum without disconnecting pump from line. Entire unit weighs less than ½ pound and is sealed, self-lubricating and corrosion-resistant. Gives 7 p.s.i. positive pressure at outlet port. Nozzle fits standard ¼" I.D. tubing. Supplied with 2-foot length of ¼" I.D. Nalgon* vinyl tubing.

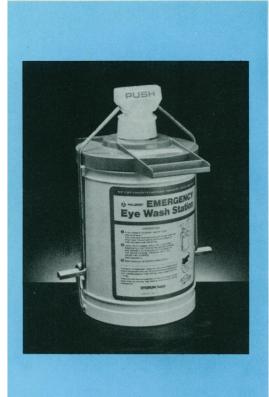
Cat. No. 6130	-0010	
No. in pkg.	1	
No. in case	4	
Price, each	22.50	
Price per case	81.00	

NALGENE FLUID TRANSFER CLOSURE (A) polypropylene

• Use these 70 mm closures with Nalgene Mason Jars (500 and 1000 ml sizes) and Nalgene Straight Side Wide Mouth Jars (125 and 250 ml sizes) for fluid transfer in either direction in lab or field . . . siphoning, evacuation, bleeding fluid lines, collecting samples, transferring reagents. Two vent tubes, molded into top of closure, connect to external fluid source and to vacuum/pressure pump with ¼" I.D. flexible tubing (Nalgon flexible PVC tubing is suitable). With closure connected to pump's vacuum inlet (Nalgene Hand-Operated Vacuum Pump is suitable), fluid is drawn into transfer jar. To force fluid out of jar, connect closure to pump's pressure outlet (for such positive transfer, insert ¼" O.D. stiff tubing into bottom opening in closure . . . Nalgene polypropylene tubing is suitable). Autoclavable.

Cat. No. 2153	-0700		
No. in pkg.	6		
No. in case	24		
Price, per pkg.	4.50		
Price, per case	16.20		
NOT ASSORTABLE			







6300-1000





New!..NALGENE® EMERGENCY EYE WASH STATION Help in a hurry for eye accidents...when seconds count!

OSHAct regulations 1910.151: "Where the eyes or body of any person may be exposed to injurious corrosive materials, suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes and body shall be provided within the work area for immediate emergency use."

The new Nalgene Emergency Eye Wash Station, with its compact size and low price, now makes it possible to have eye-washing units wherever eye accidents can occur. In the first few critical seconds after an eye accident, a Nalgene Eye Wash Station close at hand can be a priceless addition to your facilities.

Look over its many features and then consider it not only for the laboratory but for warehouse and chemical storerooms, for shipping areas, and wherever any substance harmful to the eyes is being handled.

U.S. Pat. No. 3,871,554

Cat. No. 6340-1000

Capacity: 2.5 liters (approx. .7 gal.)

Weight: 4.951 kg (10 lbs. 14 oz.) filled; 1.8 kg (4 lbs.) empty

Dimensions: Ht., 14"; Diameter (body), 7.5";

Width (cover & handles), 1114"

NOT ASSORTABLE

NALGENE NOTEBOOKS

NALGENE LABORATORY NOTEBOOK

PolyPaper* polyethylene pages; black polyethylene cover

• Your valuable notes and data are safe in this hard-cover, case-bound notebook. Pages are chemical and tear-resistant 100% spunbonded polyethylene, and measure 9½" x 11½". Neither floods nor chemical spills will affect the archival quality of this plastic "paper." Pages may be written on with ball-point pen but for the ultimate in chemical resistance and in writing, use the Nalgene Lab Pen with this notebook. Contains 108 pages: 100 numbered and printed with a fine, green grid (4 lines per inch); instructions for keeping a notebook; index; one page for issuing the book, and three blank pages. The permanently-bound, tear-resistant pages with spaces for dates and signature of worker and witness provide patent protection.

Cat. No. 6300	-1000	
Price, each	9.30	
Price, per case of 6	50.22	

NALGENE FIELD NOTEBOOK

PolyPaper * polyethylene pages; polyethylene cover

• At last, a notebook that can survive in the field. Endures salt water, mud, chemicals, all kinds of dirt. The treated polyethylene pages are washable and they dry flat; have excellent resistance to chemicals and accept virtually all writing devices, including ball-point pen and Nalgene Lab Pen. Can be written upon when wet, even under water with No. 2 pencil. The book has 48 leaves measuring 9½" x 11½". The pages are printed on both sides with a fine green grid (4 squares per inch) and are numbered 1 through 96. The book is bound with rust-proof staples and the black polyethylene cover makes it completely waterproof.

-1000		
9.30		
50.22		

NALGENE POCKET DATA BOOK

PolyPaper* polyethylene pages; polyethylene cover

• Here is the most durable pocket notebook ever produced. The $4\frac{1}{2}$ " x 8" dimensions fit most pockets. White plastic binding won't rust. Heavy-gauge green polyethylene covers provide firm writing surface. 32 PolyPaper note sheets are ruled (3 lines per inch) on both sides. They are lint-free, washable, accept all writing devices (including Nalgene Lab Pen) and take No. 2 pencil writing when wet, even under water. The Nalgene Pocket Data Book has excellent resistance to chemicals. It is completely waterproof; it even floats.

Cat. No. 6306	-0500	
Price, per pkg. of 4	15.20	
Price, per case of 12	41.04	

Send for the 1977 Nalgene® Labware Catalog. Circle R.S. No. 139

NALGENE SAFETY PRODUCTS

NALGENE SAFETY BOTTLE CARRIERS

conventional polyethylene; polyethylene coated handle

 Carriers hold 5 pt. acid bottles and standard 1 gal. chemical bottles firmly in place, and provide cushion to prevent breakage. Snap cover secures bottle in carrier.
 Accommodates bottles with finger loops.

Cat. No. 6501 Size	-0005 5 pt.	-0010 1 gal.			
Price, each	20.40	23.18			
Price, per case of 6	110.16	125.17			

NALGENE SAFETY PINT BOTTLE CARRIER

linear polyethylene; polyethylene coated steel handles

 Now safety-conscious labs can have Nalgene safety carriers for one-pint as well as larger glass reagent bottles! Exclusive design keeps six bottles snugly in place top and bottom without touching. Cover snaps on securely. Handle snaps into position for stability in carrying. Easy to clean.

Cat. No. 6505	-0010	
Size, L x W x H, in.	13 x 9 x 8	
Price,each	20.00	
Price, per case of 6	108.00	



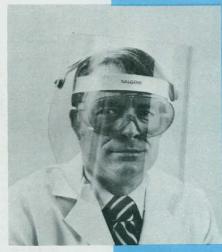


NALGENE FACE SHIELD I

polycarbonate shield; polyethylene headdress

• Specifically designed to meet laboratory standards, the Nalgene face shield has an optically clear window of .060" polycarbonate which offers even greater impact protection than other face shields currently available. Designed to fit comfortably for long periods of time. Adjustable headdress. The wraparound design provides protection to the front and sides. The full height offers protection for the neck and top of the head. Can be worn comfortably over safety goggles.

Cat. No. 6355	-0001	
Price, each	18.20	
Price, per case of 4	65.52	
NOT ASSORTABLE		



6355-0001

NALGENE SAFETY SHIELDS I

polycarbonate; steel base

• Made of 3/16" polycarbonate, which has far greater impact resistance than any other transparent laboratory shield material. Heavy 3/4"-thick coated steel base projects from center section of shield for extra stability, also serves as a lower handgrip. Perpendicular design allows maximum protection along full height of shield. Formed in parabolic curve for good containment of fragments and protection of personnel to the sides. (Even greater impact resistance can be achieved through use of Nalgene Safety Shield Liners and Safety Shield Weights—see item descriptions.)

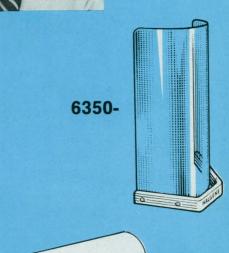
Cat. No. 6350	-1524	-3024	-3636	
Ht. x Width (at rear), in.	15 x 16	30 x 16	36 x 24	
Price, each, in any quantity NOT ASSORTABLE	69.56	98.44	133.76	

NALGENE CLEAN SHEETS™ BENCH, SHELF & DRAWER LINER white cross-linked polyethylene foam

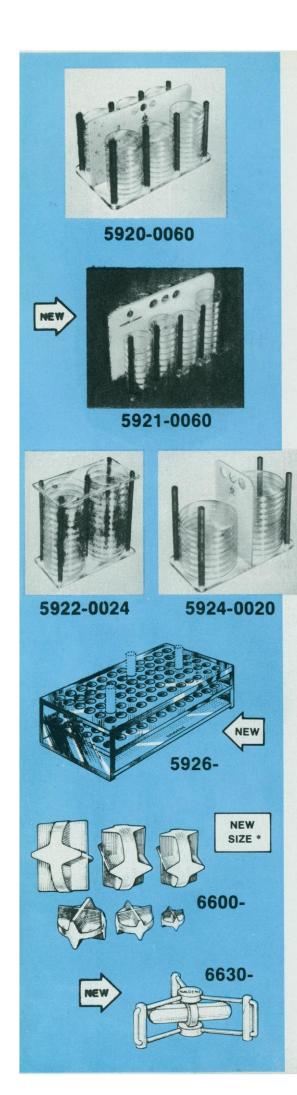
• Same material as Work Surface (above) but 1/6" thick. Comes in 50 foot rolls of 12", 18" or 30" widths; fits standard bench tops (30"), drawers (18") and shelves (12"). Use it to line sinks, drawers, benches, shelves—anywhere protection is needed against chemicals, vibration, heat, dirt, breakage. Can be cut to any size and stapled, tacked or taped.

Cat. No. 6283	-1250	-1850	-3050
Width, in.	12	18	30
Price, per roll	33.18	46.80	78.02
Price, per case of 2	59.72	84.24	140.44

Send for the 1977 Nalgene® Labware Catalog. Circle R.S. No. 140







NALGENE LAB AIDS

NALGENE PETRI DISH RACKS acrylic

• Attractive yet practical—the new Nalgene petri dish racks provide full side visibility so that culture can be checked during incubation. They are lightweight, easier to load and provide safer transport. Wide range of uses includes media preparation, inoculation, incubation and storage. The No. 5920 holds up to sixty 100 mm dishes, No. 5921 up to fifty-six 60 mm dishes, No. 5922 up to two dozen 100 mm dishes and the No. 5924 holds up to twenty 150 mm dishes. Individually packaged.

Cat. No. Dim., in. (L x H x W) No. in case	5920-0060 13 x 8 x 7 ³ / ₄ 2	5921-0060* 9% x 7¼ x 5% 2	5922-0024 8 × 8 × 4 4	5924-0020 12 ¹ / ₄ × 9 ³ / ₄ × 6 2
Price, each	39.00	39.00	16.00	29.00
Price, per case	70.20	70.20	57.60	52.20
NOT ASSORTABLE				

NALGENE TEST TUBE RACK acrylic

• **New.** Attractive, heavy-duty acrylic test tube rack. Since it is transparent, it offers full visibility of test tubes and contents. Designed to hold test tubes securely during a test phase or during transportation. Two sizes—one for 10 mm to 13 mm test tubes and one for 14 mm to 16 mm test tubes. Easy to clean.

Cat. No. 5926 Cap., tubes Tube size, mm Size, L x W x H, in.	-0013 72 10 to 13 9½ x 5 x 2 ³ 4	-0016 72 14 to 16 11¼ x 6 x 3	
Price, each Price, per case of 2 NOT ASSORTABLE	35.00 63.00	35.00 63.00	

NALGENE STIRRING EQUIPMENT

• A new stirring concept for better mixing with fins top and bottom. Compared with other stir bars: Star Head stir bars provide greater mixing—vigorous stirring action at the bottom, sides and top of the container; no chattering or splashing. They save time—things get mixed faster. Use them in round-bottom labware; no need for special-shape stir bars. Have outstanding chemical resistance and high-temperature stirring action (to 260°C).

Cat. No. 6600	-0010	-0014*	-0017	-0022	-0030 *	-0035	-0040	-0058
Dia. x ht.: mm	10 x 8	14 x 10	17 x 13	22 x 15	30 x 12	35 x 12	40 x 14	58 x 15
in.	³ ⁄8 X ⁵ ∕16	⁹ ∕16 X ³ ⁄8	11/16 X 9/16	7⁄8 X 5∕8	13/16 X 1/2	13/8 X 1/2	1%6 X %6	2¼ x 11/16
No. in case	10	10	10	10	10	5	5	5
Price, each	2.80	2.80	2.80	3.20	3.70	4.50	5.70	10.20
Price, per case	25.20	25.20	25.20	28.80	33.30	20.25	25.65	45.90
†U.S. Design Pate	nt No. Des. 2	40,145						

NALGENE FLOATING STIR BARS (A)

Teflon stir bar; Alnico V magnet encapsulated in TFE; Tefzel bracket

• New. Floating stir bar designed for low speed stirring in tissue culture applications. The stir bar is slightly raised off the bottom surface of the vessel to minimize grinding effect on cells. Constant action at extremely low speeds. Less aeration. Easily disassembled for cleaning. Autoclavable. Legs can be compressed to fit through small openings. Size codes correspond to beaker sizes.

Cat. No. 6630	-0250	-0400	-1000	-2000	-4000
Fits beaker size, ml	250	400	1000	2000	4000
Dim., Dia. x Ht., mm	58.4 x 33	66 x 33	93.9 x 35.5	132 x 35.5	165.1 x 38.1
Fits min. opening, mm	3 8 .1	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.1
No. in case	4	4	2	2	2
Price, each	15.00	19.00	23.20	24.40	33.20
Price, per case	54.00	68.40	41.76	43.92	59.76

Send for the 1977 Nalgene Labware Catalog. Circle R.S. No. 141

NALGENE HEAVY-DUTY AUTOCLAVABLE CONTAINERS

NALGENE STERILIZING PANS AND ROUND BASIN (A) natural polypropylene

• For drying/sterilizing instruments, labware, other materials at temperatures to 121°C. Use basin for ice baths; use large size pan for collecting/washing soiled lab equipment. Rolled edges for extra stiffness and strength. Pans tapered for nesting.

Cat. No.	6900		6901
	-0010	-0020	-0040
Cap., qts.	10	15	4
Dim., in.	12½ x 10 x 5¼	21¾ x 16¾ x 5¼	10½ (top I.D.) x 3½ deep
No. in case	6	6	12
Price, each	7.44	13.00	3.74
Price, per case	40.18	70.20	40.39

NALGENE JARS A polypropylene

• In addition to the uses listed for LPE jars above, these polypropylene jars can also be used as autoclavable waste containers. For covers use No. 5308.

Cat. No. 5304	-0910	-1212	
Cap., gal.	2	4½	
O.D. x height, in.	8¾ x 10	12 x 12	
Price, each	8.50	12.50	
Price, per case of 4	30.60	45.00	

NALGENE COVERS @

polypropylene

• Use with polypropylene jars above. Autoclavable.

Cat. No. 5308 I.D., in.	-0009 8¾	-0012 12	
Price, each	3.76	5.00	
Price, per case of 6	20.30	27.00	

NALGENE BUCKET WITH GRADUATIONS

white linear polyethylene; polyethylene-covered bail

 \bullet More durable replacement for hard rubber bucket. Handle and wide-lipped pour spout for the toughest service requirements. Graduated in pints and liters. Capacity, 2% gallons. Autoclavable with caution.

Cat. No. 7002 No. in case	-0025 6	
Price, each Price, per case	15.00 81.00	

NALGENE BUCKET (A)

white polypropylene; stainless steel bail with polypropylene handle

• An autoclavable bucket for food industries, handling photographic chemicals and corrosive liquids and other uses. Does the work of stainless steel buckets at far less cost. Capacity 11 quarts.

Cat. No. 7012 No. in case	-0110 6	
Price, each Price, per case	9.50 51.30	

NALGENE UTILITY WARE

All Utility Ware products are NON-ASSORTABLE. Case prices reflect 10% discount.

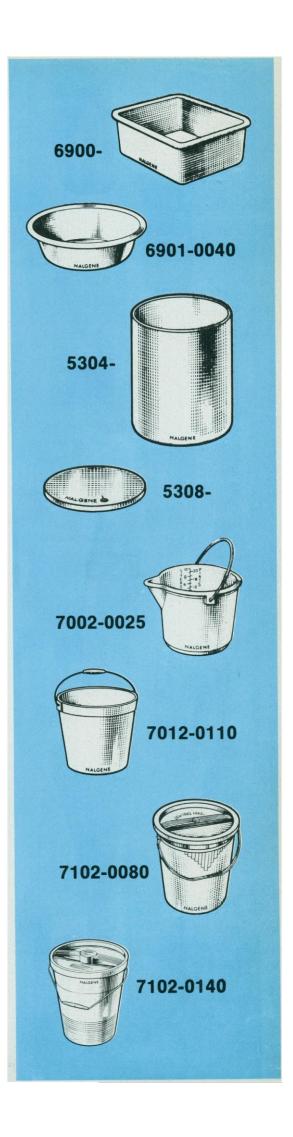
NALGENE AIR-TIGHT PAILS

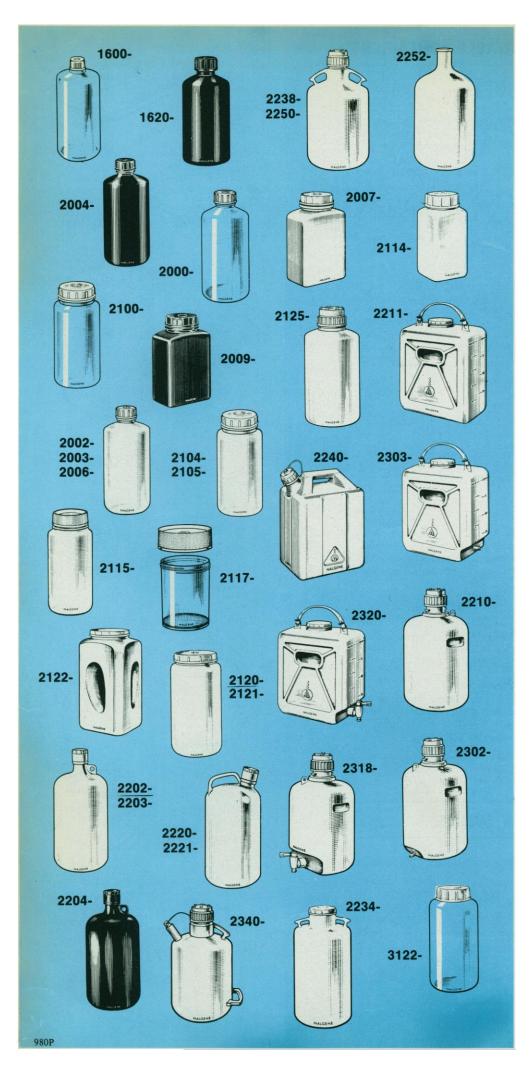
polyethylene

• Close fitting, air-tight covers make these pails ideal for storage of anatomical specimens in formalin and other preservatives. 14-quart size, yellow with white cover. Sturdy handles. 8-quart size, in white.

Cat. No. 7102	-0080	-0140	
Cap., qt.	8	14	
Height, in.	10	12¾	
No. in case	12	6	
Price, each	4.48	7.10	
Price, per case	48.38	38.34	

Send for the 1977 Nalgene® Labware Catalog. Circle R.S. No. 142





Bottles, Bottles, Bottles...

Nalgene® bottles and carboys are available in a wide range of styles, materials, and sizes to meet your needs. The different styles include wide mouth and narrow mouth bottles, round or rectangular shapes, and handles, spigots or tubulation. They are available in seven different materials. Sizes range from 30 ml (1 oz.) to 50 liters (13 gal.).

The complete listing of Nalgene bottles and carboys is available in the new 1977 Nalgene Labware Catalog. You can obtain your copy by writing or calling:

Nalgene Labware Department, Nalge Company, Box 365, Rochester, N.Y. 14602. Telephone: (716) 586-8800.

SYBRON | Nalge

2nd Annual AAAS Colloquium on



in the Federal Budget

15-16 June

Sheraton National Motor Hotel Columbia Pike & Washington Blvd. Arlington, Virginia

Based on the forthcoming report "R&D in the Federal Budget: FY 1978" (copies will be provided to registrants).

The colloquium will provide a forum for constructive discussion of selected topics in the report, including future trends in R&D budgeting, the congressional role in R&D budgeting, and problems in rationales and criteria for R&D budget decisions.

Featured speakers and panelists will include appropriate officials from the Executive Branch, Members of Congress, and leading figures in the scientific, technical, and public policy communities.

PRELIMINARY AGENDA

Wednesday, 15 June

10:00 a.m. Opening session; opening address.

12:30 p.m. Lunch; major address.

2:30 p.m. *R&D Budgets and Future Outlook.* This session will consider current budgets and future outlook for R&D. Selected speakers, panelists, and participants will address major issues in the FY 1978 budget; the trends and 5-year outlooks for federal R&D; and their implications for national needs, scientific progress, and R&D institutions.

5:30 p.m. Reception and buffet dinner; major address.

7:30 p.m. Congressional Role in R&D Budgeting. This session will address questions of current interest regarding the role of Congress, its committees, and associated agencies in R&D budgeting. Discussion will focus on the congressional vs. the executive role; the proper balance and degree of control over R&D programs; problems and limitations; and effective interaction between scientific and technical communities and the Congress.

Thursday, 16 June

10:00 a.m. How Should R&D Decisions Be Made? This session will attempt to develop a consensus among representatives of the scientific and technical community, the Executive Branch, and the Congress on how R&D budget decisions should be made. Issues to be addressed will include conditions to be met and avoided, a "straw man" conceptual system of processes, criteria for R&D budget decisions, and unresolved questions that require attention.

1:00 p.m. Lunch; major address; closing of program.

Colloquium Registration Form*

- \$40 Single Registration (includes FY78 report and Proceedings of Colloquium)
 \$7 Lunch on Wednesday, 15 June
 \$11 Buffet Dinner on Wednesday, 15 June
- □ \$7 Lunch on Thursday, 16 June
 □ \$15 Single Student Registration (full-
- time graduate or undergraduate; does *not* include report or proceedings)
- □ \$10 Copy of previous report (FY77) and Proceedings of first Colloquium (1976)

*Check appropriate boxes and return this form with separate check for above amount. Make check payable to AAAS.

Hotel Reservation Form

*Room to be shared with

Sheraton National Motor Hotel

☐ Single Room \$33 ☐ Double Room \$41 *

Name .		
Address		

City	
State	7in

Please indicate any special requirements due to handicate:

Arrival: June; a.m	p.m
Departure: June; a.m.	p.m

NOTE: Reservations must be received not later than 3 weeks prior to arrival date. Rooms will not be held after 6 p.m. on date of arrival unless reservation is accompanied by a 1-day deposit (make separate check payable to Sheraton National Motor Inn and send to AAAS with your registration; rates will be subject to 9% Virginia tax.). Checkout time is 1 p.m.

GROUND TRANSPORTATION: Sheraton National Motor Hotel provides courtesy limousine service from and to Washington National Airport at half-hourly intervals.

FREE PARKING is available at the Sheraton National Motor Inn for all hotel guests and colloquium attendees.

Return this form with check for Colloquium registration (and separate check if hotel registration must be held) to:

R&D Colloquium AAAS Meetings Office 1776 Massachusetts Ave., NW Washington, DC 20036



Spectrophotometer

The DMC 26 is a color-measuring, double-beam spectrophotometer. It measures in reflectance, fluorescence, and transmission modes. It features the option of monochromatic or polychromatic illumination. Various spectral bandwidths and scanning speeds may be selected. The double-grating monochromator has a spectral range from 300 to 900 nanometers. Computer software is available for many color-matching and measuring functions. Carl Zeiss. Circle 681.

Amino Acid Analyzer Programmer

The Chromatograph Programmer will automate any amino acid analyzer or other liquid chromatograph. Ten time intervals may be programmed from 5 seconds to 99 minutes and up to seven external devices may be turned on or off each time interval changes. Optional eluent-selection valve and 15-sample automatic injection valve may also be controlled. Memory content may be read or changed at any time. Durrum Chemical. Circle 682.

Liquid Chromatograph

The HP 1080A contains pump, injector, column, detector, and solvent reservoir in a mainframe that is 34 by 20.5 by 21.5 inches. The heart of the system is a single-head diaphragm pump whose stroke can be adjusted by a pushbutton-controlled stepping motor to set the solvent flow. Pump-stroke position and column pressure are indicated on a

Newly offered instrumentation, apparatus, and laboratory materials of interest to researchers in all disciplines in academic, industrial, and government organizations are featured in this space. Emphasis is given to purpose, chief characteristics, and availability of products and materials. Endorsement by Science or AAAS is not implied. Additional information may be obtained from the manufacturers or suppliers named by circling the appropriate number on the Readers' Service Card (on pages 936A and 1024G) and placing it in the mailbox. Postage is free.

—RICHARD G. SOMMER

numeric display. The injector permits sample insertion with no interruption of flow; a 20-microliter loop is standard. A variety of columns is available. The ultraviolet detector operates at 254 nanometers. The instrument may be linked to data-processing devices. Hewlett-Packard. Circle 686.

Gas Chromatograph-Mass Spectrometer

SIMULSCAN simultaneously offers the sensitivity and simplified molecular ion spectra of chemical ionization and the structural information of electron impact ionization from the same sample. The two spectra may be obtained at rates of 2 milliseconds per atomic mass unit (less than 0.25 second for a typical scan of 100 atomic mass units). The standard unit includes positive ion mass spectrometry and analog detection and operates to mass 1000. Extranuclear Laboratories. Circle 687.

Blood Withdrawal System

A nonthrombogenic, microflow blood withdrawal system is available as a mobile, pocket-sized, battery-operated unit. Blood may be withdrawn from an ambulatory patient at flow rates down to 1.20 milliliters per hour. The device provides samples to yield representative data relative to changes in blood chemistry without periodic manual sampling. The catheter and tubing set will not induce thrombosis even at these low flow rates. The device operates up to 24 hours between charges. Cormed. Circle 688.

Ultraviolet Radiometer

The J-260 reads from 1 microwatt per square centimeter to 199.9 milliwatts per square centimeter with accuracy and precision traceable to NBS standards. The unit is available with cosine-corrected sensors for measuring at 254, 297, or 365 nanometers. All are calibrated and

easily interchangeable. The J-260 uses rechargeable nickel-cadmium batteries. The device is field-portable for a wide variety of research applications. Ultraviolet Products. Circle 684.

Environmental Chamber

The LC34 features a patented air curtain that maintains a constant controlled low temperature within the chamber without the use of doors. This provides easy access to the contents of the chamber and an unobstructed view of the interior as well. The LC34 contains 40 cubic feet of storage space and requires 12 square feet of floor space. Sherer Environmental Chambers. Circle 683.

Sequential Numberer

The Number Wand reduces experiment-processing time and ambiguity of sample sequences. It automatically prints sequential numbers directly on scintillation vial caps, sample and storage vial caps, petri dishes, slides, bottles, and filters. It numbers containers individually or in trays. A variety of quickdrying colored inks and adaptors permits a wide range of uses. Rapid Number. Circle 685.

Literature

Air Sampling and Analysis describes a line of filtration products important to environmental testing. Gelman Instrument. Circle 690.

New Product Bulletin features laboratory apparatus and glassware for chromatography, vacuum research, and other analytic techniques. Kontes. Circle 691.

Electronic Balances is devoted to digital manual and semiautomatic models. Torsion Balance, Circle 692.

Water Analysis Products for Education offers test kits and apparatus for the study of aquatic ecology. Hach Chemical. Circle 693.

Laboratory Chemicals lists more than 8000 frequently used reagents, solvents, stains, plasticizers, organics, and inorganics. Chem Service. Circle 694.

Focus on Science is a quarterly publication that emphasizes laser techniques and instruments. Coherent Radiation. Circle 695.

Oceanographic and Limnologic Equipment provides specifications of apparatus and detailed reference appendices. InterOcean Systems. Circle 696.

The Freezer People



Bio-Freezers. 12 and 20 cu. ft. chest and 13 cu. ft. upright models to -75° C and -90° C guaranteed in a + 85° F ambient. The self-charging battery safety alarm system is standard. Our literature has the details.



Circle No. 178 on Readers' Service Card



EXCEPTIONALLY HIGH SPECIFIC ACTIVITY STEROIDS [3H] FOR RECEPTOR STUDIES

Dexamethasone
Dihydrotestosterone
Estradiol
Prednisolone
Progesterone
Testosterone
Dihydrotestosterone
110-150Ci/mmol
130-170Ci/mmol
35-50Ci/mmol
90-115Ci/mmol
135-180Ci/mmol
30-50Ci/mmol

Send for our new Steriods Brochure.

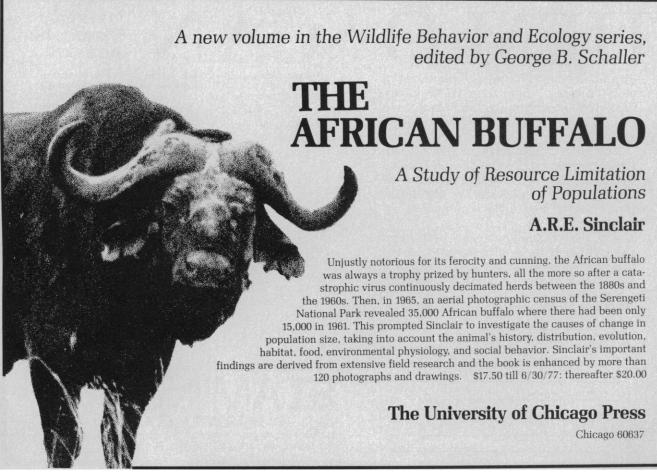
Not for use in humans or clinical diagnosis



549 Albany Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02118 Customer Service 617-482-9595

NEN Canada Ltd., Lachine, Quebec; NEN Chemicals GmbH, Dreieich, W. Germany

Circle No. 105 on Readers' Service Card



NO DETECTABLE SINGLE STRANDS Deoxyribonucleic acid, [iododeoxycytidine, 5-125]- $>0.1\mu\text{Ci}/\mu\text{g}$ NEX-082 \$65/1μCi \$225/5μCi

CARRIER FREE

lododeoxyuridine, 5-[125]-

>2000Ci/mmol

NEX-072 \$177/0-500μCi \$247/1mCi \$58/add. mCi

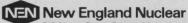
TESTED ENZYMATICALLY

lododeoxycytidine 5'-triphosphate tetra(triethylammonium)salt, 5-[125]-

>900Ci/mmol

NEX-074 \$108/100μCi \$238/500μCi \$421/1mCi

Not for use in humans or clinical diagnosis.



549 Albany Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02118 Customer Service 617-482-9595

NEN Canada Ltd., Lachine, Quebec; NEN Chemicals GmbH, Dreieich, W. Germany.

Circle No. 102 on Readers' Service Card

High Speed Image Processing -Quantex now provides the missing piece

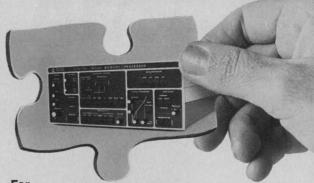
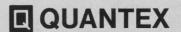


Image Analysis, Infrared, Video/Digital Interfacing, Simulation, Astronomy, Microscopy, Fluorescence, On-Line Inspection, Computer Input/Output, NDT, Spectroscopy, Low-Light Level TV, Industrial X-Ray, Video Data Storage, Image Enhancement, Medical Ultrasound, Scan Conversion, Laser Physics, SEM, Scintillation Cameras, Display, Laser Diagnostics, Transient Event Capture, Medical X-Ray.

with the powerful new DS-12/20 on-line random access Digital Image Memory/Processor.

Write for the solution to your problem.



1011 Commercial Street San Carlos, CA 94070 (415) 591-9484

Circle No. 180 on Readers' Service Card

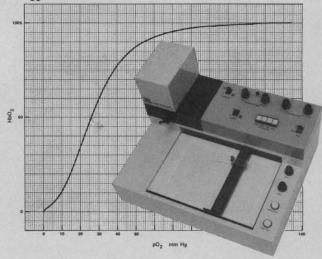
Oxygen Dissociation Analyzer

Produces a continuous, complete hemoglobin-oxygen equilibrium curve in approximately 20 minutes from only two microliters of whole blood or hemolysate.

The Hem-O-Scan analyzer offers a major advance in techniques for the analysis of the oxygen carrying capacity of hemoglobin. It provides a significant time saving, and offers, simplicity of operation.

The Hem-O-Scan analyzer equilibrates the sample with varying oxygen partial pressures and simultaneously records a continuous curve on an X-Y recorder.

Please send Hem-O-ScanTM Analyzer information Name_ Organization___ Address _ City _ Zip_ State_ Phone. S-57 Below: Hemoglobin-oxygen equilibrium curve of normal human blood at 37°C and pCO₂ of 40mm Hg showing a P₅₀ = 26.0mm Hg.



For further details, contact your local representative or

AMERICAN INSTRUMENT COMPANY

DIVISION OF TRAVENOL LABORATORIE

Silver Spring, Maryland 20910 · Phone: 301-589-1727

BOOKS RECEIVED AND

BOOK ORDER SERVICE

(Continued from page 974)

erick J. de Serres, James R. Fouts, John R. Bend, and Richard M. Philpot, Eds. North-Holland, Amsterdam, 1976 (U.S. distributor, Elsevier, New York). viii, 364 pp., illus. \$29.95.

Keypunching. Peggy Hanson. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., ed. 3, 1977. xiv, 206 pp., illus. Paper, \$8.50.

Lecture Notes on Introductory Theoretical Astrophysics. R. J. Weymann and five others. Pachart Publishing House, Tucson, Ariz., 1976. x, 230 pp., illus. \$14.95.

Legal Issues in Pediatrics and Adolescent Medicine. Angela Roddey Holder. Wiley, New York, 1977. xvi, 350 pp. \$18.50. A Wiley Medical Publication. To order this book circle No. 411 on Readers' Service Card

Liberal America and the Third World. Political Development Ideas in Foreign Aid and Social Science. Robert A. Packenham. Princeton University Press, Princeton, N.J., 1976. xxii, 396 pp. Paper, \$4.95. Reprint of the 1973 edition.

Mammalian Cell Membranes. Vol. 3, Surface Membranes of Specific Cell Types. G. A. Jamieson and D. M. Robinson, Eds. Butterworths, Boston, 1977. x, 276 pp., illus. \$37.50.

The Mathematical Papers of Isaac Newton. Vol. 7, 1691–1695. D. T. Whiteside, Ed. Cambridge University Press, New York, 1976. xlviii, 706 pp., illus. \$95.

The Meaning of Fossils. Episodes in the History of Paleontology. Martin J. S. Rudwick. Science History Publications (Neale Watson), New York, ed. 2, 1977. xvi, 288 pp., illus. Cloth, \$15; paper, \$6.95. History of Science Library.

Metal Cutting. E. M. Trent. Butterworths, Boston, 1977. xii, 204 pp., illus. \$19.95.

Metal Forming. Tool Profiles and Flow. T. Z. Blazynski. Halsted (Wiley), New York, 1977. xii, 380 pp., illus. \$40. To order this book circle No. 412 on Readers' Service Card

Méthodes en Théorie des Champs. Methods in Field Theory. Papers from a summer school, 1975. Roger Balian and Jean Zinn-Justin, Eds. North-Holland, Amsterdam, 1976 (U.S. distributor, Elsevier, New York). xx, 386 pp. \$39.95. Les Houches Session 28.

Microcirculation. Vol. 1, Blood-Vessel Interactions, Systems in Special Tissues. Proceedings of a congress, Toronto, June 1975. John Grayson and Walter Zingg, Eds. Plenum, New York, 1976. xxiv, 420 pp., illus. \$32.

The Modern Rise of Population. Thomas McKeown. Academic Press, New York, 1976. vi, 168 pp., illus. \$14.50.

Multicriteria Decision Making and Differential Games. George Leitmann, Ed. Plenum, New York, 1976. xvi, 462 pp. \$35. Mathematical Concepts and Methods in Science and Engineering.

Neural Principles in Vision. Papers from a symposium, Munich, Sept. 1975. F. Zettler and R. Weiler, Eds. Springer-Verlag, New York, 1976. x, 432 pp., illus. \$39.40. Proceedings in the Life Sciences. To order this book circle No. 413 on Readers' Service Card

Noise Control in Mechanical Services. R. I. Woods, Ed. Sound Attenuators Limited and Sound Research Laboratories Limited, Colchester, Essex, England, 1977 (U.S. distrib-

utor, Halsted [Wiley], New York). xiv, 406 pp., illus. \$22.50. To order this book circle No. 414 on Readers' Service Card

Nuclear Power. Walter C. Patterson. Penguin Books, New York, 1976. 304 pp. Paper, \$3.50. A Pelican Original.

Nutrition and the Climatic Environment. William Haresign, Henry Swan, and Dyfed Lewis. Butterworths, Boston, 1977. viii, 200 pp., illus. \$17.95. Studies in the Agricultural and Food Sciences.

The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis. Daniel Lednicer and Lester A. Mitscher with a glossary by Philip F. vonVoigtlander. Wiley-Interscience, New York, 1977. xviii, 472 pp., illus. \$22.50. To order this book circle No. 415 on Readers' Service Card

The Organization of Nematodes. N. A. Croll, Ed. Academic Press, New York, 1976. viii, 440 pp., illus. \$32.75.

Die Orthopteren Europas. Band 3. The Orthoptera of Europe. Vol. 3. Kurt Harz and Alfred Kaltenbach. Junk, The Hague, 1976. 434 pp., illus. Dfl. 140. Series Entomologica, vol.

Physical Structure of the Amorphous State. Papers from a symposium, Atlantic City, N.J., Sept. 1974. G. Allen and S. E. B. Petrie, Eds. Dekker, New York, 1977. vi, 304 pp., illus. Paper, \$32.50. Reprinted from the Journal of Macromolecular Science—Physics, vol. B12 (1 and 2).

Plane Trigonometry. Fred W. Sparks, Paul K. Rees, and Charles Sparks Rees. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., ed. 7, 1977. xiv, 316 pp., illus. \$10.95.

Politics in Hungary. Peter A. Toma and Ivan Volgyes. Freeman, San Francisco, 1977. xii, 188 pp. \$12.

Population. Analysis and Models. Louis Henry. Translated from the French edition (Paris, 1972) by Etienne van de Walle and Elise F. Jones. Academic Press, New York, 1977. xiv, 302 pp., illus. \$19.50.

Principles of Pyrometallurgy. C. B. Alcock. Academic Press, New York, 1976. xiv, 348 pp., illus. \$19.25.

Principles of Ultraviolet Photoelectron Spectroscopy. J. Wayne Rabalais. Wiley-Interscience, New York, 1977. xviii, 454 pp., illus. \$29.95. Wiley-Interscience Monographs in Chemical Physics. To order this book circle No. 416 on Readers' Service Card

Progress in Nucleic Acid Research and Molecular Biology. Vol. 19, mRNA: The Relation of Structure to Function. Papers from a symposium, Gatlinburg, Tenn., Apr. 1976. Waldo E. Cohn and Elliot Volkin, Eds. Academic Press, New York, 1976. xxxiv, 524 pp., illus. \$35.

Proofs and Refutations. The Logic of Mathematical Discovery. Imre Lakatos. John Worrall and Elie Zahar, Eds. Cambridge University Press, New York, 1976. xii, 174 pp., illus. Cloth, \$19.50; paper, \$4.95.

Psycho-pédagogie de la Lucidité. J. M. Paisse. Dessart et Mardaga, Brussels, Belgium, 1976. 200 pp. Paper, 390 BF.

Quark Confinement and Field Theory. Proceedings of a conference, Rochester, N.Y., June 1976. D. R. Stump and D. H. Weingarten, Eds. Wiley-Interscience, New York, 1977. x, 254 pp., illus. \$24.95. To order this book circle No. 417 on Readers' Service Card

Quaternary Stratigraphy of North America. Papers from a symposium, Toronto, Canada, 1975. W. C. Mahaney, Ed. Dowden, Hutchinson and Ross, Stroudsburg, Pa., 1976 (distributor, Halsted [Wiley], New York). xvi, 512 pp., illus, \$27.50.

CHARLES C THOMAS - PUBLISHER

BOTULISM: The Organism, Its Toxins, The Disease by Louis DS. Smith, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State Univ., Blacksburg. Virtually every aspect of the bacteria that cause botulism and the disease itself are covered in this book. Chapters discuss the organism, its natural occurrence, bacteriocins and bacteriophages that affect their growth and toxin production, heat and radiation resistance of their spores, and the susceptibility of different species to the various toxins. The incidence and characteristics of botulism are described and methods of control are given. '77, 256 pp., 3 il., 37 tables, \$18.75

AN INTRODUCTION TO BIO-INORGANIC CHEMISTRY edited by David R. Williams, The Univ. of St. Andrews, St. Andrews, Scotland. (23 Contributors) Sections of this book describe the three natural divisions of the field: general principles of bio-inorganic chemistry, experimental methods used to produce the facts that gave rise to these principles, and application of these principles to medicine. '76, 416 pp. (6 3/4 x 9 3/4), 341 il., 62 tables, \$24.50

NUTRITION, TIME AND MOTION IN METABOLISM AND GENETICS by Sydney J. Webb, Univ. of South Florida, Tampa. A new theory based on time and motion is proposed in this book concerning nutrition and how it controls metabolic events and influences genetic continuity. Numerous biological phenomena such as cell growth, cell differentiation, the gene, and chromosome action and movement are discussed from the viewpoint of the theory. '76, 426 pp., 104 il., 46 tables, \$29.75

MAN IN THE COLD by Jacques LeBlanc, Laval University, Quebec, Province of Quebec, Canada. Foreword by Charles G. Wilber. The author has long been one of the world's leading researchers into the effects of cold on man, and anyone interested in such environmental changes will certainly want to read this definitive report of his work thus far. Chapters discuss general responses to cold, metabolic effects of cold, the nervous and endocrine control of substrate utilization at low temperatures, food consumption of persons living in frigid climates, the importance of vitamin C in cold resistance, cardiovascular responses to cold, interstress adaptation, hypothermia, frostbite and tissue preservation. '75, 208 pp., 129 il., 6 tables, \$15.50

Prepaid orders sent postpaid, on approval

301-327 EAST LAWRENCE SPRINGFIELD ·ILLINOIS · 62717