



We make house calls.

Have us demonstrate the new Ultek/EAI QUAD 150 residual gas analyzer under your roof. Whatever gas analysis jobs you have in-house (even ones a bit more exhaustive than the one suggested above), the QUAD 150 will no doubt fill the bill. For example, this quadrupole RGA has been proven in use for air pollution control studies; it is used with dry box systems and in thin film work by the semiconductor industry; in vacuum tube exhaust analysis; in molecular beam studies and space satellite research; in biological and medical research for respiratory studies and breath analysis; and the QUAD 150 is used as a comprehensive leak detection system for all types of gases in a variety of high vacuum applications. Let us know when you're ready for a house call. Your local Ultek office has a QUAD 150 RGA ready to go. You'll feel fine when you see what it can do. QUAD is a trademark of Electronic Associates. Inc.



ULTEK DIVISION / BOX 10920 PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA 94303 / (415) 321-4117 / TWX 910-376-6442

Four new P's in the Mettler pod: some stay level, some weigh backwards, and some even weigh conventionally

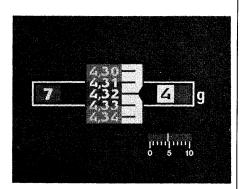
P160, P2000, P5 and P6 – these are the four new instruments we've added to our widely-accepted series of top-loading balances. They bring improved precision/capacity relationships while offering special advantages for particular applications.

WEIGH UP, WEIGH DOWN ...

Perhaps the most unusual of the new group is the P160. It has the 160 g capacity of our finest analytical balances and the milligram precision of our best top-loader.

Its scale reads two ways. Operating conventionally, it tells you, with milligram precision, just how much weight you have on the pan.

A turn of a knob wipes out all traces of conventionality – your scale now tells you, in positive values and with milligram precision, just how much weight the object on the pan has **lost**. This reversible scale is important in all work in-



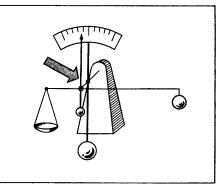
Digital or analog, up or down

volving weight loss studies such as drying and evaporation experiments and determination of residues. It makes possible, for the first time, gravimetric titration, in which titrant is dispensed directly by weight instead of indirectly by vol-

11 AUGUST 1967

ume. We have done some homework on this subject.¹

...BUT NEVER SIDEWAYS Some of the new P balances have the exclusive Mettler **level-matic** feature. This automatically compensates for slight changes in balance level which are due to work-



Secrets of level-matic

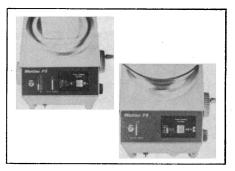
ing on a less-than-ideal balance table. Essentially a fail-safe system, it protects the unwary balance operator against himself. If tilt exceeds its compensation range, **level-matic** automatically covers the readout scale. Faulty readings are impossible.

Level-matic, available as an option on the P160 and P2000 instruments, is supplied as an integral feature on the larger P5 balance.

TWO KILOS IN A ONE-KILO CASE The model P2000 stands out by not really standing out. It is a remarkably compact unit that offers twice the capacity and 60% more taring than other instruments in its precision and size class. It has 2-kilo capacity with precision of ± 0.05 g and readability of 0.1 g.

MEET THE BIG BOYS

The P5 and P6 are the higher-capacity members of the new breed of P's. With comparable capacities, 5000 g and 6000 g respectively, the two units distinguish themselves in terms of performance and precision.



P5 and P6 - top-loading balances

The P6 offers fully automatic operation – place the sample on the pan and read the result – across its full capacity. It provides precision of ± 0.25 g.

The P5, on the other hand, provides about another decimal precision $-\pm 0.05$ g – with automatic operation over its 1000 g optical scale.

FOR PRODUCT LITERATURE ...

All the new Mettler balances are described in a new 10-page booklet. Get your copy from your laboratory supply dealer or request it from Mettler Instrument Corporation, 20 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey 08540.

THEFTLER

¹⁾ We've found 44 citations which suggest useful applications for, or advantages of, dispensing titrant by weight. If you'd like a copy, ask for Technical Information Bulletin 1014, "Gravimetric Titrimetry – a Review of the Literature."

11 August 1967

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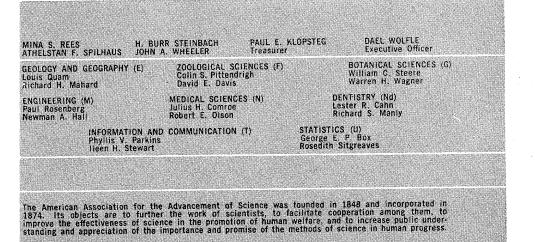
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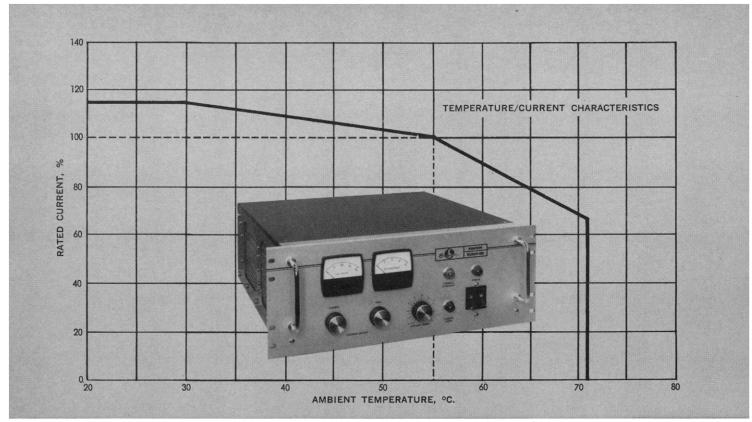
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MEETINGS



COVER

Estuarine flow near Ocean City, Maryland. The tidal waters of Isle of Wight Bay (left, above) meet those of Chincoteague Bay (below, not shown) at Sinepunxet Bay and flow into the Atlantic Ocean (right) (scale of composite photograph, approximately 1:10,000). See review of *Estuaries*, page 672. [Reproduction of official photograph authorized, U.S. Department of Commerce, Environmental Science Services Administration, Coast and Geodetic Survey]



Sorensen DCR Series now with temperature capability to 71°C.

Sorensen Wide Range Power Supplies to 20 kW.

Sorensen's wide range DCR Series has been up-dated and improved. What's new about the DCR's? They are now 100% silicon; ambient temperature capability is now to 71°C. • Four 3-phase models have been added extending power capability to 20 kW; 24 models are now available with ranges up to 300 volts. • Multiple mode programming-voltage/current/resistance. • Voltage regulation, line and load combined, is \pm .075% for most models • Constant current range 0 to rated current. • DCR's meet MIL-I-26600 and MIL-I-6181

specifications and conform to proposed NEMA standards. • Front panel indicator for voltage/current crossover. These features of the improved DCR (model numbers will have an "A" suffix) are offered at no increase in price. For DCR details, or for data on other standard/custom power supplies, AC line regulators or frequency changers, call your local Sorensen rep, or write: Raytheon Co., Sorensen Operation, Richards Avenue, Norwalk, Connecticut 06856. Tel: 203-838-6571.

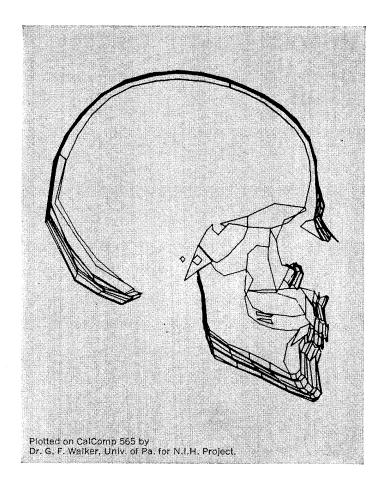
- MODEL SELECTION CHART	-
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Voltage	Amps.	Model	Price	Amps.	. /	Nodel	Price	Amp	S.	Model	Price	Amp	s.	Model	Price
0- 20	125 DC	CR 20- 125A	\$1180	250	DCR	20- 250A	\$1550	-		_		-		_	_
)- 40	10 DC	CR 40- 10A	360	20	DCR	40- 20A	525	35	DCR	40- 35A	\$ 750	60	DCR	40-60A	\$925
- 40	125 DC	CR 40- 125A	1390	250	DCR	40 250A	2100	500	DCR	40-500A	3050	-			_
)- 60	13 DC	CR 60- 13A	525	25	DCR	60- 25A	780	40	DCR	60- 40A	925	_		_	-
0-80	5 DC	CR 80- 5A	360	10	DCR	80- 10A	580	18	DCR	80- 18A	780	30	DCR	80-30A	925
0-150	2.5 DC	CR 150- 2.5A	360	5	DCR	150- 5A	580	10	DCR	150- 10A	780	15	DCR	150-15A	910
0-300	1.25 DC	CR 300-1.25A	375	2.5	DCR :	300- 2.5A	580	5	DCR	300- 5A	780	8	DCR	300- 8A	910









Skull practice for creative programmers

This CalComp/Computer portrait of a growing boy is extremely helpful to anthropologists. Drawn from X-rays, it graphically reveals changes in bone structure in a normal child over a period of years.

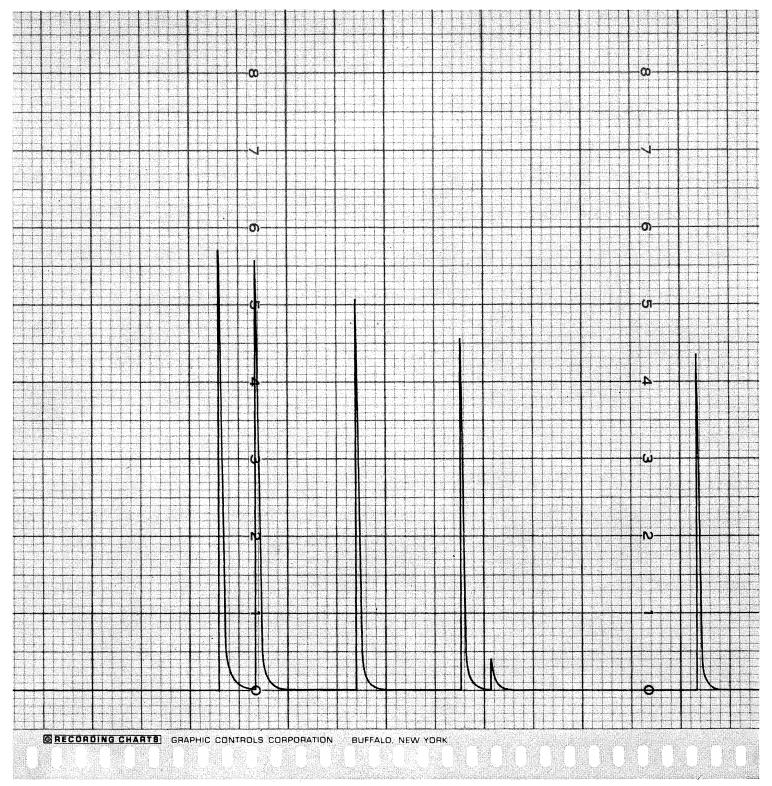
It's also a handy example of the kind of challenging assignments which creative programmers face week after week at CalComp.

If you are a talented programmer with a large innovational "bump" (we just can't get away from the phrenological), CalComp would like to show you what's ahead (oops) in computer graphics.

Challenges are coming out of our ears.

Telephone, wire or write in confidence to Dept. T-8 California Computer Products, Inc., 305 Muller, Anaheim, California 92803. (714) 774-9141.





This chromatogram (on a GC recording chart) shows components in a mixture of polar organic compounds.

And Graphic Controls makes recording charts for 155 other R&D instruments.

Take your choice. Strip, rectangular or circular—over 30,000 different recording charts. For oscillographs, spectrometers, chromatographs, event recorders and X-Y plotters. And five different writing methods—heat, pressure, electro, photo and ink. Special papers too, like mylar, and translucent vellum.

That's the kind of selection you get when you order

all your charts from Graphic Controls – THE chartmaker. You'll save time and money, too.

Specify GC Recording Charts and see for yourself.



This new data acquisition system makes obsolescence obsolete.

Modular, expandable always new-as-now for your needs:

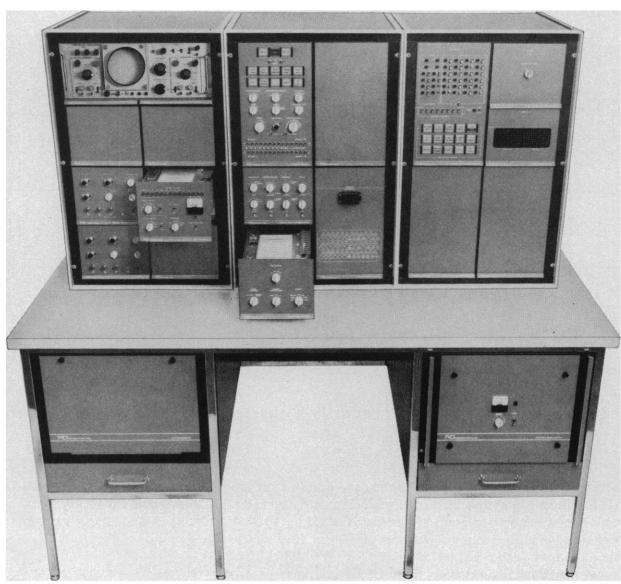
the 3300 Analyzer System. Only from Nuclear Data Inc.

You can choose, that's the news, precisely the performance you wantjust change or add modules to suit your needs. Right now. And tomorrow. You can go from a basic, singleparameter 4096 channel system to an eight-parameter 16,384 channel magnetic tape recording system . . . as you wish. Flexibility unlimitedincluding circuit cards and mechanical assembly. Even such variables as data storage capacity and information inputs, outputs, are easily changed by module substitution. Result: a custom-tailored system that grows with your needs-and never grows old. You'll also enjoy a number

of special, high-performance features. Toⁿname just one—a unique new turn in isometric display; analog presentation can be rotated 360° around its axis of symmetry.

Look into the Series 3300 Analyzer System. It's new, yes—but already in use by the scientific community. Write us now for a detailed brochure with specifications, or ask us to arrange a demonstration. See the latest way Nuclear Data—as always—gives you more to choose from.





H-16 cine system

Bolex

For some time now Bolex has been making and selling (at $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{3}$ less than any one else) the best professional 16mm cine system you can buy.

ONE MAN OPERATION.—Bolex H-16 cameras have become famous for their ruggedness, dependability, quality optics and light weight, making them perfect for one man (Fig. 1) filming operations and eliminating the need for any kind of back-up crew.



FIG.

FILM CAPACITY.—The only thing that Bolex H-16 cameras could be faulted on was that they only had a 100 ft. film capacity.

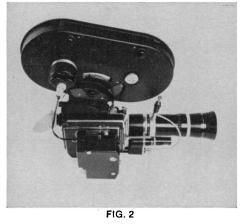
400 FT. MAGAZINE.—That's why we introduced the Bolex 400 ft. film magazine to fit both the H-16 REX-5 and the H-16 M-5 in the Bolex H-16 cine system.

SYNCHRONIZATION.-Used with the new constant speed motor (24 FPS) with sync output for lip-sync on ¼ inch tape and automatic built in clap-stick for easy synchronization, the 400 ft. magazine with either the H-16 REX-5 or the H-16 M-5, offers the professional user in any branch of movie production, science, industry or education unlimited versatility and scope.

THE TWO BASIC CAMERAS.—The H-16 REX-5 is a three lens turret camera that offers reflex viewing and focusing on ground glass, allowing the photographer complete control of composition, framing and correct evaluation of depth of field. The H-16 M-5, built with economy in mind, is a single lens camera with viewing through a removable optical finder mounted on the side of the camera. The H-16 M-5 takes all standard "C" mount lenses or Pan Cinor and Angenieux zoom lenses, both equipped with reflex viewing and focusing.

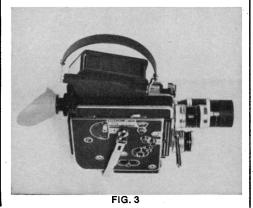
LENSES AND ACCESSORIES.—There are 10 fixed focal length lenses from 10mm to 150mm in the H-16 system, and 7 zoom lenses giving a wide range of zooming ratios from 5 to 1 up to 10 to 1, including the Vario Switar 86EE, the world's first and only fully automatic 16mm variable focal length lens, with zoom from 18 to 86mm. Many accessories are available in the H-16 system including motors, close-up attachments, grips, matte box, titler, light meter, carrying cases and both optical sound and optical/magnetic sound projectors. MANY APPLICATIONS.—Because of its ruggedness, compactness and light weight a single operator can use the Bolex H-16 system for any of the following applications:

Sports filming, including coaching and training films, for club and school use. Medical photography, surgical and research filming, Cinephotomicrography. Advertising, promotion and TV work for both studio and location shooting. Travel and educational filming. Wild life and nature photography. Amateur film making. Industrial filming, including training, recording, research and work study films. Memomotion and traffic flow studies. Periodic industrial data recording. Underwater filming, (with housing). Time lapse studies. Remote control filming. Instrumentation recording. All types of sound work.



The H-16 REX-5 camera (Fig. 2), with 400 ft. magazine, 24 FPS constant speed motor, detachable take-up motor on magazine eliminating the use of old fashioned take-up belts. The H-16 REX-5 offers reflex viewing and focusing on ground glass. Variable shutter. Filter slot. Accurate automatic dual frame counters and registrator claw for picture steadiness.

Shown on the camera is a Vario Switar 86EE zoom lens with automatic exposure control and a zoom range of 18 to 86mm. Maximum aperture f/2.5.



The H-16 REX-5 (Fig. 3) shown without 400 ft. magazine. The camera takes 100 ft. film loads and has all of the traditional Bolex features such as filter slot, variable shutter for fades, dissolves and greater exposure control, automatic loading and provision to accept the 400 ft. magazine if desired. Lenses shown are Switar 10mm f/1.6, 25mm f/1.4, 75mm f/1.9.

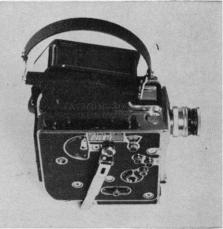
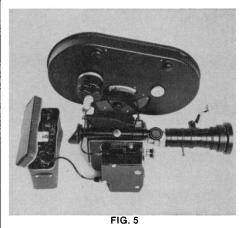


FIG. 4

The Bolex H-16 M-5 (Fig. 4), with single lens mount, an extremely economical, professional quality 16mm camera equipped with such features as variable speeds, single frame shooting, footage and frame counter, unlimited film rewind and automatic threading.



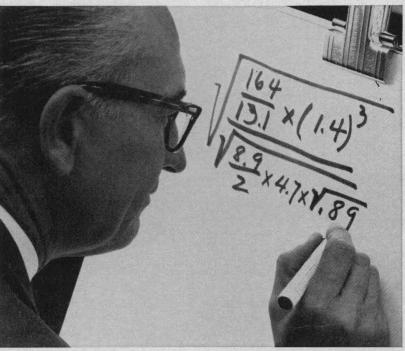
The H-16 M-5 (Fig. 5) can also be used in conjunction with the 400 ft. magazine, 24 FPS constant speed motor and rechargeable battery pack. This is an ideal set-up for sports filming where a large film capacity is desirable to avoid loss of action footage.



SEND FOR BOOKLET.—If you would like a free 16 page School, Industrial or Medical Bulletin and a Bolex 16mm catalogue write: Paillard Inc., 1900 Lower Rd., Linden, N.J. 07036

*A division of Paillard Incorporated, manufacturers of Hermes office machines.

Figure that in 15 seconds!



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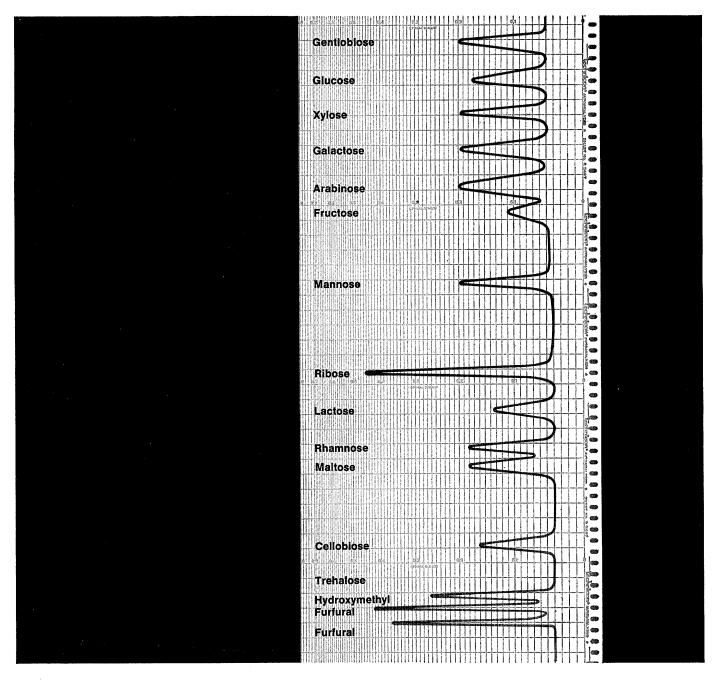
problem.

Get in touch with your Friden office for full details. Or write Friden, Inc., San Leandro, California 94577. Sales and service throughout the world.



SCIENCE, VOL. 157

Carbohydrate chromatography... now automatic!



The 15-sugar chromatogram reproduced about one-sixth size above was produced on the new, automated Technicon Sugar Chromatography System in 71/2 hours. Notice that furfural, hydroxymethylfurfural, pentoses, hexoses, and disaccharides are well resolved. TECHNICON CHROMATOGRAPHY CORP. • Ardsley, New York 10502

This new system is uniquely sensitive (to 1 microgram of ribose, for example).

If the ability to quickly separate and quantitate a mixture of carbohydrates would help your work, please write for our 6-page booklet and a typical chromatogram.



11 AUGUST 1967

A BIG NAME

SORVALL

IN CENTRIFUGE CIRCLES

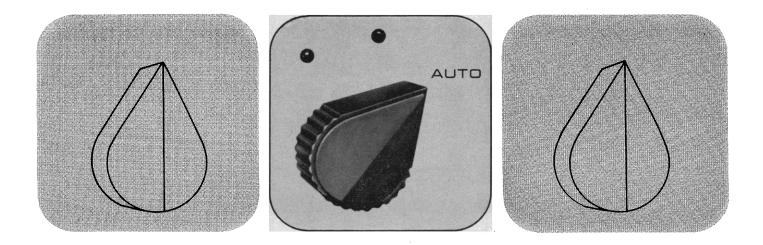
SORVALL's advanced design and engineering add up to lab performance. Here are the facts:

Gyro-Action Direct Drive, Automatic Controls, Speeds to 20,000 rpm, RCF's to 49,500 x G, SORVALL designed and built High-Torque Motor, seven Angle and Horizontal Rotors, built-in safety features. Numerous tubes and adapters expand RC2-B usefulness economically. SORVALL quality components give long, maintenance-free service. Power and refined control make the RC2-B the big centrifuge with the compact design. The RC2-B Automatic Superspeed Refrigerated Centrifuge is recognized in laboratories throughout the world for dependability and performance. Make a true comparison — ask us for the new RC2-B Fact Bulletin SC-8BN 0008

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Z



Why are Canalco's UV flow monitors the <u>only</u> ones with automatic scale expansion?

Frankly, we can't imagine why no other manufacturer offers this feature. After all, it's the only way you can have maximum usable sensitivity at all times—even in unattended, overnight operation—with perfect assurance that the recorder's pen won't go off scale and lose vital information.

In addition to automatic 3X expansion, Canalco Wide-Track UV Flow Analyzers also have six other important features that combine to give you extra sensitivity of detection plus reliable, versatile, drift-free performance. Among them are:

■ dual phototube ratio circuitry for accurate linear Transmittance recording, in spite of line voltage or lamp intensity fluctuations. (By the way, linear T recording gives *twice the pen deflection* of linear Absorbance recording at low optical densities, just where you need sensitivity the most. Furthermore, the Wide-Track 3X scale gives direct quantitation; over this chart range, linear T and linear A differ less than 1% T.)

■ both single-cuvette and dual-cuvette models are available. With two cuvettes, you can flatten your baseline out even if solvent absorption changes, as in gradient elutions;

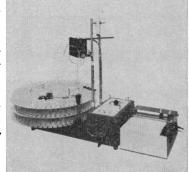
■ you have a choice of *five* optical path lengths, up to 20 millimeters (twice the length, four times the sensitivity our competitors offer);

■ Canalco Wide-Tracks come complete with wide-chart recorder (7½ inches of calibrated grid), including side-of-chart event marking pen to correlate peaks with fraction collector tubes. (Marker pen connection plugs directly into Canalco, Warner-Chilcott and Research Specialties fraction collectors; connection to other makes is also simple.)

single-wavelength operation gives optimum sensitivity for both proteins and nucleotides, eliminates filter and source changing;

extension cable kits facilitate mounting sensing heads in cold rooms, with recorder conveniently outside. No temperature compensators are required for coldroom use.

Get the full facts about the four models in Canalco's Wide-Track family Write today!



Wide-Track Flow Analyzer with Canalco Fraction Collector



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One recorder is all it takes to plot a kinds o potentiometric data. If it's Sarge 7 Model S R Recorder.

We've put a lot into the Model SR Selective-Range Recorder to make it a truly all-purpose, precise, easy-to-use instrument. One that can continuously plot DC voltage or current directly (or other quantities indirectly through transducers) with respect to time or any other quantity that can be time-synchronized.

First of all, our SR Recorder is accurate—to 0.25% of range for absolute measurements. And reproducible to 0.1% of scale. We also designed the SR with a sensitivity of 0.1% of scale to show the smallest significant changes in input signals. For accurate tracking, with no distortion or lag, we built the SR with a 1-second, full-scale pen response.

For versatility, our SR has range plugs that can be quickly changed and a range attenuator to provide full-scale range adjustment. The SR's chart has three switch-selected speeds (other motors are available to provide additional speeds). A filter control eliminates undesirable AC voltages thereby accommodating almost any DC signal. Connectors on the SR will accept all common types of plugs and wires.

The 10-inch-wide chart makes for ideal data presentation. And there are a variety of accessories to extend the SR's versatility: positional switches, event markers, pens, chart papers, chartdrive motors, and range plugs. With pen, paper, and supplies, the SR costs \$790. With zener

power supply, \$840. No matter what your application, find out more about the SR Recorder—designed and manufactured by E. H. Sargent & Co. Just call your Sargent man for a demonstration or use the coupon to request complete information.

E. H. Sargent & Co., 4647 Foster Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60630 Please send me complete information on the Model SR Recorder.

Name

Firm

Address City

612

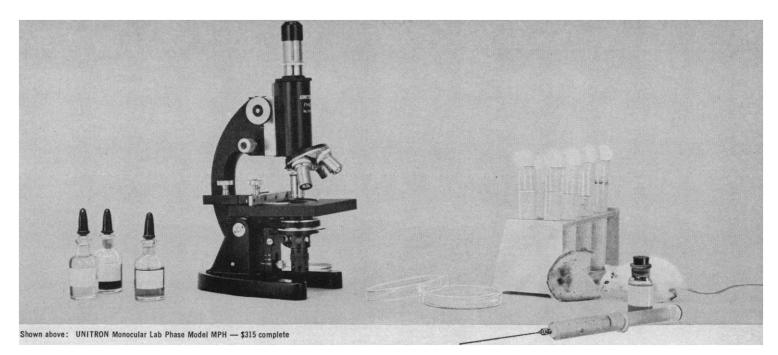
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SCIENCE, VOL. 157



There are 3 microscopes in this picture ... at a distinctly singular UNITRON price

Most lab microscopes are used for ordinary brightfield studies.

So is UNITRON's MPH.

Some lab microscopes can also be used for *darkfield*. So can UNITRON's MPH.

Still other lab microscopes offer *phase contrast* to aid in the study of *living*, *unstained* material.

So does UNITRON's MPH.

Until now, no lab microscope has provided all 3 for the price of 1.

UNITRON'S MPH does. The 3 most important techniques of microscopy are built-in, yet the MPH costs less than many single-purpose microscopes.

That's not all. UNITRON's MPH gives you more than just the advantages of 3 specialized microscopes. It unites them in "Continuous-Transition Microscopy." With a turn of the condenser knob, you change from *brightfield* to *darkfield* to *phase contrast*, all in rapid succession. Operation is so easy, it's almost automatic. There are no accessories to attach and no time-consuming adjustments to make. Everything has been factory-centered for you. Even the light source is built-in and permanently aligned

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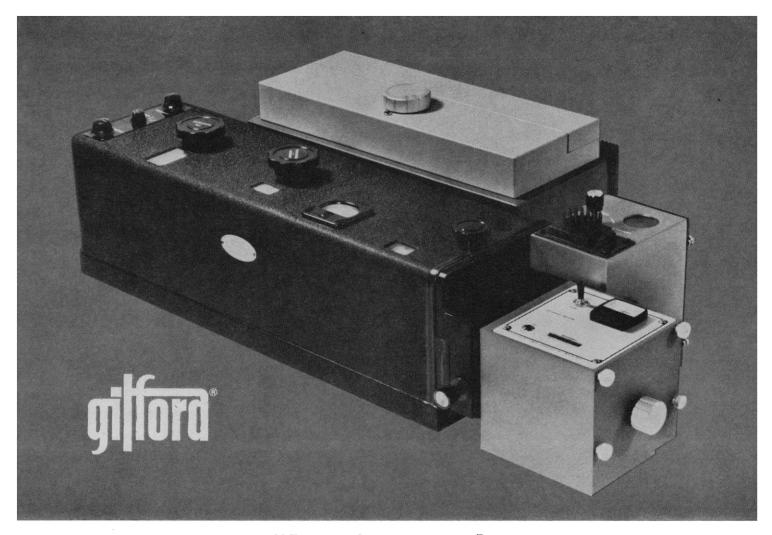


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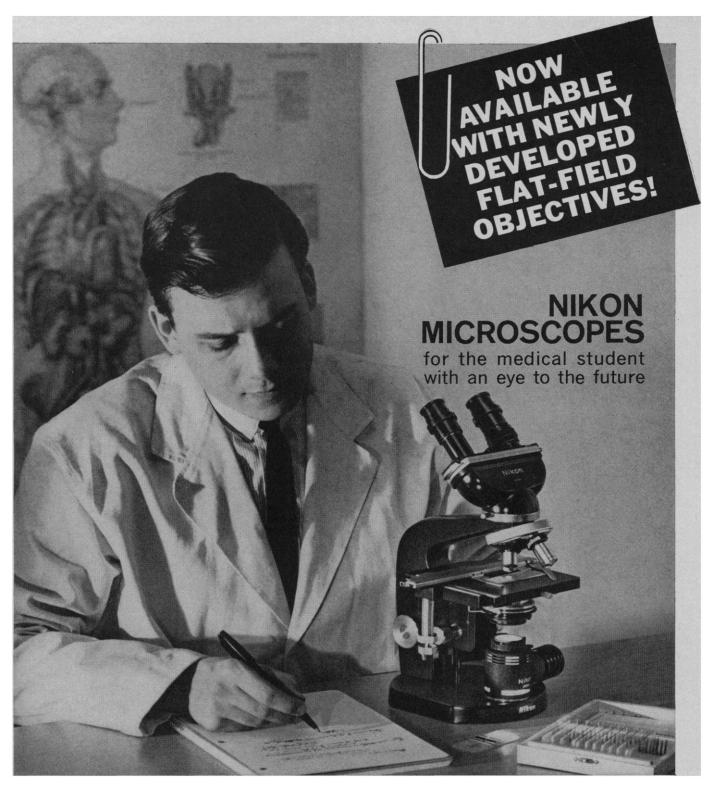
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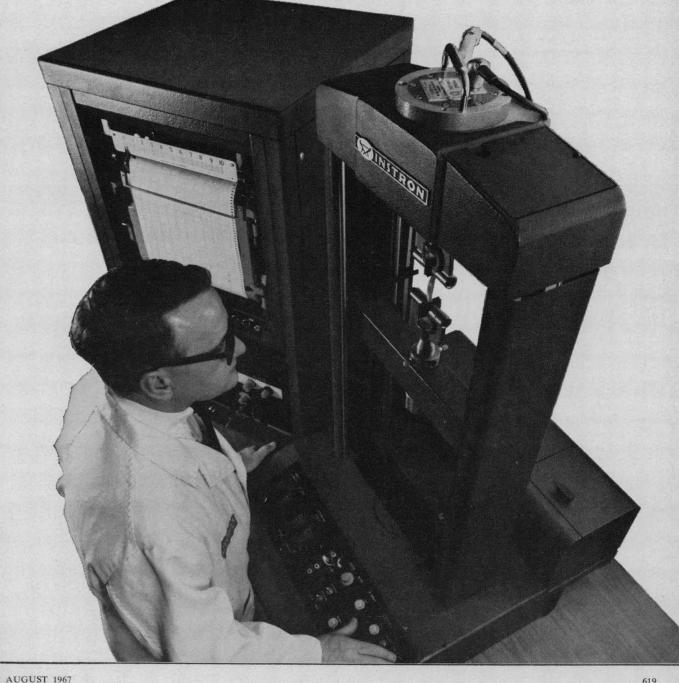
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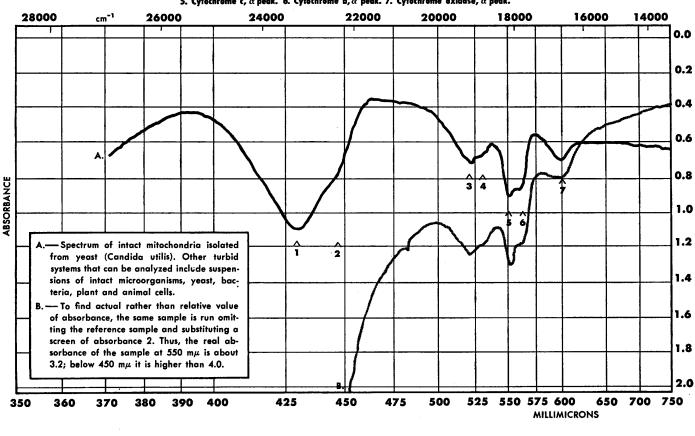
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11 AUGUST 1967



Cytochrome b, γ peak. 2. Cytochrome exidase, γ peak. 3. Cytochrome c, β peak. 4. Cytochrome b, β peak. Cytochrome c, α peak. 6. Cytochrome b, α peak. 7. Cytochrome exidase, α peak.

HOW CAN YOU RECORD AN ABSORPTION SPECTRUM, IF YOU CAN'T SEE THROUGH THE SAMPLE?

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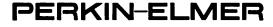
For most spectrometers the obstacles would be just too great—but not for the Perkin-Elmer Model 450. This UV-VIS-NIR spectrophotometer gives you good performance under conditions of extremely low energy caused by drastic light scattering or high sample absorption. Compare it with others. Try a turbid suspension of yeast mitochondria, as we do here, or a suspension of diatomaceous earth. We've obtained useful readings when more than 99.99% of the energy, was absorbed or scattered by the sample.

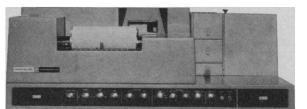
The Model 450 gives you high-precision measurements over the widest range of samples and wavelengths. You get accurate absorbance readings even at the short wavelengths of the UV spectrum, thanks to efficient UV transmitting optics, UV-sensitive photomultipliers and a sealed optical system that can be purged with nitrogen. Accuracy is on the order of \pm 0.003 to \pm 0.005 absorbance units, and reproducibility is within 0.002 absorbance units in the basic 450 photometric system. As an exclusive, we offer an ordinate scale which is expandable by increments up to 50X for high-precision readings.

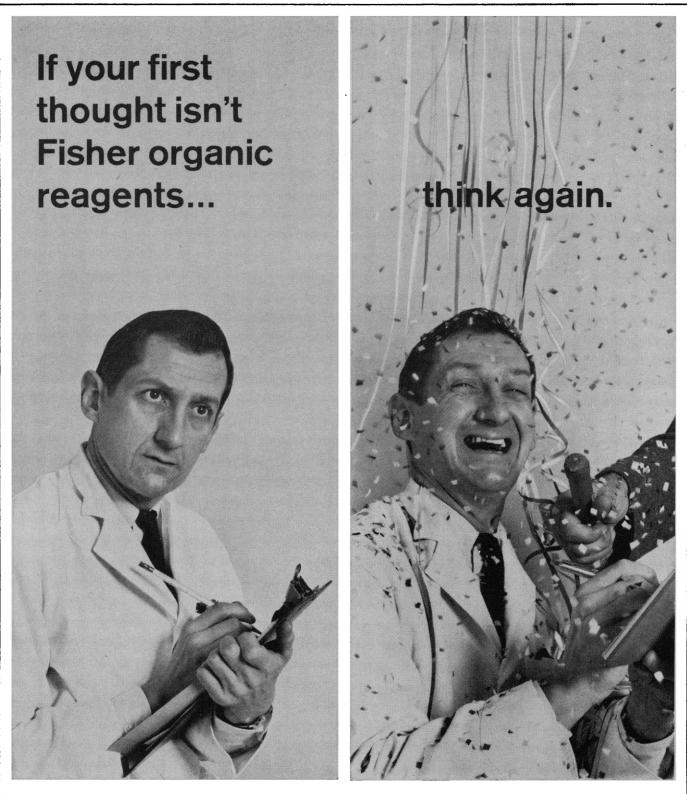
In any single wavelength range, the instrument's speed is unexcelled. You can scan the whole UV region in one minute, the VIS region in half that time. Pen response is 0.3 seconds full scale. Runback is at maximum forward speed, and you can quickly re-run a scan on the drum recorder—something it isn't easy to do with a strip chart recorder. In the near IR, the standard Model 450 irradiates the sample with monochromatic light, unlike other instruments using undispersed IR which heats the sample causing re-emission and transmittance errors.

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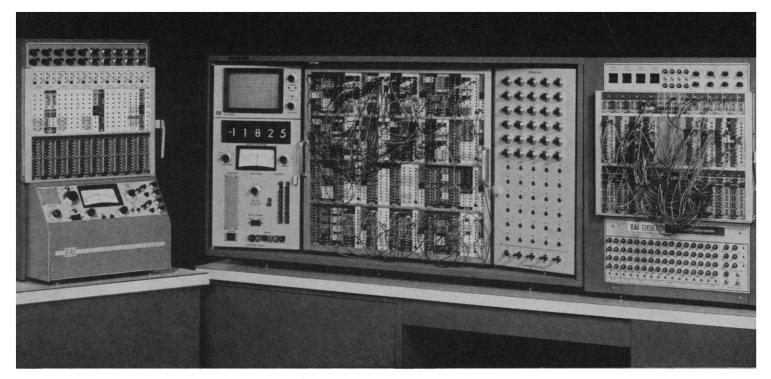




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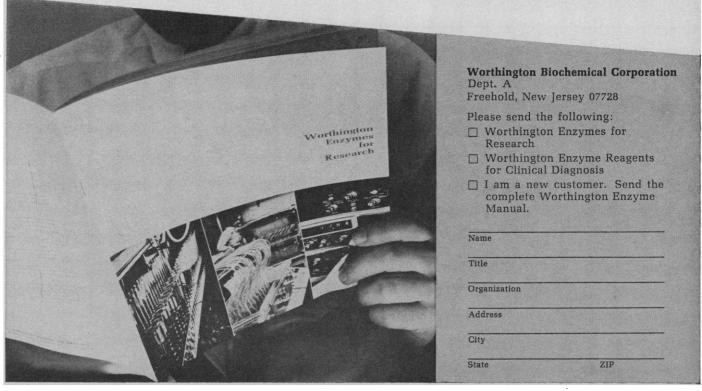


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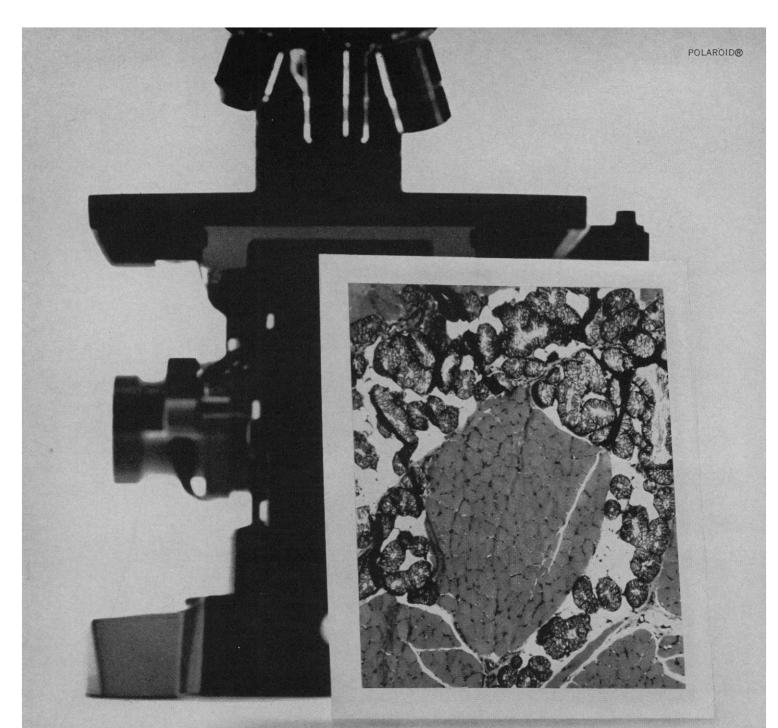
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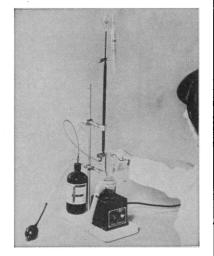
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With commendable discretion the authors recognize that only time and use will tell how helpful their interviews with scientists will be for historians; but, in fact, neither the authors nor others now working in this area question the general value of such oral histories. As for the manuscript materials (of which over 10,000 items are listed), professional historians of science with interest in the history of the physical sciences from about 1875 to 1935 will recognize the value of having this extraordinary source guide within arm's length.

ERWIN HIEBERT

Department of History of Science, University of Wisconsin, Madison

Ph.D.'s: Pesky Foreign Languages

Feininger's opinions (Letters, 2 June) concerning the value of Ph.D. foreign language requirements lead me to express some observations of my own, gathered from years of teaching language reading courses to Ph.D. candidates. The old arguments for studying foreign languages (notably German and French for "scientific" reasons) are no longer viable. English is strongly entrenched as the medium through which contemporary scientific research is made known internationally. The Englishspeaking scientist is under no special constraint to write in any other language, while his non-English-speaking colleague may feel a very strong compulsion to use English if he wishes to advertise his work beyond the boundaries of his own country or language community. This state of affairs underlies the sentiment that the foreign language requirement is "something extra" in our Ph.D. curricula. Little progress has been made toward changing the archaic and sometimes informal method of testing via written translation of selections chosen for their special difficulty. I have yet to find proof that the skill to translate is a proper measure of fluency and I suspect that few Ph.D. candidates in the so-called "hard" sciences are willing to use the foreign language actively once they have passed that pesky translation exam. The candidate in the non-English speaking country, by contrast, remains ever aware of the lasting importance of English to his career.

While I approve Feininger's plea for better style and expression in the scientist's native language, I am not ready to sacrifice foreign languages. Why should our scientists be deprived of the intellectual pursuit of learning another man's way of expression and his different cultural values? For one who must always be concerned with logical processes, what justification is there for disallowing the stimulating mental activity of having to reformulate and validate his thinking in another language? Many a physicist or chemist participating in an international convention or doing foreign research has felt the need to converse in any number of languages. Learning to speak or write a foreign language admittedly takes valuable time. Therefore let us make certain that our fledgling scientists get their language training early in the undergraduate years and let us give them greater latitude in selecting the language they wish to study.

ROBERT J. DI PIETRO Georgetown University Institute of Languages and Linguistics, Washington, D.C. 20007

As a technical editor I am aware that many a keen scientific mind has not been trained to put together a concise and logically organized paragraph or even a grammatically correct sentence. It's a pity that our age of specialization should permit-even condone-such ill-balanced development. I would not, however, want English composition to be stressed at the expense of a foreign language requirement. Having observed members of the European scientific community speaking (not only reading) three or four different languages, I have become vividly aware of the language shortcomings of our U.S. education. I should like to see the pendulum swing toward true command of both English and some other language.

CHARLOTTE E. MAUK Lawrence Radiation Laboratory, Berkeley, California 94720

Measles Vaccines: Assured Safety

In Albrecht's letter (26 May) "Can measles be eradicated?" he states that "to the best of my knowledge" the duration of the controlled field trials of live attenuated measles virus vaccines have been for only one month's duration. Obviously, he is not familiar with the large amount of data on controlled studies now available (1-6). The controlled field trials of the new live

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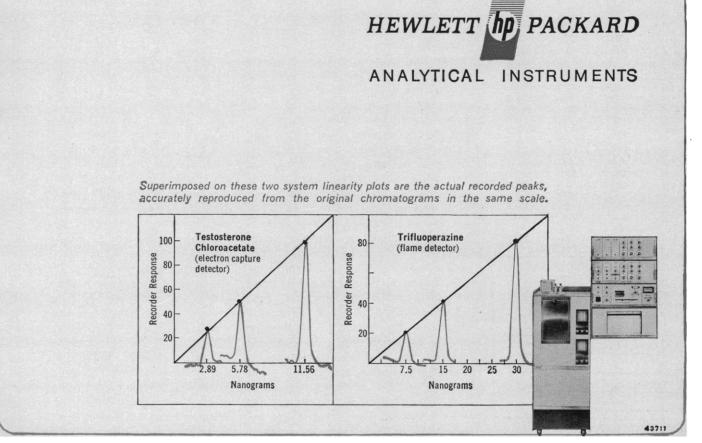
Detectability. Does it detect small quantities of hard-to-chromatograph substances? In other words, if you inject a nanogram, say, of an easily degradable material such as a steroid, will it analyze it without decomposition to produce a usable chromatogram? If it does, it has detectability, a system characteristic which is substantially more meaningful than the usual "detector sensitivity" found in a typical list of specs.

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In the two series of chromatograms reproduced here, we offer convincing evidence that the H-P Model 402 High-Efficiency GC possesses system detectability and linearity to an almost perfect degree. In the first place, both trifluoperazine and testosterone chloroacetate are hard-to-chromatograph substances... and the 402 detected both in the nanogram range. Moreover, a quick glance at the linearity plot will show that the 402's response closely approaches the theoretical ideal.

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11 AUGUST 1967

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attenuated mumps virus vaccine stated by Albrecht to have lasted for only 2 weeks were initially reported for a 7month period (7-9). These data have now been extended over a 21-month period covering two mumps epidemic seasons.

The protective efficacy of Enders' live attenuated measles virus vaccine is in excess of 90 percent. This high level of protective efficacy has been demonstrated to persist for at least 4 years. The pattern of neutralizing antibody following Enders' vaccine parallels that for natural measles and has been demonstrated to remain essentially unchanged for at least 8 years, the longest period of observation, indicating that immunity will be lasting. Similar high level efficacy has been shown in the extensive measles vaccine trials carried out in West Africa, Chile, and other parts of the world. The savings in lives, to date, have numbered in the hundreds of thousands.

Once a live attenuated measles virus has produced a mild or inapparent infection with a clear-cut elevation of neutralizing antibodies, it would appear probable that natural, unmodified measles would not again occur, but that exposure to measles would either produce no symptoms or a highly modified infection. There would appear to be no justification for Albrecht's fears in this respect.

He also voices fears concerning extraneous agents of disease in the vaccines. In the production of vaccines under the strict procedures required by the U.S. Public Health Service (10), chick embryo cell cultures have been used which are prepared from eggs obtained from leukosis-free chickens. Had chick tissue been potentially dangerous, this should have been demonstrated in some of the millions of persons injected, starting in the 1930's, with the live attenutated yellow fever virus vaccine from chick tissue. Such vaccine was used long prior to demonstration of leukosis in chickens and in all probability contained this viral agent which apparently has been harmless to man in the intervening years. At present, no known extraneous viral agent has been found in chick tissue cultures used for vaccines. Also there is no known tumor virus pathogenic for chickens that has also been demonstrated as pathogenic for man.

Fears, such as Albrecht's, that needlessly have been raised concerning carefully controlled and licensed live attenuated viral vaccines have been

proved to be unfounded. The USPHS is fully cognizant of the prevention of thousands of deaths and of mental crippling by means of the live attenuated measles virus vaccine and should be fully supported in its urgent program to eradicate the natural disease. When a virus is of a single antigenic type, such as measles, a balance of nature can best be established by a live attenuated virus vaccine which produces an antibody curve, slightly lower but closely paralleling that of the natural disease.

JOSEPH STOKES, JR. Henry Phipps Institute, University of Pennsylvania, 4219 Chester Avenue, Philadelphia

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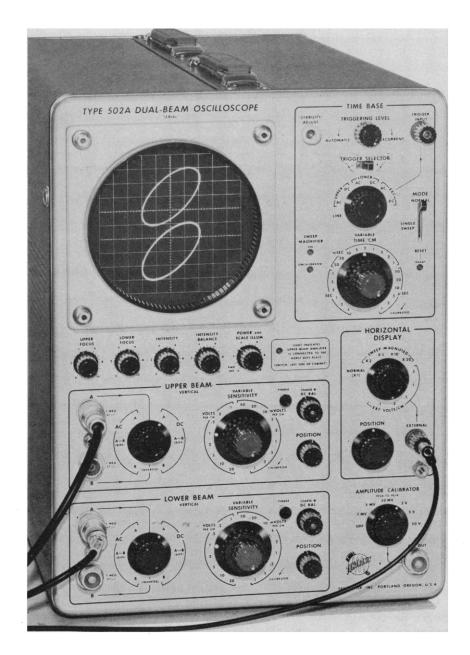
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Who Pays for Pollution?

In Wolfle's editorial "Industry and environment" (16 June, p. 1441), he suggests industry should play a role in controlling our environment and then inadvertently (I suppose) gives the reason why it will not: "... most of the cost of polluting land, air, and water . . . are passed on to others. . . ." He also suggests government agencies and universities could help by "conducting studies" and "conducting necessary research."

I contend that conducting studies and necessary research will not remedy the problems. In fact, studies and research have been done and will continue to be done without further prodding. What we need is a way to put the cost of polluting back where it belongs-on

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the polluter. This can be done by outright punitive action by the federal government. If one calls the *federal* air pollution office here in San Francisco about a specific problem, he will be immediately referred to a *local* enforcement agency. Why? Because there are no enforceable federal laws to place the burden of the cost of polluting the community on the offender.

Wolfle is correct in feeling that practical solutions can best come from industry itself. The difficulty is that there is no incentive. If the housewife could bring her fly-ash-covered linen to the president of an industry for rewashing and if the husband could demand the board of directors repaint his house; if the emphysema patient could insist the stockholders donate their lungs, then you can be sure industry would have an incentive and would find a solution.

Industry is not necessarily the sole culprit. Many fine companies treat their effluents effectively, but not because they are so compelled by strict laws. They do so to improve public relations or to recover a by-product. It does not matter who is the polluter. It matters that if the polluter is made to bear the cost of pollution (rather than the public), the polluter will soon find a way to stop polluting.

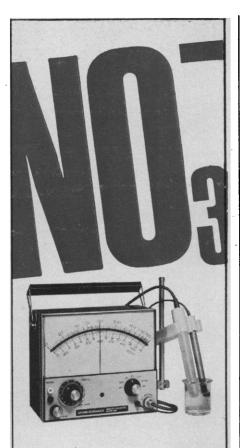
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With very few exceptions, aquatic mammals swim with slightly negative buoyancy (that is, they are heavy rather than neutral or light), so that immobilization leads to sinking and drowning. Moreover, to simplify the situation a little, cetaceans breathe less automatically and more "on command" than terrestrial forms. As a result, early attempts to anesthetize porpoises led

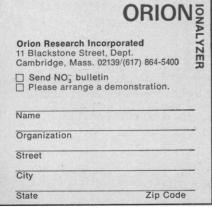
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to death. Lilly, reporting experiments in 1955 by a team of eight neurologists, said, "These animals, in contrast to dry land ones, fail to breathe with relatively light doses of anesthetic, onefourth that required for surgical levels of anesthesia. In other words, they lack our unconscious, automatic, self-sustaining breathing system" (1). In 1964 Nagel, Morgane, and McFarland (2) reported an ingenious technique for porpoise anesthesia, later extended by Ridgway (3). This involves dislodging and intubating the larynx, and, for this and other reasons, is suitable only for operating-room conditions, not for field use on free-swimming wild animals.

In summary, the use of presently known drugs to immobilize an aquatic mammal in the water is almost certain to kill the animal by suffocation, either by allowing it to sink or by stopping breathing, or both.

It is, of course, possible that a combination of drug and technique may be developed (we know of one thoughtful colleague who is engaged in this task), but it must be emphasized that such studies should be begun on captives under conditions that permit adequate autopsy of mistakes. There have recently been several attempts, for the most part not reported in the literature, to immobilize free-swimming cetaceans, resulting in the pointless death of a number of whales, none of which appears to have been recovered even as a carcass for useful study.

Apparently reports on only two such attempts on cetaceans have been published. One (4) was incomplete, and in another (5), fortunately, the whales eluded the would-be anesthetist. Three recent papers on immobilizing seals (6) are confined to animals out of water. WILLIAM E. SCHEVILL, CARLETON RAY

KARL W. KENYON, ROBERT T. ORR RICHARD G. VAN GELDER

Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution; Johns Hopkins University; Marine Mammal Committee, American Society of Mamalogists; California Academy of Sciences: American Museum of Natural History

References

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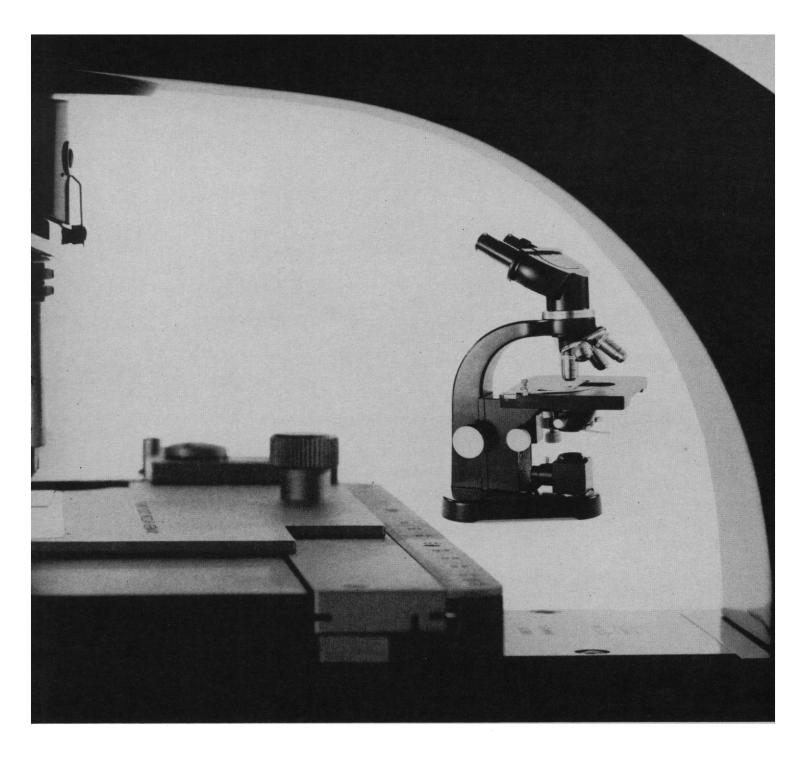
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Will Society Be Prepared?

New information is being obtained in the field of biochemical genetics at an extremely rapid rate. Thus far, this knowledge has had relatively little effect upon man. More information must be obtained before practical application will be possible, and the technical problems that must be overcome are formidable. However, when these obstacles have been removed this knowledge will greatly influence man's future, for man then will have the power to shape his own biologic destiny. Such power can be used wisely or unwisely, for the betterment or detriment of mankind.

Salvador Luria has said: "the progress of science is so rapid that it creates an imbalance between the power it places in the hands of man and the social conditions in which this power is exerted. Then neither warnings of scientists, nor breadth of public information, nor wisdom of citizens may compensate for inadequacies of the institutional framework to cope with the new situations."

The public understands to some extent the recent developments in biochemical genetics, but has only a vague notion of what may be expected in the future, in spite of the efforts of many scientists to inform the public about probable future developments.

Where do we stand today? The genetic language now is known, and it seems clear that most, if not all, forms of life on this planet use the same language, with minor variations. Simple genetic messages now can be synthesized chemically. Genetic surgery, apriled to microorganisms, is a reality. Genes can be prepared from one strain of bacteria and inserted into another, which is then changed genetically. Such changes are inheritable. Thus far, it has not been possible to program mammalian cells in this way.

What may be expected in the future? Short but meaningful genetic messages will be synthesized chemically. Since the instructions will be written in the language which cells understand, the messages will be used to program cells. Cells will carry out the instructions, and the program may even be inherited. I don't know how long it will take before it will be possible to program cells with chemically synthesized messages. Certainly the experimental obstacles are formidable. However, I have little doubt that the obstacles eventually will be overcome. The only question is when. My guess is that cells will be programmed with synthetic messages within 25 years. If efforts along those lines were intensified, bacteria might be programmed within 5 years.

The point which deserves special emphasis is that man may be able to program his own cells with synthetic information long before he will be able to assess adequately the long-term consequences of such alterations, long before he will be able to formulate goals, and long before he can resolve the ethical and moral problems which will be raised. When man becomes capable of instructing his own cells, he must refrain from doing so until he has sufficient wisdom to use this knowledge for the benefit of mankind. I state this problem well in advance of the need to resolve it, because decisions concerning the application of this knowledge must ultimately be made by society, and only an informed society can make such decisions wisely.—MARSHALL W. NIRENBERG, *National Heart Institute*

This editorial is adapted from remarks made in accepting the Research Corporation's 1966 award.

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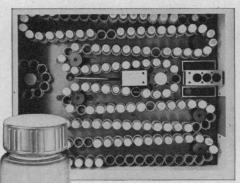
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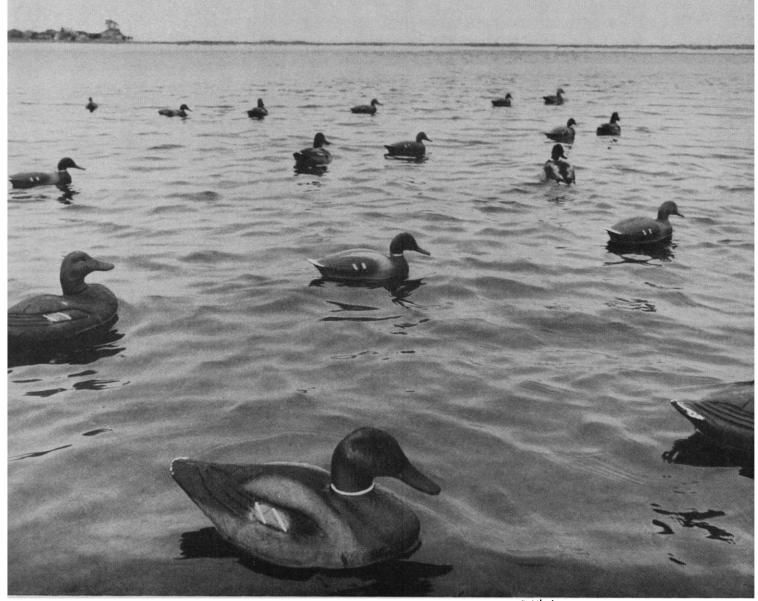


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Calendar of Events

National Meetings

August

23-25. Gas Dynamics Symp., Evanston, Ill. (The Symposium, Northwestern Univ., Evanston)

23-25. Wave Propagation and Dynamic Properties of Earth Materials, symp., Albuquerque, N.M. (G. E. Triandafilidis, Univ. of New Mexico, P.O. Box 188, University Station, Albuquerque 87106) 23-26. American Physiological Soc.,

23-26. American **Physiological** Soc., fall mtg., Washington, D.C. (Executive Secretary, 9650 Wisconsin Ave., Bethesda, Md.)

24-26. Phytochemical Soc. of America, annual mtg., Madison, Wis. (T. J. Mabry, Univ. of Texas, Austin 78712)

27. American Assoc. of **Electromyography and Electrodiagnosis**, annual mtg., Miami Beach, Florida. (M. K. Newman, 16861 Wyoming Ave., Detroit, Mich.)

27-31. American Soc. for **Pharmacology** and **Experimental Therapeutics**, fall mtg., Washington, D.C. (Executive Officer, 9650 Wisconsin Ave., Bethesda, Md.)

27-1. American Congr. of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 45th annual session, Miami Beach, Fla. (Executive Director, 30 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.)

27-1. American Inst. of **Biological Sciences**, 18th annual mtg., College Station, Tex. (AIBS, 3900 Wisconsin Ave., NW, Washington, D.C.)

The following societies will meet in conjunction with the AIBS. Additional information is available from AIBS or from the program chairmen listed below.

American **Bryological** Soc. (Secretary-Treasurer, Box 36, S.W. Missouri State College, Springfield)

American Soc. for Horticultural Science. (Executive Director, 615 Elm St., St. Joseph, Mich. 49085)

American Soc. of **Human Genetics**. (c/o Division of Medical Genetics, Dept. of Medicine, Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore 5, Md.)

American Soc. of Naturalists. (Executive Director, 3900 Wisconsin Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20016)

American Soc. of **Plant Physiologists**. (Secretary, c/o Dept. of Biology, Yale Univ., New Haven, Conn.)

American Soc. of **Plant Taxonomists**. (Secretary, c/o Botany Dept., Univ. of California, Berkeley)

Botanical Soc. of America. (Secretary, c/o Botany Dept., Indiana Univ., Bloomington)

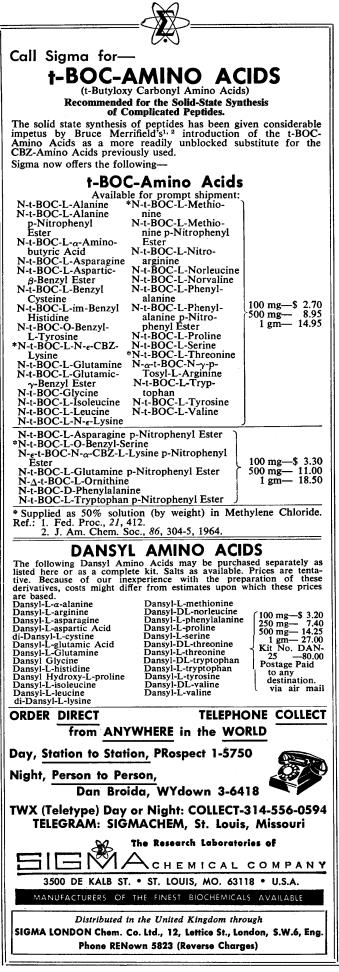
Ecological Soc. of America. (Secretary, c/o Ecology Section, Health Physics Div., Oak Ridge National Lab., Oak Ridge, Tenn.)

Genetics Soc. of America. (Executive Director, 3900 Wisconsin Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20016)

Mycological Soc. of America. (Secretary-Treasurer, c/o Pioneering Res. Div., Natick Labs., Natick, Mass.)

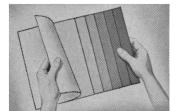
28-30. Gatlinburg Conf. on Special Topics in Nuclear Education and Research, Gatlinburg, Tenn. (J. E. Mott, Oak Ridge Associated Universities, Box 117, Oak Ridge, Tenn. 37830)

SCIENCE, VOL. 157



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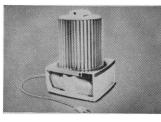






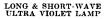








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28-30. Preparation and Properties of Electronic Materials, 9th annual conf., New York, N.Y. (L. R. Weisberg, RCA Labs., David Sarnoff Research Center, Princeton, N.J. 08540)

28-30. **Space** Program Issues of the 70's, conf., Seattle, Wash. (AIAA, Meetings Manager, 1290 Sixth Ave., New York 10019)

28-31. Clay Minerals Soc., 16th natl. conf., Golden, Colo. (L. G. Schultz, U.S. Geological Survey, Bldg. 25, Federal Center, Denver, Colo. 80225)

28-1. Electron Microscope Soc. of America, 25th annual mtg., Chicago, Ill. (Executive Director, c/o School of Chemical Engineering, Olin Hall, Cornell Univ., Ithaca, N.Y. 14850) 28-2. Alaska Science Conf., 18th, Col-

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29-31. Association for **Computing Machinery**, 22nd natl. conf., Washington, D.C. (T. Willette, Box 6, Annandale, Va. 22003)

29-1. Electron Microscopy Soc. of America, annual mtg., Chicago, Ill. (A. V. Loud, Pathology Dept. College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia Univ., 630 W. 168 St., New York 10032)

31-2. American Physical Soc., Seattle, Wash. (Executive Secretary, 538 W. 120 St., New York 10027)

31-6. American Psychological Assoc., annual mtg., Washington, D.C. (APA, 1200 17th St., NW, Washington 20036)

International and Foreign Meetings

August

22-25. Nematology, 9th intern. symp., Warsaw, Poland. (H. Sandner, c/o Inst. of Ecology, Dept. of Applied Biology, Nowy Swiat 72, Warsaw)

22-31. International Astronomical Union, 13th general assembly, Prague, Czechoslovakia. (Asst. Secretary-General, Astronomical Institute, Czechoslovak Acad. of Sciences, Budecska 6, Prague)

23-25. Canadian Assoc. of **Physical** Medicine and Rehabilitation, 15th annual mtg., Winnipeg, Man., Canada. (Secretary-Treasurer, 153 Lyndhurst Ave., Toronto 4, Ontario) 23-25. Computational Linguistics, in-

23-25. Computational Linguistics, intern. conf., St. Martin-Dheres, France. (A. H. Roberts, Center for Applied Linguistics, 1717 Massachusetts Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20036)

24-28. Anaesthesia, 3rd intern. symp., Poznan, Poland. (W. Jurczyk; Ul. Dluga ¹/₂, Poznan)

24-28. Marine Biology, 2nd European symp., Bergen, Norway. (H. O. Brattstrom, Biological Station, Univ. of Bergen, Bergen)

25-30. Hyperfine Interactions Detected by Nuclear Radiation, intern. conf., Pacific Grove, Calif. (K. E. Sebrell, Lawrence Radiation Lab., Univ. of California, Berkeley 94720)

25-31. Physical Medicine, 5th intern. congr., Montreal, P.Q., Canada. (B. Talbot, 6300 Darlington Ave., Montreal 26)

25-1. First Intern. Health Conf., Copenhagen, Denmark. (P. A. Wells, 90 Buckingham Palace Rd., London, S.W.1, England)

BOOKS RECEIVED

(Continued from page 675)

Handbook of Electronic Instruments and Measurement Techniques. Harry E. Thomas and Carole A. Clarke. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., 1967. 410 pp. Illus. \$16.

The Hidden Order of Art: A Study in the Psychology of Artistic Imagination. Anton Ehrenzweig. Univ. of California Press, Berkeley, 1967. 320 pp. Illus. \$8.95.

High-Temperature Polymers. A symposium (Los Angeles, Calif.), November 1965. Charles L. Segal, Ed. Arnold, London; Dekker, New York, 1967. 205 pp. Illus. \$8.75. Ten papers previously published in Journal of Macromolecular Science (Chemistry), vol. A1, No. 1, 1967.

Histologie und Mikroskopische Anatomie des Menschen. W. Bargmann. Thieme, Stuttgart, 1967. 796 pp. Illus. DM 69.80.

A History of Psychology in Autobiography. vol. 5. Edwin G. Boring and Gardner Lindzey, Eds. Appleton-Century-Crofts (Meredith), New York, 1967. 463 pp. Illus. \$8. Century Psychology Series.

Human Neural and Behavioral Development: A Relational Inquiry, with Implications for Personality. Esther Milner. Thomas, Springfield, Ill., 1967. 419 pp. Illus. \$17.50.

Hyperfine Interactions. Arthur J. Freeman and Richard R. Frankel, Eds. Academic Press, New York, 1967. 774 pp. Illus. \$16. Twenty-five papers.

The Importance of Antibonding Orbitals. Milton Orchin and H. H. Jaffé. Houghton Mifflin, Boston, 1967. 112 pp. Illus. Paper, \$2.50.

Illus. Paper, \$2.50. Informal Geometry. Lawrence A. Ringenberg. Wiley, New York, 1967. 163 pp. Illus. \$5.50.

Instrumentation in Nuclear Medicine. vol. 1. Gerald J. Hine, Ed. Academic Press, New York, 1967. 676 pp. Illus. \$27.50. Twenty-one papers.

The Intellectuals and McCarthy: The Radical Specter. Michael Paul Rogin. M.I.T. Press, Cambridge, Mass., 1967. 384 pp. Illus. \$12.50.

Intravenous Abdominal Aortography and Placentography. Melvyn H. Schreiber, Fred J. Wolma, and Charles K. Hendrick. Thomas, Springfield, Ill., 1967. 67 pp. Illus. \$8.75.

Introduction to Computational Linguistics. David G. Hays. Elsevier, New York, 1967. 247 pp. Illus. \$9.75. Mathematical Linguistics and Automatic Language Processing Series.

Introduction to Geochemistry. Konrad B. Krauskopf. McGraw-Hill, New York, 1967. 735 pp. Illus. \$12.50.

An Introduction to Magnetohydrodynamics. P. H. Roberts. Elsevier, New York, 1967. 274 pp. Illus. \$11.

Introduction to Organic Chemistry. Charles H. DePuy and Kenneth L. Rinehart, Jr., Wiley, New York, 1967. 406 pp. Illus. \$8.95.

Introduction to Probability and Statisti-Day, San Francisco, 1967. 592 pp. Illus. \$10.75. Holden-Day Series in Industrial Engineering and Management Science.

Introduction to the Principles of Heterogeneous Catalysis. J. M. Thomas and

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Kurzgefasstes Lehrbuch der Physiologie. Wolf D. Keidel, Ed. Thieme, Stuttgart, 1967. 514 pp. Illus. DM 39.80.

Laboratory Anatomy of the Cat. Ernest S. Booth. Revised by Robert B. Chiasson. Brown, Dubuque, Iowa, ed. 4, 1967. 66 pp. Illus. Paper, \$2.25.

A Laboratory Manual for Introductory Chemistry. O. W. Nitz. Brown, Dubuque, Iowa, ed. 3, 1967. 346 pp. Illus. Paper, \$4.95.

Landmarks of the Western Heritage. vol. 1, The Ancient Near East to 1715. C. Warren Hollister, Ed. Wiley, New York, 1967. 582 pp. Illus. \$7.95. The Language of Nature: An Essay in

The Language of Nature: An Essay in the Philosophy of Science. David Hawkins. Doubleday, Garden City, N.Y., 1967. 477 pp. Illus. Paper, \$1.95.

Lehrbuch der Theoretischen Physik. vol. 6, Hydrodynamik. L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifschitz. Akademie-Verlag, Berlin, 1966. 632 pp. Illus.

The Life of the Ocean. N. J. Berrill. McGraw-Hill, New York, 1967. 232 pp. Illus. \$4.95. Our Living World of Nature Series.

Life Sciences and Space Research V. A session of the Seventh International Space Science Symposium (Vienna, Austria), May 1966. A. H. Brown and F. G. Favorite, Eds. North-Holland, Amsterdam, 1967. 275 pp. Illus. \$14. Twentynine papers.

The Littoral Fauna of the British Isles: A Handbook for Collectors. N. B. Eales. Cambridge Univ. Press, New York, ed. 4, 1967. 324 pp. Illus. \$10.

Lost Land Emerging. Walter B. Emery. Scribner, New York, 1967. 348 pp. Illus. \$7.95.

Lumiere et Vie Animale. Yves Le Grand. Presses Universitaires de France, Paris, 1967. 172 pp. Illus. Paper, F. 12. La Science Vivante Series.

Machines for Power Farming. Archie A. Stone and Harold E. Gulvin. Wiley, New York, ed. 2, 1967. 571 pp. Illus. \$10.95.

Magic, Witchcraft, and Curing. John Middleton, Ed. Published for the American Museum of Natural History. Natural History Press, Garden City, N.Y., 1967. 358 pp. Illus. Paper, \$2.50; cloth, \$6.50. American Museum Sourcebooks in Anthropology. Sixteen papers.

Management Perspectives in Retailing. Ronald R. Gist, Ed. Wiley, New York, 1967. 380 pp. Illus. Paper, \$4.95; cloth, \$8.95. Wiley Marketing Series. Forty-nine papers.

Manpower - Strategy for Developing Countries: Lessons from Ethiopia. Eli Ginzberg and Herbert A. Smith. Columbia Univ. Press, New York, 1967. 200 pp. \$6.75.

Maps and Diagrams: Their Compilation and Construction. F. J. Monkhouse and H. R. Wilkinson. Methuen, London; Barnes and Noble, New York, 1967. 452 pp. Illus. Paper, \$4.75; cloth, \$7.50. Reprint of ed. 2, 1964.

The Marketing Channel: A Conceptual Viewpoint. Bruce E. Mallen. Wiley, New York, 1967. 322 pp. \$8.95. Wiley Marketing Series.

The Mathematical Papers of Sir Wil-

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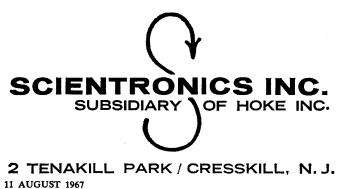
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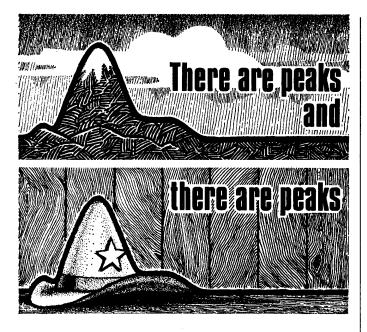
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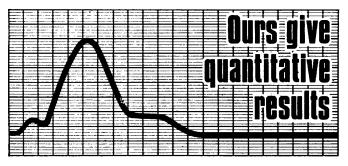


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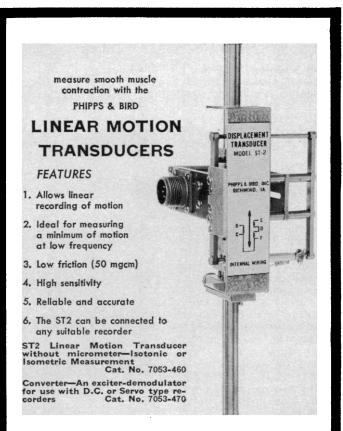
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liam Rowan Hamilton. vol. 3, Algebra. H. Halberstam and R. E. Ingram, Eds. Cambridge Univ. Press, New York, 1967. 696 pp. Illus. \$37.50. Cunningham Memoir No. 15.

Mathematical Statistics: A Decision Theoretic Approach. Thomas S. Ferguson. Academic Press, New York, 1967. 408 pp. Illus. \$14.50. Probability and Mathematical Statistics Series.

Medical Dictation and Transcription. Phyllis E. Davis and Nancy V. Hershelman. Wiley, New York, 1967. 485 pp. Illus. Paper, \$5.95. Medical Shorthand. Phyllis E. Davis

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Medikamentöse Retinopathie. William Meier-Ruge and A. Werthemann. Theime, Stuttgart, 1967. 94 pp. Illus. Paper, DM 48. Zwanglose Abhandlungen aus dem Gebiet der normalen und pathologischen Anatomie, vol. 18.

The Men Who Created Cold. A history of refrigeration. W. R. Woolrich. Exposition Press, New York, 1967. 212 pp. \$7.50.

The Message of the Genes. Navin Sullivan. Basic Books, New York, 1967. 208 pp. Illus. \$5.95.

Metallurgy of Aluminium Alloys. E. Marc Van Lancker. Translated from the French by E. Bishop. Wiley, New York, 1967. 504 pp. Illus. \$23.50.

Methods in Cancer Research. vol. 1. Harris Busch, Ed. Academic Press, New York, 1967. 628 pp. Illus. \$28. Ten papers.

Modern Communication Principles: With Application to Digital Signaling. Seymour Stein and J. Jay Jones. McGraw-Hill, New York, 1967. 394 pp. Illus. \$15. Modern Organic Chemistry. John D.

Roberts and Marjorie C. Caserio. Benjamin, New York, 1967. 866 pp. Illus. \$10.75.

Molecular and Cellular Aspects of Development. Eugene Bell, Ed. Harper and Row, New York, ed. 2, 1967. 365 pp. Illus. \$5.95. Forty-four papers.

Morphology of Plants. Harold C. Bold. Harper and Row, New York, ed. 2, 1967. 573 pp. Illus. \$12.75.

Motor Oils: Performance and Evaluation. William A. Gruse. Reinhold, New York, 1967. 246 pp. Illus. \$11.

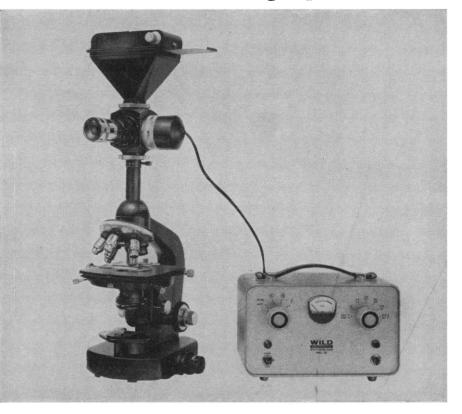
Naturalism and Historical Understanding: Essays on the Philosophy of John Herman Randall, Jr. John P. Anton, Ed. State Univ. of New York, Albany, 1967 (order from Antioch Press, Yellow Springs, Ohio). 333 pp. \$10. Twenty-three papers.

Nearer to the Dust: Copyright and the Machine. George A. Gipe. Williams and Wilkins, Baltimore, 1967. 308 pp. \$4.95.

Neutron Noise, Waves, and Pulse Propagation. Proceedings of a symposium (Gainesville, Fla.), February 1966. Sponsored by Department of Nuclear Engineering Sciences, University of Florida and U.S. Atomic Energy Commission. Robert E. Uhrig, Ed. U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, Oak Ridge, Tenn., 1967 (available from Clearinghouse for Federal

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Scientific and Technical Information, Springfield, Va.). 783 pp. Illus. Paper, \$3. Forty papers.

The New Genetics. Leonard Engel. Doubleday, Garden City, N.Y., 1967. 238 pp. Illus. \$5.95.

The New Industrial State. John Kenneth Galbraith. Houghton Mifflin, Boston, 1967. 443 pp. \$6.95.

The Odyssey of an Optimist: Meyer W. Weisgal. An anthology by his contemporaries. Atheneum, New York, 1967. 280 pp. Illus. \$5.95.

Olfaction and Taste II. Proceedings of the second international symposium (Tokyo), September 1965. T. Hayashi, Ed. Pergamon, New York, 1967. 843 pp. Illus. \$30. Fifty-three papers.

Organic Chemistry of Macromolecules. An introductory textbook. A. Ravve. Dekker, New York, 1967. 512 pp. Illus. \$13.75.

1001 Questions Answered About Water Resources. Floyd F. Cunningham. Dodd, Mead, New York, 1967. 272 pp. Illus. \$6.50.

Order and Chaos: Laws of Energy and Entropy. Stanley W. Angrist and Loren G. Hepler. Basic Books, New York, 1967. 245 pp. Illus. \$5.95.

The Origin of Continents and Oceans. Alfred Wegener. Translated from the fourth revised German edition (Braunschweig, 1927) by John Biram. Dover, New York, 1967. 256 pp. Illus. Paper, \$2.

Palaeoecology of Africa and of the Surrounding Islands and Antarctica. vol. 2, *Covering the Years 1964 and 1965*. E. M. van Zinderen Bakker, Ed. Balkema, Cape Town, 1967. 190 pp. Illus. R 6.

Pediatric and Adolescent Gynecology. (Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci. 142). Edward M. Weyer, Ed. New York Acad. of Sciences, New York, 1967. 288 pp. Illus. Paper. \$9.25. Thirty-four papers presented at a conference held in March 1966.

Peripheral and Central Regulatory Mechanisms of the Excitability in the Olfactory System. Mark Callens. Editions Arscia; Presses Academiques Europeennes S.C., Bruxelles, 1967. 132 pp. Illus. Paper.

Perspectives in Virology. vol. 5, Virus-Directed Host Response. Proceedings of the Fifth Gustav Stern Symposium. Morris Pollard, Ed. Academic Press, New York, 1967. 372 pp. Illus. \$10.50. Sixteen papers.

Pesticide Handbook-Entoma. Compiled and edited by Donald E. H. Frear. College Science Publishers, State College, Pa., ed. 19, 1967. 314 pp. Illus. Paper, \$3.; cloth, \$4.50.

Philosophie et Méthodologie Scientifiques de Claude Bernard. An international symposium (Paris), June–July 1965. Etienne Wolff and others. Masson, Paris, 1967. 176 pp. 30 F. Eleven papers.

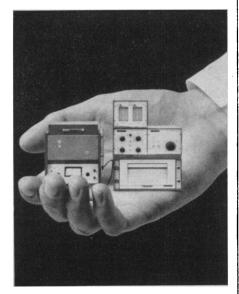
Philosophy and the Science of Behavior. Merle B. Turner. Appleton-Century-Crofts, New York, 1967. 559 pp. \$9.50.

Physics and Technology of Semiconductor Devices. A. S. Grove, Wiley, New York, 1967. 388 pp. Illus. \$12.95.

Plants and Man on the Seychelles Coast: A Study in Historical Biogeography. Jonathan D. Sauer. Univ. of Wisconsin Press, Madison, 1967. 148 pp. Illus. \$5.

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200 South Garrard Blvd. Richmond, California 94804 **Polyaldehydes.** A symposium (Phoenix, Ariz), January 1966. O. Vogl, Ed. Arnold, London; Dekker, New York, 1967. 147 pp. Illus. \$8.50. Nine papers previously published in *Journal of Macromolecular Science* (*Chemistry*), vol. A1, No. 2, 1967.

Practical Classroom Science Experiments. Robert L. Gantert. Denison, Minneapolis, 1967. 85 pp. Illus. \$3.95.

Preparative Inorganic Reactions. vol. 3. William L. Jolly, Ed. Interscience (Wiley), New York, 1966. 271 pp. Illus. \$12. Four papers.

Principles of Chemistry. Joseph H. Roe. Mosby, St. Louis, Mo., ed. 10, 1967. 407 pp. Illus. \$7.50.

Principles of College Physics. George Shortley and Dudley Williams. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., ed. 2, 1967. 919 pp. Illus. \$11.95.

Principles of Development. Norman S. Kerr. Brown, Dubuque, Iowa, 1967. 125 pp. Illus. Paper, \$1.95.

Proceedings of the 1967 Heat Transfer and Fluid Mechanics Institute (La Jolla, Calif.), June 1967. Paul A. Libby, Daniel B. Olfe, and Charles W. Van Atta, Eds. Stanford Univ. Press, Stanford, Calif., 1967. 480 pp. Illus. \$12.50. Twenty-three papers.

Programming Investment in the Process Industries: An Approach to Sectoral Planning. David A. Kendrick. M.I.T. Press, Cambridge, Mass., 1967. 174 pp. Illus. \$7.50.

Progress and Revolution: A Study of the Issues of Our Age. Robert Waelder. International Universities Press, New York, 1967. 382 pp. \$7.

Progress in Nuclear Energy. Series 9. Analytical Chemistry, vol. 8, pt. 1. H. A. Elion and D. C. Stewart, Eds. Pergamon, New York, 1967. 143 pp. Illus. Paper, \$7.25.

Progress in Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy. vol. 2. J. W. Emsley, J. Feeney, and L. H. Sutcliffe, Eds. Pergamon, New York, 1967. 279 pp. Illus. \$14. Five papers.

Properties of Electrical Engineering Materials. G. C. Jain. Harper and Row, New York, 1967. 395 pp. Illus. \$12.95. Harper's Series in Electrical Engineering.

Psychological Consultation in the Schools. A catalyst for learning. Ruth G. Newman. Basic Books, New York, 1967. 318 pp. \$6.95.

Psychology: The Science of Behavior/ The Science of Interpersonal Behavior. Robert L. Isaacson, Max L. Hutt, and Milton L. Blum. Harper and Row, New York, 1967. 833 pp. Illus. \$10.

Quantitative Analysis. R. A. Day, Jr. and A. L. Underwood. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., ed. 2, 1967. 496 pp. Illus. \$9.95. Prentice-Hall Chemistry Series.

Quasars: Their Importance in Astronomy and Physics. F. D. Kahn and H. P. Palmer. Harvard Univ. Press, Cambridge, Mass., 1967. 124 pp. Illus. \$5.50.

Radioisotope Measurement Applications in Engineering. Robin P. Gardner and Ralph L. Ely, Jr. Reinhold, New York, 1967. 495 pp. Illus. \$16.

Readings in Acoustic Phonetics. Ilse Lehiste. MIT Press, Cambridge, Mass., 1967. 368 pp. Illus. \$10. Thirty-two papers.

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Howard G. Roepke, Ed. Wiley, New York, 1967. 678 pp. Illus. Paper, \$4.95; cloth, \$6.95. Fifty-six papers.

Readings in Economics. Paul A. Samuelson, John R. Coleman, and Felicity Skidmore. McGraw-Hill, New York, ed. 5, 1967. 462 pp. Illus. \$13.50.

Recent Mammals of the World: A Synopsis of Families. Sydney Anderson and J. Knox Jones, Eds. Ronald, New York, 1967. 461 pp. Illus. \$12.50. Twenty papers.

Red Giants and White Dwarfs: The Evolution of Stars, Planets and Life. Robert Jastrow. Harper and Row, New York, 1967. 190 pp. Illus. \$5.95.

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