

of psychiatry and, in association with the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, an institute for research and teaching. Through the generosity of Sir Montagu and Lady Allan, a building and an extensive site have been provided. Facilities for intensive treatment are being set up. The development of research and treatment will be major objectives, and with this in view large and well-equipped laboratories are to be provided. The project is being supported both by the Rockefeller Foundation and by the Government of the Province of Quebec. Dr. D. Ewen Cameron has been appointed to the chair of psychiatry and will also be the director of the institute.

ACCORDING to a cable to *The New York Times* under

date of January 26, the Royal Observatory built at Greenwich in 1675 is probably going to be moved. Sir Harold Spencer Jones, Astronomer Royal, is reported to have said that the proposal of moving has been approved in principle by the Admiralty, but that nothing definite can be done until the King sanctions it. After that the British Treasury will have to be consulted. Sir Harold said in explanation: "We must face the fact that Greenwich is no longer suitable. We used to have a greater record of sunshine than Kew. Now the annual total sunshine at Greenwich is something like 200 hours less than Kew. When the sun gets low sunlight is so weakened by smoky atmosphere that it is impossible to get registrations on the sunshine recorder."

## DISCUSSION

### THE GENETIC SEX OF INTERSEXUAL GOATS AND A PROBABLE LINKAGE WITH THE GENE FOR HORNLESSNESS

IN the Beltsville herd of goats, according to Eaton and Simmons,<sup>1</sup> the Saanen breed produced 11.1 per cent. of intersexes and the Toggenburgs 6 per cent. Paget<sup>2</sup> has found 14.3 per cent. intersexes in the British Saanen breed, but his figure is probably high representing the incidence in herds where the condition has become a serious problem. At Beltsville, the sex ratio was for Saanens 49.3 per cent. males, 39.6 per cent. females and 11.0 per cent. intersexes; for Toggenburgs it was 46.4 per cent. male, 47.6 per cent. females and 6.0 per cent. intersexes. Paget found 193 males, 105 females and 52 intersexes, but his figure for intersexes includes only those kids which were visibly intersexual at birth. The sex ratio in both sets of data is much more normal if the intersexes are regarded as modified females. If this interpretation is correct it would appear that the gene for intersexuality acts only upon the female so that the percentage of intersexes should be doubled to produce the true number of double recessives. Eaton and Simmons furnished strong evidence that the condition is inherited as a simple recessive. If so, some homozygous recessive males should exist which in certain matings would produce 50 per cent. males, 25 per cent. females and 25 per cent. intersexes. Perhaps this may account for the high incidence in Paget's data, higher than that expected in a Hh × Hh mating, if all intersexes are genetic females.

The suggestion that the intersexes are modified

<sup>1</sup> O. N. Eaton and V. L. Simmons, *Jour. Heredity*, 30: 261, 1939.

<sup>2</sup> R. F. Paget, *Monthly Jour. British Goat Society*, 36: 57, 1943.

females is in line with other evidence. In vertebrates modification of sex is almost always from female to male, extremely rarely from male to female. Evidently intersexuality is produced by the survival and development of the primary sex cords in the genetic female and not by the growth of secondary cords in the genetic male. The genetic male lacks the possibility of producing the necessary second ingrowth of sex cords.

Some years ago the writer observed that all the intersexual goats he had seen (about 200 now) were hornless. Hornlessness is inherited as a simple dominant. Since then much inquiry and observation have failed to unearth a single horned intersex. If they exist they must be very rare. This suggests that there is a close linkage between the two genes, an important point economically, since selection for hornlessness has been practised by pedigree goat breeders for some time. The goat breeders have evidently been increasing the gene frequency for intersex by selecting for hornlessness and are thus doing themselves harm.

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### FUNGUS INFECTION OF EGGS OF THE BLUE CRAB *CALLINECTES SAPIDUS* RATHBUN

IN 1941 Dr. Margaret Lochhead, working at this laboratory, observed a fungus-like organism on eggs of blue crabs taken directly from the water and from commercial catches. During the summers of 1942 and 1943 the writers began a program of study aimed to establish the identity of the infection, its effect on the hatching of the eggs, the percentage of crabs in the commercial catches that is infected and the distribution of the infection in Tidewater Virginia.