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## HYDROLOGIC RESEARCH

By Dr. ROBERT E. HORTON

VOORHEESVILLE, NEW YORK

#### COORDINATING AGENCY

THE fact that hydrology has largely grown up in the families of sister sciences, and the tremendous pressure for hydrologic research created by recent activities in soil and water conservation, have created a situation which seems to call for some pertinent discussion of the objectives and methodology of hydrologic research. This is especially true in view of the fact that practical applications of hydrology are running away from the scientific development of the subject. There is a consequent tendency to concentrate research on specific objectives rather than to direct it toward the development of a complete, wellrounded body of scientific knowledge.

From different view-points the objectives of hydrologic research are manifold, but, while hitherto not generally recognized, the fundamental objective of such researches, stated in its most general terms, is to determine the independent variables which govern the phenomena and the relations between them.

It is recognized that scientific research can not be standardized and that researches which have proven to be of the greatest utilitarian value have quite generally been carried out by individuals and from purely scientific motives, without regard to the application of the results. On the other hand, experience has shown that wholly undirected or uncoordinated research does not usually lead to the best results. This is especially true of researches conducted by individuals or by separate governmental bureaus or agencies. For economic reasons or through lack of interest, the research is carried only as far as needs be for the specific problem in hand. It is often true that with little additional effort, variables could be measured and the scope or limits of the research extended in such a way as to make the results valuable with reference to other re-

The radial cursor is now rotated to a position such that its radial edge coincides with the time of the termination of the experiment as marked on the periphery of the inner disc. The integral number of hours elapsed is then read on the scale of the outer disc, picking out the proper day-circle by reference to the secondary cursor, while the added decimal portion is found from the marking at the end of the radial edge of the radial cursor where it crosses the scale around the periphery of the outer disc. In Fig. 1 the instrument is set for an experiment terminating at 5 P.M. If this is on the following Wednesday, then 25.500 hours have elapsed, while if it is on the following Monday, 145.500 hours have elapsed.

Owing to the way in which the graduations step outward as one goes around the successive day-circles, it is necessary to make an adjustment in the position of the secondary cursor for some computations. This adjustment may be made by following this rule: "When computing time intervals which terminate at a time located between midnight as shown on the inner disc and the zero radius of the outer disc, push the secondary cursor inward one day before selecting the day-circle from which the number of integral hours is read off. Otherwise have it set as directed above."

The writer's instrument is graduated to the nearest 5 minutes over an interval of 10 days, the scales being marked with india ink on heavy drawing paper cemented to the discs. If the discs were made of white celluloid and engraved by machine, no doubt the graduations could be made to the nearest minute or less, over an interval of as many days as necessary. depending on the size of the outer disc.

JOHN STANLEY

QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY. KINGSTON, ONT., CAN.

#### GIEMSA PREPARATION FOR STAINING BLOOD FILMS

THERE have been many varieties of blood stains proposed, and each stain has its peculiar advantages. In a large proportion of clinical laboratories, where many blood films are stained daily. Wright's stain is generally found to be satisfactory and is relatively inexpensive. However, some laboratory workers prefer the more precise results obtained from other stains in the Romanowsky series. Giemsa's modification has been found to be very satisfactory as a routine bloodstain as well as for blood parasites. Its chief disadvantage is its cost.

For several years the writer has prepared blood films containing avian malarial parasites, using the Giemsa method exclusively. Ready prepared solutions of Giemsa generally cost about \$12.00 per eight-ounce bottle. The cost of eight ounces of prepared Wright's stain, on the other hand, is but \$2.85. This difference in price means a great deal to private laboratories and to many institutions. Some workers, even though preferring the Giemsa method, use Wright's stain regularly to reduce the expense involved.

The following method for preparing Giemsa stain. although not conforming to the usual technique suggested, has been found to be very satisfactory by the writer. The resulting stain costs about \$3.25 per eight ounces and gives uniformly well-stained blood films. In laboratories where a great deal of stain is used the cost of Giemsa so prepared is little more than Wright's.

| Azur II-eosin                       | 3.0   | gms. |
|-------------------------------------|-------|------|
| Azur II                             | 0.8   | gms. |
| Glycerin (c.p.)                     | 250.0 | gms. |
| Methyl alcohol, absolute (neutral), |       |      |
| acetone free                        | 250.0 | gms. |

Dissolve the Azur II and Azur II-eosin in the methyl alcohol in an Erlenmeyer flask. Shake well for fifteen minutes, add the glycerin, shake for ten minutes and filter through a moderately fine grade of filter paper. Collect the filtered stain in a bottle and discard the undissolved residue.

There is generally quite a bit of stain that does not dissolve. This, however, seems to make very little difference in the character of the resultant stained blood films. Results have been equally satisfactory with human blood and avian blood. Malarial parasites are brought out sharply, with distinct differentiation of chromatin and cytoplasm.

REDGINAL HEWITT

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#### BOOKS RECEIVED

- Anales de la Universidad Central. Tomo LIX, Num. 301, Julio- Septembre de 1937. Pp. 315. Universidad Central, Quito, Ecuador.
- Dobzhansky, Theodosius. Genetics and the Origin of Pp. xvi + 364. Columbia University Press. Species. \$3.60.
- GEISER, SAMUEL W. Naturalists of the Frontier. Pp. University Press of Southern Methodist Univer-341.sity, Dallas. \$3.00.
- Memoirs of the College of Science, Kyoto Imperial University. Series B, Vol. XII, No. 3. Pp. 253-493. The University, Kyoto.
- Illustrated. The University, Kyoto. PARTINGTON, J. R. A Short History of Chemistry. Pp. xiv + 386. 124 figures. Macmillan. \$2.50.
- SCOTT, WILLIAM B. A History of Land Mammals of the Western Hemisphere. Revised edition. Pp. xiv + 786. 420 figures. Macmillan. \$7.50. Travaux et Mémoires de L'Institut D'Ethnologie, XXVI.
- La Famille Otomi-Pame du Mexique Central. Pp. xvi + 571. 17 plates. Institut D'Ethnologie, Paris.
- HITTAKER, E. T. A Treatise on the Analytical Dy-namics of Particles and Rigid Bodies. Fourth edition. WHITTAKER, E. T. Pp. xiv+456. Cambridge University Press, Macmillan. \$7.00.

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# Manual of Experiments in Physics

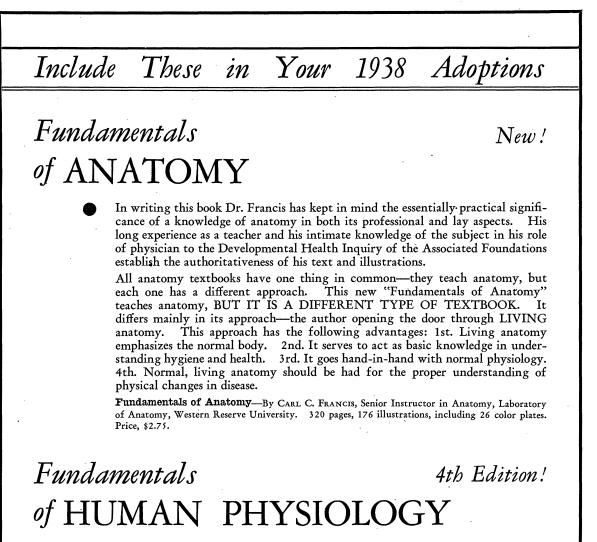
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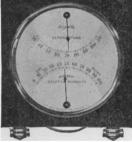
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