

# SCIENCE



# The H

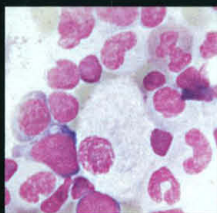
**T**he Human Genome Project is expected to reveal the sequence of DNA representing the functional history of the human species. How the sequence is thought to specify the portions of the genome that encode proteins. Thus an important goal of genomics is to identify and localize these genes by transcript mapping. When genes are expressed, they are converted into messenger RNA transcripts, which are then converted into complementary DNAs (cDNAs). A total of 15,000 human genes had been sampled as of 1995.

2

Alzheimer



Normal



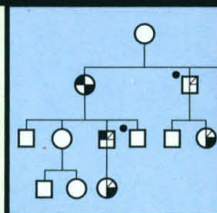
**GBA** In Gaucher disease, the defective enzyme is unable to metabolize glucocerebrosides which accumulate in characteristic, distended phagocytic cells.

IMAGE: E. BEUTLER, SCRIPPS RES. INST.

**AD4** Brain scans of a healthy elderly person and a patient with Alzheimer's disease.

IMAGE: K. JOHNSON, BRIGHAM AND WOMEN'S HOSP.

1



**MSH2** A human gene mutated in some familial colon cancers is homologous to an enzyme in the DNA mismatch repair pathway in bacteria.

IMAGE: G. SCHULER, NCBI

**PAX3** Portion of a pedigree of Waardenburg syndrome, indicating the occurrence of deafness and changes in pigmentation, including a white forelock.

IMAGE: V. MCKUSICK, JOHNS HOPKINS HOSP.



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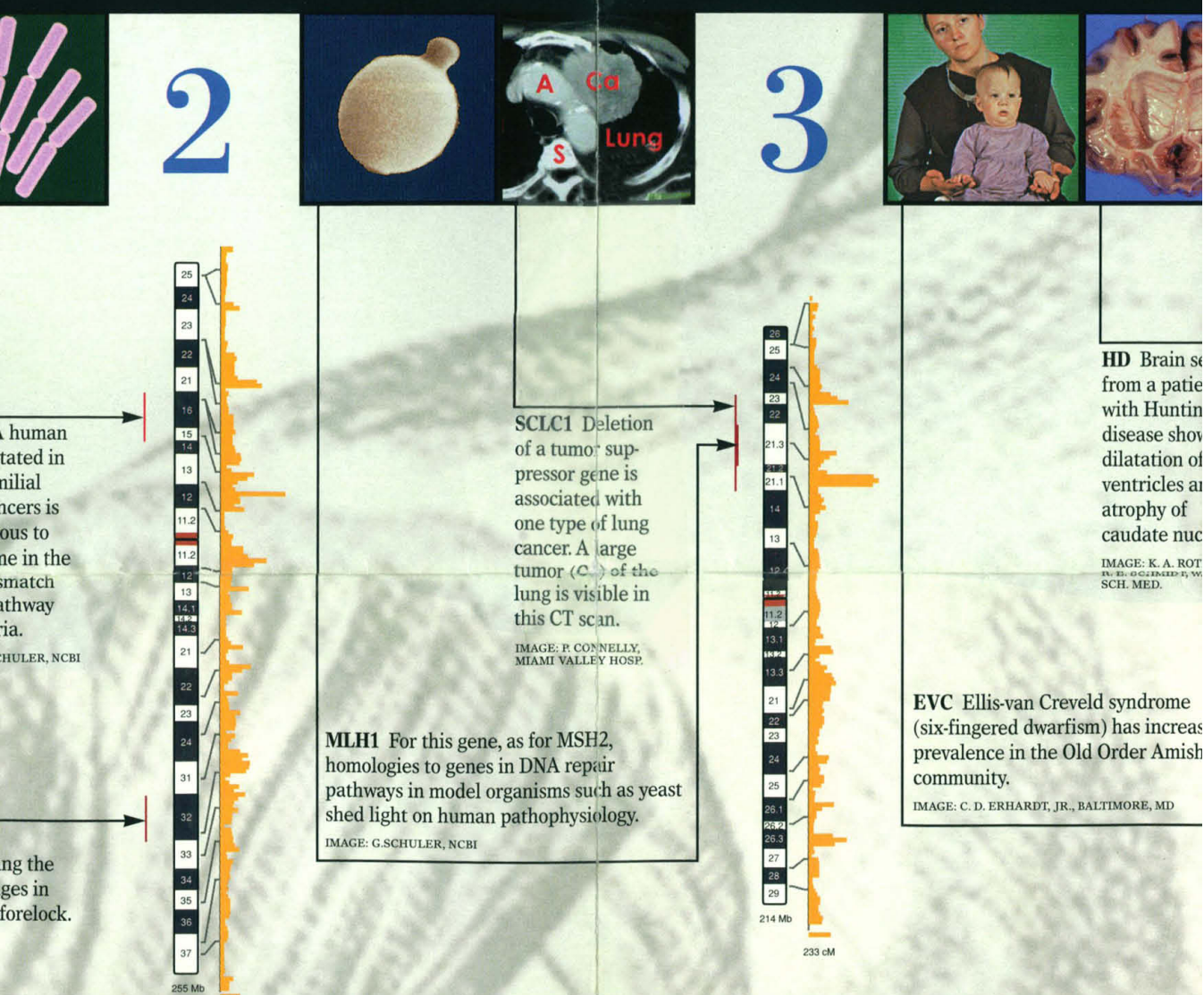
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# Human Tran

object is expected to produce a sequence  
the functional blueprint and evolutionary  
species. However, only about 3% of this  
y the portions of our 50,000 to 100,000  
nus an important part of basic and applied  
calize these genes in a process known as  
nes are expressed, their sequences are first  
A transcripts, which can be isolated in the  
(cDNAs). Approximately half of all  
ed as of 15 June, 1996.

A small portion of each cDNA sequence is all that is needed to develop unique gene markers, known as sequence-tagged sites (STSs), which can be detected in chromosomal DNA by assays based on the polymerase chain reaction (PCR). To construct this transcript map, cDNA sequences from a master catalog of human genes were sent to mapping laboratories in North America, Europe, and Japan. These cDNAs were converted to STSs and their physical locations on chromosomes determined on one of two radiation hybrid (RH) or a yeast artificial chromosome (YAC) library containing human genomic DNA. This mapping data was integrated relative to the



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CHULER, NCBI

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**SCLC1 Deletion**  
of a tumor sup-  
pressor gene is  
associated with  
one type of lung  
cancer. A large  
tumor (C) of the  
lung is visible in  
this CT scan.

IMAGE: P. CONNELLY,  
MIAMI VALLEY HOSP

**MLH1** For this gene, as for MSH2, homologies to genes in DNA repair pathways in model organisms such as yeast shed light on human pathophysiology.

IMAGE: G.SCHULER, NCBI

**HD** Brain scans from a patient with Huntington disease show dilatation of ventricles and atrophy of caudate nucleus.

IMAGE: K. A. ROT  
R. E. SCHMIDT, W.  
SCH. MED.

**EVC** Ellis-van Creveld syndrome (six-fingered dwarfism) has increased prevalence in the Old Order Amish community.

IMAGE: C. D. ERHARDT, JR., BALTIMORE, MD



# Transcript Map

that is needed to  
e-tagged sites or STSs,  
assays based on the  
s transcript map,  
genes were distrib-  
Europe, and Japan.  
physical locations on  
hybrid (RH) panels  
containing human  
relative to the human

genetic map and then cross-referenced to cytogenetic band maps of the chromosomes. (Further details are available in the accompanying article in the 25 October issue of *SCIENCE* and on the World Wide Web at <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/SCIENCE96/>).

The histograms (■) reflect the distributions and densities of genes along the chromosomes. Because the individual genes (>16,000) are too numerous to represent, images have been chosen to illustrate the myriad aspects of human biology, pathology, and relationships with other organisms that can be revealed by analysis of genes and their protein products.



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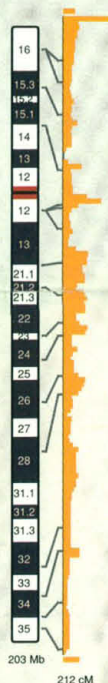
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**HD** Brain section from a patient with Huntington's disease showing dilatation of ventricles and atrophy of caudate nucleus.

IMAGE: K. A. ROTH & T. D. G. CLINE, U. SCH. MED.

Weld syndrome (ism) has increased Old Order Amish

BALTIMORE, MD



**SRD5A1** Discovery of the plant homolog of human steroid 5-alpha reductase links botany to endocrinology and may lead to new drugs.

IMAGE: J. CHORY, SALK INST.; BY PERMISSION, THE PLANT CELL

**DTD** X-ray of the hand of a patient with diastrophic dysplasia, caused by mutations in a gene encoding a sulfate transport protein.

IMAGE: E. LANDER, WHITEHEAD CTR. GENOME RES.; BY PERMISSION, CELL PRESS





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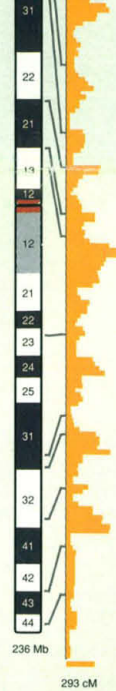
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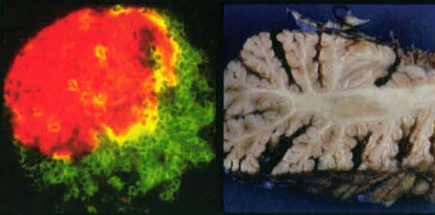


**MSH2** A human gene mutated in some familial colon cancers is homologous to an enzyme in the DNA mismatch repair pathway in bacteria.

IMAGE: G. SCHULER, NCBI

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IMAGE: V. MCKUSICK, JOHNS HOPKINS HOSP.



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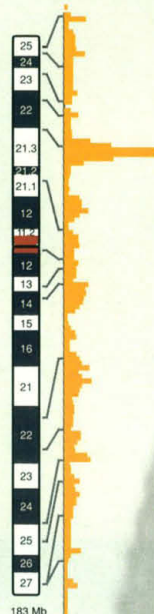


**SCA1**  
Degeneration of the cerebellum leads to loss of muscle coordination in patients with spinocerebellar atrophy.

IMAGE: K. A. ROTH AND R. E. SCHMIDT, WASH. U. SCH. MED.

**IDDM1** Juvenile onset diabetes, in which the body's own T lymphocytes infiltrate and destroy insulin-producing, pancreatic islet cells, is associated with the major histocompatibility complex.

IMAGE: A. COOKE & J. TODD, WELLCOME TRUST CTR. HUMAN GENET.

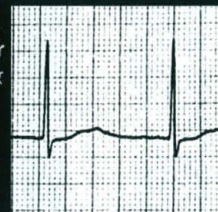
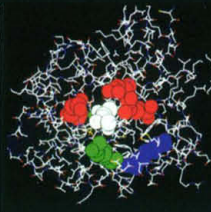


**CFTR** The gene encoding a chloride ion channel is defective in patients with cystic fibrosis.

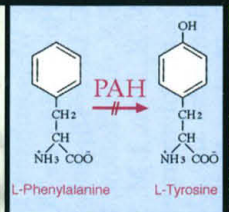
IMAGE: Q. AL-AWQATI, COLUMBIA U., K. SUTLIFE, ADAPTED FROM SCIENCE

**OBS** The obese (Ob) mutation in the mouse provides a useful model system for studying human obesity.

IMAGE: J. FRIEDMAN, ROCKEFELLER U.; REPRINTED FROM SCIENCE



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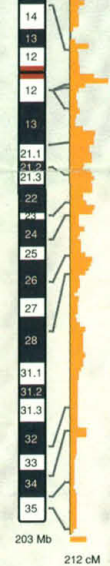


disease showing dilatation of ventricles and atrophy of caudate nucleus.

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BALTIMORE, MD



human steroid 5-alpha reductase links botany to endocrinology and may lead to new drugs.

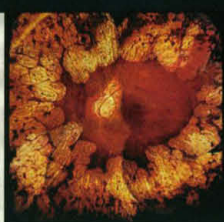
IMAGE: J. CHORY, SALK INST.; BY PERMISSION, THE PLANT CELL

DTD X-ray of the hand of a patient with diastrophic dysplasia, caused by mutations in a gene encoding a sulfate transport protein.

IMAGE: E. LANDER, WHITEHEAD CTR. GENOME RES.; BY PERMISSION, CELL PRESS



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CDKN2 Malignant melanoma is associated with mutation of a tumor suppressor gene involved in cell cycle control.

IMAGE: NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE



MEN2A The syndrome of multiple endocrine neoplasia (type 2A) is characterized by tumors in the pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, and adrenal glands.

IMAGE: K. SUTLIF, SCIENCE



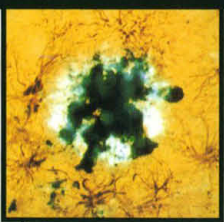
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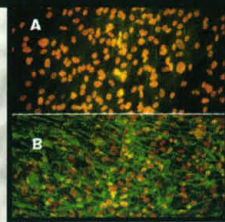
OAT The retina of a patient with gyrate atrophy of the choroid and retina of the eye caused by ornithine aminotransferase deficiency.

IMAGE: M. KAISER-KUPFER, NEI, NIH, & D. VALLE, JOHNS HOPKINS U.

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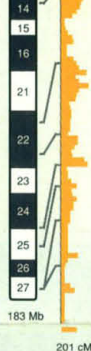
N

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IMAGE: K. A. ROTH AND R. E. SCHMIDT, WASH. U. SCH. MED.

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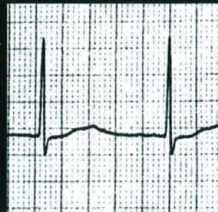
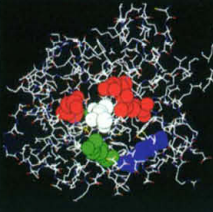


patients with cystic fibrosis.

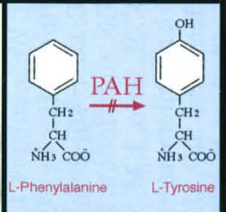
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**HRAS**

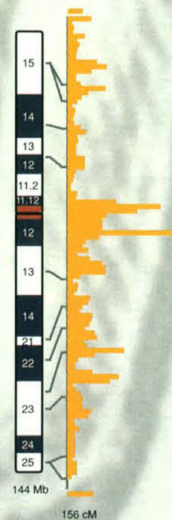
Three-dimensional structure of Ras, the product of an oncogene that is mutated in many human cancers.

IMAGE: M. BOGUSKI, NCBI

**LQT1**

Portion of an EKG used to diagnose long-QT syndrome, an inherited cardiac arrhythmia associated with mutations in an ion channel protein.

IMAGE: J. T. COCKERHAM, GEORGETOWN U. HOSP.



**PAH** Millions of newborns per year are screened for deficiency of phenylalanine hydroxylase to identify those susceptible to phenylketonuria.

IMAGE: G. SCHULER, NCBI

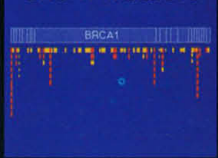
**ATM** Ataxia-telangiectasia is a multi-system disease characterized by cerebellar degeneration, immunodeficiency, radiosensitivity, and predisposition to cancer.

IMAGE: K. SUTLIF, SCIENCE



16

**BRCA1 Mutations**



17

**PKD1** Adult polycystic kidney disease is characterized by large cysts; patients eventually die from renal failure or consequences of hypertension.

IMAGE: K. SUTLIF, SCIENCE



**TP53** Yellow dots indicate some of the many types of tumors that carry mutations in the p53 gene.

IMAGE: K. SUTLIF & C. FABER SMITH, REPRINTED FROM SCIENCE

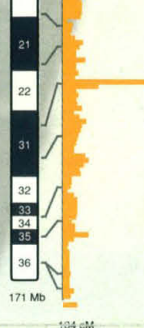
**BRCA1** Distribution of mutations in the BRCA1 gene, which is associated with early-onset breast and ovarian cancer.

IMAGE: L. BRODY, NCHGR; S. GAYTHER, ADDENBROOKES HOSPITAL, BIC





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AL-AWQATI,  
U.,  
ADAPTED  
NCE  
n the mouse  
for studying  
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**MYC** A reciprocal chromosome translocation involving the c-myc oncogene is associated with Burkitt lymphoma.

IMAGE: G. SCHULER, NCBI

accelerated aging  
associated with defects  
in a DNA unwinding  
enzyme.

IMAGE: WILLIAMS AND  
WILKINS PUBLISHING CO.

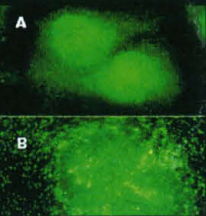
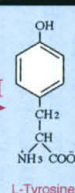


**TSC1** Microscopic section of an angiofibroma, a benign tumor of the kidney present in patients with tuberous sclerosis.

IMAGE: M. SMITH, JOHNS HOPKINS U.

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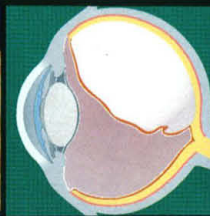
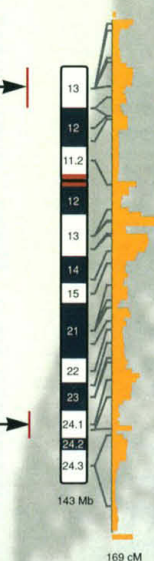
SCHULER, NCBI



**PXR1** Peroxisomes are not detected in Zellweger syndrome fibroblasts (A) but can be reconstituted by transfection with the PXR1 gene (B).

IMAGE: N. BRAVERMAN, G. DODT, S. J. GOULD, & D. VALLE, JOHNS HOPKINS U.

12



**RB1** Childhood tumors of the retina are associated with inactivation of the retinoblastoma gene.

IMAGE: K. SUTLIFF, SCIENCE

**BRCA2** Mammogram showing breast cancer.

IMAGE: P. CONNELLY, MIAMI VALLEY HOSP.

**ATP7B** In Wilson's disease, toxic levels of copper accumulate and damage many tissues and organs, including the basal ganglia of the brain.

IMAGE: K. A. ROTH & R. E. SCHMIDT, WASH. U. SCH. MED.

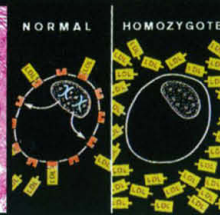
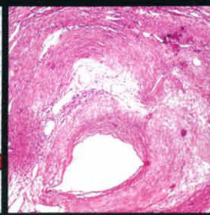
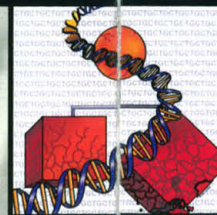
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**DPC4** Loss of this gene causes pancreatic cancers to grow aggressively, as seen by tumor cells invading a nerve bundle.

IMAGE: R. H. HRUBAN, JOHNS HOPKINS HOSP.

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**DM** Myotonic dystrophy is a muscular disease associated with an unstable nucleotide repeat that is amplified between generations.

IMAGE: M. A. DE LA FLOR, REPRINTED FROM SCIENCE

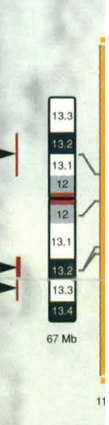
**APOE** Atherosclerotic coronary artery disease is associated with the gene encoding apolipoprotein E, a ligand for the LDL receptor.

IMAGE: M. BOGUSKI, NCBI

**LDLR** Mutations in the receptor for low density lipoprotein lead to extracellular accumulation of cholesterol and heart attacks.

IMAGE: J. GOLDSTEIN & M. S. BROWN, U. TEXAS SW MED. CTR.; BY PERMISSION, EXCERPTA MEDICA INC.

19





control.  
IMAGE: NATIONAL CANCER  
INSTITUTE

ection of angiomyolipoma,  
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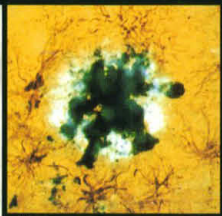
IMAGE: K. SUTLIF, SCIENCE

**OAT** The retina of a patient with gyrate atrophy  
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ornithine aminotransferase deficiency.

IMAGE: M. KAISER-KUPFER, NELNH, & D. VALLE, JOHNS HOPKINS U.



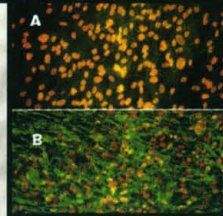
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**AD3** Neuritic plaques  
and neurofibrillary  
tangles are the  
major microscopic  
abnormalities in the  
brains of patients with  
Alzheimer's disease.

IMAGE: P. McGEER, UNIV.  
OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

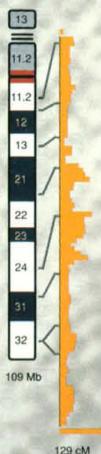
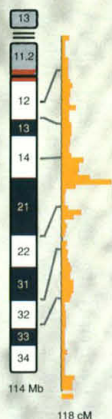
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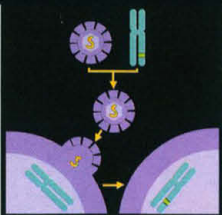
**FBN1** Extracellular  
fibrillin-1 microfibrils  
(stained green) are  
absent in Marfan syn-  
drome (A) compared to  
a control sample (B).

IMAGE: H. DIETZ, JOHNS  
HOPKINS U.; BY PERMISSION,  
ELSEVIER SCIENCE IRELAND  
LTD.

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19



**ADA** Gene therapy  
has been attempted to  
treat severe combined  
immunodeficiency  
caused by a missing  
enzyme, adenosine  
deaminase.

IMAGE: NATIONAL CANCER  
INSTITUTE

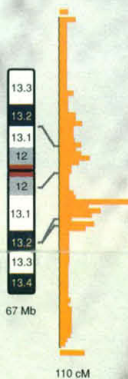
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**SOD1** Amyotrophic  
lateral sclerosis, known as  
Lou Gehrig's disease, is  
caused in some cases by a  
deficiency in the enzyme  
superoxide dismutase.

IMAGE: T. E. SMITH, CROFTON, MD

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**PKD1** Adult polycystic kidney disease is characterized by large cysts; patients eventually die from renal failure or consequences of hypertension.

IMAGE: K. SUTLIFF, SCIENCE

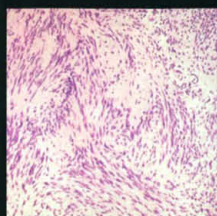
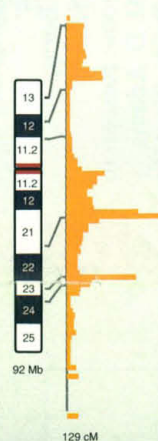


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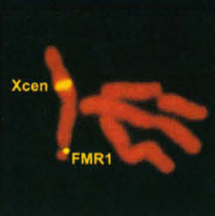
IMAGE: L. BRODY, NCHGR; S. GAYTHER, ADDENBROOKES HOSPITAL, BIC

**TP53** Yellow dots indicate some of the many types of tumors that carry mutations in the p53 gene.

IMAGE: K. SUTLIFF & C. FABER SMITH, REPRINTED FROM SCIENCE



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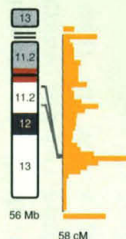


**NF2** Microscopic section of a schwannoma, a tumor commonly found in patients with neurofibromatosis, type 2.

IMAGE: K. A. ROTH & R. E. SCHMIDT, WASH. U. SCH. MED.

**DGS/VCFS** Deletion of genes in DiGeorge syndrome is visualized by a fluorescent signal on only one of the two copies of chromosome 22.

IMAGE: D. I. WILSON, UNIVERSITY OF NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE; BY PERMISSION BMJ PUBLISHING GROUP



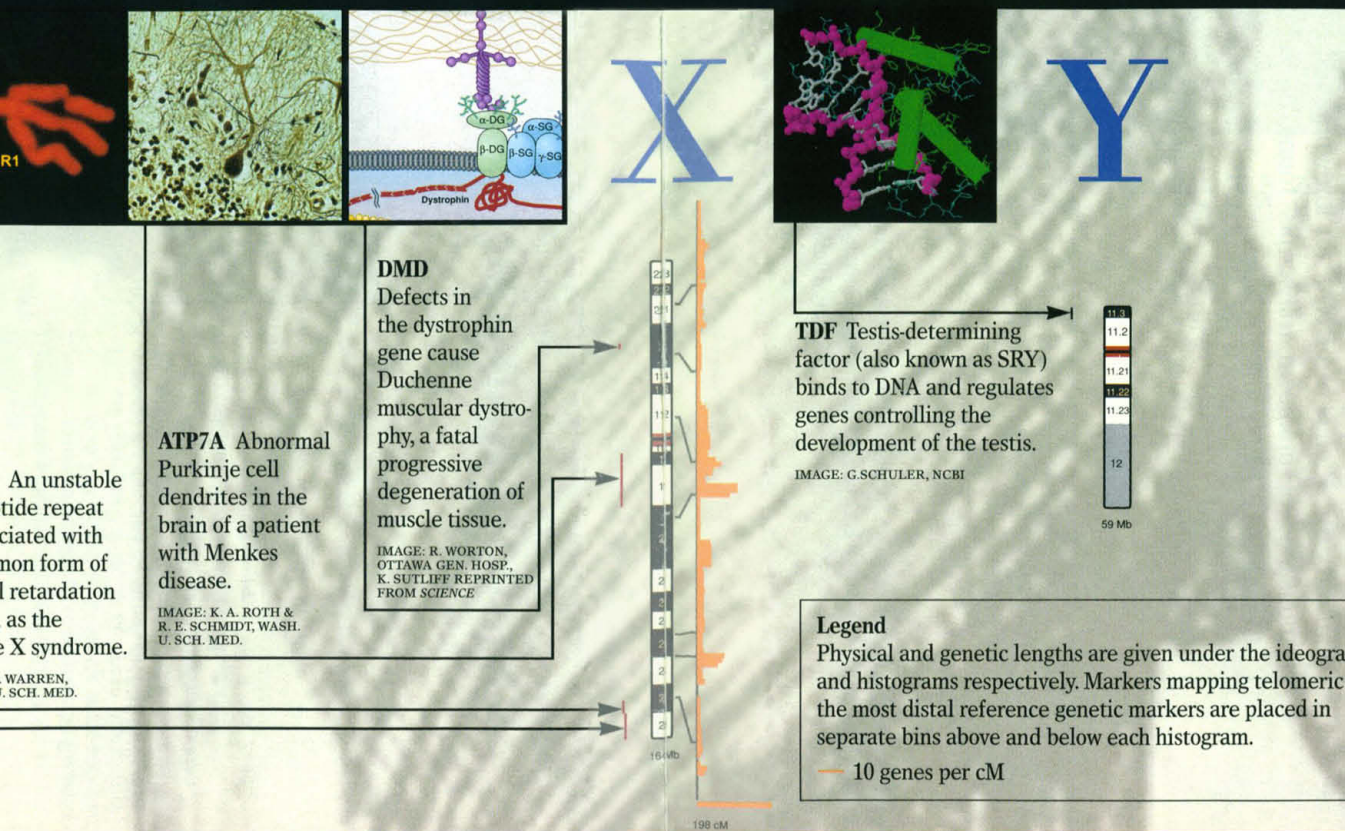
**ALD** Myelin-stained section of brain in adrenoleukodystrophy, characterized by defective catabolism of long-chain fatty acids.

IMAGE: K. A. ROTH & R. E. SCHMIDT, WASH. U. SCH. MED.

**FMR1** An unstable nucleotide repeat is associated with a common form of mental retardation known as the Fragile X syndrome.

IMAGE: S. WARREN, EMORY U. SCH. MED.





# Research Genetics

Accelerating Discovery through Resource Distribution

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World Wide Web <http://www.resgen.com>





IMAGE: NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE



**SOD1** Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, known as Lou Gehrig's disease, is caused in some cases by a deficiency in the enzyme superoxide dismutase.



IMAGE: T. E. SMITH, CROFTON, MD

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Under the ideograms  
mapping telomeric to  
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gram.

Sequencing • Custom Libraries • Genetic Markers • Custom Marker Development • Genotyping Services  
Custom DNA • Custom Peptides and Antibodies • Affinity Purification Services