U.S.A. 93, 9926 (1996).

- P. W. Landfield, R. K. Baskin, T. A. Pitler, Science 214, 581 (1981).
- M. J. Meaney, D. H. Aitken, C. van Berkel, S. Bhatnagar, R. M. Sapolsky, *ibid.* 239, 766 (1988).
- A. M. Issa, W. Rowe, S. Gauthier, M. J. Meaney, J. Neurosci. 10, 3247 (1990).
- 7. J. Travis, Sci. News 150, 150 (1996)
- P. D. Coleman, D. C. Flood, M. West, J. Comp. Neurol. 266, 300 (1987).
- For example, exposure to pathogens, susceptibility to disease, dietary conditions, exposure to stress, and so forth, might interact with age-related cellular changes to cause neurodegeneration (4, 10).
- S. R. Bodnoff et al., J. Neurosci. 15, 61 (1995); R. M. Sapolsky, L. C. Krey, B. S. McEwen, ibid. 5, 1221 (1985); D. S. Kerr, L. W. Campbell, M. D. Applegate, A. Brodish, P. W. Landfield, ibid. 11, 1316 (1991).

## **Earth's Carrying Capacity**

The News article "Ecologists look at the big picture" (13 Sept., p. 1490) by Anne Simon Moffat states that I estimated the Earth could support 1 trillion people (1), "assuming improved agriculture." Although I cited deWit's calculation (2) that "1,000 billion people could live from the earth if photosynthesis is the limiting factor," and Marchetti (3) has analyzed how 10<sup>12</sup> people could live, I analyzed how much land 10 billion people might spare for nature (1).

Paul E. Waggoner

Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station, New Haven, CT 06504-1106, USA

#### References

- P. E. Waggoner, How Much Land Can Ten Billion People Spare for Nature? (Council for Agricultural Science and Technology, Ames, IA, 1994), p. 18; Daedalus 125, 73 (1996).
- C. T. deWit, in Harvesting the Sun, A. San Pietro, F. A. Greer, T. J. Army, Eds. (Academic Press, New York, 1967), pp. 315–320.
- 3. C. Marchetti, *Energy* **4**, 1107 (1979).

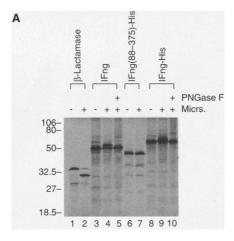
### **Corrections and Clarifications**

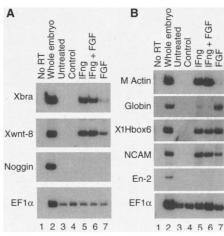
In the picture accompanying the article "Universities step up to the challenge" (News, Science in Japan, 4 Oct., p. 44), the person identified as Hiroyuki Yoshikawa, president of the University of Tokyo, was actually Hiroshi Yoshikawa, a professor of molecular biology at Nara Institute of Science and Technology. Hiroyuki Yoshikawa is shown below. Science apologizes for the error.



Figure 2A (p. 356) and figure 5, A and B (p. 357), in the report "The secreted product of *Xenopus* gene *lunatic Fringe*, a vertebrate signaling molecule" by J. Y. Wu *et al.* (19 July, p. 355) were printed too darkly. The correct figures appear below. In figure 2A there are two bands in lane 4 near 50 kD; in figure 5A there is one band in lane 7 of the Xbra panel; and in figure 5B there is one band in lane 7 of the M Actin panel and one in lane 5 of the Globin panel.

LETTERS





In the ScienceScope item "Gulf's 'dead zone' worries agencies" (18 Oct., p. 331), Terry Nelsen's name was incorrectly spelled.

## Letters to the Editor

Letters may be submitted by e-mail (at science\_letters@aaas.org), fax (202-789-4669), or regular mail (*Science*, 1200 New York Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20005, USA). Letters are not routinely acknowledged. Full addresses, signatures, and daytime phone numbers should be included. Letters should be bedited for reasons of clarity or space. They may appear in print and/or on the World Wide Web. Letter writers are not consulted before publication.

# ImageWaster The only video documentation system for electrophoresis gels with image quality that rivals instant photography · Detect less than 0.1 ng DNA per band in less than two seconds · Unique plastic film output provides durable · Facilitate handling of fragile ethidium bromide DNA gels using the removable tray Analyze all sample types with the white light Call and request "Everything For Electrophoresis" code No 18-1116-82 or data file code No 80-6254-61 for more information Call: I (800) 526-3593 in the USA; +81 3 3492 6949 in Japan; +46 18 16 50 00 in Europe and the rest of the world. Or visit us on the Internet: http://www.biotech.pharmacia.se Turn to page 25 for more information on ImageMaster VDS

Circle No. 78 on Readers' Service Card

**Pharmacia** 

Uppsala, Sweden. (And the rest of the world)

Biotech