



So I was thinking, if they can put a man on the moon  
why can't they find a way to make Hot Start PCR faster,  
easier, and more efficient? And then it hit me.

{ HotWax™ Mg<sup>2+</sup> Beads. }

*Better than Wax Alone.*

Once in a blue moon, there's a hot new idea like HotWax™ Mg<sup>2+</sup> Beads from Invitrogen. They make Hot Start PCR\* as easy as conventional PCR. Unlike "simple" wax, HotWax™ Mg<sup>2+</sup> Beads contain molecular biology grade MgCl<sub>2</sub> which is released during your first denaturation step. Just set up your reaction, drop in a HotWax™ Mg<sup>2+</sup> Bead and start thermocycling. No messy oil, and no stopping and restarting your reactions.

*Perfect PCR.*

With Hot Start PCR this easy, you can use this technique with all of your PCR experiments, before you have a problem with non-specific background bands. HotWax™ Mg<sup>2+</sup> Beads are available in three MgCl<sub>2</sub> concentrations. Mg<sup>2+</sup>-free buffer is provided free with each order.

See for yourself how fast and easy Hot Start PCR can be. Call Invitrogen to ask about HotWax™ Mg<sup>2+</sup> Beads today.

**European Headquarters:**  
**Invitrogen BV**  
De Schelp 26, 9351 NV Leek  
The Netherlands  
Tel: (0) 5945-15175  
Fax: (0) 5945-15312

Toll free Telephone Numbers  
The Netherlands 06-0228848  
Belgium 078-111173  
Germany 0130 8100 43  
Switzerland 155-1966  
Austria 0660-8127

UK Tel: +44 (0)235 531074  
UK Fax: +44 (0)235 533420  
France 05 90 72 49  
Sweden 020 793149  
Norway 800 11033  
Denmark 80 01 85 92



Italy  
Tel: 39-238103171  
Fax: 39-238101465



Japan  
Tel: 81-356841622  
Fax: 81-356841633

Austria 43-1-8891819 Australia 03-562-6888 Finland 35-804208077  
Spain 34-3-4560607 Singapore 65-779-1919

\*PCR is covered by patents owned by Hoffmann-LaRoche Molecular Systems, Inc. and issued to Cetus Corporation.

1-800-955-6288

**Invitrogen®**

3985 B Sorrento Valley Blvd.  
San Diego, California 92121  
Telephone (619) 597-6200  
Fax (619) 597-6201



ed in the animals subcutaneously. The rationale was to use the minimum quantities that would produce the desired effect. Although there were no Food and Drug Administration (FDA) guidelines in this area in the 1940s, we also investigated the possible retention of DES in the edible tissues of treated animals. The single implantation of 24 to 36 milligrams (mg) of DES proved to be safe and practical.

Several years later, investigators at the Iowa Agricultural Experiment Station showed that the oral administration of DES at a level of 10 mg per day in feed would increase the growth of cattle, and the method was quickly accepted by the feed industry and cattle raisers. Browne's review does not comment on the wide differences in the amounts of DES used by the Purdue and the Iowa investigators. In a feeding period of 100 days (and it was usually longer), 1000 mg of DES were consumed in the Iowa studies. This was in marked contrast with the 24 to 36 mg of the Purdue studies.

All of the Purdue studies were carried out with the modest funds of the Agricultural Experiment Station. There was no attempt to seek patent protection. The results were made public in their entirety at scientific meetings, in reviewed journals,

and at field days for livestock producers. There was no support from Pfizer; their program using DES pellets was initiated several years after the Purdue findings.

By the late 1950s and 1960s, the beef cattle industry was making widespread use of DES as a growth stimulant, and the FDA established a withdrawal period before slaughter when the oral method was used. When 10 mg per day of DES were fed, residues could be found in the liver, unless there was a withdrawal period of about 2 days.

Although no case of cancer has ever been attributed to the consumption of meat from DES-treated cattle or sheep, the Purdue group had begun a search for a nonsteroidal, nonstilbene-related substance with anabolic activity. In the 1950s, such a substance was found in the common corn mold *Gibberella zeae*. The structure was identified and was named Zearalenone. A large number of derivatives were synthesized by the Commercial Solvents Company in Indiana. One of them, Zeranone, was more active than Zearalenone and was accepted by the FDA as an anabolic substance and approved for use in cattle and sheep. It is now used worldwide. Extensive studies confirmed that there were no residue problems. Additional studies carried out in several species,

including primates, revealed no evidence of carcinogenicity. It was generally accepted that DES, under certain conditions and in certain species, had been classified as a carcinogen.

The book by Marcus provides further evidence that Congress and the FDA should rethink the ramifications of the Delaney Amendment.

**Frederick N. Andrews**

Vice President for Research, Emeritus,  
Purdue University,  
West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA

## Apology

In my letter of 20 January (p. 314), I wrote that Peter H. Duesberg "repeatedly and publicly has accused many of those who disagree with him of . . . 'genocide.'" This term was incorrectly attributed to Duesberg in a newspaper report that was my source for the quote. I apologize for this inadvertent error.

**Martin Delaney**

Project Inform,  
Suite 220, 1965 Market Street,  
San Francisco, CA 94103, USA

**Get It**

# BIGGER

**Screen Over 150,000 P1 or PAC/BAC™ Clones With Our High Density Filters**

Genome Systems can spot over 150,000 colonies on a few 22 by 22 cm filters. These filters can then be hybridized by you with your choice of probes. From a single copy gene, a multi-gene family, or an entire YAC clone, you can identify the cognate clones. Or let Genome Systems convert even the largest YAC into overlapping sets of P1 or PAC/BAC™ clones in a matter of days.

Our services also include; P1 (85kb) genomic library screening service (human, ES mouse for knockouts, rat and drosophila).

- New!** Human PAC/BAC™ (120kb+ insert) genomic library screening service.
- New!** Human PAC/BAC™ high density filters.
- New!** Fluorescent in-situ hybridization (FISH).
- New!** YAC library screening service (human, mouse).
- New!** Go Germline™ ES and MEF cells for making mouse knockouts.
- New!** Custom robotic colony picking and spotting services.

**GenomeSystemsInc™**

8620 Pennell Drive  
St. Louis, Missouri 63114, USA

800 - 430 - 0030 or, 314 - 692 - 0033  
Facsimile: 314 - 692 - 0044

France: Appel gratuit, 0590 - 2104

Germany: Rufen sie uns an zum ortstarif,  
0130 - 81 - 9081

UK: Call us free on, 0800 - 89 - 3733

Circle No. 17 on Readers' Service Card

