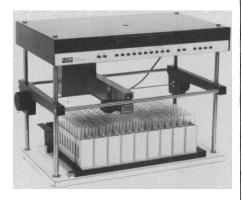
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rial anti-Semitism. The statement contained in 9) that the number of the Jewish papers has diminished to zero is false, as may be seen from those data. I emphasize that I cannot check the truthfulness of the information in the table, since we do not consider our authors from the point of view of their nationality.

- 4) I am actually a member of the National Committee of Soviet Mathematicians, which includes 25 persons; as one of them I really have an influence 1/25 the size of the committee.
- 5) The negative decision about Margoulis' participation in the International Congress was unanimously made at a sitting of the National Committee of Soviet Mathematicians.
- 6) I have not been asked any questions about Margoulis' absence from the congress, and I have not given any answers about that subject.
- 7) I have not written any letters to the socialist countries ("satellites") concerning the organization of the congress.
- 8) I did not invite the writer Shetsov to speak at the Steklov Institute.
- 10) I never use the expression "judenfrei," which is foreign to my native language; nor do I use any Russian expression equivalent to that.

I consider the article in Science to be founded on false information and to be a personal, malicious slander against me.

L. S. PONTRYAGIN

Steklov Institute, Vavilov Street 33. Moscow, Soviet Union

Academic Ties with the Middle East

R. Jeffrey Smith's article on the controversies over Middle East investments in American universities (News and Comment, 2 Feb., p. 421) has recently come to my attention. As the article notes, a proposed agreement between the University of Pennsylvania and the Arab Development Institute in Libya was under consideration when the above institute withdrew the proposal. It was a controversial issue on our campus, and opinions were divided. However, I wish to state publicly my confidence in the fairness of the review process, which was taking place under procedures developed by our faculty, and my confidence in the judgment of the members of our faculty who were involved in the process, both the sponsors of the proposal and those who were reviewing it. There were no improper political pressures or discriminatory actions.

The University of Pennsylvania will maintain a strong interest in the Middle

East, as in many other areas of the world, and will welcome research and training programs that are consistent with its mission, standards, and policies. VARTAN GREGORIAN

Office of the Provost, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia 19104

Nutrition Program

In a recent article, William J. Broad (News and Comment, 8 June, p. 1060) cites the infant nutrition program of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) at the Baylor College of Medicine and that of the National Institute of Child and Human Development Health (NICHD) as examples of needless duplication of research and lack of coordination. Unfortunately, the article does not acknowledge the efforts we have made to avoid these problems.

The language of the Conference Report of the House of Representatives No. 95-1579, 18 September 1978, directs the Children's Nutrition Laboratory (CNL) of USDA at Baylor "to insure that there is close cooperation and coordination" with NICHD. The Conference Report further stipulates "that the US-DA and the NIH develop appropriate interagency mechanisms to insure coordination of this program" and that our two agencies make the "research and program plan of [the CNL] consistent with the purposes of the [NICHD]." In order to carry out these directives, we and our staffs have met six times within the past year and have established a firm working relationship. In November 1978 we held a series of intensive discussions with the staff of the CNL in Houston. During these meetings we worked out a cooperative agreement among USDA, NICHD, and the Baylor College of Medicine. This agreement establishes an interagency advisory committee for the CNL. Both of us belong to this advisory committee, which is designed to foster cooperation and avoid unnecessary duplication of research on infant nutrition.

In addition to this arrangement, we agreed that both agencies must concur in the selection of a director of the CNL. We also agreed which areas of infant nutrition research each agency will emphasize. NICHD will continue to foster research on the clinical aspects of infant nutrition, especially those relating to prevention, diagnosis, and treatment. The CNL will devote its research efforts to ascertaining nutritional requirements of normal infants and to defining stan-