

You're looking through our new deep plastic cage for rodents. It clearly anticipates new public law requirements. It all adds up to new convenience for you: More room under the feed hopper. More usable floor space for your research animals. Or more room for additional animals.

It's from Lab Products, Inc., a new company of experienced people with new ideas for your animal care needs. We offer a broad-line of plastic cages, accessories, bedding (e.g., ab-sorb-dri®), and special animal care systems.

We've got them all in a new catalog. For your copy, write or phone Doug Anderson, Lab Products, Inc., 633 Midland Avenue, Garfield, N.J. 07026. Phone: 201-478-3000.

lab products inc

Circle No. 83 on Readers' Service Card

which tourists can do, the introduction of pigs and goats by man has caused tremendous destruction. For example, in 1959 it took a full day to walk from the shore to the top of the cone on Abingdon Island. That year a fisherman introduced three goats on the island; today the goat population is estimated at 5000 and it is a brisk 2-hour walk to the top of the cone. Dr. De-Vries, director of the Darwin Station, now has an annual operating budget of \$20,000 which covers fuel for the generators, food, supplies, and salaries for the local help. He estimates that a budget of \$75,000 would enable him to place a ranger on each island and thus (i) protect wildlife from the tourists, and (ii) enable the rangers to hunt out the wild pigs and goats.

As illustrated so well by the Sierra Club and National Geographic publications, the flora and fauna on these islands are unique in the world. Unfortunately, Ecuador is not determined to preserve them as I learned from a United Nations official who had just attempted to persuade the government to apply for U.N. funds for conservation projects. He was told that the Galápagos were well provided for. Ecuador is understandably interested in its mainland problems.

Someone must try to preserve the Galápagos. Shouldn't the people who are alarmed about a desecrated U.S. environment do something to preserve one that is not yet destroyed before it is too late?

ROBERT FEINSTEIN Electrical Engineering Department, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor 48103

When Information **Becomes Knowledge**

The letter from Jean Sicé (30 Oct.) uses an article of mine to support a statement with which I do not agree. The statement was: "Most examinations, however, test only straight recall." What I wrote in the cited article on that point was this: ". . . most achievement tests . . . consist primarily of items testing specific elements of knowledge; facts, ideas, explanations, meanings, processes, procedures, relations, consequences, and so on" (1). While recall is surely involved in responding to such items, as it is in any other use of knowledge, straight recall would seldom provide a sufficient basis for response.

NEW LABELLED AMINO ACIDS

The following labelled amino acids are now available from stock. This unique group of new products reflects Amersham/Searle's unequalled selection of radiochemicals for research.

S-Adenosyl-L-methionine/carboxyl-C14)

Order No.: CFA-477 Specific Activity: >45mCi/mmol Prices: 10uCi...\$45 50uCi...\$175

4-Amino-n-butyric acid-C14(U)

Order No.: CFB-148 Specific Activity: 4-6mCi/mmol Order No.: CFB-151

Specific Activity: >150mCi/mmol Prices: 50uCi...\$30 0.25mCi...\$110

L-Arginine-5-H3 monohydrochloride

Order No.: TRK-368 Specific Activity: >5,000mCi/mmol

Order No.: TRA-368
Specific Activity: 100-500mCi/mmol
Prices: 0.25mCi...\$40 1mCi...\$100 5mCi...\$300

DL-Carnitine (methyl-C14) hydrochloride

Order No.: CFA-475 Specific Activity: >45mCi/mmol Prices: 50uCi...\$75 0.25mCi...\$290

L-Cystathionine-S35

Order No.: SI-200 Specific Activity: 1-50mCi/mmol Prices: 1mCi...\$375 then \$75/mCi

L-3(3,4-Dihydroxyphenyl)alanine-1-C14

Order No.: CFA-473
Specific Activity: 1-5mCi/mmol
Prices: 50uCi...\$140 2x50uCi...\$275

(Glycyl-1-C14)glycine hydrochloride

Order No.: CFA-478

Specific Activity: 10-20mCi/mmol Prices: 50uCi...\$45 0.5mCi...\$300

L-Methionine-S35

Order No.: SJ-204

Specific Activity: 5,000-20,000mCi/mmol Prices: 0.5mCi...\$70 1mCi...\$95 5mCi...\$250

L-Valine-2, 3-H3

Order No.: TRK-327

Specific Activity: >10,000mCi/mmol Order No.: TRA-327

Specific Activity: 500-2000mCi/mmol Prices: 0.25mCi...\$20

1mCi...\$50 5mCi...\$150

OUR SPECIFIC ACTIVITY IS SERVICE



Amersham/Searle

2636 S. Clearbrook Drive Arlington Heights, Illinois 60005

Telex: 72-6444

Telephone: (312) 593-6300

Circle No. 77 on Readers' Service Card

Perhaps our misunderstanding on this point arises from different meanings we associate with the term knowledge. If knowledge is understood to be no more than information, then it is reasonable to believe that a test of knowledge would be no more than a test of recall of information. But what was meant by knowledge in the cited paper goes beyond information-to-be-recalled. The items I used to illustrate how one can test for command of knowledge were designed to test understanding as well as recall.

The distinction to be made between information and knowledge is the one Scheffler has made: ". . . it does not follow that the student will know these new facts simply because he has been informed . . . knowing requires that the student earn the right to his assurance of the truth of the information in question. New information, in short, can be intelligibly conveyed by statements, new knowledge cannot" (2).

Boulding supports the distinction in these words: "The growth of knowledge even in the individual is not a simple cumulative process by which information is pumped into the head and remains in a reservoir. Knowledge is a structure and its present form always limits its possibilities of growth" (3).

To test a student's knowledge in this sense of the term one must cause him to think as well as to remember. If we borrow phrases Sicé uses to describe the requirements for success in clinical medicine, our items ought to require him "to retrieve, to select, to organize, and to apply" his knowledge.

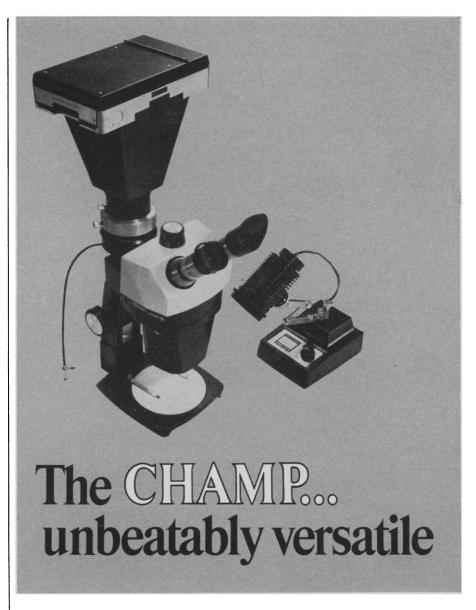
This is what most professors of my acquaintance try to do in writing objective test questions. Judging from copies of their tests I have seen, this is what most of them succeed at least passably in doing. Their tests may have serious faults, but excessive use of questions testing straight recall is seldom one of them, in my experience.

Hence the opinion attributed to me that most achievement examinations test only straight recall is not mine at all. In my opinion it is not true in general. Surely it need not be true. To the extent that it is, the item writer, not the item form, should be blamed.

ROBERT L. EBEL College of Education, Michigan State University, East Lansing 48823

References

- 1. R. L. Ebel, National Board Examiner 16, No.
- 8 (1969). 2. I. Scheffler, Harvard Educ. Rev. 35, 131 (1965). 3. K. E. Boulding, Educ. Dig. 33, 7 (1967).



Fact is no other comes even close to matching the convenience of visual and photographic work users of Bausch & Lomb's StereoZoom 7 Microscope enjoy.

The camera adapter attaches through an opening on the back of the optical pod and stays there, out of the way until needed. Visual use is not interfered with in the slightest. However, when a picture is wanted one of the three Bausch & Lomb integrated cameras is attached to the adapter and The Champ is ready.

You focus on your object, zoom to the picture you want, turn a knob and shoot. You continue looking at the object while photographing. Visual contact is never lost.

Your picture, taken through Bausch & Lomb matchless optics, reveals detail like you always wanted but could never get until The Champ came along.

The Champ would like to send you his new catalog, 31-15, and his free demonstration plan. Write today.

StereoZoom. Reg. T.M. Bausch & Lomb.

Circle No. 27 on Readers' Service Card



20737 Bausch Street, Rochester, New York 14602