conditions for burning, ground fuels could be reduced effectively and cheaply and, at the same time, create sufficiently hot spots of fire to provide good reseeding conditions for sequoia. This initial plan involves about 35 acres. While this may seem like a modest beginning, it is a beginning and the NPS stands to learn much, both about burning techniques, and the ecology of the giant sequoia.

The NPS is now recognized as one of the leaders in accepting fire as a manipulative tool in land management. While we do not advocate fire as a panacea for forest problems, we do feel that it has useful applications in many situations.

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## **Comparative Pathology**

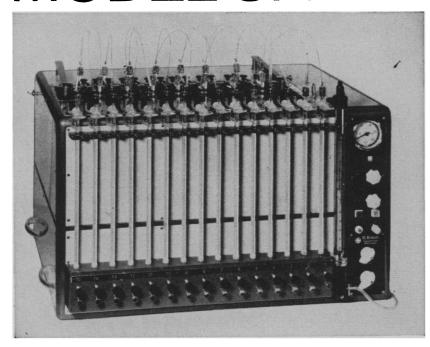
The Registry of Comparative Pathology has been established at the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology as a part of the American Registry of Pathology. This new registry is operated jointly by the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology and Universities Associated for Research and Education in Pathology. The objective of the center is to serve as an information exchange for scientists interested in the study of animal models of human disease and other aspects of comparative pathobiology. Information will be gathered about primates, domestic animals, such as horses and cattle, zoo animals, laboratory animals, fish, birds, and, to some extent, invertebrates.

A news bulletin will be published, beginning in October 1969, to describe the activities of the Registry of Comparative Pathology. This will be available without charge to scientists throughout the world. Those interested in receiving this bulletin should request it from the Registrar, Registry of Comparative Pathology, Armed Forces Institute of Pathology, Washington, D.C. 20305.

Members of the advisory committee of the Registry of Cooperative Pathology are: Robert W. Wissler, T. C. Jones, Kurt Benirschke, Robert W. Leader, Donald B. Hackel, and Robert W. Squire.

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