Farming Success in India

Your review of The World Food Problem, published by the President's Science Advisory Committee (News and Comment, 23 June, p. 1578), emphasizes the growing gap between world population and food supply. In India we have a family planning expert as our Health Minister, and the goal of family planning seems to be in sight. Our position regarding food production is a less happy one. Yet some facts related to increased food production in India and Pakistan are worth consideration: (i) crops can be grown all year round, compared with 6 months or less in developed countries; (ii) crops grow more quickly due to higher temperatures and more intense sunlight; (iii) during dry seasons, sufficient water is available for irrigation (if properly conserved) from local monsoon rains or Himalayan snow; and (iv) manpower is unlimited.

By taking advantage of these factors, we have proved on the small experimental farm attached to this institute (Davis Institute of Neuropsychiatry) that it is possible to grow at least ten times more food per acre than the average for this area on land which was considered so poor when we bought it that nobody wanted to cultivate it. Our techniques during the last 5 years have included:

1) Digging wide diameter wells and installing electric pumps of 1 to 2 horsepower (we have six pumps for 17 acres). At one point we pump water from a stream. As the stream serves to irrigate 4 acres, we require one well for about 2 acres. In this rocky area, tube wells are impossible and there are no canals, nor is there enough land to construct dams and reservoirs.

2) Use of high-yield seed.

3) Mixed farming so as to produce manure and utilize waste plant products for animal feed. Chemical fertilizers, correctly used, are added.

4) Hand digging. We should like to have a small tractor, a luxury which we cannot yet afford.

If most of the land in India now under cultivation were cultivated only half as effectively as we have proved it possible, we Indians should be able to close the world food gap for many years to come, and banish the specter of famine. All we need is a vision of this goal, good leadership from within, and some outside help with fertilizers. ROBERT B. DAVIS

Boreya Road, Kanke, Bihar, India 12 JANUARY 1968

petroleum derivatives chlorinated solvents . peroxide solutions ethylantracene - salt solutions - polymers fruit butters - mapl syrup - acetice acid hydrogenated fats oil contaminants hydraulic fluids essential oils fruit preserves berry preserves - egg solids aliphatics biologicals solvents alcohols flours . jellies pentane coffee solids honev - oils jams waxes cocoa nylon fruit juices maple syrup plastic soybeans flaxseed plasticizers naphthalene bromonaphthalene ethylantracene tomato products - fluorinated hydrocarbons - ext dense flint glass - organic chemicals - silicone polyester resins - borosilicate crown glass -

20-second quality control

Holding to rigid quality control standards is fast and easy with a Bausch & Lomb Abbe 3-L Refractometer. You just *load*, *light* and *look* . . . get your answer in 20 seconds. Horizontal, up-front prisms load in 10 seconds—wipe off easily. Light-up takes 2 seconds . . . with built-in, push-button scale illuminator. 8 seconds to read . . . any product within the range of ND 1.30-ND 1.71, or percent total solids from 0-85%. Accuracy is to 1 unit in the fourth decimal place. Operation is fast, easy and so comfortable there's no fatigue . . . even after all day production use. This most widely used refractometer is priced right at just \$850*.

For the utmost accuracy over a wide index range, your ultimate choice should be the B&L Precision Refractometer. Three models with different ranges cover a total range of ND 1.20-ND 1.70. Under proper working conditions, it's possible to get index readings to 3 units in the fifth decimal place. And the price is just \$1840*.

Send for our Catalog 33-202, Bausch & Lomb, 75901 Bausch Street, Rochester, New York 14602.

*Suggested list



ADVANCING ELECTRONIC/OPTICAL

INSTRUMENTATION