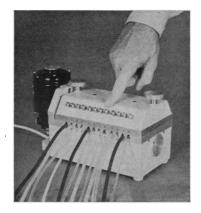
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Some Typical Uses

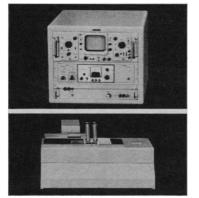
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as noun modifiers, run together by people too busy (or too indifferent? or too ignorant?) to develop more appropriate terminology. It is nothing but pidgin English. A piano is a piano—but to a Pacific aborigine it is 'Big black bokkis hit him in teeth he cry!' Moreover, it raises the question 'Is that your kitten, honey chile?'—and evokes the answer, 'No'm, it's the little girl that lives two houses down the street's cat!' So much for nominal compounds which are merely a semiliterate substitute for sound word formation.

"The old scholars in botany and animal anatomy know how to develop fancy words which, however, had *exact meaning*. None of this 'male sex cell master container' stuff for the simple word 'anther.' Air space engineers are undoubted experts with many things, but not with language. They communicate with one another by *describing* the thing that they talk or write about, because they don't know how to invent a good word for it, one of sound Greek or Latin origin.

"Does Professor McNeill understand how working men communicate with one another? He may. But it seems rather obvious that the nominal compound is nothing but a proliferation of noun modifiers, used for lack of a word. All that he says about Zipf's law and the like may be true enough. The fact remains that somebody is putting forth a very fancy, unwarranted explanation for a simple phenomenon. Instead of ascribing scholarly motives to some atrocious new jargon, the experts should clobber the engineers for their palpable semiliteracy!"

A. E. Ford

4714 Cherokee Street, College Park, Maryland 20740

Mohole: Cost versus Results

Despite Abelson's claim that the "morale of the scientific community has been damaged" by a reduction in expenditures for scientific research, and specifically, by the recent action on the Mohole Project, (Editorial, 3 June, p. 1332), I believe that far more damage to the morale of the scientific community has been and will be done by continued expenditures of large sums of money for non-scientific research.

The Mohole project may have great merit at a later date. In our current economic climate and in a period of

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technical manpower shortage it appears to be a severe misallocation of our national resources. Abelson also stated that at stake are trillions of dollars worth of resources under the outer oceans. This is a surprisingly sweeping statement. It may well be true if we accept two modifications: (i) The cost of retrieval of these "reserves" may approach their economic value, a relationship neither stated nor implied in his comment. (ii) The time required for exploitation to reach any meaningful level may be so great that deferral of expenditures at this time will be of no real consequence.

W. D. CARSON

Skelly Oil Company, Tulsa, Oklahoma 74102

Scientific Exchange with the U.S.S.R.

John Walsh states that the "U.S.-Soviet exchange program negotiated this year reflected a reduction of about 25 percent in the overall level of exchange activity in science," (News and Comment, 17 June, p. 1605). He appears to refer to the exchange activities carried on through a formal agreement between the National Academy of Sciences of the USA and the Academy of Sciences of the USSR. The reduction should read 6 percent or 18 percent, depending on how one calculates: the new interacademy agreement for 1966-67 provides for exchange visits by 45 scientists totaling 170 months, as compared with the level of the previous two-year agreements of 55 scientists for 180 months. Thus, in terms of number of visitors the reduction is 18 percent; in total length of visits, the reduction is 6 percent. The initiative for the reduction was the Soviet Academy's, prompted presumably by political circumstances.

One must recognize that these quotas express intent, and have never been completely filled. As the degree of fulfillment has progressively increased since the beginnings of the interacademy exchange program six years ago, it is likely that the small reduction of quota in the new agreement with the Soviet Academy will result in little or no real reduction in overall exchange activity within the program.

LAWRENCE C. MITCHELL Office of the Foreign Secretary, National Academy of Sciences, Washington, D.C. 20418

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