

Klett Summerson Photoelectric Colorimeter



KLETT COLONY MARKER and TALLY

This instrument takes the drudgery and error out of the counting of bacterial colonies.



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Klett manufacturing co., inc.,
179 East 87th Street, New York, 28, N.Y.
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TMC INTRODUCES ITS ACTIVATRON





- ULTRA STABLE BEAM CURRENT NO EXPOSED HIGH VOLTAGE IMPROVED PENNING ATOMIC-TO-MOLECULAR RATIO

- INCREASED TARGET LIFE 200 LITERS PER SECOND ION PUMP INTEGRAL PULSING CAPABILITY SAFETY . . OIL FOR INSULATING AND ION SOURCE COOLING ALLOWS OPERATION AT ATMOSPHERIC PRES-SURE WITHIN THE ACCELERATOR TANK

SURE WITHIN THE ACCELERATOR TANK Technical Measurement Corporation now offers a wide variety of compatible units to form totally integrated activation analysis systems. The systems feature the ACTIVATRON 111 with a fast neutron yield of 10¹¹ neutrons per second. The ACTIVATRON 111 is ideally suited for research investigations as well as routine chemical analysis. As a result, particular project parameters can be imple-mented from a single source. TMC has established a complete activation analysis laboratory at its Ellison facility. An ACTIVATRON 111 and other TMC products are available to the customer for the investigation of his particuar samples. TMC engi-neering personnel are also available to aid in the investigation of your specific problems. Detailed information is available on the ACTIVATRON 111 as well as units of lower yields. Application dat is also available on TMC pulse height analyzers, sample transfer systems, flux monitors, scintillation detectors, and COMPLETE activation analysis systems.



TECHNICAL MEASUREMENT CORPORATION 441 Washington Avenue, North Haven, Conn.

18 SEPTEMBER 1964

Personnel Placement

Replies to blind ads should be addressed as follows: Box (give number) SCIENCE 1515 Massachusetts Ave., NW Washington, D.C. 20005

POSITIONS WANTED

(a) Organic Chemistry Ph.D., extensive drug development, compound synthesizing experience; prefers medicinal chemistry supervising appointment. (b) Epidemiology M.P.H., bacteriology B.A., ASCP; exceptional Public Health laboratory, teaching, research experience; seeks position with responsibility. Write WOODWARD MEDI-CAL PERSONNEL BUREAU, 185 North Wabash, Chicago 60601.

POSITIONS OPEN

SR. BIOCHEMIST—MICROBIOLOGIST: Ph.D. Strong biochemistry background with some training and experience in Microbiology. For program involving the biosynthesis of radioactive labeled compounds. Will also be responsible for the minimum of the program in the program. involving the biosynthesis of radioactive labeled compounds. Will also be responsible for the maintenance of a culture collection and large-scale growths of microorganisms to be used for the isolation of enzyme preparation. Ability to supervise laboratory personnel. Send complete résumé to: Mr. A. R. Aronson, Personnel Mgr., **NEW ENGLAND NUCLEAR CORPORATION**, 575 Aibany Street, Boston 18, Mass.

IMMUNOLOGY

Pre- and postdoctoral traineeships in immunology (immunochemistry, immunohematology, delayed hypersensitivity, tissue transplantation). M.S. and Ph.D. programs available. For further information write to Dr. Robert A. Patnode, Department of Microbiology, University of Oklahoma Medical Center, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

(a) Ph.D. Cytologist; genetics and histology train-ing; West Coast radiobiology research. (b) Statis-tician; data correlation, original contributions; East Coast. (c) Hospital Product Development; medical biology training; engineering helpful; to \$10,000, Central. (d) Ph.D. Organic Chemist; pharmaceutical organic synthesis experience; to \$14,000; East. (e) Bacteriologist; experienced; Central health department; to \$8800. (f) Ph.D. Boichemist; connective tissue research; to \$15,000; East. (g) Electronic Engineer; vacuum tube, transistor circuitry experience; instrumentation design; Central. FACULTY APPOINTMENTS: (h) Ph.D. Bio-chemist; carbohydrate, enzymes training; eastern medical school. (i) Ph.D. Biophysicist; human/ animal orientation; Central university. (j) Zool-ogist, M.S./Ph.D.; invertebrate, general zoology; second semester sabbatical substitution; south-eastern university. Many other opportunities available for Junior and Senior Scientists. Please write Science De-partment, The Medical Bureau, 900 North Michi-gan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60611.



BIOCHEMIST

Large insurance company in metropolitan New York area is seeking a clinical biochemist with Ph.D. (or Master's with some work toward Ph.D.) and 1 to 5 years experience for a supervisory position in a clinical laboratory. Administrative and training duties with some applied research. Salary will be commensurate with qualifications. Liberal employee benefits proaram.

> SEND RESUME TO: **BOX 499, SCIENCE**

An equal opportunity employer

IMMUNOLOGIST-TUCSON, ARIZONA participate in well-established program on selective plasmapheresis and other applications of extracorporeal blood circulation. Permanent position. Supported by Veterans Administration but with possible University affiliation. Please apply with full résumé to Box 500, Science.

Microbial Genetics: Assistant professorship, teaching and research; West Coast medical school.

Box 498, SCIENCE

MICROBIOLOGIST-Ph.D.

An opening has recently developed in our Infectious Disease Department for which we are seeking a Bacteriologist with biochemical training. Duties will involve the investga-tion of various infectious disease processes in animals and their biochemical manifesta-tions. Following the establishment of sound basic information, the program will be ex-panded to include the study of the effects of new pharmacological agents on these processes.

Please send curriculum vitae as well as salary requirements to: Crvus M. Greenberg, Ph.D. Director of Scientific Employment, SMITH KLINE & FRENCH LAB-ORATORIES, 1558 Spring Garden Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 19101. An Equal Op-portunity Employer

Ph.D. BIOCHEMIST

For bone research. General background in analyti-cal and physical chemical methodology. Salary commensurate with experience. Send résumé to:

M. R. Urist, M.D. UCLA Dept. of Surgery 1019 Gayley Avenue Los Angeles, California 90024



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SCIENCE, VOL. 145

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Basic Research at Honeywell Research Center Hopkins, Minnesota



Beam Surface Interactions in Ultra High Vacuum Systems

In high vacuums the quantity of gases adsorbed on the surfaces in the vacuum is much greater than that contained in the volume. New studies of the interactions of beams with surfaces are making possible further understanding of the reactions that occur at the interface of a solid and a gas in a high vacuum environment.

Within an ultra high vacuum system, the reactions that take place at the surface may have an appreciable effect on the surrounding vacuum and on the properties of the solid itself. Continued progress in the fields of semiconductors, thin films, the vacuum phenomena related to space exploration and others have pressed the state of the art of vacuum physics. This field has long been of interest but many tools were lacking. The explosion in vacuum technology since the early 1950's, however, has resulted in considerable basic progress.

Recently lower pressures have been achieved and gauges and other instrumentation improved. We are now able to probe some fundamental questions:

- 1. What is the surface of a substrate like? What are the surface atom layers like? Is there an oxidized layer?
- 2. What is sitting down or adsorbed on the surface? With what energy is it bound to the surface?
- 3. Beams of photons, electrons, ions or atoms may strike the surface. When they do, what happens? What are the interactions?

If we could answer all these questions we could develop a model with specific constants.

Honeywell scientists have chosen a research technique whereby particle beams are used to probe a surface in an ultra high vacuum environment. Components leaving the surface (that is, neutral atoms, neutral molecules and positive or negative ions) are analyzed with a mass spectrometer.

A series of studies is being made to see what effect varying parameters have on the components leaving the surface. The kind of beam used, the kind of substrate and the temperature of the substrate as well as the content of the vacuum environment are varied.

Honeywell scientists use an evacuated system pumped by cryogenic and ion means resulting in a background pressure of about 10⁻¹⁰ Torr.

A target with surface temperatures controlled by heaters is mounted in an inter-



FIG. 1 MASS SPECTRUM

Lower Plot—gas phase components in the system at a total pressure of about 1x10-9 Torr. Upper Plot—spectrum of surface phase obtained by bombarding single crystal nickel with electrons and analyzing the desorbed ion components.

action chamber and bombarded. All particles leaving the target pass through a mass spectrometer analyzer. Probing is done with very low density beams since the detection system permits recording of single ions or partial pressures as low as 10^{-10} Torr.

These experiments have produced several unexpected observations:

- 1. Electron bombardment will desorb neutral molecules, suggesting an interaction between the electron and the adsorbed molecule.
- 2. Ions are desorbed at the same time and appear to be fragments of the parent adsorbed molecule, suggesting ion fragment desorption.
- 3. No parent molecule ion desorption was observed.

These studies indicate the existence of a whole spectrum of electron-induced ion desorbed species, permitting the analysis of surface phase components in a manner similar to that used for gas phase components. The technique also permits continuous observation of surface components as parameters are varied.

Bombardment with U.V. photons has also desorbed neutral molecules. This suggests that photon interaction might be used to clean surfaces in a vacuum without any heating effects.

Work is continuing at Honeywell's Research Center and as more parameters are introduced even more understanding seems possible. As an example, a ruby laser was used to bombard the target causing thermal desorption and permanent degassing of an extremely small area of the target. This technique will permit further exploration and comparisons of the degassed spot and surrounding surfaces.

Although a long way from a final theory, the new techniques already have provided information of value in programs as diverse as electrical contacts, U.V. detectors and space instrumentation.

If you are engaged in vacuum surface physics and wish to know more about Honeywell's work in this area you are invited to write Mr. David Lichtman, Honeywell Research Center, Hopkins, Minnesota. If you are interested in a career at Honeywell's Research Center and hold an advanced degree, write Dr. John Dempsey, Director of Research at this same address.





Model 25 Stainless Steel WEBER OVEN



NEW—Except the 40-year proven thermoregulator dependability

7802-G.

WEBER OVENS have enjoyed a worldwide reputation for their rugged construction and consistent dependability over many years of continuous service. New Model 25, with range 60 to 260°C, has a chamber 14 inches wide \times 10 inches deep \times 12 inches high (approx. 1 cu. ft.). Control housing is located on top of the Oven, with temperature setting scale, two-heat switch and pilot lamp mounted on front.

Stainless Steel Construction. Exterior of Stainless steel throughout; chamber walls also of Stainless steel.

Temperature Scale for Direct Setting. Pointer scale at top of Oven can be set *directly* at the desired temperature.

Thermoregulator. Of unique dependability, with a sensitivity of $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C at 200°C.

Uniformity $\pm 1.5^{\circ}$ C at 100°C, i.e. maximum variation throughout working space relative to temperature at location of thermometer bulb.

Safety. Door latches release automatically to relieve accidental overpressure.

Insulation. Of glass wool.

Heaters. Molded refractory units containing nickel-chromium heating coils.

Shelves. With upturned edges to keep load at a distance from the walls. For convenience in loading, they can be partially withdrawn without tipping.



"The heart of the Weber Oven is its sturdy, sensitive, bimetallic thermoregulator . . ."

The bimetallic thermoregulator is of trouble-free construction, and has proved to be a most reliable means of temperature control. For more than 40 years, thermoregulators of this type have been used satisfactorily in Weber Ovens shipped all over the world. Electrical contacts are *outside* the Oven; a mechanical device overcomes objectionable strain, and a condenser of adequate size minimizes sparking.

7802-G. OVEN, Thomas-Weber, Model 25. For operation from 60° to 260°C. Chamber 14 inches wide \times 10 inches deep \times 12 inches high. Overall dimensions 16-3% inches wide \times 18-1% inches deep \times 26-1% inches high. Two-heat switch selects 300-watt or 800-watt heater inputs. With 300°C Thermometer in 1° divisions. For 115 volts, a.c.... **350.00 7802-H. Ditto,** for 230 volts, a.c..... **350.00**

More detailed information sent upon request.



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