tional costs involving many billions of dollars even in a single lifetime. If the matter is really that important, who should be doing the detailed thinking about the next step towards an ultimate demonstration of the presumed deleterious trend?

Perhaps consideration should also be given to the possible genetic effects of legislative changes of the kinds recommended by Mayr, irrespective of whether the frequencies of "superior" gene combinations are decreasing. Would such measures lead to any substantial increase in their frequencies, and is this desirable? These questions could, presumably, be studied by following appropriate sub-groups within a population, but how much thought and effort are such studies worth?

HOWARD B. NEWCOMBE Biology Branch, Atomic Energy of Canada, Chalk River, Ontario

References

- E. Mayr, Animal Species and Evolution (Harvard Univ. Press, Cambridge, Mass., 1963). Papers of the Royal Commission on Population (Her Majesty's Stationery Office, London, 1960).

- tion (Her Majesty's Stationery Office, London, 1950), vol. 5.

 J. N. Spuhler, "Empirical studies on quantitative human genetics," in The Use of Vital and Health Statistics for Genetic and Radiation Studies (United Nations, New York, 1962), p. 241.

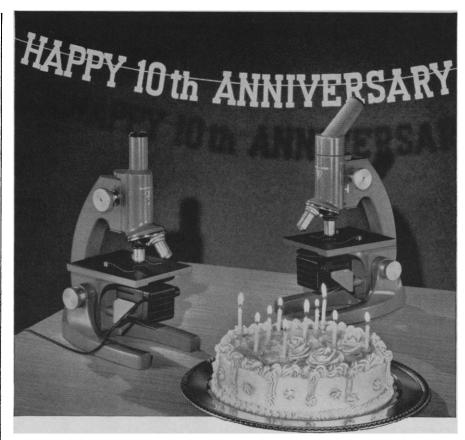
 J. V. Higgins, E. W. Reed, S. C. Reed, Eugenics Quart. 9, 84 (1962).
 "Social Implications of the 1947 Scottish Mental Survey," Scottish Council for Research in Education Publ. No. 35 (Univ. of London Press, London, 1953), pp. xxiii and 356.

 H. B. Newcombe, J. M. Kennedy, S. J. Axford, A. P. James, Science 130, 954 (1959); H. B. Newcombe and P. O. W. Rhynas, "The cost of individual follow-up in studies of large populations," Paper No. 16, presented at the International Population Conference, 1961.

That 1953 Fallout

E. J. Sternglass refers to the fallout in 1953 in the Troy-Albany area in his report "Cancer: Relation of Prenatal Radiation to Development of the Disease in Childhood" [Science 140, 1102 (7 June 1963)]. He assumes that there would have been a significant dose to the bone marrow of the human embryo because of radioisotopes ingested by the mother with fresh milk and vegetables.

As I pointed out in a previous comment, upon a report by Ralph Lapp [Science 138, 732 (9 Nov. 1962)], the 1953 fallout in this area occurred on 26 April 1953 and the average date of first pasturing in the area was 12 May, 17 days later. There was a total of 5.36 inches (13.6 cm) of rain during the period between the deposition of the



...and many more useful years to come!

The Class of '73 will still be making good use of the microscopes you buy now—if you have the foresight to buy Bausch & Lomb. Because only B&L guarantees availability of replacement parts... for at least 10 years after you buy!

Only B&L builds in so many wear-proof, abuse-proof, studentproof features.

Only B&L backs up its lifetime guarantee of materials and workmanship with a nationwide network of qualified microscope dealer experts on call whenever you may need them.

That's how B&L guaranteed protection assures you extra years of use from every Standard Teaching Microscope.

BAUSCH & LOMB



BAUSCH & LOMB INCORPORATED 64245 Bausch Street Rochester 2, N. Y.

- ☐ Please demonstrate ST Microscopes at my convenience.
- ☐ Please send me ST Literature (D-1079 and D-1111).

Name, Title

School Name School Address

City Zone State

13 SEPTEMBER 1963 1109 fallout and the date of first pasturing. Therefore it would seem that the amount of fission products ingested by a milk-drinking, pregnant woman subsequent to 12 May would have been very small indeed.

There could have been little ingestion of fission products with leafy vegetables, for only asparagus was grown and marketed before June 1953 in this area. Asparagus was first harvested on 10 May, according to the records of a representative market gardener.

The cancer report files of this department reveal no increase in the incidence of cancer or leukemia over the past ten years in children of the Albany, Troy, and Schenectady areas—who were 15 years of age or younger in 1963—as compared with children of this age elsewhere in upstate New York.

James H. Lade New York State Department of Health, Albany

Fluorescence Microscopy: Use in Intracellular Microscopy

Bullock, in his paper on "Neuron doctrine and electrophysiology" [Science 129, 997 (1959)], calls attention to the difficulty that intracellular microelectrodes must be placed blindly because a tiny glass tip is invisible in a medium of high refractive index. Science publishes numerous reports on intracellular microelectrode studies, and some of those working in this field might find it worth-while to try using fluorescence microscopy with electrodes of a fluorescent glass such as uranium glass or a rare earth glass. Since a fluorescent object is self-luminous, objects of any size and any refractive index can be seen if fluorescence emission is adequate. With preparations thin enough for substage illumination, cells can be made visible by combined phase and fluorescence microscopy [Price and Christenson, Mikroskopie 12, 14 (1957)—(no reprints left)]. Thicker specimens can be observed with an incident light microscope, with cells made visible by a fluorescent dye such as acridine orange, which has been used for vital staining of nerve tissue by, among others, Zeiger and Harders [Z. Zellforsch. Mikroskop. Anat. 36, 62 (1951)].

GEORGE R. PRICE

Data Systems Division, I.B.M. Corporation, Poughkeepsie, New York

Scientific Apparatus & Instruments

BECKMAN INSTRUMENTS, INC.

D-RECT SALES: D

33 NEW SALES AND SERVICE OFFICES

NOW SERVING THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA

pH Meters • pH Electrodes
UV Spectrophotometers
IR Spectrophotometers
Oxygen Analyzers and Electrodes
Laboratory Gas Chromatographs
Blood Gas Analyzers • Solution Metering
Pumps • Pycnometers • Fluorometers
Recorders

ALBUQUERQUE 4200D Silver Avenue, S.E. Albuquerque, New Mexico....505-265-8511 ATLANTA 5765 Peachtree Industrial Boulevard Chamblee, Georgia404-451-3574 BOSTON Lakeside Office Building 591 North Avenue Wakefield, Massachusetts617-245-6800 BUFFALO 2451 Wehrle Drive Buffalo 21, New York......716-634-3777 CHARLESTON Suite 301, Nelson Building 1018 Kanawha, Charleston 1 West Virginia304-344-3591 CHICAGO 7360 North Lincoln Avenue Lincolnwood 46, Illinois.....312-583-1020 CINCINNATI 10 Knollcrest Drive, (Reading) Cincinnati 37, Ohio513-761-9560 CLEVELAND Suburban-West Building 20800 Center Ridge Road, (Rocky River) Cleveland 16, Ohio216-333-3587 2600 Stemmons Freeway Dallas, Texas214-637-1640 DENVER 3835 Elm Street Denver 7, Colorado303-399-2616 DETROIT 24755 Five Mile Road Detroit 39, Michigan313-538-5990 Office 911, Central Carolina Bank Building, 111 Corcoran Street Durham, North Carolina919-682-5747

FULLERTON (HEADQUARTERS)

Fullerton, California714-871-4848

2500 Harbor Boulevard

HOUSTON 5810 Hillcroft Avenue Houston 36, Texas713-781-0810 **JACKSONVILLE** Spaces 2-E and 2-F, 1914 Beachway Road Jacksonville, Florida305-359-2358 KANSAS CITY Room 202 6016 Troost Avenue Kansas City, Missouri816-444-0559 LOS ANGELES 2400 Harbor Boulevard Fullerton, California714-871-4757 MINNEAPOLIS 5005 Cedar Lake Road Minneapolis 16, Minnesota ... 612-377-8771 NEW ORLEANS Rooms 215 and 217 4435 Veterans Highway Metairie, Louisiana504-831-2631 U.S. Highway 22 @ Summit Road Mountainside, New Jersey201-232-7600 **PHILADELPHIA** 1 Bala Avenue Bala Cynwyd, Pennsylvania ...215-839-3844 PHOENIX 5110B North Seventh Street Phoenix 14, Arizona602-277-4755 PITTSBURGH 950 Greentree Road Pittsburgh 20, Pennsylvania . . 412-921-1530 PORTLAND Room 119, Morrow Building 811 East Burnside Portland, Oregon503-234-0646 ST. LOUIS 5461 Highland Park Drive St. Louis, Missouri314-371-5900 SALT LAKE CITY Rooms 164 and 165 Valley Professional Building 2520 South State Street Salt Lake City 15, Utah801-467-5471 SAN FRANCISCO 2400 Wright Avenue Richmond, California415-526-7730 SEATTLE 11658 Northeast Eighth Street Bellevue, Washington206-454-9528 TULSA Suite #3 4021 South Harvard Building Tulsa, Oklahoma918-742-0692 WASHINGTON, D.C. 12224 Rockville Pike Rockville, Maryland301-656-1644 CANADIAN SALES OFFICES CALGARY 1431 Kensington Road Calgary, Alberta, Canada403-283-5591 MONTREAL Montreal 26, P.Q., Canada....514-735-1376 901 Oxford Street Toronto 18, Ontario, Canada . . 416-251-5251 VANCOUVER 1900 Lonsdale Avenue North Vancouver, B.C., Canada 604-985-5347



INSTRUMENTS, INC.

SCIENTIFIC AND PROCESS INSTRUMENTS DIVISION

Fullerton, California

International Subsidiaries: Geneva, Switzerland; Munich, Germany; Glenrothes, Scotland.