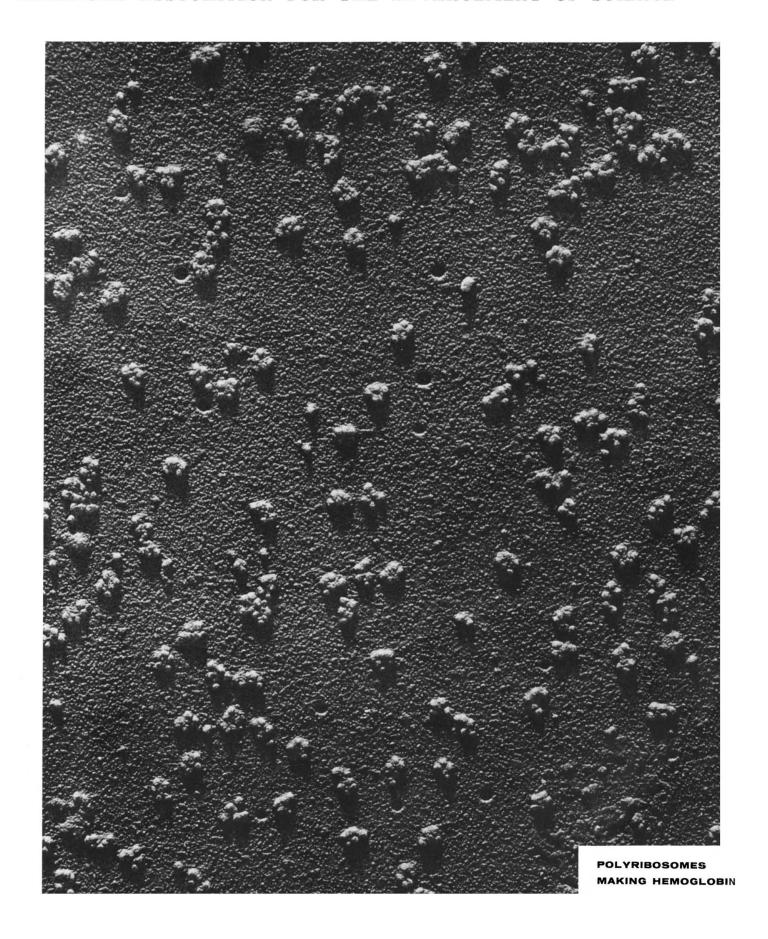
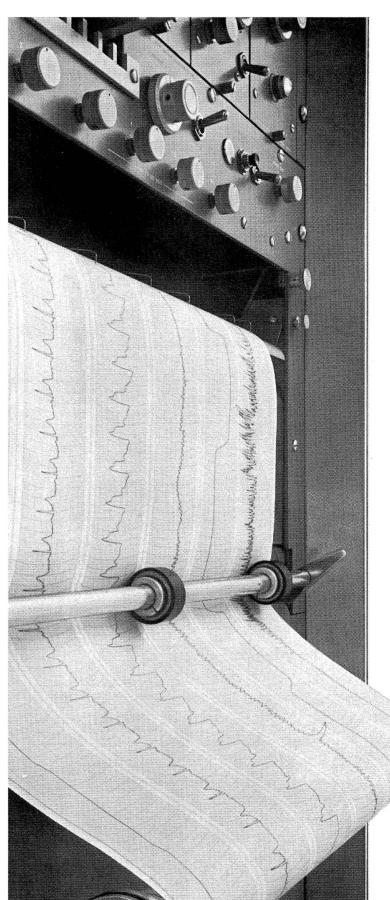
# SCIENCE 28 December 1962 Vol. 138, No. 3548

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE





# RECOGNIZE THESE TRACES?

They're systolic blood pressure, EKG, carotid pulse wave, EEG, expired CO<sub>2</sub>, and integrated EMG – being recorded with the exceptional fidelity inherent in Offner Dynographs<sup>®</sup>. The superbly designed circuits of these direct-writing oscillographs are fully transistorized, giving reliability, instant warm-up, and performance second to none. Frequency response: flat to 200 cps. Sensitivity: one microvolt per millimeter deflection.

Other functions can be recorded with equal ease using economical plug-in couplers in virtually any recording arrangement wanted. Eight channels are standard, 2 to 24 optional. Choice of roll or folded paper, and ink, heat or electric recording complete the picture.

Dynograph brochures are available from Spinco Division, Beckman Instruments, Inc., Palo Alto, California-ask for Data File or-5.

OFFNER: now sold and serviced through Beckman worldwide facilities



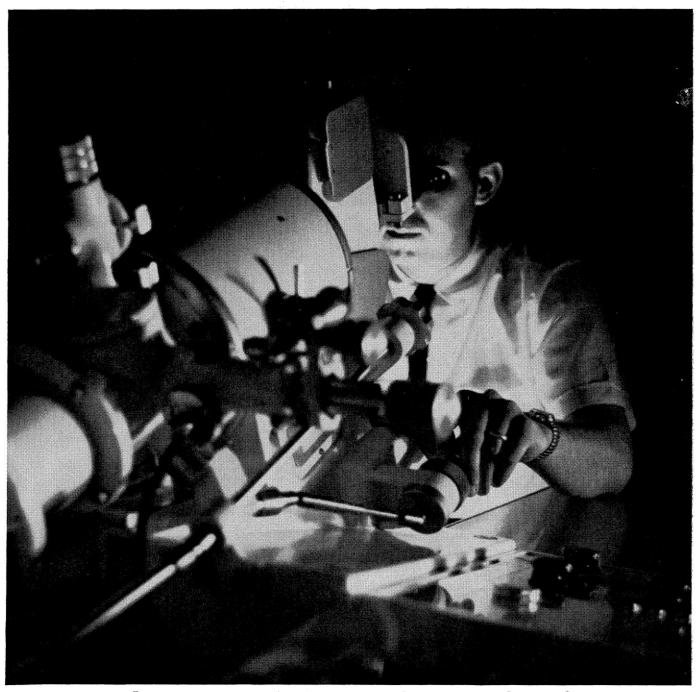
INSTRUMENTS, INC.

SPINCO DIVISION

Palo Alto, California

INTERNATIONAL SUBSIDIARIES: GENEVA, SWITZERLAND; MUNICH, GERMANY; GLENROTHES, SCOTLAND

109A



#### A new concept in electron microscope design!

This defines the Tronscope<sup>TM</sup> 80 electron microscope; an entirely different type of electron microscope. Bendix/Akashi engineers realized that the productivity of conventional electron microscopes could not be further improved without basic changes in concept. And improvement was necessary! Conventional microscopes had to be operated by a patient, skilled microscopist. Resolution was a function of his ability. Instrument preparation, lens alignment and other adjustments required a great deal of valuable operating time.

The Tronscope 80 has been engineered to deliver highest quality results at a level of productivity unequalled with conventional microscope design. It is unconditionally guaranteed to perform continuously at 12 Å resolution. Nine-

ten Å readily obtainable. How? All of the electromagnetic lenses have been permanently aligned in the column, thereby eliminating the time-consuming alignment procedure. A cored-oxide cathode in combination with a telefocus electron gun requires no condenser lens.

A built-in aperture cleaning system has been devised for removing aperture contamination that affects resolution. The microscope image is interrupted less than one minute for the entire cleaning cycle. In addition, a new method of high voltage stabilization has been incorporated.

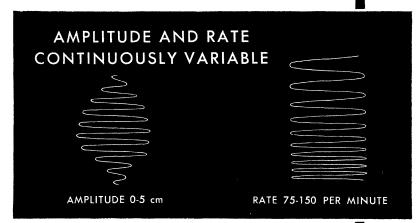
If you would like to learn more about all models of the Bendix/Akashi Tronscope, which incorporate all these new concepts, please write Dept. E-12, 3625 Hauck Rd., Cincinnati 41, Ohio.

#### **Cincinnati Division**

### GME-LARDY WARBURG APPARATUS

The original circular model

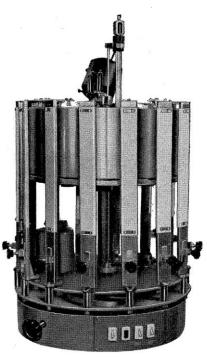
— proven reliability in
many years of operation



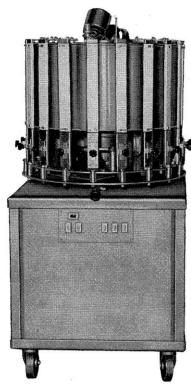
- Quiet Operation
- Convenience Manometer holders rotate 180° for easy preparation on apparatus. Circular gassing manifold is available for placing on the center casting of apparatus; the manifold can rotate with the manometers as it receives its gas through the bearing. These two factors obviate the need for a separate manometer stand.
- Accurate Temperature Control Provided by means of an electronic relay actuated by a hermetically sealed thermoregulator. Accuracy of control is better than ±.02° Centigrade.
- Manometers easily read while flasks are in motion — Pivotal shaking on an axis between the manometer arms provides maximum motion of the flask and minimum movement of the manometers.
- Manometers stop individually Lifting the manometer holder disengages it from the drive pin and lowering re-engages it both easily done while shaking is in progress.
- Photosynthesis models available with a transparent bottom in the water bath. 30-watt lights provide 1000 to 1400 foot-candles on each lighted flask.



Middleton, Wisconsin
On Madison's West Beltline Highway



MODEL WB-4
Accommodates 14 manometers 20" diameter
Temperature range ambient to 50° C.
(Refrigerated model available)

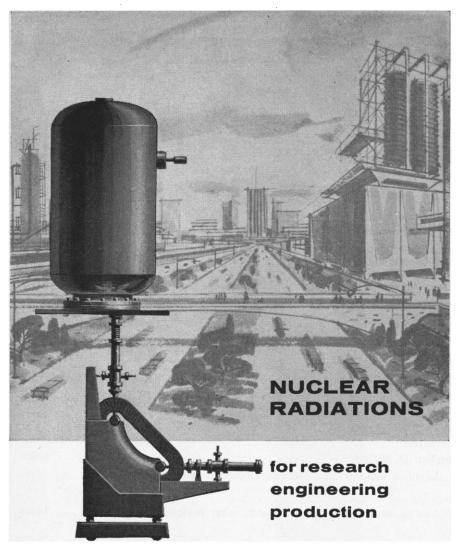


MODEL RWB-3
Refrigerated model — Accommodates
18 manometers — 26" x 26"
Operates from 0° C. to 50° C.
(Non-refrigerated model available)

Apparatus accommodating 20 manometers available on special order. Send for complete glassware list.

### SCIENCE

Editorial	Science and the Humanities	1367
Articles	Beetles, Competition, and Populations: T. Park	1369
	Science for the Citizen: An Educational Problem: J. H. Mathewson	1375
News and Comment	NIH—New Grants Manual; Geological Survey—Public Relations; Loyalty Affidavit—Compromise	1379
Book Reviews	An Analysis of Conflict: Q. Wright  Is economics the most suitable basis for developing a general theory of conflict?	1385
	Experiments in Personality, reviewed by S. R. Maddi; other reviews	1388
Reports	Search for Organized Elements in Carbonaceous Chondrites:  E. Anders and F. W. Fitch	1392
	Electron Microscope Studies of Ribosomal Clusters Synthesizing Hemoglobin:  J. R. Warner, A. Rich, C. E. Hall	1399
	Skin Resistance Recording in the Unrestrained Rat: S. Kaplan and R. Kaplan	1403
	Mechanism for Plant Cellular Morphogenesis: P. B. Green	1404
Departments	Meetings: Quantum Chemistry and Solid State Physics: Forthcoming Events	1407
Cover	Hemoglobin is synthesized in reticulocyte cells on a cluster of ribosomal particles. These clusters, called polyribosomes, can be isolated from osmotically lysed cells. The electron micrograph was made by depositing the clusters on an electron microscope grid and then shadowing with platinum (about × 80,000). See page 1399.	



High Voltage Engineering Corporation particle accelerators provide high-energy nuclear radiations — ionizing electrons, x-rays, positive ions and neutrons — essentially at the end of a pipe, in controlled energies and intensities for practical industrial application.

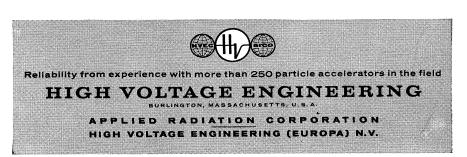
Today, these machine-produced radiations are being used for research in nuclear chemistry and physics...sensitive trace analyses

of chemical elements . . . non-destructive evaluation of reactor components and solid-fueled rockets . . . modification of semiconductor properties . . . production-line sterilization of surgical products . . . polymerization and cross-linking of plastic films and insulations. The potential uses of accelerator radiations are unlimited to the man who recognizes it as a new form of energy.

# radiation service capability . . . for you

A major step has been taken to satisfy the expanding requirements of development and production irradiation programs. A new service irradiation facility has been formed by Electronized Chemicals Corporation, a subsidiary of High Voltage Engineering. With 14,000 square feet of floor space and more than 30 kilowatts of beam processing power, the new rental facility is the world's largest. Four electron accelerators with beam energies of .5, 1.0, 1.5 and 3 Mev will allow selection of precise radiation parameters and utilization of wide-scan electron beams for optimum efficiency, Industrial users will benefit from ample storage space and straight-through conveyor systems. Laboratory space will be available and experienced staff personnel will be on hand to work in complete confidence on all technical aspects of development and production.

If you are interested in Solid State, Sterilization, Chemical Modification, Radiation Damage or Radiation Chemistry programs, write for descriptive literature to Electronized Chemicals Corp., Burlington, Mass. or call BRowning 2-1313.



### SCIENCE

#### AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE

#### **Board of Directors**

THOMAS PARK, Retiring President, Chairman PAUL M. GROSS, President ALAN T. WATERMAN, President Elect

HENRY EYRING DON K. PRICE
H. BENTLEY GLASS MINA REES
MARGARET MEAD ALFRED S. ROMER
WILLIAM W. RUBEY
PAUL A. SCHERER, Treasurer
DAEL WOLFLE, Executive Officer HENRY EYRING H BENTLEY GLASS

#### Editorial Board

DAVID M. BONNER MELVIN CALVIN ERNEST COURANT FARRINGTON DANIELS JOHN T. EDSALL
DAVID R. GODDARD DAVID R. GODDARD H. BURR STEINBACH
ALEXANDER HOLLAENDER DEWITT STETTEN, JR. ROBERT JASTROW ROBERT JASTROW
KONRAD B. KRAUSKOPF
EDWIN M. LERNER
JOHN R. WINCKLER CLARENCE M. ZENER

WILLARD F. LIBBY WILLARD F. LIBBI
NEAL E. MILLER
PHILIP M. MORSE
COLIN S. PITTENDRIGH
KENNETH S. PITZER WILLIAM L. STRAUS, JR.

#### **Editorial Staff**

DAEL WOLFLE Publisher

HANS NUSSBAUM Business Manager

PHILIP H. ABELSON, Editor

ROBERT V. ORMES Managing Editor

ELLEN E. MURPHY Assistant Editor

NANCY TEIMOURIAN, Assistant to the Editor

News: Daniel S. Greenberg, John R. Walsh, Eleanor L. Hill, Marion Y. Kline Book Reviews: SARAH S. DEES

Editorial Assistants: Eleanore J. Butz, Grayce A. Finger, Nancy S. Hamilton, Oliver W. Heatwole, Jane N. Huff, Shelley Mann, Edgar C. Rich, John E. Ringle, Eva Woo, Conrad Yung-Kwai

Staff Assistants: LILLIAN HSU, KAY E. KROZELY, BARBARA J. SHEFFER

EARL J. SCHERAGO, Advertising Director

SCIENCE, now combined with THE SCIENTIFIC MONTHLY, is published each Friday by the American Association for the Advancement of Science at National Publishing Company, Washington, D.C. SCIENCE is indexed in the Reader's Guide to Periodical Literature.

Editorial correspondence should be addressed to SCIENCE, 1515 Massachusetts Ave., NW. Washington 5, D.C. Manuscripts should be typed with double spacing and submitted in triplicate. The AAAS assumes no responsibility for the safety of manuscripts. Opinions expressed by authors are their own and do not necessarily reflect the opinions of the AAAS or the institutions with which the authors are affiliated. For detailed suggestions on the preparation of manuscripts, see Science 138, 496 (26 Oct. 1962).

Advertising correspondence should be addressed to SCIENCE, Room 1740, 11 West 42 St., New York 36, N.Y.

Change of address notification should be sent to 1515 Massachusetts Ave., NW, Washington 5, D.C., 4 weeks in advance. Furnish an address label from a recent issue. Give both old and new addresses, including zone numbers.

Annual subscriptions: \$8.50; foreign postage, \$1.50; Canadian postage, 75¢. Single copies, 35¢. School year subscriptions: 9 months, \$7.00; 10 months, \$7.50. Cable address: Advancesci, Washington.

Copyright © 1962 by the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

#### Science and the Humanities

Take away science and technology from our civilization and there would remain only chaos and starvation. We exist in complete dependence on an organizational and production complex which provides food, clothing, shelter, and the common defense. Less obvious, but equally important, is the philosophic significance of the knowledge which science has generated. Attaining an understanding of the natural laws which govern our lives and the universe about us is a profoundly enriching experience. Unfortunately, only a relatively few citizens, mostly scientists, understand the implications of science or can visualize its future impact. Some humanists, having only the haziest concept of science, have come to regard it as a mysterious and intractable Frankenstein. Others are more constructive and have discussed the need for communication between scientists and nonscientists and especially between scientists and politicians. The gap between the scientists and other citizens is growing, and scientists will have to assume a substantial share of leadership in meeting the problem. Hence it is timely to present one aspect of the matter. On page 1375 of this issue, James H. Mathewson discusses "Science for the citizen—an educational problem." Mathewson has addressed himself to the question of college curricula for the scientist and nonscientist, and he argues thoughtfully concerning the inadequacies of present approaches. He points out:

. elementary science courses are not taught with a broadening function in mind. They are designed to train the science major in specialized fact, theory, and technique from the start. They generally cover only one field in science, with little instruction in how the subject relates to other fields inside or outside of science. Under these circumstances the nonscience major finds his encounter with science a torment of meaningless detail, providing little that he may profitably use for a wider purpose than satisfying an academic regulation. He does not need to become a specialist in a science; he does need to understand the essential nature of science as a whole and his relation to it.

The science major remains correspondingly undereducated. He is frequently permitted to avoid all but the briefest exposure to nonscience courses and activities.

Mathewson proposes revisions of the content of survey courses. We believe that implementation of his ideas would have constructive consequences. But we doubt that his suggestions are sufficiently comprehensive to meet the challenges of the need. First, a quibble about his proposal that the humanists study scientists rather than science. An implication is that there is such a thing as a type specimen, a standard sample, a guaranteed genetically pure "long-hair." Actually, in behavior and thought pattern no two scientists are alike. Many, however, are characterized by a hunger for knowledge that does not stop at the boundaries of their specialties. Once their formal education is finished they inquire into other fields. After the rigors of training in science, the subject content of the humanities seems hardly more difficult than a good novel. While it is feasible for a scientist to overcome deficiencies in earlier training it is almost impossible for humanists to acquire a knowledge of science once the formal educational process is completed. An average man, or even a superior one, cannot learn science from scratch. Our principal comment, then, is that a drastic revision of the educational process, including secondary school training, is overdue. We believe that a realistic curriculum for the secondary schools might well include almost continuous exposure to science, beginning in the primary grades. This would give partial recognition to the realities of a changing world and enrich immeasurably through philosophic values the lives of all.-P.H.A.



### MNEW FROM MNEMOTRON!\*

We are silent about the "M" in Mnemotron but not about our new 700 Series Data Recorder. With good reason. For one, it brings the size and cost of data recording systems down to sensible proportions if your data is analog voltage from DC to 5000 cycles per second. And its features would not embarrass even the costliest instrumentation recorder. Here are a few:

**COMPACTNESS.** A complete 7 channel record/reproduce system uses less than two feet of rack space. A 14 channel system adds less than seven inches more.

**ACCURACY.** Input-output characteristic is linear within 0.2 per cent with Mnemotron unique Pulse Frequency Modulation (PFM) data conversion technique.

**FLEXIBILITY.** As many data channels as you need with a choice of channel format. For greatest operating economy, choose up to 7 channels on  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch magnetic tape, 14 channels on  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch tape, standard IRIG spacing and track width of 7 channels on  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch tape.

INTEGRATED RECORD/REPRODUCE MODULES. A single solid-state PFM Data Converter has all the record/reproduce electronics for each channel. Simple rotary switching lets you select data conversion for 3 tape speeds. No additional plugins needed.

ISOLATED INPUT CIRCUITS. Input terminals of each channel are isolated from all the others to readily accept data from floating, unbalanced or differential sources.

**VERSATILITY.** 700 Series plug-in accessories expand instrumentation capability. Typical: Electrocardiogram preamplifiers for recording directly from electrodes. Pulse Record unit for recording trigger pulses, time markers, or stimulus pulses in medical research...

PRICE. 7 Channel System from \$6,495

**COMPLETE SPECIFICATIONS.** Send for your copy today.

\*To answer the many inquiries, Mnemotron comes from Mnemosyne, Greek Goddess of Memory.

#### MNEMOTRON CORPORATION

45 South Main St., Pearl River, New York, 914 PEarl River 5-4015, Cables: Mnemotron, TWX: H99

Subsidiary of Technical Measurement Corporation, North Haven, Conn.





### Meetings

### **Quantum Chemistry and Solid State Physics**

Something of a mile-marker has been reached in the area of testing and applying quantum theory. This was the feeling of many who attended the Symposium on Quantum Chemistry and Solid State Physics, 27 August to 1 September 1962, as they listened to W. Kolos (Polish Academy of Science) describe a successful and precise calculation of the four-body problem that is the H<sub>2</sub> molecule (two electrons and two protons), a calculation which accounted for nuclear motion and incorporated 80 terms.

The symposium was sponsored by the Quantum Chemistry Institute at Uppsala University under the stimulating guidance of Per-Olov Lowdin. It was held at Rättvik, a tiny Swedish resort town. The topics of discussion were numerous, from the four-body problem already mentioned, to considerations of density matrices in many-body theory, solid state theory, and ligand field theory, to recent work in quantum biology, including suggestive considerations of the tunneling of protons that could affect gene, DNA, RNA, and protein synthesis. It was apparent in the discussions that the means of application, and even to some extent the quantum theory itself, in certain of its details and in its time dependency, is still being tested. Much work that was reported dealt with the means available now to circumvent the considerable mathematical and computational difficulties which beset the quantum chemist.

Progress in solving problems with the Schrödinger equation has been made on several fronts. J. Coleman, P. O. Löwdin and F. Sasaki described advances in the density matrix approach in many-body theory, while N. Bazley and D. W. Fox told of new methods for determining lower limits of the energy levels of atomic and molecular systems. The problem of electron-electron interaction (correlation) was discussed in terms of the alternant molecular orbital scheme (different orbitals for different spins) by R. Pauncz for hydrocarbons, by G. Dermit for diamond, and by J. W. Moskowitz for the interesting hypothetical molecule, annular Ho.

A statistical theoretical study along the lines of the Fermi-Thomas approach was described for atoms by R. Gaspar. The evaluation of zeta-function expan-



### Bausch & Lomb

### V.O.M.-5 RECORDER

... an all-new, complete 5-inch strip-chart recorder that breaks all precedent in the field . . . brings you the finest features of potentiometric recorders for *one low* price. Compare these exclusive advantages, all these "extras" at no extra cost, with any other recorder in its class.

- Five voltage ranges, 10 millivolts to 500 volts D.C. —full scale deflection.
- Six linear ohms scales, 1-to-100,000 ohms full scale, with zener diode D.C. supply.
- Four D.C. current ranges—
   10 microamperes to 100 milliamperes.
- Five chart speeds, 400-to-1 range.

- Off balance input impedance—over 10 megohms.
- Event marker, with interchangeable pens.
- Function switch with mechanical pen letdown.
- Operates in flat, 30° tilt, or wall-mounted position.
- Compact—only 4¾" x 14½" x 11¾".
- Portable—only 16 lbs.

And more. Lots more! Mail the coupon now for the whole story on this new 5-speed recorder with versatility-plus!

### BAUSCH & LOMB

	☐ Please demonstrate the V.O.M5 Recorder at my convenience.
BAUSCH & LOMB	☐ Send Recorder Catalog D-2032.
INCORPORATED	Name Title
77436 Bausch Street	Company
Rochester 2, N. Y.	Address
	City Zone State

28 DECEMBER 1962 1407



#### **Hugh Odishaw**

Editor

### THE CHALLENGES OF SPACE

Space research — today's knowledge, tomorrow's prospects—reviewed by 25 leading space scientists: Cooper, Frutkin, Forrester, Goldberg, Lederberg, Jaffe, Johnson, Kellogg, Newell, Novick, Orlen, Pierce, Pittendrigh, Schwartz, Spitzer, Jr., Shapley, Simpson, Sutton, Van Allen, Van de Hulst, de Vaucouleurs, Waggoner, Wexler, Woollard, and Wright.

Inquire at your bookstore

#### UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS



Chicago 37,

Illi

In Canada:
The University of Toronto Press

UNITRON'S Model MSA

makes teaching easier
learning faster!

Here is a teaching microscope with builtin features to aid the instructor and
student, yet priced for school budgets.
- Comfortably inclined eyepiece to
tates 360° permitting two persons
to share the same instrument, make
comparisons, discuss results
- High intensity illuminating system
with built-in transformer base
- Substage condenser with aperture
- in diaphragm assures correct and
brilliant illumination at all powers
- Love positioned carse and fine
focusing controls with protective
stops to prevent damage to objectives or slides
- Large stage projects beyond objectives or slides
- Large stage projects beyond objective preventing accidental damage
- Three parfocal achromatic

Only FREE 10-DAY TRIAL
Even higher discounts on quantities more than 10.

ionally available . . . gives large lat field of view and desirable

### UNITRON INSTRUMENT COMPANY • MICROSCOPE SALES DIV.

66	NEEDI	MAH	ST.,	NEWTON	HIGHLA	NDS	61,	MASS.
Pleas	se rush	UNIT	RON's	Microscop	e Catalog	4W		

City	State	
Address		
Company		
1401110		

sions for molecular integrals was described by Moskowitz. Remarks on linked-cluster expansions were presented by Löwdin. An interesting extension of density matrix theory in a Hückel-type approximation was made and applied to conjugated hydrocarbons and benzenoid compounds containing heteroatoms by H. Looyenga of Nederlandse Centrale Organisatie, T.N.O., Delft.

In masterful presentations, B. and A. Pullman described the considerable progress in understanding the relative reactivity and natural selection of many molecules of biological importance. Quantum chemistry has been helpful in interpreting the role of enzyme constituents important in oxidation reduction reactions, in the calculation of stability to ultraviolet radiation, in evaluation of the role of functional molecular portions (as opposed to whole molecules) in carcinogen action, and in the evaluation of hydrogen bonding through the amino acid residues as potential pathways for electron transfer. Löwdin presented an interesting and potentially fruitful notion of protonic tunneling between the doubly hydrogen-bonded base pairs of the doublestranded DNA molecule. If such a process did occur, it was pointed out, then inversion of pairing and other faulty storage of information could occur. This then has direct implications in the problems of mutations, evolution, ageing, and tumor inception.

Recognition was given the perennial problem of phase determination in electron and x-ray diffraction determinations by K. Hedberg.

There are new areas where quantum chemistry is being used to solve major problems. The determination of the cage-like structure of the many new polyhedric organic and inorganic molecules was discussed by R. H. Hoffman, and the many-electron approach of Naziere-Pines to the treatment of the dielectric constant of a solid and the consequent estimation of London intermolecular force terms was developed by Jan Linderberg. H. A. Pohl discussed the nature of carrier transport vis-à-vis molecular overlap in molecular solids with special reference to conductivity and to piezoresistivity; the existing gap in the theory of carrier mobility in solids in the transition range between that well described by wave-packet "drifting," and that describable by "hopping" processes (between about 500 and 0.01 cm²/volt sec); the much needed extension of theory using random coordinate spacings to the problems of electronic transport processes in amorphous solids and liquids; and the problem of the near identity of the activation energy of conduction to the lowest triplet energy in molecular solids of organic nature. Finally, Coleman made a laudatory reference to the equation of Wentzel for many particles which is relativistically invariant; and Löwdin presented a challenging discussion of the reaction rate problem in terms of the wave mechanical evolution operator for the time dependent Schrödinger equation. Löwdin urged a fresh consideration of the evolution operator in treating kinetic problems and expressed confidence that it would become a powerful tool.

The attending scientists, who came from many nations, united in expressing their deep appreciation for the hospitality extended them by their Swedish hosts, and for the stimulating approaches in quantum chemistry presented at the Symposium.

HERBERT A. POHL

Department of Chemistry,
Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn,
Brooklyn, New York

#### Forthcoming Events

#### January

18-19. Blood, annual symp., Detroit, Mich. (G. F. Anderson, Dept. of Physiology and Pharmacology, Wayne State Univ., 1401 Rivard St., Detroit 7)

21-23. Chemistry and Biochemistry of Seed Proteins, intern. conf., New Orleans, La. (C. H. Fisher, Southern Utilization Research and Development Div., Agricultural Research Service, U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, P.O. Box 19687, New Orleans 19)

21-23. Institute of the Aerospace Sciences, annual, New York, N.Y. (IAS, 2 E. 64 St., New York 21)

21-24. American Meteorological Soc., annual, New York, N.Y. (R. L. Pfeffer, Lamont Geological Observatory, Columbia Univ., Palisades, N.Y.)

21-24. Advances in **Gas Chromatography**, intern. symp., Houston, Tex. (A. Zlatkis, Chemistry Dept., Univ. of Houston, Houston)

22. Infectious Diseases of the Heart and Circulation, conf., New York, N.Y. (C. A. R. Connor, New York Heart Assoc., 10 Columbus Circle, New York 19)

22-24. Reliability and Quality Control, natl. symp., San Francisco, Calif. (L. W. Ball, Boeing Co., P.O. Box 3707, Seattle 24, Wash.)

23-25. Elevated Temperature Mechanics, intern. conf., 3rd Navy Structural Mechanics Symp., New York, N.Y. (by invitation). (A. M. Freudenthal, 624 Mudd Bldg., Columbia Univ., New York 27)

23-26. American Assoc. of Physics Teachers, New York, N.Y. (R. P. Winch,

### Recent AAAS Symposium Volumes

#### #72. Spermatozoan Motility.

1962. 322 pages. 113 illustrations.
Edited by: David W. Bishop.
For the first time the details of sperm motility are here presented in monograph form. A wealth of previously unpublished data. A valuable source of reference for the student and investigators as well as for the prostitioner. and investigator, as well as for the practitioner of applied reproductive biology.

Retail Price: \$7.50. AAAS Member's Cash Price:

#### #71. Great Lakes Basin.

1962. 320 pages. 92 illustrations. Edited by: Howard J. Pincus.

The reader will find here material on pure and applied science, accounts of new research and reviews of material published elsewhere, historical and social studies, and pleas for action and planning.

Retail Price: \$7.50. AAAS Member's Cash Price:

#### #70. Fundamentals of Keratinization.

1962. 202 pages. 136 illustrations. Edited by: Earl O. Butcher and Reidar F. Sognnaes.

The fields of anatomy, dentistry, dermatology, medicine, pathology, and zoology are represented in this volume.

Retail Price: \$6.50. AAAS Member's Cash Price:

### #69. Biophysics of Physiological and Pharmacological

1961. 612 pages. 212 illustrations. Edited by: Abraham M. Shanes. A bird's-eye view of a number of principles now considered important. Useful for teaching, as well as for research purposes.

Retail Price: \$13.50. AAAS Member's Cash Price: \$11.75.

#### #68. Sciences in Communist China.

1961. 884 pages. 23 illustrations. Edited by: Sidney H. Gould.

"... strongly recommended to all who are in search of facts and source material on the sciences in China."—Science, 22 September

Retail Price: \$14.00. AAAS Member's Cash Price:

#### #67. Oceanography.

1961. 2nd printing, 1962. 665 pages. 146 illustrations

Edited by: Mary Sears.

"I know of no other volume that so well defines oceanography, its purpose, opportunities and requirements."—Science, 9 June 1961

Retail Price: \$14.75. AAAS Member's Cash Price:

#### #66. Germ Plasm Resources.

1961. 394 pages. 59 illustrations. Edited by: Ralph E. Hodgson. This book will be of interest to nonplant and animal breeders, for the rather general treatment of various topics . . . allows for rapid perusal."—Bulletin of the Entomological Society of America, September 1961

Retail Price: \$9.75. AAAS Member's Cash Price:

#### #65. Aging . . . Some Social and Biological Aspects.

1960. 436 pages. 65 illustrations. Edited by: Nathan W. Shock.

"The 26 contributors include many of the most respected names in American gerontology, and the chapters cover a wealth of material."—

Journal of Gerontology

Retail Price: \$8.50. AAAS Member's Cash Price:

#### #64. Calcification in Biological Systems.

1960, 526 pages, 283 illustrations, Edited by: R. F. Sognnaes. "Those interested in current concepts of min-eralization of calcified tissues will find in this text the sources of current knowledge on the subject."—American Journal of Orthodontics, May 1961

Retail Price: \$9.75. AAAS Member's Cash Price:

#### #63. Congenital Heart Disease.

1960. 372 pages. 147 illustrations. Edited by: Allan D. Bass and Gordon K. Moe. "Should serve as a valuable and concise summation of the more important aspects of congenital heart disease."—American Journal of Cardiology, August 1961

Retail Price: \$7:50. AAAS Member's Cash Price:

British Agents: Bailey Bros. & Swinfen, Ltd., Hyde House, West Central St., London, W.C.1

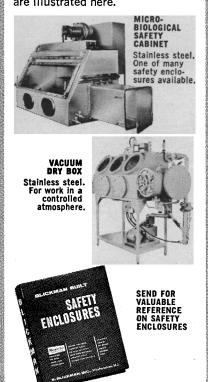
Clip out this Form. Fill in and Mail Today

Circle Volumes You Wish To Order	American Association for the Advancement of Science 1515 Massachusetts Avenue, NW Washington 5, D.C.  Please send the symposium volumes circled on this form, to:
72 71 70	Name:
69 68 67	
66 65 64	Address:
63	City: Zone: State:
\$Payment Enclosed	Please check:  ( ) I am a member of AAAS, and enclose payment for the volumes indicated at member prices.  ( ) I am not a member of AAAS.  ( ) Please bill me.
	( ) Please send Membership Application Form.

## HANDLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SAFELY!

- **TOXIC CHEMICALS**
- RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS
- LIVE VIRUSES, BACTERIA
- **CONTAMINANTS**
- **MIRACLE METALS**

Virtually any dangerous substance can be handled safely in one of the wide variety of special enclosures manufactured by S. Blickman, Inc. These include dry boxes, biological safety cabinets, controlled - atmosphere boxes, fume hoods and many other types. Two are illustrated here.



6912 G	ICKMAN, IN egory Ave. • W	
	e send book on saf send catalog on lab	•
NAME		
TITLE		
COMPAN	ſ <u></u>	
ADDRESS		
CITY	ST	ATE

Williams College, Williamstown, Mass.) 23-26. American Group Psychotherapy Assoc., annual, Washington, D.C. (AGPA, 1790 Broadway New York 19)

1790 Broadway, New York 19)
24-27. American Mathematical Soc., annual, Berkeley, Calif. (AMS, 190 Hope St., Providence 6, R.I.)

25-6. International College of Surgeons, West Indies congr., aboard S.S. Santa Rosa. (Secretariat, 1516 Lake Shore Dr.,

Chicago 10, Ill.)

26. Association for Symbolic Logic, Berkeley, Calif. (T. Hailperin, Dept. of Mathematics, Lehigh Univ., Bethlehem, Pa.)

26-28. Mathematical Assoc. of America, annual, Berkeley, Calif. (H. M. Gehman, Univ. of Buffalo, Buffalo 14, N.Y.)

27-1. American Inst. of Electrical Engineers, winter general meeting, New York, N.Y. (R. S. Gardner, AIEE, 33 W. 39 St., New York 18)

28-2. American Library Assoc., Chicago, Ill. (D. H. Clift, ALA, 50 E. Huron St., Chicago 11)

28-2. **Body Composition**, conf., New York, N.Y. (J. Brozek, Dept. of Psychology, Lehigh Univ., Bethlehem, Pa.)

30-1. Military Electronics, natl. winter convention, Los Angeles, Calif. (F. P. Adler, Space Systems Div., Hughes Aircraft Co., Culver City, Calif.)

31-1. American Soc. for Engineering Education, college-industry conf., Atlanta, Ga. (W. L. Collins, Univ. of Illinois, Urbana)

31-1. Society of Rheology, annual western regional meeting, Emeryville, Calif. (T. L. Smith, Stanford Research Inst., Menlo Park, Calif.)

31-2. Western Soc. for Clinical Research, annual, Carmel-by-the-Sea, Calif. (H. R. Warner, Latter-day Saints Hospital, Dept. of Physiology, Salt Lake City 3, Utah)

#### February

4-8. Rice Genetics and Cytogenetics, symp., Los Baños, Laguna, Philippines. (Inter. Rice Research Inst., Manila Hotel, Manila, Philippines)
4-9. Recent Trends in Iron and Steel

4-9. Recent Trends in **Iron and Steel Technology**, symp., Jamshedpur, India. (Secretary, Indian Inst. of Metals, 31 Chowringhee Rd., Calcutta, India)

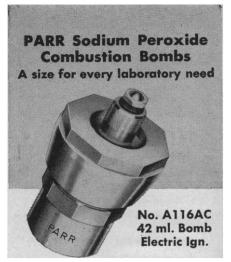
4-20. Application of Science and Technology for the Benefit of Less Developed Areas, U.N. conference, Geneva, Switzerland. (Science Conference Staff, Agency for International Development, 826 State Dept. Annex 1, Washington 25)

5-14. International Radio Consultative Committee, Plan Subcommittee for Asia, New Delhi, India. (V. Barthoni, 128 rue de Lausanne, Geneva, Switzerland)

6-9. American College of Radiology, Chicago, Ill. (F. H. Squire, Presbyterian-St. Luke's Hospital, 1753 W. Congress St., Chicago 12)

8-18. United Nations Committee on Industry and Natural Resources in Asia and the Far East, Bangkok, Thailand. (S. Santitham, Rajadamnern Ave., Bangkok)

10-15. Management Function in Research and Development, conf., Pasadena, Calif. (Management Development Section, Industrial Relations Center, California Inst. of Technology, Pasadena)



Samples weighing up to one gram are rapidly and completely oxidized in the A116AC bomb preparatory to determining Sulfur, Halogens, Arsenic, Boron and other elements in almost any combustible material. Smaller samples can be treated in any of six similar PARR bombs in 22, 8 and 2.5 ml. sizes, both flame and electric ignition types.

Ask for Specification 2000



INSTRUMENT COMPANY MOLINE, ILLINOIS

#### **GRASSLANDS**

Editor: Howard B. Sprague

1959

6" x 9", 424 pp., 37 illus., index, cloth. Price \$9.00, AAAS members' cash orders \$8.00. AAAS Symposium Volume No. 53.

This volume is intended as a review of knowledge on many aspects of grasslands resources. The 44 authors were selected by their own professional colleagues as being particularly competent to present the respective subjects. Thirty-seven papers are arranged under these chapter headings:

- 1. Sciences in Support of Grassland Research
- 2. Forage Production in Temperate Humid Regions
- 3. Engineering Aspects of Grassland Agriculture
- 4. Forage Utilization and Related Animal Nutrition Problems
- 5. Evaluation of the Nutritive Significance of Forages
- 6. Grassland Climatology
- 7. Ecology of Grasslands
- 8. Range Management

British Agents: Bailey Bros. & Swinfen, Ltd., Hyde House, W. Central Street, London, W.C.1

AAAS, 1515 Mass. Ave., NW, Washington 5, D.C.

# NEW UNITRON stereo microscopes ......as low as \$110

Both models offer . . . sharp clear erect image • large depth of focus • wide field • long working distance • interpupillary and diopter adjustments • rack and pinion focusing • coated optics





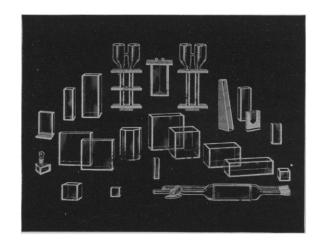
MSL a precision.



MSHL - a versatile 

UNITRON INSTRUMENT COMPANY • MICROSCOPE SALES DIV.

#### **GLASS ABSORPTION** made **CELLS** KLETT Ьy



Klett-Summerson Photoelectric Colorimeters—
Colorimeters — Nephelometers — Fluorimeters—
Bio-Colorimeters — Comparators — Glass Standards—Klett Reagents.

Klett Manufacturing Co., Inc. 179 East 87 Street, New York, New York

### DENSITOMETRIC EQUIPMENT

### Single Unit

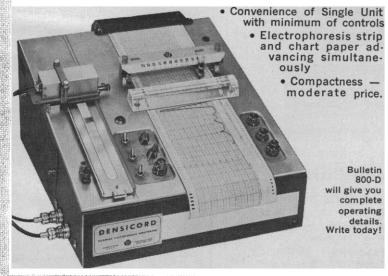
Densicord Model 542 for Recording Electrophoresis

with this system:



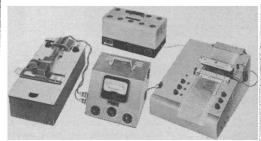
**Building Blocks** 

for Electrophoresis and Chromatography



#### with this system:

- Choice of manual, semi-automatic, or fully automatic operation
- · For strips as well as sheets
- Adapted for agar, gels, and thin-layer chromatographic plates



Bulletin 800-S will give you complete operating details. Write today!

PHOTOVOLT CORP. 1115 Broadway · New York 10, N.Y.

10-16. Planned Parenthood, intern. conf., Singapore. (V. Houghton, Intern. Planned Parenthood Federation, 69 Eccleston Sq., London, S.W.1, England)

11-14. American Soc. of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers, New York, N.Y. (R. C. Cross, 345 E. 47th St., New York 17)

11-14. Industrial Lubrication, intern. conf. and exhibit, London, England. (E. V. Paterson, Scientific Lubrication, 217a

Kensington High St., London W.8)
11-15. Quantum Electronics, intern. symp., Paris, France. (Secrétariat, Troisième Congrès International d'Electronique Quantique, 7 rue de Madrid, Paris)

12-14. Lysozomes, symp. (by invitation), London, England. (Ciba Foundation, 41 Portland Pl., London W.1)

13-15. Electrochemistry, 1st Australian conf., part I, Sydney, Australia. (F. Gutmann, Physical Chemistry Dept., Univ. of New South Wales, Kensington, N.S.W., Australia)

13-16. National Soc. of College Teachers of Education, Chicago, Ill. (E. J. Clark, Indiana State College, Terre

14-15. American Soc. for Quality Control, Textile and Needles Trades Div., annual conf., Clemson, S.C. (H. F. Littleton, c/o Charles H. Bacon Co., Lenoir City,

15-14 Apr. Aeronautics and Space, intern. exhibition, São Paulo, Brazil. (Santos Dumont Foundation, Avenida Ipiranga Nº. 84, São Paulo)

16-23. Caribbean Dental Convention. Port of Spain, Trinidad. (A. V. Awon, 43-45 Frederick St., Port of Spain)

17-21. Technical Assoc. of the Pulp and Paper Industry, annual, New York, N.Y. (TAPPI, 360 Lexington Ave., New York 17)

18-20. American Standards Assoc., natl. conf., New York, N.Y. (ASA, 10 E. 40 St., New York 16)

18-20. Biophysical Soc., annual, New York, N.Y. (A. Mauro, Rockefeller Inst., New York)

18-20. Electrochemistry, 1st Australian conf., part II, Hobart, Tasmania. (J. N. Baxter, Chemistry Dept., Univ. of Tasmania, Hobart)

18-25. Expert Committee on Food Additives, FOA/WHO, Rome, Italy. (Intern. Agency Liaison Branch, Office of the Director General, Food and Agriculture Organization, Viale delle Terme di Caracalla, Rome)

19-22. Radiochemistry, inter-American conf., Montevideo, Uruguay. (Pan American Union, Washington 6)

20-22. Fundamental Cancer Research, annual symp., Houston, Tex. (L. Dmochowski, Section of Virology and Electron Microscopy, M. D. Anderson Hospital, Houston 25)

Solid-State Circuits, 20-22. intern conf., Philadelphia, Pa. (F. J. Witt, Bell Telephone Laboratories, Inc., Murray Hill, N.J.)

20-23. National Assoc. for Research in Science Teaching, Washington, D.C. (J. D. Novak, Biological Science Dept., Purdue Univ., Lafayette, Ind.)

20-24. Diseases of the Chest, intern. congr., New Delhi, India. (M. Kornfeld, American College of Chest Physicians, 112 E. Chestnut St., Chicago 11, Ill.)

21-22. American Soc. for Quality Control, regional conf., Las Vegas, Nev. (S. R. Wood, Dept. 61, Bldg. 160, Aerojet-

General Corp., Azusa, Calif.)
22-23. American Psychopathological
Assoc., annual, New York, N.Y. (F. A. Freyhan, c/o St. Elizabeths Hospital, Washington 20, D.C.)

23-28. American Soc. for Testing and Materials, Atlantic City, N.J. (H. H. Hamilton, 1916 Race St., Philadelphia 3, Pa.)

24-25. Unit Processes in Hydrometallurgy, symp., Dallas, Tex. (F. T. David, Colorado School of Mines, Golden)

24-27. **Diffusion**, intern. conf., Palm Springs, Calif. (J. A. Biles, Univ. of Southern California, School of Pharmacy, Los Angeles 7)

24-28. American Inst. of Mining, Metallurgical, and Petroleum Engineers, annual, Dallas, Tex. (E. Kirkendall, AIME, 345 E. 47 St., New York 17)

25-27. Advanced Marine Engineering Concepts for Increased Reliability, symp., Ann Arbor, Mich. (G. L. West, Jr., Dept. of Marine and Nuclear Engineering, Univ. of Michigan, Ann Arbor)

25-1. Environmental Engineering, natl. conf., Atlanta, Ga. (W. H. Wisely, American Soc. of Civil Engineers, 345 E. 47

St., New York, N.Y.)

26-27. Dairy Engineering, natl. conf.,
East Lansing, Mich. (C. W. Hall, Dept. of Agricultural Engineering, Michigan

State Univ., East Lansing) 26-1. Society of Plastics Engineers, annual technical conf., Los Angeles, Calif. (G. P. Kovach, Foster Grant Co., 289 N. Main St., Leominster, Mass.)

27-3. American College of Cardiology, Los Angeles, Calif. (D. Scherf, 55 E. 86 St., New York 27)

28-2. Experimental Aspects of NMR Spectroscopy, Pittsburgh, Pa. (W. A. Straub, Applied Research Laboratory, U.S. Steel Corp., Monroeville, Pa.)

#### March

1-3. Developing Brain and Binding Sites of Brain Biogenic Amines, intern. symp., Galesburg, Ill. (H. E. Himwich, Research Div., Galesburg State Research Hospital, Galesburg)

2-6. Canadian Assoc. of Radiologists, annual, Quebec, Canada. (J. L. Léger, 1555 Summerhill Ave., Montreal 25, P.Q., Canada)

4-6. Association of Iron and Steel Engineers, western meeting, Los Angeles, Calif. (T. J. Ess, 1010 Empire Bldg., Pittsburgh 22, Pa.)

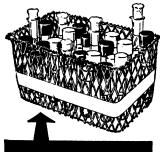
4-6. Wildlife Management Inst., Detroit, Mich. (C. R. Gutermuth, 709 Wire Bldg.,

Washington 5) 4-8. Analytical Chemistry and Applied Spectroscopy, 14th annual, Pittsburgh, Pa. (W. A. Straub, Applied Research Labora-

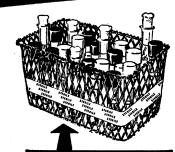
tory, U.S. Steel Corp., Monroeville, Pa.) 4-9. Astronautics, 3rd Inter-American symp., São Paulo, Brazil. (Symp. Secretariat, Sociedade Interplanetaria Brasileira,

Caixa Postal 6450, São Paulo)





Before Sterilizina "TSI" Tape appears blank



After Sterilizing "TSI" Tape will articulate service article has been through and show condition "Sterile"

(time sterile indicator) SI tape shows STERILE after sterilizing STOP spreading infection • DON'T discard live bacteria.



• Begin your tests with sterile equipment.

After testing, sterilize specimen before discarding.

After discarding specimen, sterilize equipment for re-use.

**USE TSI (Time Sterile Indicator) TAPE FOR ALL YOUR LABORATORY PROCEDURES** 

PROFESSIONAL TAPE CO., INC.

Write for complete details today! 365Al Burlington Ave. Riverside, Ill.