shchev; the intention of Premier Khrushchev will be to try to impress the Soviet point of view on the President; and Khrushchev is well known to be a member of the Communist Party.

The criticisms, then, only take on significance on the assumption that the American scientists are babes in the woods dealing with the shrewdly calculating Russians. The report apparently will suggest that a major Soviet interest in the conferences is to weaken the will of American scientists to resist Soviet aggression, and possibly to seduce the scientists, who, the report will apparently imply, are especially susceptible to such seduction, to actual subversion.

The report apparently will avoid even mentioning the connections of members of the American delegation with their government, and thus will avoid explicitly raising such questions as whether the President himself was unwittingly aiding the communists when, as President elect, he permitted Jerome Wiesner and W. W. Rostow, two of his closest advisers, to attend the conference, or whether the President, lacking the subcommittee's understanding of the nature of the communist conspiracy, has been looking for advice from men who are easily taken in by the Russians. But it is not difficult to guess that others will not be slow in picking up where the subcommittee leaves off, and the question then arises: If the President has chosen such men as advisers on the extremely delicate matter of disarmament, whether other presidential advisers are not equally open to question.

Other policies quickly come to mind as almost equally unpalatable to a good many people as taking seriously the Russians' claims of interest in disarmament: the view, for example, that American foreign aid commitments should be conditioned on a nation's willingness to go through with social and political reforms more than on its willingness to adhere to pro-American military alliances.

Thus, although the report apparently will concentrate its fire on such easy targets as Cyrus Eaton and Bertrand Russell, its implications, by no very indirect route, lead to the highest levels of the Administration, and it is difficult to see how the view reflected in the report can avoid, sooner or later, requiring an answer by anyone of lesser stature than the President himself— H.M.

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Announcements

A Russian drug index, containing a comprehensive listing of drugs currently in use in the Soviet Union for therapeutical and experimental purposes, has been published by the National Library of Medicine. The index (PHS Publication No. 814) is designed to "overcome obstacles to understanding Russian scientific literature presented by the language barriers, since Russian drug names often have no relation to the generally accepted names used for medical purposes in other parts of the world." (Superintendent of Documents, GPO, Washington 25, D.C. \$.60)

Meetings

The Inter-American Conference on mathematical education, under the direction of the International Commission on Mathematical Education and the Organization of American States, will be held in Bogotá, Colombia from 4 to 9 December. The conference will cover the present status of mathematical education at the secondary and university levels in each of the countries. the needs for improved mathematical instruction, and procedures each country can initiate to progress in mathematics, especially in preparing teachers and research workers. Attendance will be limited to invited participants and persons sent as delegates from their governments, scientific organizations, and sponsoring bodies. The conference was made possible by grants from the Ford Foundation, UNESCO, OAS, and the Colombia Government.

An international symposium on microchemical techniques, conducted by Pennsylvania State University's College of Chemistry and Physics and Continuing Education, will be held from 13 to 18 August. Subjects for technical sessions will include organic and inorganic chemistry, organic functional groups, microscopy, microsynthesis, microphysical methods, instrumentation, titrimetry, microbiochemistry, nucleonic methods, trace analysis, and general topics. (Pennsylvania State University, University Park.)

The 7th Inter-American Congress of Psychology will be held in Monterrey, Mexico, from 19 to 23 December. Papers on the understanding of human behavior in cross-cultural situations are being solicited from members of any of the behavioral sciences. The congress will be organized under the main headings of personality and culture, experimental psychology, applied psychology (educational and industrial), and psychology and mental health. It is being held under the joint auspices of the Instituto Tecnológico y de Estudios Superiores de Monterrey, the Institute of Latin American Studies of the University of Texas, and the Centro de Investigaciones Sociales, with headquarters in Monterrey. Abstracts of papers must be submitted in duplicate prior to 1 August. (Centro de Investigaciones Sociales, Box 7553, University of Texas, Austin 12)

Courses

A 2-week course on the application of **nuclear methods to oceanography** and related fields will be conducted by the Oak Ridge Institute of Nuclear Studies 6–17 November. The course, conducted by the institute for the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, will be limited to 20 participants. Deadline for return of applications is *1 August*. (Ralph T. Overman, ORINS, P.O. Box 117, Oak Ridge, Tenn.)

An extensive research training program in obstetrics and gynecology, established with a grant from the Public Health Service, will begin on 1 July at the University of Oregon Medical School. The program, designed for training of undergraduate, graduate, and postgraduate students, will emphasize basic and applied cancer research. Student trainees will be provided with a 3-year stipend, and will receive a master's degree as well as a doctor of medicine degree on completion of the program. Postgraduate trainees during a 4-year residency program will receive salaries in excess of the regular resident stipends. Postresidency trainees will receive stipends comparable with those of beginning private practice. (University of Oregon Medical School, Portland 1)

The American Oil Chemists' Society is offering a short course on **newer lipid analyses** for organic and physical chemists and biochemists, to be held at the University of Rochester 24–26 July. The closing date for registration is 13 July. (American Oil Chemists' Society, 35 E. Wacker Dr., Chicago 1)

Grants, Fellowships, and Awards

Grants-in-aid are available, through the Herman Frasch Foundation, for fundamental research in agricultural chemistry at nonprofit, incorporated institutions. The grants, made for periods up to 5 years, are subject to annual review and approval on evidence of satisfactory progress. Applications should be submitted before 1 July and should contain the following information: outline of the research project; potential practical benefit of results; facilities available; qualifications of available personnel; anticipated time for completion; itemized estimate of annual expenditures for salaries, supplies, equipment, and so forth; and publication plans. The grants are administered by the United States Trust Company of New York, with the advice of the American Chemical Society. (Earl A. Samson, Jr., United States Trust Co., New York, 45 Wall St., New York 5)

Fellowships and research grants in the studies of **hemorrhagic disorders** are being offered by the National Hemophilia Foundation. The foundation is primarily interested in pilot projects that would not be eligible for support by the National Institutes of Health. (Martin C. Rosenthal, National Hemophilia Foundation, 175 5th Ave., New York 10)

Over 200 fellowships for graduate study in 15 foreign countries in 1962-63 are being offered by foreign governments and universities through the Institute of International Education. The fellowships cover tuition costs and provide various amounts for living expenses. Students applying for Australian, Danish, French, German, Israeli, Italian, or Netherlands government awards may apply for a Fulbright travel grant to supplement the fellowship. Eligibility requirements include U.S. citizenship, a bachelor's degree or its equivalent before departure, and ability to speak the language of the country that is offering the fellowship. Preference is given to applicants under 35 who have not had extensive experience abroad. Two additional awards, for study or research in any country in the Far East, South or Southeast Asia, or Africa, are being offered by an American foundation. (Information and Counseling Division, Institute of International Education, 1 E. 67th St., New York 21)

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Scientists in the News

LeRoy E. Burney, former surgeon general of the U.S. Public Health Service, has been appointed to the newly created position of vice president for the health sciences at Temple University Medical Center.

Frank Press, professor of geophysics at the California Institute of Technology, has been named California scientist of the year by the California Museum of Science and Industry Foundation. The annual award carries a prize of \$5000.

Jay H. Davidson, chief of Haverford Hospital's department of medicine and faculty member of the Graduate School of Medicine, University of Pennsylvania, has been appointed director of medical education at St. Luke's and Children's Medical Center, Philadelphia.

David S. Stoller, a member of the logistics department, Rand Corporation, and acting assistant professor of business administration at the University of California (Los Angeles), has been appointed a visiting consultant in operations research by the NATO Scientific Council for the academic year 1960–61. He will hold a joint appointment as a consultant with the Italian Government's Central Institute of Statistics and as a visiting professor at the University of Rome.

William Grove, associate professor of surgery at the University of Illinois, has been named associate dean of the university's college of medicine. He succeeds William F. Kellow, who resigned his position to become dean and chief medical officer of the Hahnemann Medical College.

Oscar K. Diamond, psychiatrist and former assistant director, Creedmoor State Hospital, Jamaica, N.Y., has been appointed director of Manhattan State Hospital, Ward's Island, N.Y.

Two faculty members of Ohio State University College of Medicine have been promoted to assistant deans, effective 1 July. John A. Prior, professor of medicine and chief of the division of pulmonary diseases at University Hospital, succeeds N. Paul Hudson, who will retire on 30 June. James H. Williams, clinical assistant professor of obstetrics and gynecology, succeeds Chauncey D. Leake. Leake, currently president of the AAAS, will continue as professor and chief of the division of pharmacology.

James L. Dyson, head of the geology department at Lafayette College, has been elected president of the Pennsylvania Academy of Science for the year 1961–62.

David D. Daly, consultant in neurology, and James W. Kernohan, senior consultant in pathology, Mayo Clinic, have joined the staff of the Barrow Neurological Institute, Phoenix, Ariz. Daly will become chairman of the division of neurology, and Kernohan will become chairman of the division of neuropathology.

Leon I. Goldberg, clinical associate in experimental therapeutics with the National Heart Institute, has been appointed associate professor of pharmacology and assistant professor of medicine at Emory University.

Robert B. Reed, associate professor of biostatistics in the Harvard School of Public Health, has been named professor and head of the department, effective 1 July. He succeeds **Hugo Muench**, who will retire at the close of the current academic year.

Sir Harold Roxbee Cox has been appointed chairman of the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research, Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, London, for a 5-year term. He was previously chairman of the Metal Box Co., Ltd., and is chairman of the National Council for Technological Awards.

Two National Bureau of Standards scientists have been selected to be the Bureau's first senior research fellows. Ugo Fano, former chief of the radiation physics section, and Herbert Broida, solid state physicist, will be afforded an opportunity to conduct individual research not falling primarily within the scope of a particular scientific division at the Bureau.

Herbert Friedman has been appointed part-time professor of physics at the University of Maryland. He is currently superintendent of the astrophysics division, Naval Research Laboratory, Washington, D.C.