

# SCIENCE

24 July 1959

Volume 130, Number 3369

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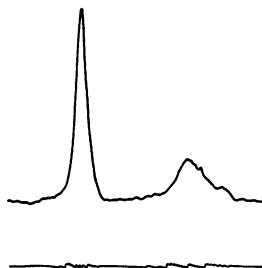
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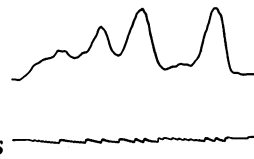
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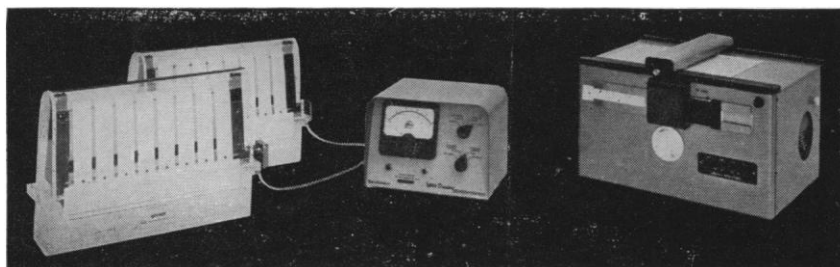
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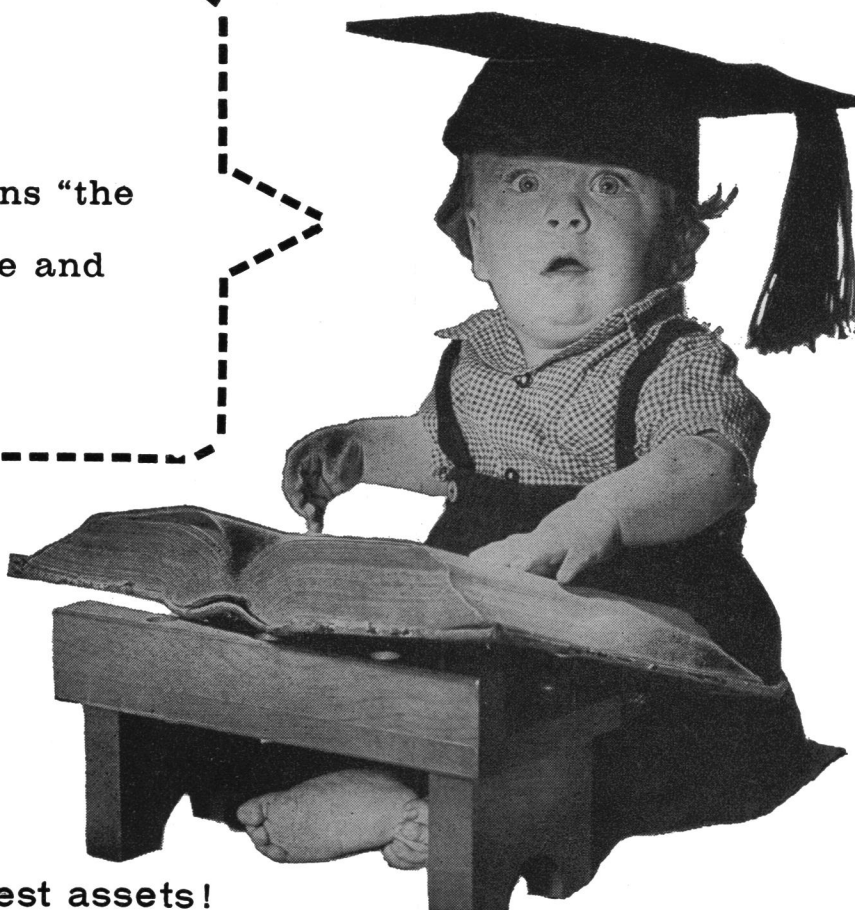
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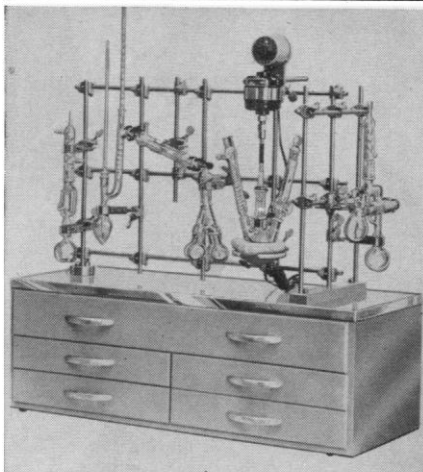
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## Letters

### Philanthropy

The letter of P. W. Hutson [*Science* 129, 1369 (1959)], condemning the editorial which suggested increased philanthropy and argued its advantages from the federal income tax viewpoint, is amazing indeed.

Granted that private philanthropy may be irresponsible and wasteful, so may our tax-supported philanthropy. But while the private philanthropist possesses direct control over the uses of his gifts, the taxpayer can stop paying otherwise compulsory taxes only by becoming a private philanthropist. Thus, the use of permissible deductions, plus expressions of opinion to his elected representatives, constitute the only indirect controls available to the taxpayer over the ultimate uses to which his tax monies will be put.

I disapprove of vast federal expenditures to enable us to send Mr. Smith to the moon and blow his family to smithereens while he is gone, and I take advantage of every legal provision available to reduce my federal income taxes. This is possible because of the deductions and exemptions permitted, and I intend to continue to give till it hurts.

It doesn't hurt, really, and it probably does much more good for all of us than sending anyone to the moon ever will. I urge my fellow scientists and citizens to do much more of the same.

C. H. LUSHBOUGH

*American Meat Institute Foundation,  
University of Chicago*

### Science Teaching

Since the advent of the first Russian sputnik, Americans have indulged themselves in some very tardy, and much-needed, criticism of their educational system. Much has been found wanting, many ideas have been discussed, but very little has been done to alleviate the crucial deficiencies thus brought to light.

To judge from personal experience at three different collegiate establishments, the greatest impediment to the improvement of college courses in biology and botany seems to be a dogmatic and narrow-minded view of heads and chairmen of departments as to what such courses should include and how they should be taught.

What I am saying is that the "academic dry-rot," so well described by William Morton Wheeler several decades ago, in the meantime has decayed the structure of our educational system so thoroughly that the system collapses almost of its own weight under the con-

tinued onslaught of the specialists whose minds are sharp as razor blades and just about as broad.

Elementary courses are still taught as if the majority of students were to be science majors rather than citizens of a democracy. In contradiction to the essence of science, there is an abhorrence to experimentation, presumably on the assumption that Louis Agassiz and Asa Gray knew all there is to know of college teaching.

Within this adolescent frame of reference, course improvement means "cramming" the lecture with more subject matter and the laboratory with more experiments that repeat the material of the lecture, at the same time restricting the entire scope of the course to plodding through the textbook.

According to this pedagogical outlook, lecturing in an elementary course is delegated to the newest and least capable member of the faculty, and the laboratory sections are handed over to well-meaning graduate students whose only qualification for teaching is that they are promising candidates for the Ph.D.

Apparently, the practical implications of general education, as well as the dire need for all citizens of a democracy to have a general knowledge of science at this time, are still not recognized by the great majority of biologists in general, and by those in charge of instruction of elementary courses in particular. And in fact, among the orthodox, the instructors of courses in general education are automatically relegated to an inferior status in the academic hierarchy.

I do not doubt that there are intelligent heads or chairmen of departments of biology and botany to be found, but in 9 years of searching I have encountered only one who had the guts to advocate an elementary course which was frankly experimental and openly oriented to general education. Nowhere, it seems, is the spirit of science so dead as in elementary biology and botany courses.

LEO F. KOCH

*Division of General Studies,  
University of Illinois, Urbana*

The growing pressure from our government to improve and extend science teaching in the high schools has raised serious questions concerning the best ways to attract and hold the interest of high-school students with respect to science.

The common method has been either to specialize—that is, give courses in physics, chemistry, and so on—or to give science survey courses that offer a little bit of each science. Would it be feasible to teach high-school science in terms of a *connected theme* of common interest that would serve to link in a meaningful way the various areas of the sciences (and mathematics)?

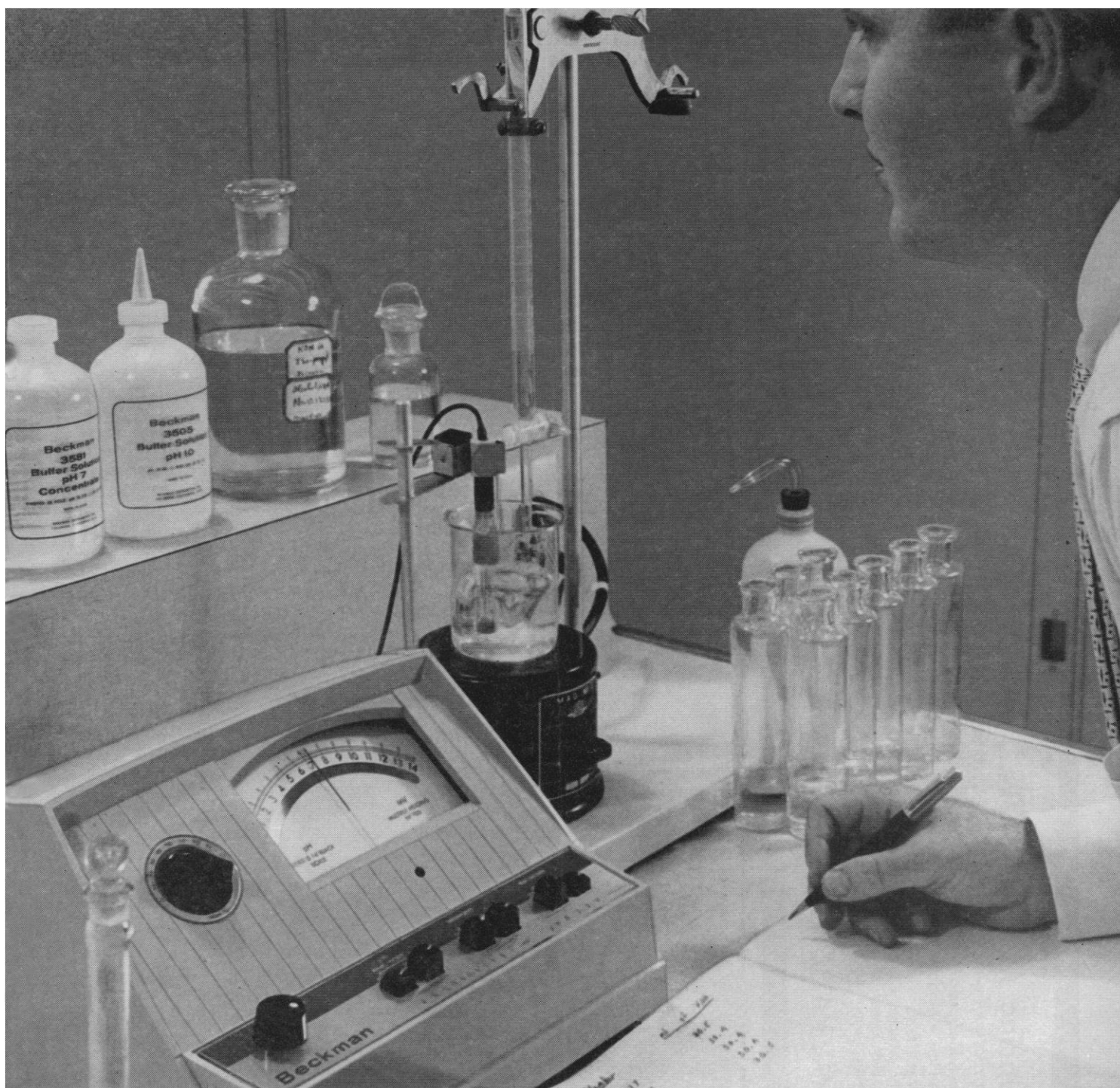


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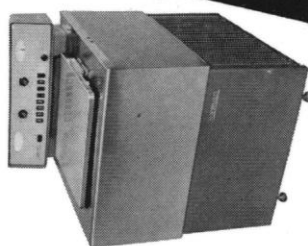
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During the summer of 1959, at the University of Oklahoma, I will be engaged in a National Science Foundation program for high-school science teachers. The National Science Foundation course (which is one of several to be offered at the university at that time) is on cosmogony and evolution. It deals with the scientific theories of the origin and development of an expanding physical universe; the appearance of the basic "particles" (hyperons, protons, electrons, and so on); the emergence of atoms, molecules, and extragalactic nebulae; the stars and the planetary systems; the formation of the earth; and the emergence and evolution of life. In the course of this project we shall discuss scientific method and shall present the astronomical, physical, chemical, geological, biochemical, and biological details in such a way as to tie them in meaningfully with the history of the universe and of our earth.

We feel that among young people are many who may be readily motivated by the questions: "How did it all begin?" "How did the stars come to be?" "Where did the earth come from?" "Where and how did life arise?" With such a central theme, it becomes reasonable to hope that the technical and often boring details of mathematics and the specialized natural sciences will become more significant and interesting to the high-school student; the parts of knowledge will be acquired within a meaningful whole that should be more ego-involving for the student.

We have selected about 35 high-school science teachers, both men and women, from all parts of the nation (the majority are from Oklahoma) and ranging in age from the mid-20's to the early 50's.

We shall utilize the help of an astronomer, a biochemist, and a geneticist. The institute will be given jointly by David Kitts, a geologist-paleontologist, and by me (a philosopher of science and physicist). We have had consultation with Sidney Fox of Florida State University on the chemical origins of life, and we plan to demonstrate (ultimately for high-school science-teaching purposes) the emergence of amino acids and so on under conditions simulating the supposed natural conditions on earth prior to the origin of simple life forms.

We shall utilize all available audio-visual aids, including Atomic Energy Commission materials on atomic and nuclear theories, and astronomical observatory facilities, laboratory demonstrations, and scientific charts and literature on relevant subjects. Our high-school teachers will help us work out the best ways of implementing our program in the high schools. Obviously, we are going to need a great deal of help from the high-school administrators, and

perhaps from government agencies, if this program is eventually to be deemed valuable enough to be introduced into the high-school teaching system.

CARLTON W. BERENDA  
*Department of Philosophy,  
University of Oklahoma, Norman*

## Flycatchers and Warblers

In the legend to Fig. 4 of D. J. Struik's interesting historical article [*Science* 129, 1103 (1959)], illustrations 2, 3, and 4 on the plate reproduced from Alexander Wilson's *American Ornithology* are described as "flycatchers." It is true that Wilson listed these birds in the genus *Muscicapa*, but this name is now confined to the flycatchers of the Old World. The birds portrayed on Wilson's plate 26 are members of the New World family Parulidae, the wood warblers. Their resemblance to the true flycatchers is superficial and has resulted from convergent adaptations to the flycatching habit.

It may be of interest to note that the three warblers shown on this plate are members of a genus named *Wilsonia*, in honor of the artist, by the great 19th-century ornithologist Prince Charles Lucien Bonaparte, nephew of Napoleon I. Illustration 4 on the plate is *Wilsonia pusilla* (Wilson), commonly called Wilson's warbler.

KENNETH C. PARKES  
*Carnegie Museum,  
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania*

I am grateful to Parkes for his correction, which will be helpful to all who have wondered what kind of "flycatchers" were represented in Fig. 4 of my article.

It may also interest shell collectors to know that the *Fusus corneus* of Fig. 2 is now called *Colus stimpsoni* (Mörch) and the *Fusus cinereus*, *Urosalpinx cinerea* (Say), for which information I have to thank W. J. Clench of Harvard University.

I also received a letter from Thomson King, director of the Enoch Pratt Free Library of Baltimore, Maryland, who objected to my expression "Robert Fulton's inventions" for the successes of the steamboat; he stressed the merits of James Rumney and James Fitch and concluded with "It is rather ironical that Fulton actually invented and gave a demonstration for the English Admiralty of a submarine, hand driven. Now thousands of people believe he invented the steamboat and apparently no one knows that he really did invent the submarine."

D. J. STRUIK  
*Massachusetts Institute of Technology,  
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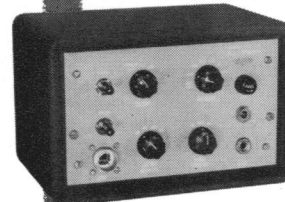
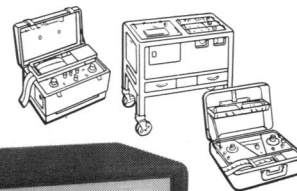
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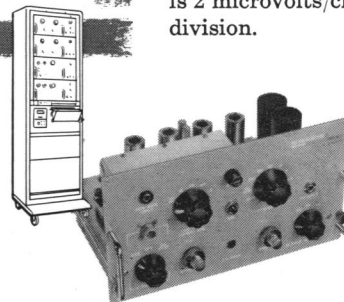
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4th intern. conf., Upsala, Sweden. (A. Nilsson, Secretary-General, Inst. of Physics, Upsala, Sweden.)

24-29. Polarography, 2nd intern. cong., Cambridge, England. (Mrs. B. Lamb, Chemistry Lab., Evershed & Vignoles, Corner of Iveagh Ave., N. Circular Rd., London N.W.10, England.)

24-30. Modern Systems for Detecting and Evaluating Optical Radiation (Intern. Optical Commission), symp., Stockholm, Sweden. (S. S. Ballard, Dept. of Physics, Univ. of Florida, Gainesville.)

25-27. Petroleum Industry Conf., AIEE, Long Beach, Calif. (N. S. Hibshman, AIEE, 33 W. 39 St., New York 18.)

25-28. Alaskan Science Conf., Alaskan

Div., AAAS, 10th, Juneau. (N. J. Wilimovsky, Bur. of Commercial Fisheries, Box 2021, Juneau.)

25-28. American Dietetic Assoc., 42nd annual, Los Angeles, Calif. (Miss R. M. Yakel, ADA, 620 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago 11, Ill.)

25-30. American Ornithologists' Union, Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada. (H. G. Deignan, Div. of Birds, U.S. National Museum, Washington 25.)

26-28. Commemorating Soil and Water Conservation Progress, Soil Conservation Soc. of America, 14th annual, Rapid City, S.D. (H. W. Pritchard, 838 Fifth Ave., Des Moines 14, Iowa.)

26-29. International Assoc. of Milk

and Food Sanitarians, Glenwood Springs, Colo. (V. T. Foley, Health Dept., Kansas City, Mo.)

26-29. International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry, 20th conf., Munich, Germany. (Div. of Chemistry and Chemical Technology, Natl. Research Council, Washington 25.)

27-29. American Assoc. of Clinical Chemists, 11th annual, Cleveland, Ohio. (A. Hainline, Jr., AACC, Cleveland Clinic Foundation, 2020 E. 93 St., Cleveland 6.)

27-29. American Physical Soc., Hawaii. (K. K. Darrow, APS, Columbia Univ., New York 27.)

28-29. Weather Modification (with American Soc. of Civil Engineers), conf., Denver, Colo. (H. G. Houghton, AMS, Dept. of Meteorology, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, Cambridge 39, Mass.)

28-30. American Folklore Soc., annual, Albany and Cooperstown, N.Y. (MacE. Leach, 110 Bennett Hall, Univ. of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia 4.)

28-31. Astronomical League, Denver, Colo. (R. Dakin, 720 Pittsford-Victor Rd., Pittsford, N.Y.)

28-4. International Union for Scientific Study of Population, cong., Vienna, Austria. (F. Lorimer, Dept. of Sociology, American Univ., Washington, D.C.)

30-3. American Inst. of Biological Sciences, annual, University Park, Pa. (H. T. Cox, AIBS, 2000 P St., NW, Washington 6.)

The following 17 meetings are being held in conjunction with the AIBS meeting at University Park, Pa.

American Microscopical Soc. (T. H. Cheng, Dept. of Zoology and Entomology, Pennsylvania State Univ., University Park.)

American Phytopathological Soc. (J. E. Livingston, Dept. of Botany and Plant Pathology, Pennsylvania State Univ., University Park.)

American Soc. for Horticultural Science. (R. E. Larson, Dept. of Horticulture, Pennsylvania State Univ., University Park.)

American Soc. of Human Genetics. (C. C. Li, Graduate School of Public Health, Univ. of Pittsburgh, Pa.)

American Soc. of Limnology and Oceanography. (E. L. Cooper, Dept. of Zoology, Pennsylvania State Univ., University Park.)

American Soc. of Parasitologists. (T. H. Cheng, Dept. of Zoology and Entomology, Pennsylvania State Univ., University Park.)

American Soc. of Plant Physiologists. (A. A. Benson, Agriculture and Biological Chemistry, Pennsylvania State Univ., University Park.)

American Soc. of Zoologists. (A. Anthony, Dept. of Zoology, Pennsylvania State Univ., University Park.)

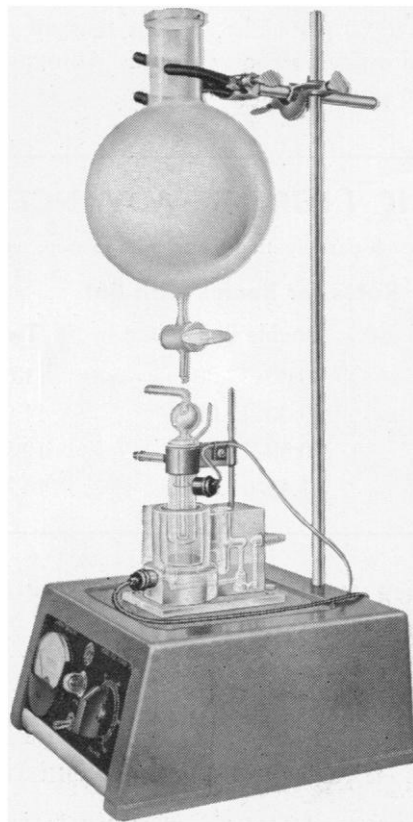
Biometric Soc. (ENAR). (Miss C. S. Weil, Mellon Inst., 4400 Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.)

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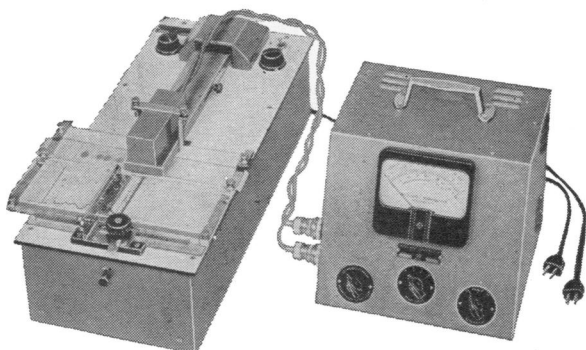
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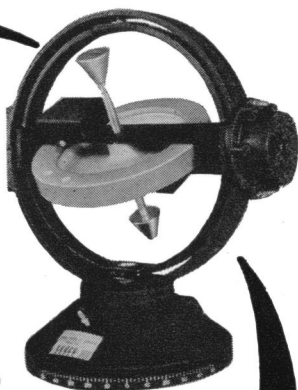
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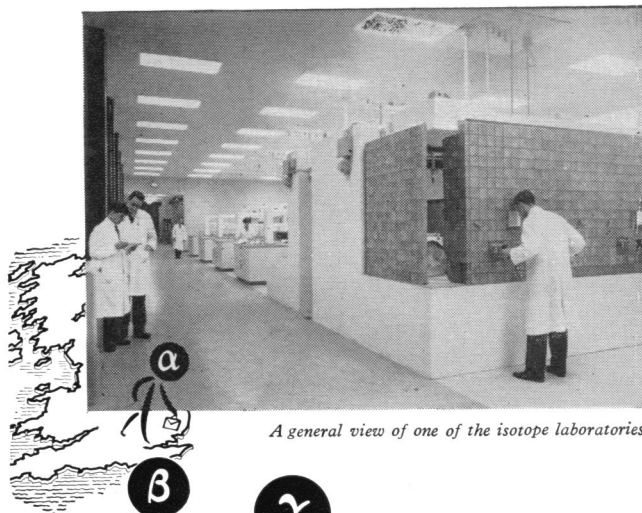
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Society for Industrial Microbiology. (Miss M. B. O'Hara, Applied Sciences Labs., Inc., State College, Pa.; or A. Rose, 525 S. Gill St., State College.)

Society of Protozoologists. (H. Frings, Dept. of Zoology, Pennsylvania State Univ., University Park.)

Society for the Study of Development and Growth. (J. E. Livingston, Dept. of

Botany and Plant Pathology, Pennsylvania State University, University Park.)

Tomato Genetics Cooperative. (B. L. Pollack, Dept. of Horticulture, Pennsylvania State Univ., University Park.)

30-4. American Cong. of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, Minneapolis, Minn. (Miss D. C. Augustin, 30 W. Michigan Ave., Chicago 2, Ill.)

30-4. Laurentian Hormone Conf., Mont Tremblant, Quebec, Canada. (G. Pincus, 222 Maple Ave., Shrewsbury, Mass.)

30-4. Medical Education, 2nd world conf., Chicago, Ill. (World Medical

Assoc., 10 Columbus Circle, New York 19.)

30-5. World Federation for Mental Health, 12th annual, Barcelona, Spain. (Miss E. M. Thornton, Secretary-General, WFMH, 19, Manchester St., London W.1, England.)

30-6. History of Science, 9th intern. cong., Barcelona and Madrid, Spain. (J. Vernet, via Layetona 141, Barcelona.)

30-6. Residues on Crops and/or the Problem of Insect Resistance to Insecticides, symp., Munich, Germany. (R. Morf, Secretary-General, IUPAC, c/o Sandoz, S. A., Basel, Switzerland.)

30-6. Thermodynamics and Experimental Thermochemistry, 17th intern. cong. (Intern. Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry), Munich, Germany. (Div. of Chemistry and Chemical Technology, Natl. Research Council, Washington 25.)

30-12. International Oceanographic Cong. (AAAS, UNESCO, ICSU), New York, N.Y. (Miss M. Sears, chairman, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, Woods Hole, Mass.)

31-2. Free Radical Stabilization, 4th intern. symp., Washington, D.C. (A. M. Bass, Natl. Bureau of Standards, Washington 25.)

31-2. Stratospheric Meteorology, conf., Minneapolis, Minn. (H. G. Houghton, AMS, Dept. of Meteorology, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, Cambridge 39, Mass.)

31-3. Biological Photographic Assoc., Montreal, Canada. (Miss J. H. Waters, P.O. Box 1668, Grand Central Station, New York 17.)

31-3. Mathematical Assoc. of America, 40th summer meeting, Salt Lake City, Utah. (H. M. Gehman, MAA, Univ. of Buffalo, Buffalo 14, N.Y.)

31-4. Haematin Enzymes, symp. (by invitation), Canberra, Australia. (A. H. Ennar, John Curtin School of Medical Research, Australian National Univ., Canberra.)

## September

1-3. Association for Computing Machinery, natl., Cambridge, Mass. (J. Moshman, Council for Economic and Industry Research, Inc., 1200 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington 2, Va.)

1-6. College of American Pathologists, Chicago, Ill. (A. H. Dearing, Suite 2115 Prudential Plaza, Chicago 1.)

1-7. History and Philosophy of Science (General Assembly, History Div., Intern. Union of the History and Philosophy of Science), Barcelona, Spain. (R. Taton, IUHPS, 64, rue Gay-Lussac, Paris 5<sup>e</sup>, France.)

1-8. Acoustics, 3rd intern. cong., Stuttgart, Germany. (E. Zwicker, Breitscheidstrasse 3, Stuttgart N.)

1-7 Oct. International Civil Aviation Organization (Meteorological Div.), Montreal, Canada. (ICAO, Maison de l'Aviation Internationale, Montreal.)

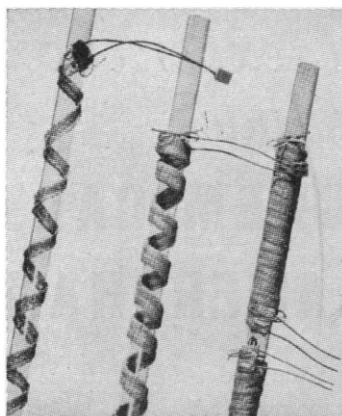
2-4. Allergy, 4th European cong., London, England. (British Assoc. of Allergists, Wright-Fleming Inst., St. Mary's Hospital, London, W.2.)

(See issue of 19 June for comprehensive list)

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6	3 1/2	500	5.2	19.25 "	23.00 "	29.50 "
2	1/2	36	0.5			4.25 "
4	1 1/2	72	1.0			6.70 "
6	1/2	108	1.5			9.00 "
8	1/2	144	2.0			13.90 "
2	1	72	1.0			6.90 "
4	1	144	2.0			12.50 "
6	1	216	2.5			14.40 "
8	1	288	3.0			17.25 "
2	2	120	1.5			9.70 "
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