Letters

Lepeshinskaia

Readers of Science will be interested to learn that Lepeshinskaia, whose work was reviewed recently there (1), has been pressing her "anti-Virchowian thesis" since the early thirties. This thesis states that cells continuously originate from "undifferentiated organic matter"in such a way that living matter recapitulates, in ontogenesis, not only its phylogenetic cellular past but also the precellular phases of biochemical development which, eons ago, presumably led to the first appearance of living entities on earth. Her colleagues refused to take her seriously for the longest time. In the beginning, if they deigned to notice her at all, it was only to point out elementary defects in her laboratory technique and the like (2). How she managed not only to survive the contempt of her colleagues but to advance in spite of this to receive the official accolade in 1950 on behalf of her "dialectical materialist theory of cel-



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lular development from undifferentiated organic matter" is a story that still awaits telling.

Lepeshinskaia has also been interested in the aging process and has advanced the notion that a 1-percent soda solution slows aging and has healing properties. She likewise believes that the solution increases harvest yields (3)! However, little of late has been heard of these extravagant claims. It should be noted that, although her theories were proclaimed as official, their effect has not been particularly baleful, in that de facto resistance to them has been in continuous evidence. Mindful of the genetics tragedy in the Soviet Union, one can easily exaggerate the harm wrought by Lepeshinskaia. But she was no Lysenko (4).

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Author Listings in References

References to previous work in scientific reports facilitate the weaving of new facts into the fabric of our knowledge. Authors' names are an essential part of such references.

Science prints names of authors of quoted articles if there are three or less in number but uses the first author's name and "et al." when there are more than three authors. This is a disservice to those interested in such articles. Author names in references are omitted in the text by some journals, often a questionable practice. Even in such instances all the authors are listed in the bibliography. To list all the authors neither in the text nor in the bibliography, as in Science, leaves the reference incomplete. It also prevents best integration of the new information.

These are days of extensive cooperative and interdisciplinary research, with several workers attacking problems and publishing the results jointly. The choice of a senior author is often dictated only by the fact that one name, of necessity, must be first, and by no other consideration. Surely the printing of complete references by listing all authors will not put an undue burden on Science, which is otherwise so generous with space in its fine new typographical make-up.

Z. I. Kertesz

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■ RADIATION SHIELDING WINDOW is filled with a clear zinc bromide solution of density 2.5, which is equivalent to that of normal concrete. Copper lining, instead of coated steel, is used at all points in contact with the solution to prevent clouding-up caused by attack on steel by the solution. (Research Equipment Co., Dept. 299)

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■ FRACTION COLLECTOR accessory for a gas chromatograph consists of a chromatograph column, with a sample range up to 5 ml, and the collection apparatus. Fractions eluted from the column are condensed in fluted glass collection tubes inside a Dewar flask. Fractions are compacted by centrifugation. (Beckman Instruments Inc., Dept. 315)

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■ COLORIMETRIC TITRATOR combines a photoelectric colorimeter with a titration adapter to permit objective determination of end-point. The adapter is selfcontained and includes a stirring motor and stirrer. A glass cuvette of 35-mm light path serves as a titration vessel. Modification of the colorimeter is not required for installation of the adapter. (Photovolt Corp., Dept. 317)

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■ MERCURY ARC LAMP is a water-cooled type available in models rated at 900-w input and 60,000-lu output, or 1 kw and 65,000 lu. Arc dimensions are 2 by 25 mm. The average life for continuous operation is 80 hr. Operation may be on a-c, d-c, pulse, or stroboscopic power. (PEK Labs, Dept. 321)

TEMPERATURE INDICATORS for use with resistance thermometers are battery operated. Standard range is 0° to 500° F. Single and multichannel instruments are available. Temperature is indicated directly. Scale divisions are 10° F and 10° C, and controls permit calibration to $\pm 20^{\circ}$ F. (Arthur C. Ruge Associates, Inc., Dept. 322)

■ ELECTRONIC COUNTER provides an eightdecade indication and frequency range from 10 cy to 10 Mcy/sec. Time intervals from 1 µsec to 100 days can be measured. Magnetic beam-switching tubes are used for counting, numeral-electrode indicator tubes for display. Frequency-converter units, video amplifiers, extended time-base units, relay test units, and digital recorders are available as accessories. (Lavoie Laboratories, Inc., Dept. 323)

• MULTIPLEXER provides means to couple five separate voltage inputs to a single voltage output. The devices are of modular design and are interconnectable. For example, four units would provide for time multiplexing of 20 channels to one output. Maximum sampling rate is 25 kcy/sec. Standard input range is ± 10 v, but other ranges from ± 2 to ± 300 can be supplied. Transfer accuracy is ± 0.05 percent of full scale. (Epsco, Inc., Dept. 324)

■ MICROMETER KIT for use with the manufacturer's series 280 metering valves permits measurement of valve settings required to obtain a desired flow. All parts necessary for installation, as well as instructions, are furnished. (Hoke, Inc., Dept. 326)

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■ SENSITOMETER for testing of photosensitive materials is essentially a contact printer with an electronic xenon-filled flash tube as the exposing light. Three capacitor circuits provide exposure times of 1/100, 1/1000, and 1/10,000 sec, selected by a pushbutton. A standard step negative is printed to make the measurement. Filters permit change of the light-source color from daylight to incandescent. (Edgerton, Germeshausen & Grier, Inc., Dept. 327)

• OPTICAL PROJECTOR for inspection of contours makes it possible to inspect objects covering a field of 6 in. at a magnification of 10. The instrument's transparent screen is 60 in. wide by 40 in. high. (Optical Gaging Products, Inc., Dept. 328)

^{II} LIQUID-NITROGEN GENERATOR, a selfcontained unit, is fully automatic in operation, producing pure liquid nitrogen from atmospheric air. Production rate is approximately 4 qt/hr. Floor space required is 20 by 72 in. (Philips Electronics Inc., Dept. 334)

• MINIATURE SYRINGE permits direct reading of fractions of a microliter. The smallest model has a capacity of 10 μ l and a dead volume of 0.5 μ l. The needle is 0.018 in. in diameter and 2 in. long. (Hamilton Co., Dept. 335)

■GLOSSMETER measures 20°, 60°, and 85° ASTM gloss of materials. Gloss readings are indicated on a 7.5-in. meter: A single standard suffices for calibration of complete ranges at all angles. Standardization can be accomplished in 30 sec. Substitute aperture plates permit estimation of the sharpness of source image. (Manufacturers Engineering & Equipment Co., Dept. 337)

GAGING HEAD features a constant measuring pressure and has graduations of 20 μ in, and a dial range of ± 0.001 in. Measuring accuracy is stated to be $\pm 10 \mu$ in. over the entire range. The sapphire-tipped contact point is lifted and lowered by a cable release to avoid effects of heat from the operator's hand. Instrument size is $2\frac{1}{2}$ by $3\frac{3}{4}$ in. (George Scherr Co., Dept. 339)

■ RATIO COMPUTER accepts two independent d-c signals as low as 1-mv full-scale per channel and computes their ratio with ± 1-percent accuracy. The computer contains two d-c differential chopper preamplifiers, a power supply, and a servo divider. Response time is 1 sec. (Magnetic Instruments Co., Dept. 338)

■ WARBURG APPARATUS is a bench model designed for use where space is limited; diameter is 16 in., weight 63 lb. Four pairs of operating manometers and one thermobarometer are accommodated. Rotation of the manometer table is unlimited in either direction. Temperature range is ambient to 50°C. (American Instrument Co., Inc., Dept. 336)

• VACUUM-TUBE VOLTMETER for a-c uses a vacuum thermocouple as its detector. Measurements are made by comparing the unknown voltage with an accurately calibrated 1000-cy/sec signal. Accuracy is ± 0.5 percent from 50 cy to 5 kcy/sec, and ± 2 percent from 10 cy to 500 kcy/ sec. Voltage range is 300 μ v to 1 kv. (Millivac Instruments, Dept. 318)

■ ULTRASONIC CLEANERS are available in 1/8- and 3/6-gal capacity. Ultrasonic generators are furnished with or without timers. Power output to transducers is 35 w (average), and 140 w (pulse) at 90 kcy/sec. The cleaners operate on 115 v, 60-cy/sec power. They weigh 10 lb. (Narda Ultrasonics Corp., Dept. 343)

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■ FOUR-GUN OSCILLOSCOPE incorporates interchangeable amplifier and sweepgenerator modules. Available modules include a single-input low-frequency amplifier; differential low-frequency amplifier; high-frequency amplifier; horizontal-vertical amplifier; and a combination sweep generator and horizontal amplifier. The instrument is 21 in. high and may be mounted in a 19-in. rack. (Advanced Electronics Manufacturing Corp., Dept. 340)

• POWER SUPPLIES for high-voltage testing of dielectrics are available in 19 models with output voltage ranges from 0-to-25 to 0-to-150 kv and power outputs from 5 to 100 kv/amp. The supplies are furnished with panel indicating instruments of \pm -5-percent accuracy. Protective features prevent damage to the instrument or to personnel. (Beta Electric, Dept. 331)

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Samples are taken by setting stopcock to connect the with suction line. A small excess is drawn over into the bent tube to serve as an initial rinse for the pipette wall. The sample is delivered by reversal of the stopcock plug to allow solution in the burette to expel the sample through the tip, and to rinse it clean. Following delivery of the required amount of reagent from the burette, the tip, filled with diluent which keeps it clean is ready for implicitly of the required amount of reagent clean, is ready for immediate intake of the next sample.

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