seeking unity in the benefits their joint efforts can offer to all men."

A minimum initial enrollment of 200 to 250 students and 30 to 40 fellows is planned, and it is expected that there would be an eventual total of 500 to 600 students and 50 to 60 fellows. The total endowment needed for the establishment and maintenance of the new college is £3,450,000 (\$9,660,000). Churchill will donate £25,000 (\$70,00). A donation of £50,000 (\$140,000) has been offered by the Calouste Gulbenkian Foundation of Lisbon, Portugal, as a "willing tribute to the great living Englishman."

British industry is expected to contribute generously to the establishment of the college, and Carl J. Gilbert, president of the Gilette Company of Boston, is considering the raising of a fund among United States corporations with subsidiaries in Britain or the British Commonwealth.

Copyrights and Russian Translation

United States plans for large-scale translation into English of Soviet scientific materials may soon meet another significant obstacle—Soviet copyright of these materials. An article in the New York Times by Harry Schwartz reports that organizations engaged in translation of Soviet scientific journals in this country reported recently that Soviet spokesmen have said it was the intention of their government to adhere this year to the Geneva Universal Copyright Convention. The United States has ratified this convention. Such action by the Soviet Government would give it legal property rights to Soviet material reaching this country so that Soviet permission would be required for publication or transla-

One publisher commented that the threat of Soviet adherence to the Geneva Convention was being used to induce American translators of Soviet scientific material to pay royalties to the Soviet Government. The first such royalty agreement, covering 20 Soviet scientific journals, was made recently between a Soviet Government agency and Consultants Bureau, Inc., of 227 W. 17th St., New York, N.Y.

There is no legal protection for Soviet property rights in literary and related material in this country, and there is none for American property of a similar nature in the Soviet Union. If the Soviet Union joins the Geneva Convention it could radically alter the present economics of American translation of Soviet scientific materials.

The chief obstacle to Soviet adherence to the Geneva Convention would be the reciprocal Soviet obligation to honor foreign copyrights. Soviet representatives in this country who have discussed the issue with interested Americans have disclaimed all knowledge of such payment. However, some American authors of scientific books translated and published in the Soviet Union have recently received Soviet payments.

Mouth-to-Mouth Resuscitation

The mouth-to-mouth breathing technique of artificial respiration advocated for children is discussed in four articles in the 17 May issue of the Journal of the American Medical Association. The technique, which has been adopted for use on children by the American Red Cross, has been found to be equally effective for adults. Archer S. Gordon and his associates at the University of Illinois College of Medicine have demonstrated through comparative experiments that the mouth-to-mouth technique is "unequivocally superior" to manual techniques in all age groups. Rescuers can maintain mouth-to-mouth breathing for an hour or more without fatigue, even though the victim is twice the size of the rescuer.

Iraqi Scientific Journal

Proceedings of the Iraqi Scientific Societies, volume 1, 1957, has been released. The journal has been established to present original contributions, survey articles, and discussions in mathematics, physics, geophysics, engineering, chemistry, zoology, and botany. Contributions will be published in English, French, or German, with an Arabic résumé for each. Manuscripts should be sent to the editorin-chief, Prof. Abdul Jabbar Abdullah, Department of Physics, Higher Teachers' College, Baghdad, Iraq.

The Iraqi societies that are supporting the *Proceedings* are the Society of Mathematical and Physical Sciences, the Chemical Society, and the Biological Socity. They were formed at Baghdad in 1956.

Grants, Fellowships, and Awards

Arthritis. The Arthritis and Rheumatism Foundation offers predoctoral, postdoctoral, and senior investigatorship awards in the fundamental sciences related to arthritis for work beginning 1 July 1959. Deadline for applications is 31 October 1958. These awards are intended as fellowships to advance the training of young men and women planning an investigative or teaching career. They are not in the nature of a grantsin-aid in support of research projects.

The three types of awards are as follows.

Predoctoral fellowships are limited to students who hold a bachelor's degree. Each applicant studying for an advanced degree must be acceptable to the individual under whom the work will be done. Stipends range from \$1500 to \$3000 per year, depending upon the family responsibilities of the fellow.

Postdoctoral fellowships are limited to applicants with the degree of doctor of medicine or doctor of philosophy, or the equivalent. Stipends range from \$4000 to \$6000 per year, also depending upon the family responsibilities of the fellow.

Senior investigator awards are made to candidates holding, or eligible for, a faculty rank such as instructor or assistant professor (or equivalent) and who are sponsored by their institution. Stipends are from \$6000 to \$7500 per year and are tenable for 5 years.

A sum of \$500 will be paid to cover the laboratory expenses of each postdoctoral fellow and senior investigator. An equal sum will be paid to cover the tuition expenses of each predoctoral fellow. For further information and application forms, address the Medical Director, Arthritis and Rheumatism Foundation, 10 Columbus Circle, New York 19, N.Y.

Atomic energy. Sterling Cole, directorgeneral of the International Atomic Energy Agency, announced recently that more than 200 fellowships for training in the peaceful uses of atomic energy are available through the agency. The fellowships' total value is about \$1 million. Financed by the agency itself or by individual donations of member governments, the fellowships "correspond to the most urgent needs of less developed countries." Preference will be given to candidates from underdeveloped countries in awarding the fellowships.

The United States is offering 120 fellowships during the next 2 years, while the Soviet Union will accept 25 students for 5 or 6 years of study and 20 students for 3- or 6-month training courses. At present only government-sponsored candidates from member nations of the international atomic agency will be considered for study posts in foreign countries under the fellowship plan.

General. The American Academy of Arts and Sciences invites applications for grants from its Permanent Science Fund. Awards are made in support of research in any field of science whatsoever, in amounts that ordinarily do not exceed \$1500. Applications for grants to be made in the early fall should be filed by 1 September on forms that may be obtained from: The Chairman, Permanent Science Fund Committee, American Academy of Arts and Sciences, 280 Newton St., Brookline 46, Mass.