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of these committee members, and, indeed, to any member of either House, would be appropriate and helpful.

Decisions in science are reached by a somewhat different method from decisions in Congress; hence the rules of the "scientific game" are quite different from those of the "Congressional game." But it is Congress that will enact legislation affecting science and education, and it is Congress that writes the rules for deciding on the legislation to be enacted. One of those rules is that persons who have an informed interest in proposed legislation are expected to tell Congress what they want.—D. W.

National Library Week—16-22 March 1958

Wake up and read! is the slogan of a nationwide campaign to increase the reading of books which will reach its climax during National Library Week, 16-22 March 1958. Sponsored jointly by the American Library Association and the National Book Committee ("a society of citizens devoted to the use of good books" founded in 1954), the campaign will stress the joys and profits of better reading. The AAAS, NEA, and many other national educational, cultural, and technical organizations have heartily endorsed this undertaking. State and local committees everywhere are active in promoting library open house, special exhibits, programs, and a myriad of other events and activities to focus attention in two directions, on the great wealth of good books flowing regularly from the presses and on the underutilized, and often inadequate, library resources in the United States.

A 1955 Gallup poll disclosed that 61 percent of American adults had not read a book, other than the Bible, during the previous year and that only 17 percent of those interviewed were reading a book at the time of the survey. From other surveys we learn that America is only one-third as literate as Great Britain and only one-fifth as literate as Sweden, in terms of adult book reading. We are told that one-half of American adults live within a mile of a public library, but only one-fifth of them ever enter it. Among American college students the situation is equally unpromising, for the average reading of this group is one book a month, and it is reported that many find it possible to complete a college curriculum without any reading other than assigned textbooks. Is the fact that only 12 percent of the homes constructed during the past decade have built-in bookshelves a clue? We think it is.

Two conferences on the development of lifetime reading habits, one with reference to secondary education held in June 1954, and one with reference to college undergraduates held at the University of Michigan 21-22 February 1958, disclosed that an inquiring mind and permanent interests in reading usually are developed initially in the home and supplemented by the resources of the community library. While some "converts" may be made of nonreaders during high school and college days, the percentage is small. If there are few or no books at home, and if the community and school libraries (where they do exist) are unattractive, poor in book resources, and uninspired in administration, then there is no climate for the growth of the will-to-know and the development of a lifetime companionship with books.

The AAAS, in cooperation with the National Science Foundation, has operated since the fall of 1955 an experimental traveling high school science library to encourage collateral reading in science and mathematics by high school students so that their perspectives might thereby be broadened and their interest in science careers stimulated. This program and its book-list have been very popular. The proportion of science and mathematics books in the libraries of schools applying for the program usually is quite small, and often the few books available are out of date. In many instances the annual amount appropriated for school library books is no more than the sum necessary to replace lost or worn-out books.

Let National Library Week turn our attention to our home library situation, to the improvement of the facilities and resources of our school and community libraries, and to the unprecedented wealth of good books now in print in the United States which should be used more widely and effectively.—HILARY J. DEASON, AAAS.