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A threaded shaft, carrying a syringe holder and a pusher, is mounted in place of the regular drum spindle and rotated in the same manner. Syringes are clamped in place, or released by turning a single thumbscrew. The unit is designed to be attached to, and driven by, our Bird Kymograph #70-060. This propeller may be used with equal facility on our older model (four-speed kymograph.

Since any Luer syringe, from 5 ml. to 50 ml. capacity may be used, and since the kymograph drive provides a

# Syringe Driver

choice of five speeds, a wide range of delivery rates is available, as indicated in the following table.

This instrument has clinical applications in anaesthesia, surgery, gynecology, radiology and neuropsychiatry. It is particularly useful for administering small volumes of injectible drugs which are to be given over a period of time.

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71-0499 Syringe Driver only . . . \$72.50 each

Approximat	e Delivery	Rates in	Millilit	ers per	minute.
Syringe Capacity 5		10	20	30	50
Speed No. 1	.0046	.0059	.0118	.0157	.024
Speed No. 2	.023	.030	.059	.078	.12
Speed No. 3	.116	.148	.29	.39	0.6
Speed No. 4	.58	.78	1.48	1.96	3
Speed No. 5	2.9	3.7	7.4	9.8	15

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Nature Conservancy, annual. (W. Drake, Canyon, Calif.)

Phycological Soc. of America, annual. (G. F. Papenfuss, Dept. of Botany, Univ. of California, Berkeley 4.)

Sigma Delta Epsilon. (Mrs. C. B. Parker, 7 Lloyd Rd., Malvern, Pa.)

Society for Experimental Biology and Medicine, Pacific Coast Section. (J. P. Baumberger, Dept. of Physiology, Stanford Univ.)

Society of General Physiologists. (D. Mazia, Univ. of California, Berkeley 4.)

Society for Industrial Microbiology, annual. (J. C. Lewis, Agricultural Research Service, USDA, 800 Buchanan St., Albany 10, Calif.)

Society for the Study of Evolution, an-

nual. (R. W. Holm, Dept. of Biological Sciences, Stanford Univ.)

Society of Protozoologists, annual. (J. F. Oliphant, Dept. of Biological Sciences, Stanford Univ.)

Society of Systematic Zoology, Pacific section. (D. P. Abbott, Hopkins Marine Station, Pacific Grove, Calif.)

Western Soc. of Naturalists, annual. (W. M. Hiesey, Carnegie Institution of Washington, Stanford, Calif.)

26-28. Gas Dynamics Symp., 2nd, Evanston, Ill. (A. B. Cambel, Technological Inst., Northwestern Univ., Evanston.)

26-29. Boundary Layer Research, internatl. symp., Freiburg, Breisgau, Ger-

many. (H. Görtler, Mathematisches Institut der Universität, Hebelstrasse 40 Freiburg, Breisgau.)

26-29. Mathematical Assoc. of America, 38th summer, University Park, Pa. (H. M. Gehman, Univ. of Buffalo, Buffalo 14, N.Y.)

26-30. American Mathematical Soc., 62nd summer, University Park, Pa. (J. H. Curtiss, AMS, 190 Hope St., Providence 6. R.I.)

26-30. Infrared Spectroscopy Inst., 8th annual, Nashville, Tenn. (N. Fuson, Infrared Spectroscopy Inst., Fisk Univ., Nashville 8.)

26-31. Low Temperature Physics and Chemistry, 5th internatl. conf., Madison, Wis. (J. R. Dillinger, Dept. of Physics, Univ. of Wisconsin, Madison 6.)

27. Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics, summer, University Park, Pa. (D. L. Thomsen, Jr., 807 Enquirer Bldg., Cincinnati 2, Ohio.)

27-29. American Sociological Soc., annual, Washington, D.C. (Mrs. M. W. Riley, ASS, New York Univ., Washington Sq., New York 3.)

27-30. Biological Photographic Assoc., 27th annual, Rochester, Minn. (S. J. McComb, Section of Photography, Mayo Clinic, Rochester.)

28-30. Gas Chromatography, internatl. symp., East Lansing, Mich. (H. J. Noebels, IGC Symp., Instrument Soc. of America, 313 Sixth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.)

28-31. Soil Conservation Soc. of America, annual, Asilomar, Calif. (H. W. Pritchard, 838 Fifth Ave., Des Moines 14, Iowa.)

28-3. Cell Biology, 9th internatl. cong., St. Andrews, Scotland. (H. G. Callan, Dept. of National History, Bell Pettigrew Museum, The University, St. Andrews, Fife.)

29-30. Computers and Data Processing, 4th annual symp., Denver, Colo. (J. M. Cavenah, Denver Research Inst., Univ. of Denver, Denver 10.)

29-30. Econometric Soc., European meeting, Luxemburg, Duchy of Luxemburg. (Econometric Soc., Box 1264, Yale Station, New Haven, Conn.)

29-31. Group Psychotherapy, 2nd internatl. cong., Zurich, Switzerland. (S. Lebovici, 3, Avenue President Wilson, Paris 16°, France.)

29-2. European Orthodontic Soc., annual, Genoa, Italy. (E. Fernex, 1, Place du Port, Genoa.)

29-3. International Geographical Cong., Tokyo, Japan. (W. W. Atwood, Jr., National Acad. of Sciences, 2101 Constitution Ave., Washington 25.)

30-5. American Psychological Assoc., annual, New York, N.Y. (R. W. Russell, APA, 1333 16 St., NW, Washington 6.)

31-2. Astronomical League, annual, Kansas City, Mo. (Mrs. W. A. Cherup, 4 Klopfer, Pittsburgh 9, Pa.)

31-3, Psychometric Soc., annual, New York, N.Y. (P. DuBois, Dept. of Psychology, Washington Univ., St. Louis, Mo.)

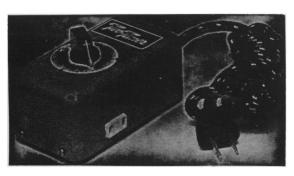
#### September

1-6. Laurentian Hormone Conf., AAAS, Mont Tremblant, Quebec, Canada. (G. Pincus, LHC, 222 Maple Ave., Shrewsbury, Mass.)

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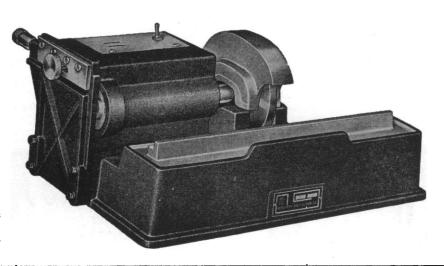


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1-7. Psychiatry, 2nd world cong., Zurich, Switzerland. (J. Wyrsch, Tottikon, Stans, Nidwald, Switzerland.)

1-16. Aeronautical Conf., 6th internatl., London and Folkestone, Kent, England. (S. P. Johnston, Inst. of Aeronautical Sciences, 2 E. 64 St., New York 21.)

2. Meteoritical Soc., 20th annual, Los Angeles, Calif. (J. A. Russell, 3518 University Ave., Los Angeles 7.)

2-5. American Physiological Soc., Iowa City, Iowa. (M. O. Lee, 9650 Wisconsin Ave., Washington 14.)

2-5. Passivity, internatl. symp., Darmstadt, Germany. (German Bunsen Gesellschaft, Postfach 11, Duisburg, Germany.)

2-6. Operational Research, internatl.

conf., Oxford, England. (T. Page, 7100 Connecticut Ave., Chevy Chase, Md.)

2-16. Carbon-14 Dating, 3rd internatl. conf., in conjunction with INQUA, Madrid-Barcelona, Spain. (M. Rubin, U.S. Geological Survey, Washington 25.)

2-16. International Assoc. on Quarternary Research, 5th internatl. cong., Madrid-Barcelona, Spain. (M. L. Solé Sabarís, Instituto Geológico, Universidad, Barcelona.)

3-6. Calorimetry Conf., 12th, Wentworth-by-the-Sea, N.H. (H. A. Boorse, Pupin Physics Lab., Columbia Univ., New York, N.Y.)

3-6. Matrix Computations Conf., Detroit, Mich. (W. Givens, Dept. of Mathe-

matics, Wayne State Univ., Detroit 2.) 3-14. International Union of Geodesy

and Geophysics, 11th general assembly, Toronto, Ont., Canada. (J. A. Jacobs, 49 St. George St., Toronto.)

4-5. Society of General Physiologists, annual, Woods Hole, Mass. (A. M. Shanes, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda 14, Md.)

4-6. Latency and Masking in Viral and Rickettsial Infections, symp., Madison, Wis. (A. S. Evans, Div. of Preventive Medicine, Univ. of Wisconsin Medical School, Madison 6.)

4-6. Magnetic Amplifiers, technical conf., Pittsburgh, Pa. (G. F. Pittman, Jr., Westinghouse Electric Corp., P. O. Box 10596, Pittsburgh 35.)

4-11. British Assoc. for the Advancement of Science, 119th annual, Dublin, Ireland. (Secretary, BAAS, Burlington House, London, W.1, England.)

5-7. American Political Science Assoc., natl., New York, N.Y. (E. M. Kirkpatrick, APSA, 1726 Massachusetts Ave., NW, Washington 6.)

6-12. Medicine and Social Hygiene, internatl. symp., Trieste. (M. Lovenati, via Cavana 18, Trieste.)

7-14. Odontostomatology, 12th internatl. cong., Rome, Italy. (G. Corradi, 16 via Boezio, Rome.)

7-14. Sociology, 17th internatl. cong., Beirut, Lebanon. (G. Gini, via Adige 39, Rome, Italy.)

8-12. International College of Surgeons, 22nd annual, Chicago, Ill. (K. A. Meyer, ICS, 1516 Lake Shore Dr., Chicago 10.)

8-13. American Assoc. of Clinical Chemists, annual, New York, N.Y. (M. M. Friedman, Lebanon Hospital, New York 57.)

8-13. American Chemical Soc., New York, N.Y. (A. H. Emery, ACS, 1155 16 St., NW, Washington 6.)
8-13. Nuclear Structure, internatl.

8-13. Nuclear Structure, internatl. conf. (IUPAP), Rehovoth, Israel. (A. de Shalit, Weizmann Inst. of Science, Rehovoth.)

8-15. International Cong. of Crop Protection, 4th, Hamburg, Germany. (Biologische Bundesanstalt für Land- und Forstwirtschaft, Messeweg 11-12, Braunschweig, Germany.)

9-11. Electron Microscope Soc. of America, annual, Cambridge, Mass. (D. M. Teague, Chrysler Corp., Box 1118, Detroit 31, Mich.)

9-11. Quantitative Methods of Mammalian Cell Culture, 2nd annual, Denver, Colo. (Office of Graduate and Postgraduate Education, Univ. of Colorado Medical Center, Denver 20.)

9-13. Illuminating Engineering Soc., annual, Atlanta, Ga. (A. D. Hinckley, IES, 1860 Broadway, New York 23.)

9-13. Instrument Automation Conf., 12th annual, Cleveland, Ohio. (Instrument Soc. of America, 313 Sixth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.)

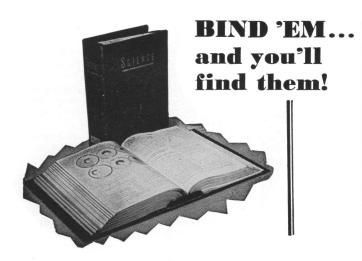
9-14. Clinical Chemistry, internatl. cong., New York, N.Y. (J. G. Reinhold, 711 Maloney Bldg., Univ. of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia 4.)

9-15. Macromolecular Chemistry, internatl. symp., IUPAC, Prague, Czechoslovakia. (Secretariat, ISMC, 5, Technická, Prague 6.)



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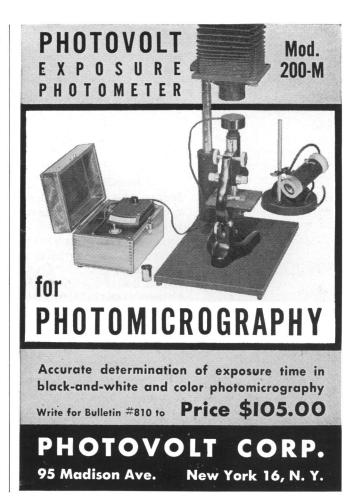


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The driving mechanism consisting of an induction motor and a gear box, is housed in the aluminum base. Five speeds are provided—they are 0.44, 2.2, 11, 54 and 270 centimeters per minute. Care has been exercised to provide speeds that will be suitable for all student experiments. Any one of the five speeds may be selected at will, by rotating the speed control knob to the desired position while the motor is running. The chart drum (aluminum) is 15 cm. high and 50 cm. in circumference.

A special feature of this kymograph is the convenient provision for attaching the long paper extension (No. 70-128) to the base. The base is drilled and tapped for attaching the extension. This may be accomplished by removing the two acorn nuts and attaching the drilled end plate to the base. Paper records 225 cm. in length may be made.

Another special feature is an accessory which provides for the mounting of instruments on a swinging bracket which may be rotated concentrically with the recording drum shaft. The bracket, clamp nut and support rod are illustrated under No. 70-112.

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#### **LETTERS**

The editors take no responsibility for the content of the letters published in this section. Anonymous letters will not be considered. Letters intended for publication should be typewritten double-spaced and submitted in duplicate. A letter writer should indicate clearly whether or not his letter is submitted for publication. For additional information, see Science 124, 249 (1956) and 125, 16 (4 Jan. 1957).

#### **Russian Translation**

Apparently the story of the \$250,000 that was lost because of a Russian paper on Boolean matrix algebra and relay contact networks "which appeared in an important, readily available Soviet journal" and "simply reposed on a library shelf waiting to be noticed" [R. E. O'Dette, Science 125, 580 (1957), quoting W. N. Locke, Sci. American 194, No. 1, 29 (1956)] is going to be one of the indestructible legends of our time. Perhaps there is no point in attempting to impede its triumphant progress. However, as E. H. Cutler has pointed out [Sci. American 194, No. 3, 6 (1956)], this is hardly a case where more translation would have helped significantly; the paper was abstracted in Mathematical Reviews, indeed by a staff member of the Bell Telephone Laboratories, and was indexed in the annual subject index. If people interested in the subject had been on their toes, they would have been watching the relevant section of Mathematical Reviews, where papers on similar topics have been, and still are, regularly abstracted.

Since I was the executive editor of *Mathematical Reviews* when the paper in question was published and had the responsibility for noticing it and seeing that it was reviewed, I cannot help but feel that if people are unable or unwilling to use the bibliographic aids that are already provided, there is little point in supplying them with even more in the form of translations and so on.

R. P. Boas, Jr. Department of Mathematics, Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois

My apologies to R. P. Boas, Jr., as well as to any other reader who may have reacted similarly. I was not pointing fingers. I cited the illustration, which still seems valid to me, to make three, and only three, points: (i) Soviet information is often important; (ii) it is often available; and (iii) it may be both simultaneously. It is doubtful that all United States scientists are equally aware of the possible significance of the Russian literature, although awareness seems to be increasing.

Locke stated that translation might not have helped in the Boolean algebra "legend." Whether or not "more translation would have helped significantly" is a good but unanswerable question. Possibly one might calculate the probability of faster absorption of Lunts' contribution as a function of increasing reader exposure to the paper or reviews of it in various formats and different media. For example, what would have happened if Gibbs' phase rule papers had first appeared in a more widely read journal? Or if Gosio's 1896 paper, which noted the antibiotic properties of a Penicillium strain, had appeared in Science instead of in an Italian sanitary engineering journal?

National Science Foundation support of translations projects stems from the belief that the odds in favor of starting another "Lunts legend" are lessened for papers that appear in the translated journals. Thus, while I join sincerely with Boas in wondering what one does next if scientists do not use existing bibliographic aids, I do not think that doing nothing is the answer. This is one reason for the translation program.

RALPH E. O'DETTE National Science Foundation, Washington, D.C.

#### **Biological Clock**

I consider LaMont C. Cole's "Biological clock in the unicorn" [Science 125, 874 (3 May 1957)] to be one of the great papers in science—in its absolute logical rigor and its straight-faced whimsy, in its demonstration of the meaning of a model and of a general theorem, and in its delicious deep sensenonsense language. Congratulations and thanks for what is the best and most useful demonstration of really strict method I have yet seen and the most useful teaching tool with clients and students, especially with clients who think that they are scientists because they quantify. PETER F. DRUCKER

138 North Mountain Avenue, Montclair, New Jersey

#### Literature, Science, and Manpower

The article "Literature, science, and the manpower crisis," by Joseph Gallant [Science 125, 787 (26 Apr. 1957)], is one of the most disturbing pieces of rationalization I have seen in a long time. His thesis would seem to be that since almost everything written was considered "literature" (by some) in 1858, we may now readopt that position, with the curious reversal of tossing aside everything that is not science.

What Gallant apparently fails to understand, or does not wish to see, is the difference between "literature" (which may include even advertising) and a literary work. Perhaps he also fails to recognize the fact that already our college freshmen arrive knowing nothing of Shakespeare, nothing of Milton-nothing, in fact, of any of the literary points of human reference that one might expect even a scientist to have at his disposal. It is obvious that high-school courses in English need drastic revision, but should this be in the direction of Life on Other Worlds? Is the function of an English course to provide propaganda for the sciences?

Why, I wonder, do teachers of science not make greater use of the kind of "literature" Gallant lists at such length? Perhaps they are too busy teaching science. But if they do make use of such books, let us keep in mind that The Sea around Us is likely to seem merely a "factual" document unless one goes at it with an awareness of those points of reference mentioned above.

CARL F. HARTMAN Department of English, Washington University, St. Louis, Missouri

In their reviews in today's New York Times Book Section (26 May), two contemporary poets wrote, unwittingly to be sure, replies to Carl F. Hartman's strictures. William Meredith, Hudson Review fellow in poetry, said: "Poetry cannot meet honestly with its subject except in the language of its time. No contemporary poet can feel deeply in a language whose problems and tensions are,

for him, synthetic. It is in the nature of art that to be an artist at all one must be a modern artist."

W. S. Merwin said: "We delight in the Cavalier poets without blaming them for not having written Anthony and Cleopatra."

In the house of literature there are many mansions, including, in our own time, The Sea around Us, which by its virtues as literature need not displace the mansion of Milton.

On the pedagogic side, our objective today is to endow students with a passion for reading and for things of the mind so that they may, among other intellectual pursuits, read Shakespeare and Milton with insight and not as mere ritual. It was the thesis of my article that this objective can be attained by a broader definition of literature, by no means restricted to science literature, but embracing works which offer fresh, individualized, and imaginative perspectives in any area of human interest, theology and history no less than science. However, science is particularly potent as a source of imaginative stimulus; it is peculiarly neglected as reading, and it is needed with particular urgency by the citizen of the 20th century.

JOSEPH GALLANT Department of English, Theodore Roosevelt High School, New York, N.Y.





## **EQUIPMENT NEWS**

The information reported here is obtained from manufacturers and from other sources considered to be reliable. Science does not assume responsibility for the accuracy of the information. All inquiries concerning items listed should be addressed to Science, Room 740, 11 W. 42 St., New York 36, N.Y. Include the name(s) of the manufacturer(s) and the department number(s).

- ULTRASONIC CLEANER is designed for cleaning watches and small precision parts. Washing, rinsing and hot-air drying are provided in a single unit. Ultrasonic excitation is generated by an oscillator unit that furnishes about 35 w at 1 Mcy/sec. Shielding and filtering prevent radio interference. Transducer cans, 1200 cm³ in volume, are of stainless steel and are equipped with barium-titanate elements. Switching between transducer cans is provided. (McKenna Laboratories, Dept. S366)
- TRAINING REACTOR designed to meet the needs of nuclear engineering curricula in colleges and universities is described in a 16-page brochure. The information given includes specifications, a cutaway view of the reactor, and a typical layout for arrangement of facilities. (American-Standard Corp., Dept. S369)
- © OSCILLOSCOPE of modular design is comprised of interchangeable amplifiers, sweep generators, power supplies, and basic cathode-ray tube. Features of the instrument are direct-reading amplitude and time calibrations, sweep expansion, and driven and recurrent sweeps. Modules may be purchased individually or preassembled into high- or low-frequency units. (Advanced Electronics Manufacturing Corp., Dept. S371)
- DROP COUNTER can be set to select samples of up to 400 drops per sample. The counter operates by using the lens action of the drop to diminish illumination falling on a photocell. Very low illumination intensity is used in order to avoid heating effects on slow-forming drops. An optional multiplier control increases the capacity of the instrument to 800 drops. (National Instrument Laboratories, Inc., Dept. S378)
- DIGITAL VOLTMETER provides an accuracy of ±0.05 percent, according to the manufacturer. Measurements are made automatically and are presented with 1-in.-high lighted numerals arranged in line. Linearity is better than 0.01 percent from 1 mv to 1000 v, direct current. The decimal point is automatically positioned for the maximum number of significant figures under all conditions. Average balance time is 1 sec. (Electro Instruments Inc., Dept. S379)

- DRIVE UNIT for pharmaceutical devices is available with 14 attachments, including a three-roller mill, a tablet coater, and others. The apparatus is designed for laboratory use. (Chemical and Pharmaceutical Industry Co., Inc., Dept. S388)
- RELATIVE HUMIDITY CHAMBER provides a two-point humidity cycling program. A timer transfers control alternately between a high-point and a low-point controller. The work chamber is an inverted Pyrex jar 12 in, high and 18 in, in diameter. Dry-bulb temperature is variable from room temperature to 170°F, and relative humidity is controlled from 20 to 99 percent with accuracy of ±1 percent. (Blue M Electric Company, Dept. S382)
- BLOCKING OSCILLATOR, encapsulated within a ¾-in. cube, produces a pulse of 3-µsec duration with a rise time of 0.06 µsec. Amplitude is from +6 v peak to -3 v peak. Repetition rates of 25 kcy/sec, 1 kcy/sec, or variable from 400 cy/sec to 24 kcy/sec are offered. Input to the oscillator is 6-v direct current. (Allen B. DuMont Laboratories, Inc., Dept. S390)
- THERMOCOUPLE WELDER is a miniature model for use in resistance-welding thermocouple junctions and leads and for securing thermocouples, strain gages, thermistors, and other devices to large bodies. A built-in power supply operates on 115-v alternating current. (Ewald Instruments, Dept. S393)
- REFLECTANCE UNIT for the DK-2 recording spectrophotometer houses an integrating sphere and necessary optical elements and detectors. Interchangeable source and detector compartments permit monochromatic illumination of the sample or direct illumination of the sphere and sample. The device measures total, diffuse, and specular reflectance, transmittance of clear or turbid samples, fluorescent samples, and source emission. (Beckman Instruments, Inc., Dept. S384)
- STANDARD BLOOD SERUM serves as a control to check the accuracy of tests and techniques in blood chemistry. Samples are prepared by freeze-drying and are carefully analyzed by two laboratories; the reported values are the average of eight determinations. (Clinton Laboratories, Dept. S394)
- CAMERA, designed primarily for meteorological use, covers a 180-deg angle of view. The entire celestial dome and 360 deg of horizon are included in the image. The camera uses No. 120 roll film. Negative size is 2¼ by 2¼ in. Focal length is 16 mm. Shutter speeds range up to 1/200 sec. (Nikon Inc., Dept. S387)

- HIGH-SPEED ANGLE CENTRIFUGE incorporates a self-aligning device that causes the rotor to rotate about its actual center of gravity, thus compensating for machining allowances and imperfect balance. All models have been designed for continuous operation and may be used in refrigerators. Two styles of interchangeable rotors are provided, one holding eight tubes and the other 16 tubes. Operating speed is 14,000 rev/min. (Custom Scientific Instruments, Inc., Dept. S386)
- DECADE COUNTER strip uses beamswitching tube to provide 1-µsec resolution. A single fast binary trigger is used to transfer the electron beam through each of the switching tube's ten states. Read-out is provided by panel neon lamps. A negative output pulse is provided to drive the next counting stage. Maximum continuous counting rate is greater than 450 kcy/sec. (Nuclear Chicago Corp., Dept. S398)
- CARDIAC SPECTROGRAPH for the audio and subaudio range is especially designed for making analyses and permanent audible and visible records of heart sounds. The recording medium is a flexible magnetic disk, 12 in. in diameter and approximately 3 mils thick. The disk is removable for filing. Frequency range of the spectrograph is 10 to 1500 cy/sec, and the filter bandwidth is 23 cy/sec. Three displays are provided. One shows frequency versus energy versus time and is linear with respect to frequency and time; the second shows intensity versus frequency at five consecutive times; and the third shows average amplitude versus time. The displays are recorded on 55/8- by 123/4-in. facsimile paper. (Kay Electric Co., Dept. C389)
- TEMPERATURE CONTROL is said to provide accuracy of ±0.001°C. Three models are offered with ranges of −100° to +100°C, −3° to +225°C, and 200° to 500°C. A stainless-steel sheathed resistance thermometer is the temperature-sensing element. The electronic bridge circuit into which it feeds operates a mercury relay capable of handling power up to 1700 w. Operation is on 115-v, 60 cy/sec power. (Bayley Instrument Co., Dept. S402)
- OSCILLOGRAPH PEN MOTOR has constant response from 0 to 60 cy/sec, falling off 12 db per octave from 60 to 200 cy/sec. Sensitivity is 20 ma r.m.s. full scale. Rectilinear motion of the pen tip is accomplished by a linkage assembly. Acoustic damping eliminates resonant peaks, overshoot, and ringing. The motor is designed for use in multichannel systems. (Massa Laboratories, Inc., Dept. S399)

  JOSHUA STERN

National Bureau of Standards



# CARDIAC AILMENTS

## LYCEDAN®

(Brand of Schwarz Adenosine-5-Phosphoric Acid) for angina pectoris, cardiovascular disease and vasodilation.

# TRIPHOSADEN®

(Brand of Schwarz Adenosine Triphosphate) for cardiac ailments, ventricular fibrillation, thyrotoxic heart conditions, thromboangiitis obliterans, cardiovascular conditions and vasodilation.

# THIOURACIL

for angina pectoris.

# METHIACIL®

(Brand of Schwarz Methylthiouracil) for angina pectoris and congestive heart failure.

These Schwarz fine chemicals satisfy the exacting requirements of products intended for laboratory and biochemical use.

To assure the user of highest quality and purity, rigid specifications in accordance with latest literature are established for each product, each lot is carefully analyzed and checked before shipment, complete records are permanently kept, and an analysis is furnished the user if desired.

Quantity production resulting from the wide preference and demand for Schwarz high-quality biochemicals provides ample supplies at low cost. Write for informative technical bulletins, specifications, references to literature, and latest complete price list.

# SCHWARZ LABORATORIES, INC.

Leading Manufacturers of Yeast Biochemicals and Fine Chemicals
230 WASHINGTON STREET, MOUNT VERNON, NEW YORK

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Medical Director; physician of outstanding qualifications; Ph.D., pharmacology; 3 years of teaching; 8 years as medical director, important organization. Medical Burreau, Burneice Larson, Director, 900 North Michigan, Chicago. X

Biology, Zoology, Microbiology. Ph.D. with broad interests and experience desires teaching and research. Box 195, SCIENCE. X

B.S. Botany, M.S.A. Plant Pathology, 2 years of field experimentation experience sugar industry. Box 194, SCIENCE. X

Microbiologist, Ph.D. Experienced. Interested biochemistry, infectious diseases, and drugs. Publications. Box 193, SCIENCE. X

Paleontologist-Zoologist, Ph.D. 1946. Presently assistant professor of biology. Wishes to relocate, teaching or research. Publications. Box X

Plant Physiologist, Ph.D., woman, biochemistry minor, postdoctoral research in photosynthesis, teaching experience in plant physiology and general botany. Desires teaching and/or research. Box 201, SCIENCE.

Parasitologist, 26, family, completing M.S.; 2 years' experience in diagnostic parasitology at 3400-bed hospital handling large Puerto Rican population. Desires teaching and/or research and/or diagnostic parasitology; foreign position considered. Available in September. Box 202, SCIENCE.

Scientific Materialism, the spiritual path to ultimate freedom. West-Coast roundtable. Address inquiries to 6285 Rodgerton Dr., Hollywood 28, Calif. 6/21, 28; 7/5

## POSITIONS OPEN

(a) Anatomist, M.D., qualified to teach everything in this field; rank dependent qualifications. (b) Microbiologist qualified in virology or experimental immunology; medical school pediatric research department; South. (c) Neurophysiologist interested in problems of vision; association with group specializing in this field; opportunity important academic appointment. (d) Pharmaceutical Chemist to take charge of control laboratory and new product division, organization specializing biologicals and pharmaceutical products; Midwest. S6-3 Medical Bureau, Burneice Larson, Director, 900 North Michigan, Chicago.

Biology. Instructor for temporary appointment beginning September 1957. General biology, zoological background preferred. Youth, enthusiasm, and M.S. required. Large southwestern university. Box 198, SCIENCE. 6/28; 7/5, 12

Director, diagnostic and research tuberculosis laboratory, central Florida, physician or non-physician microbiologist or clinical chemist. Part-time employment will be considered. Write Dr. Albert V. Hardy, Director, Bureau of Laboratories, State Board of Health, P.O. Box 210, Jacksonville, Florida.

#### POSITIONS OPEN

Comparative Anatomist—Visiting Professor, retired or sabbatical, for fall semester 1957 only. Box 189, SCIENCE. 6/28; 7/5

Applications are invited for the positions of HEADS OF THE DIVISIONS OF PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY of the Saskatchewan Research Council. Applicants should have a doctor's degree or its equivalent and 6 to 8 years' research experience, including 6 years in supervision of investigational work.

The field of interest of the Saskatchewan Research Council includes both pure and applied science but is mainly directed to matters affecting the economy of the Province. Within this field the work is widely diversified. The Council's laboratory building is now under construction on the grounds of the University of Saskatchewan and is expected to be ready for occupancy in April 1958. Applicants should be prepared to join the Council before that time in order to participate in planning the initial program of research.

Inquiries are to be addressed to Dr. T. E. Warren, Director, Saskatchewan Research Council, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan.

Physician, not over 35, male; single or married. Experience not necessary; salary open. M.D. licensed in Illinois. Will accept M.D. who is eligible to receive license in Illinois. Applicant must have genuine interest in biologics and blood work. Training will be offered. Eventually can become associate director to present executive director. Box 192, SCIENCE.

6/28; 7/5, 12

### **PHYSIOLOGIST PHARMACOLOGIST**

Ph.D. in physiology or pharmacology to assist in the evaluation of neuropharmacologic agents for use in mental illness. Philadelphia located pharmaceutical manufacturer. Excellent benefits. Send résumé.

Box 186, SCIENCE

## **PHYSIOLOGISTS PHARMACOLOGISTS BIOCHEMISTS**

Ph.D.'s in physiology, pharmacology or biochemistry with major background and experience in field of

- (a) Cardiovascular and/or nutrition
- (b) Endocrinology

. for team participation in the development of new therapeutic agents. Large pharmaceutical manufacturer. Philadelphia location. Liberal benefit program. Send

Box 185, SCIENCE

Research Assistant, B.S. or M.S. Conscientious person with good college record in chemistry and/or biology and willingness to learn. Desired for work on the central nervous system employing biochemical and biophysical techniques. Salary level consistent with training and experience. Midwest. Box 161, SCIENCE.

5/31, 6/7, 14, 21, 28, 7/5, 12

Supervising Hospital Biochemist for a clinical chemistry laboratory of a large university hospital affiliated with a medical college; also teaching opportunity. Broad experience is required. Salary range, \$7047 to \$7830. Liberal personnel policies. Please address your communication indicating your background and experience to the Administration Office, Cincinnati General Hospital, 3231 Burnet Avenue, Cincinnati 29, Ohio. 6/21, 28; 7/5, 12, 19, 26; 8/2

#### POSITIONS OPEN

Scientist-Junior: M.S. or equivalent in organic chemistry and/or biochemistry. Some knowledge of patent procedures and foreign languages desirable to participate in the evaluation of foreign scientific information for a Philadelphia pharmaceutical manufacturer. Liberal benefit program. Send complete résumé. Box 188, SCIENCE.

SCIENCE TEACHERS, LIBRARIANS, AD-MINISTRATORS urgently needed for September positions in many states and many foreign lands. No fees. Apply direct. Also study awards. Rush \$1 for complete job data, salaries. CRUSADE, SCI, Box 99, Station G, Brooklyn 22, N.Y.

# VIROLOGIST

#### **Human Vaccine**

We are entering into a new tissue culture program and will need Virologists with Ph.D. or equivalent and also technicians who preferably have had experience in tissue culture work.

This is an outstanding opportunity to work with a well-established company in an expanding field. Submit résumé with full information to Box 190, SCIENCE.

Zoology—Invertebrate. Visiting professor, retired or sabbatical for spring semester 1958 only. Large university in Southwest. Box 199, SCIENCE. 6/28; 7/5, 12



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Sets, Runs and Volumes bought at top prices.
Your wants supplied from
our Back Files of over 3,000,000 periodicals,
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# QUICK DETECTION OF PARAMAGNETIC IONS





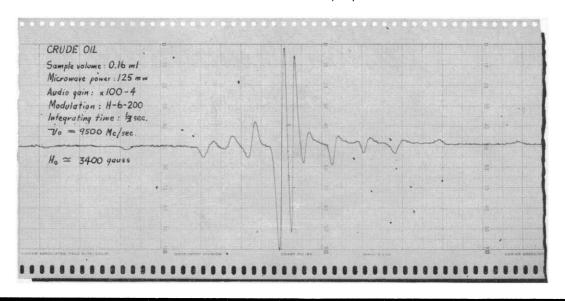
Where a trace of a transition element ion constitutes either a harmful impurity or a key to a chemical, physical or biological phenomenon, quantitative determination by E-P-R spectroscopy has a number of advantages. The test is fast and non-destructive. A typical sample size is 0.1 cc and the method is effective on concentrations as low as  $10^{-6}$  molar. On a routine basis a quantitative E-P-R test can be made in a few minutes. The same results by chemical analysis might require hours or days of painstaking effort.

E-P-R Spectroscopy is effective on most transition element ions because the unfilled electronic shell causes the ion to be paramagnetic. Each ion yields a characteristic E-P-R spectrum which identifies its presence and concentration. By further interpreting this spectrum, the scientist can also determine configuration mixing and magnitudes and symmetries of microscopic electrostatic fields at the paramagnetic ion site. An example is shown below.

## Number 5 of a series VANADIUM IONS IN CRUDE OIL

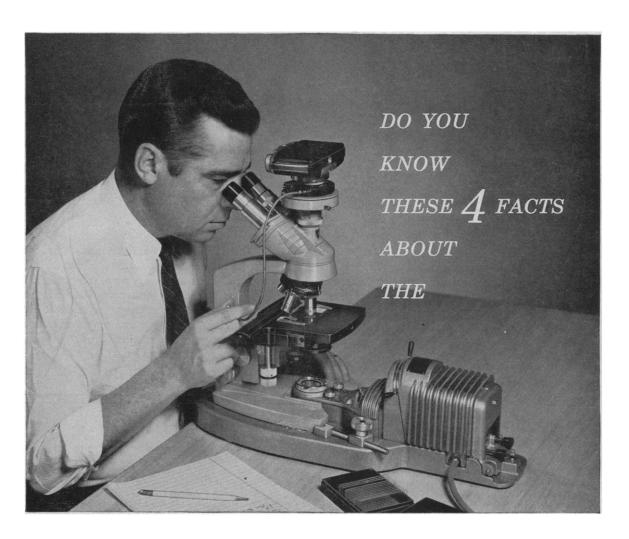
INTERPRETATION: When Vanadium occurs in crude oils as a trace impurity, it seriously interferes with catalysts used in refining. The quadrivalent vanadium ion has an unfilled electronic shell which causes it to be paramagnetic. Hence it is readily detected and identified by E-P-R. No sample preparation is required.

The spectrum recorded below reveals the strong spin-orbit (L-S) coupling as well as the isotropic hyperfine (I-S) coupling to the (I = 7/2) V<sup>s</sup> inucleus. Both of these interactions are comparable here, and serve to make the spectrum appear quite complex. Because of this complexity, the presence of other valence states cannot be ruled out without further analysis at another microwave frequency.



For full technical details on E-P-R and N-M-R Spectroscopy and Spectrometers, write to the Varian Associates Instrument Division







- 1 ASSURES MAXIMUM OPTICAL PERFORMANCE OF YOUR MICROSCOPE—Koehler type illumination—ideal for bright field ... phase... interference... polarizing... and dark field microscopy and photomicrography. Numerical aperture... and field diaphragm settings regulated accurately and effectively—permit full resolving power of your microscope.
- 2 OFFERS WIDE SELECTION OF FILTERS Eight levels of intensity . . . plus daylight, green and red filters . . . quickly selectable by simple finger-tip rotation of turret mounted filters. Optimum intensity and correct contrasting color selection are very important factors to reveal the specimen detail you're investigating.
- 3 PROVIDES PERMANENT ALIGNMENT WITH MICRO-SCOPE — Three point positioning device precisely locates and rigidly retains any make microscope equipped with horseshoe base. Microscope may be removed and easily repositioned against locating device without disturbing absolute alignment. Near parallel beam of light evenly illuminates entire field of view.
- 4 COSTS LESS THAN YOU THINK Model 600 AO-Spencer Ortho-Illuminator complete...\$165.00. Optically and mechanically designed to give you years of trouble-free service... maximum efficiency... and reduced fatigue.

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