COMMENTS

by Readers

Researchers can extend their work other study in 1941 (I. A. Berg. J. exp. machines.

October 18, 1946), many scientific a male, was so severely bitten and so techniques. His plan for multiplying in that he was isolated in a separate cage numbers and summary punch the totals all at one time. These summary cards, which carry the progressive totals for the digit used as multiplier, may then be added into the grand total, which is summary punched, and thus the product result that he reversed his previous social Radiation Laboratory, University of Calsums desired are obtained without the position and became the dominant animal ifornia. manual work he describes.

The card method is especially valuable whenever there are many variables in the matrix to be multiplied and where the N is large.

We have expanded the use of cards into factor-analysis calculations. The centroid method has been described (D. M. Hall, E. L. Walker, and Isabelle Crawford. Psychometrika, June 1945), and we are now perfecting the principal factor method procedures. (D. M. HALL, University of Illinois.)

Chronic vitamin B1 deprivation in litters of dogs can affect social dominance as measured by biting without retaliation, the order in which animals go to the food pan, and the relative or absolute immunity from attack by other animals in the group. There have been a number of studies demonstrating the existence of social dominance among such vertebrates as hens, mice, canaries, cattle, and dogs; and changes in dominance have been studied in connection with hormone administration, as testosterone propionate, restriction of cage space, and with social variables, as introducing a new

It was found in connection with an- tion were noted in other litters.

and reduce the burden of calculation if Psychol., 1944, 34, 343-368) that social they use punch cards and tabulating hierarchies existed in each of five litters of puppies. In one litter of four males and As Neil R. Bartlett suggests (Science, one female, the least dominant animal, of the litter after several fights with each of his littermates.

> loss of appetite, followed by symptoms from which relatively large amounts of of "Fright Disease," was noted in those 43 can be isolated. animals which had been fed for several months on the commercial dog food ra- element the name technetium, from the J. W. Patton (Vet. Med., 1939, 34, 372- of the fact that technetium is the first 381), 600 I.U. thiamine chloride were in- artificially made element. The correspondjected subcutaneously in all five animals ing chemical symbol should be Tc. daily for four days. Patton had noted autoclaving.

number of fights ensued, and the pre-

It is suggested that investigators of social dominance and of hormonal effects on behavior take special precautions to ensure an adequate B₁ supply in the animals' diet, since, in addition to the effects noted here on dominance, testicular hypofunction or atrophy (C. H. Best and N. B. Taylor. Physiological basis of medical practice. 3rd ed., 1943. p. 1297), accompanied by reduced sex hormone secretion, can result from B₁ deficiency. (IRWIN AUGUST BERG, University of Illinois.)

C. Perrier and E. Segrè (J. Chem. workers are unfamiliar with punch-card regularly driven from the feeding pan Phys., 1937, 5; 1938, 6) showed that radioactive isotopes of element 43 could be order to obtain the sum of X,X2, XY,Y2, and given a special diet which included formed by neutron or deuteron bombardwe have used to multiply 8 four-digit milk and raw beef. The other animals ment of molybdenum. Several chemical had earlier been placed on an exclusive properties of element 43 were established diet of water, canned dog food, and a at the time, as well as some nuclear proptype of dry dog chow. After three weeks erties of the spectral isotopes. These the isolated animal was again placed in isotopes were found in nuclear bombardthe cage with his littermates with the ments by the 37-inch cyclotron of the

> Later, C. S. Wu and E. Segrè (Phys. Rev., 1940, 57) found element 43 among About a week after this an increasing the fission products of uranium, a source

It seems appropriate now to give this tion. Following the suggestion made by Greek τεχυητόs, artificial, in recognition

In 1940 D. R. Corson, K. R. Mackenthat commercial dog foods are usually zie, and E. Segrè (Phys. Rev., 1940, 57) autoclaved and that B1, being heat prepared the isotope of mass 211 of labile, is destroyed as a result of the element 85 by bombarding bismuth with alpha particles accelerated in the 60-inch It is believed that the chronic B1 cyclotron of the Radiation Laboratory, deficiency resulting from the autoclaved University of California. At that time dog food was directly related to observed they established several chemical properchanges in social dominance in this litter; ties of element 85 and made a rather comfor, after the series of B1 injections, a plete nuclear study of the isotope formed.

A name should now be given to this new viously dominant male resumed his element and, following the system by ascendant position in the social hierarchy. which the lighter halogens chlorine, The male which had originally been bromine, and iodine have been namedlowest and, after the special diet, highest by modifying a Greek adjective denoting in dominance ended as third highest in some property of the substance in questhe social group of littermates. The female tion—the discoverers propose to call was lowest in the new hierarchy. This element 85 astatine, from the Greek final order of dominance remained for arrayos, unstable. Astatine is, in fact, the animal into an established social group almost two months, when no further only halogen without stable isotopes. (W. C. Allee. Biol. Symp., 1942, 8, observations were made. Similar domi- The corresponding chemical symbol nance shifts associated with B₁ depriva- proposed is At. (E. Segrè, University of California, Berkeley.)