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Full Employment After the War: How to Achieve it and Maintain it: DR. JOSEPH MAYER	367
Obituary: Recent Deaths	
Scientific Events: The Royal Society; Affiliation of the Shell Develop- ment Research Club with the Society of the Sigma Xi; The National Foundation for Infantile Paraly- sis; The Passano Foundation Award	372
Scientific Notes and News	374
Discussion: Trypsin and Chymotrypsin versus Heparin: DR. M. K. HORWITT. Plasmodium Vivax Chesson Strain: DR. FREDERICK C. EHRMAN, DR. JOHN M. ELLIS and DR. MARTIN D. YOUNG. Reaction of Vitamin A with Super-Filtrol: DR. H. R. KREIDER. Biological Research and Publication: PROFESSOR T. D. A. COCKERELL	376
Scientific Books:	
Elliptic Functions: PROFESSOR PHILIP FRANKLIN. Industrial Psychology: DR. PAUL S. ACHILLES	378
Reports:	
Sponsors of World Exploration: G. R. CRONE	379
Special Articles: Recovery of Equine Encephalomyelitis Virus (Western Type) from Chicken Mites: DR. S. ED- WARD SULKIN. The Antibacterial Properties of Dicumarol: DR. ANDRES GOTH. The Mechanism of Growth Inhibition by Hexenolactone: DR. THEO- DORE HAUSCHKA, DR. GERRIT TOENNIES and DR. ANSEL P. SWAIN. Hydrolysis of Choline Esters by Liver: DR. CHARLES H. SAWYER. A Catalytic Effect of Thiamine at the Dropping Mercury Elec- trode: ALBERT WOLLENBERGER. The Nutritive	·
Value of Fusaria: LEONARD J. VINSON, PROFESSOR	

LEOPOLD R. CERECEDO, ROBERT P. MULL and PRO- FESSOR F. F. NORD. Podoptera, a Homoeotic Mu- tant of Drosophila and the Origin of the Insect Wing: PROFESSOR RICHARD B. GOLDSCHMIDT	381
Scientific Apparatus and Laboratory Methods:	
A Suggested Sterility Test for Penicillin: DR. ROBERT D. MUIE and DR. GEORGE VALLEY. A Sim-	
ple Device for the Addition or Removal of Solu-	
tions or Gases to a Closed System: JOSEPHINE	
BECKWITH SENN. Rapid Staining Method for Re-	
lapsing Fever Spirochetes: PFC. CHARLES L. WISSE-	
MAN, JR.	390
Science News	12
	14

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FULL EMPLOYMENT AFTER THE WAR: HOW TO ACHIEVE IT AND MAINTAIN IT

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INTRODUCTORY

On September 10, the first comprehensive official statement on postwar reemployment appeared in the public press in a report made by War Mobilization Director Byrnes. This statement gives even more point to the proposals offered in the following pages, in that the major unemployment problems soon to confront the nation seemed to be given short shrift. Director Byrnes asserted that only the "fears of timid people" stand in the way of continued employment at the present high levels and that "the present national income" should be maintained.

¹ Address of the retiring vice-president and chairman of Section L of the American Association for the Advancement of Science (1943). The views expressed in this address are those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of his institution.

At about the same time the public was advised that one million soldiers and four million war workers will lose their jobs soon after X-day, the day the Nazis are defeated. Putting millions of breadwinners back to work in peacetime occupations on short notice will be no mean job.

Furthermore, our present war-level national income of 160 billions can not be maintained after the war without an enormous monetary inflation which nobody wants. Going back to the 40-hour week and returning millions of youngsters, housewives and oldsters to school, housework and retirement will of themselves reduce the present national income very considerably. The proper postwar employment and income outlook should not be in terms of wartime over-employment and consequent over-production, but in terms of what

