

His collection of Orthoptera numbers thousands of specimens and dozens of species that he has collected in the fields, in canyons, on mountains and on the deserts of Utah.

Dr. Henderson held membership in the following honorary and scientific societies: Sigma Xi, Cornell Chapter, 1905; Phi Kappa Phi; American Association for the Advancement of Science; Entomological Society of America; Pan Pacific Entomological Society; American Genetic Association; American Eugenics Society; American Association of University Professors; and Utah Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters.

Dr. Henderson's greatest contribution was perhaps that which he made in the classroom. He was particularly efficient as a teacher. This resulted from a combination of factors, including his natural capabilities, proficient training, his continuous, thorough and systematic preparation and presentation of subject-matter, together with his sympathetic understanding of student character and problems. His nobleness of character, wisdom, meekness, sincerity, guilelessness, efficiency and friendliness developed in students and associates alike a wholesome respect and sincere affection.

The high esteem and kind affection in which the students of Utah State Agricultural College held this devoted teacher was manifest by their dedication of the 1935 *Buzzer* to him.

To all his work Dr. Henderson brought enthusiasm, freshness and excellence. He was tireless in all his efforts, and his enthusiasm, zeal and devotion to duty

often carried him far beyond the point to which his physical strength should have been taxed.

The interests and work of Dr. Henderson extended beyond the college campus to community, state and national problems.

Dr. Henderson was highly respected and greatly admired by all who knew him. In his passing, the college, the community and the state of Utah have lost a great teacher, a valiant scientist, a sincere friend and a champion of truth.

CHARLES J. SORENSON

RECENT DEATHS

DR. CHARLES FELTON SCOTT, professor emeritus of electrical engineering of Yale University, a consulting engineer of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, died on December 17. He was eighty years old.

DR. ROSCOE CONKLING YOUNG, head of the department of physics at the College of William and Mary, died on November 22 at the age of fifty-nine years.

THE REVEREND FRANCIS W. POWER, professor of micro-analysis at Fordham University, died on December 15. He was fifty-one years old.

THE death is announced of Dr. Charles Anderson, who recently retired as director of the Australian Museum at Sidney. A correspondent writes: "He was primarily a geologist, but was a man of unusually wide interests and training. His services and kindnesses to visiting American scientists were unfailing and unforgettable by those who enjoyed them."

SCIENTIFIC EVENTS

GRANTS OF THE NUFFIELD FOUNDATION

It is reported in *The Times*, London, that the trustees of the Nuffield Foundation, in order to carry out one of its primary objects, the advancement of health, particularly by the furtherance of teaching and research, have offered to the Universities of Durham, Glasgow and Manchester grants amounting to £150,000 to assist them in carrying out plans that they have submitted for the development of teaching and research in industrial health as soon as suitable staffs can be appointed.

These grants will be spread over a period of ten years. Manchester, where it is proposed to create a chair of industrial health, will receive £70,000. Durham has been offered £40,000 for the establishment of a department under a university reader. A similar amount is being allocated to Glasgow for a sub-department of industrial health within the existing department of social medicine.

The Minister of Labor and National Service, Mr. Bevin, has assured Sir William Goodenough (chair-

man of the trustees) of his warm approval of the proposal, which he regards as an important contribution to further progress in industrial health.

A statement issued by the foundation points out that the maintenance of a healthy industrial population involves the provision of greater facilities than now exist for education and research in problems of industrial health. Great Britain has no university department devoted to educational work in industrial health and no facilities for post-graduate training in industrial medicine.

THE NUTRITION FOUNDATION

THE third annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Nutrition Foundation, of which George A. Sloan is president, was held in Minneapolis on November 30. At this meeting grants for research of \$127,750 were made.

Since its organization by food and related manufacturers three years ago, the foundation has made appropriations of \$654,700 to support ninety-five sepa-

rate research projects in American universities. Fifty food and related manufacturers have contributed the sum of \$1,524,500 to carry on its work.

Fourteen of the grants approved at the meeting are for the extension of studies which have been already started and which have yielded results that have made it seem wise to extend the work for from two to three years.

A luncheon meeting which immediately preceded the meeting of the Board of Trustees, attended by a number of distinguished representatives of education, science, industry, agriculture and finance, was addressed by Colonel Rohland A. Isker, in charge of Subsistence Research for the Army.

Grants approved at the meeting included renewals of the following fourteen studies now under way:

The synthesis and utilization of liver protein, Stanford University	1 yr.	\$ 4,000
The quantitative study of the nutrients of cow's milk, Cornell University	1 yr.	1,500
Relation of niacin and other B-vitamin deficiencies to oral diseases, University of California	3 yrs.	12,000
Liver function in relation to certain carcinogenous agents, New York Memorial Hospital	3 yrs.	7,800
Metabolism of Vitamin A, Mount Sinai Hospital	1 yr.	3,300
Concentration of new vitamins, Rockefeller Institute	2 yrs.	6,800
Evaluating foodstuffs for meeting the human protein requirement, University of Rochester	1 yr.	3,000
Growth, reproduction and lactation in rats on highly purified diets, Fordham University	1 yr.	2,200
Micro-biological analysis of amino acids, University of California	3 yrs.	9,000
Absorption of iron compounds in anemia, Vanderbilt University	3 yrs.	7,500
Nutritive role of hydroxy fatty acids, Massachusetts Institute of Technology	2 yrs.	4,800
Carbohydrate metabolism, Columbia University	3 yrs.	15,000
Diet and congenital malformations, University of Cincinnati	3 yrs.	7,500
Pyruvate metabolism with special emphasis on the role of acetoin, Harvard University	3 yrs.	9,000

The new grants approved included:

Research in community nutrition, Harvard University	2 yrs.	5,600
The iron requirement of the adolescent girl, University of Chicago	1 yr.	1,800
The intermediary metabolism of carotene, University of Southern California	1 yr.	3,000

Nature of the ascending paralysis produced in dogs on a B-complex deficient diet and responding to biotin therapy, Duke University	1 yr.	1,500
Studies on pantothenic acid, Meharry Medical College	1 yr.	850

THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF TROPICAL MEDICINE

THE forty-first annual meeting of the American Society of Tropical Medicine was held in St. Louis from November 13 to 16 with headquarters at the Statler Hotel. The meeting was held as usual during the annual meeting of the Southern Medical Association. Also as usual the society held a dinner meeting with the American Academy of Tropical Medicine and another session with the National Malaria Society.

Three scientific sessions were held. Thirty-five papers were listed on the program, of which eight were read by title. All sessions were well attended, more than a hundred and seventy-five members being present at some of the meetings. The society now has one thousand two hundred and thirteen members, as compared with nine hundred and fifty-two at this time last year.

Most of the opening scientific session was devoted to the general theme of war and post-war tropical medicine. Papers were presented by Dr. L. E. Napier, Major Douglass W. Walker, Lieutenant Colonel Philip T. Knies, Dr. Henry E. Meleney and Major George W. Hunter, III. Major Hunter's paper concerned the activities of the Distributing Center for Parasitological Specimens during 1944, and attention was again called to the importance of this endeavor and the urgent need for the cooperation of the whole society.

Following the presentation of the formal papers, Dr. A. J. Warren, chairman of the Committee on War and Post-War Tropical Medicine, presented in abstract its recently published recommendations which were later approved by the council and by the membership of the society in the general business session. These recommendations have been approved also by the United States Public Health Service.

At the joint meeting with the National Malaria Society, which was held on the morning of November 15, eleven papers were presented on various phases of malaria.

The annual dinner and business meeting of the officers and councilors of the society was held on Tuesday evening, November 14. All were in attendance at the meeting except Dr. Harold W. Brown and Colonel Charles F. Craig. The latter was prevented from attending owing to transportation difficulties. Former past presidents who attended the meeting included George C. Shattuck, E. B. Vedder, H. E. Meleney,