

Sir Arthur in 1919 was visiting professor of hygiene and public health at the Johns Hopkins University.

PROFESSOR GUIDO FUBINI, formerly professor of mathematics at the University of Turin and since 1939 a member of the Institute for Advanced Study

at Princeton, N. J., died on June 6 at the age of sixty-four years.

THE death is announced of Dr. Peter Muehlens, director of the Hamburg Institute for Tropical Diseases. He was sixty-nine years old.

SCIENTIFIC EVENTS

FIELD TRAINING IN HEALTH EDUCATION AT CLEVELAND HEALTH MUSEUM

TWENTY-SEVEN students in health education from the University of North Carolina will work from August 9 to September 4 as interns at the Cleveland Health Museum to receive a course of instruction, do laboratory work and gain field experience in methods of health education, especially in health exhibits. Among those students are seventeen individuals who were awarded fellowships by the U. S. Public Health Service, from a grant made available by the W. K. Kellogg Foundation.

The four-week course at the museum is part of a three-months' supervised field experience required in addition to nine months' academic training in order to obtain the degree of master of science in public health. The postgraduate students come from sixteen states: Arizona, California, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Washington and Wyoming. One student comes from Lima, Peru. Many have been already engaged in health work, such as directors of school cafeterias, teachers of physical education or home economics in colleges, assistant directors of state hospitals, nutritionists, etc.

The course will be conducted by Dr. Bruno Gebhard, who is director of the Cleveland Health Museum and an associate in health education at the School of Medicine of Western Reserve University.

Besides instruction in the principles and methods of visual health education the students will gain practical experience in three work units. The first one deals with ideas, facts, figures and manuscripts. Another unit is centered around designing, constructing and budgeting of exhibits. A third will handle placement, publicity, visitors' reaction and follow-up.

The museum's facilities, including exhibits, the workshops, the loan service and the film library, will be used for this training.

THE AMERICAN FOUNDATION FOR TROPICAL MEDICINE

THE medical advisory committee of the American Foundation for Tropical Medicine authorized grants to six North American medical schools amounting to \$26,100 during the first quarter of 1943, according

to a report by Dr. J. A. Curran, dean of the Long Island College of Medicine, executive director, at a meeting of directors of the foundation in New York City on April 14.

These grants, made possible by contributions and pledges for the current year of \$60,100 by nineteen American corporations, are being used to strengthen teaching or research programs in tropical medicine and parasitology at the various schools. The approved projects were selected by the medical committee among a number of applications.

Medical schools to receive aid were: the College of Medicine of New York University; Medical School of Tufts College; School of Medicine of Tulane University; the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Manitoba; the College of Medicine of the University of Nebraska and the School of Medicine of Yale University.

Companies that have made contributions or formal pledges of support include: Abbott Laboratories; American Cyanamid Company; Ciba Pharmaceutical Products Corporation; Firestone Plantations Company; General Foods Corporation; Hoffmann-La Roche, Inc.; the Lambert Company; Lederle Laboratories; Eli Lilly and Company; Merck and Company, Inc.; National Carbon Company; Parke, Davis and Company; E. R. Squibb and Sons; United Fruit Company; William R. Warner and Company; Winthrop Chemical Company; Winthrop Products, Inc., and John Wyeth and Brother. Other applications are pending and those that are approved will be financed out of contributions.

The program of the foundation adopted at the annual meeting of members in January calls for the collection and disbursement of \$100,000 among medical schools and scientific journals and for special projects which fall within its scope. Dr. Curran stated that the full sum of \$100,000 would be needed to complete the program.

The officers of the foundation are: *President*, Lt. Col. Thomas T. Mackie, executive officer, Division of Parasitology and Tropical Medicine, Army Medical School; *Vice-president*, Dr. Willard C. Rappleye, dean of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University; *Secretary*, Alfred R. Crawford, assistant to the president of Long Island College of Medicine; *Treasurer*, W. W. Lancaster, partner,

Shearman and Sterling; and *Executive Director*, Dr. Curran, president and dean, Long Island College of Medicine.

Members of the executive committee, in addition to the above officers, are: Dr. Theodore G. Klumpp, *President*, Winthrop Chemical Company, Inc., and Dr. Henry E. Meleney, professor of preventive medicine, College of Medicine of New York University.

The purposes for which the funds granted are being utilized are as follows:

Manitoba.—Traveling fellowship for professor of parasitology and tropical diseases.

New York University.—Salary aid for full-time instructor in tropical medicine and parasitology.

Nebraska.—For full-time technical assistant to assist teaching in student laboratories and staff research.

Tufts.—To employ clinical teaching fellow in tropical medicine.

Tulane.—Budgetary needs of department of tropical medicine which since 1940 has trained forty-one physicians from Central and South American countries, from Africa and from Asia.

Yale.—To supplement salaries of teachers and laboratory assistants in order to expand tropical medicine teaching.

RATIONING AND EXPERIMENTAL LABORATORIES

THE question of the procedure for obtaining rationed foods for experimental purposes has been raised by a number of research institutions. In order to help those having difficulty in satisfying their needs, the following note has been prepared by the Food Distribution Administration:

Amendment 18 to General Ration Order Number 5, issued on April 24, states that, "On and after May 1, 1943, any use of a rationed food for experimental, educational, testing or demonstration purposes is an industrial and not an institutional use." This amendment lists experimental laboratories as industrial users and therefore requires them to proceed as directed under the institutional and industrial users sections of the various ration orders.

An industrial user (laboratory) registers, either in person or by mail, with the local board serving the area in which his principal office is located and receives an allotment to enable him to obtain and use foods covered by food rationing orders.

An application for the opening of a new establishment (laboratory) or original application to obtain rationed commodities must be made on OPA Form R-315. Such application should be submitted to the local War Price and Rationing Board which serves the area in which the establishment (laboratory) or its principal business office is or will be located. The local board will forward the application with its recommendation and all supporting data to Washington for appropriate action.

An application by an industrial user (laboratory) for allotment of a specific rationed food must be made in the following manner:

Sugar: If the applicant (laboratory) used sugar in 1941, his allotment will be based on actual usage during that year. He must register on OPA Form R-310 and apply for his allotment on R-314. The local board shall take appropriate action.

If the applicant did not use sugar in 1941, his allotment will be granted by the local board in accordance with the ruling received from Washington where the petition shall be sent by the local board.

Coffee: A laboratory which uses coffee for experimental purposes is considered a Class "A" industrial user of coffee, *i.e.*, a "person who uses roasted coffee in the preparation of a beverage which he does not serve." He must apply to his local War Price and Rationing Board which shall determine his monthly allotments.

Processed Foods: The applicant shall register on OPA Form R-1308, and include a record of his historical use of processed foods on which subsequent allotments will be based.

Meat, Cheese, Butter and Edible Fats and Oils: The applicant shall register as an industrial user on OPA Form R-1605 and include a record of his historical use of foods rationed under Ration Order 16 and his inventory of such rationed foods as of March 28, 1943. Allotments will be issued accordingly.

Sections 1407.81 to 1407.95 of Ration Order 3 cover the industrial use of sugar. Sections 1407.1015 to 1407.10175 of Ration Order 12 cover the industrial use of coffee. Article VI of Ration Order 13 and Amendment 10 to that order cover the industrial use of processed foods. Article VII of Ration Order 16 covers the industrial use of meats, cheese, butter and the edible fats and oils.

Additional information as to the procedure for obtaining rationed foods for experimental purposes as well as copies of the various rationing orders, amendments and necessary forms may be obtained from local War Price and Rationing Boards.

TRAINING FOR WOMEN IN AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI

DETAILS of a special war-training program developed with the Goodyear Aircraft Corporation to prepare selected groups of college women for specific types of work with the Akron, Ohio, firm have been announced by the University of Cincinnati.

Sponsored by the Goodyear Corporation, the program, starting on July 1, will train young women in aeronautical engineering in the College of Engineering and Commerce to qualify them for employment as junior engineers. The company will carry the cost. Applicants must have attended college at least one year and have general aptitude for mathematics. W. S. Dowman, of the Goodyear Corporation, is re-