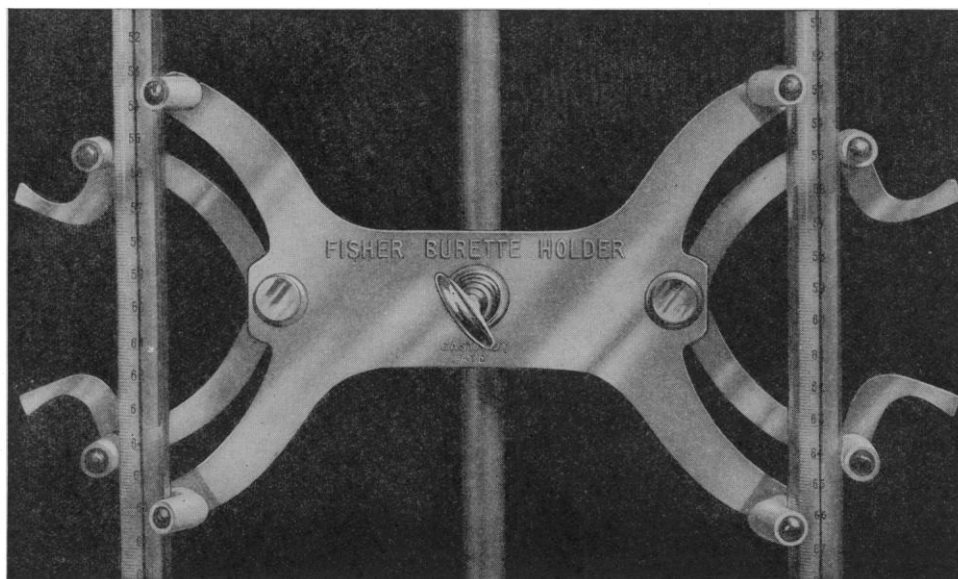


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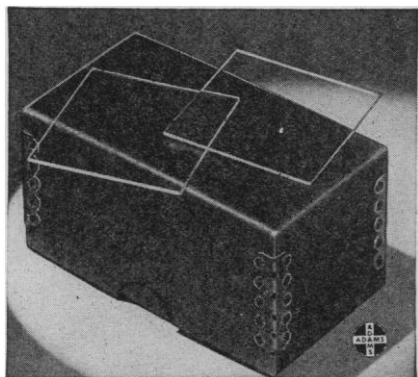
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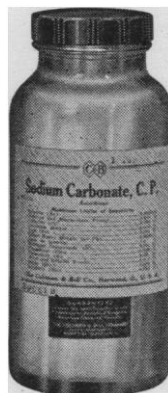
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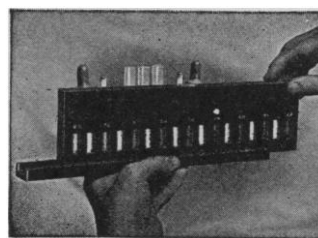
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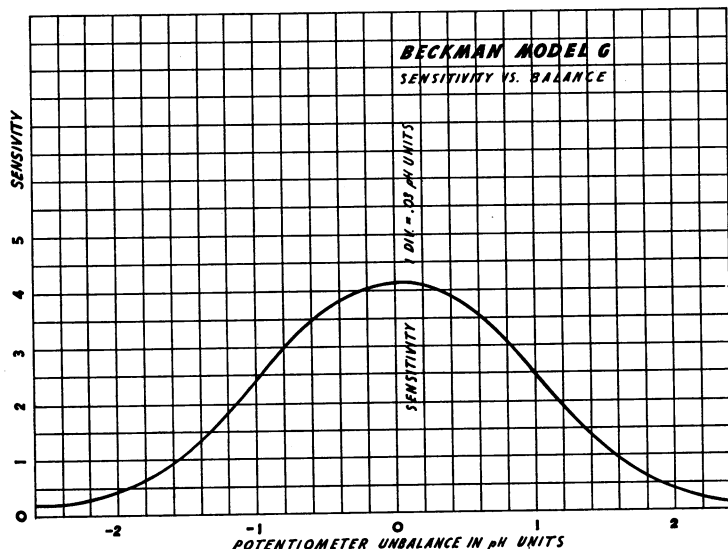
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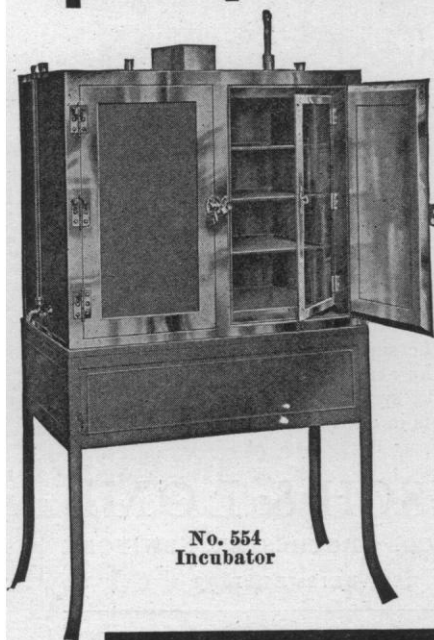
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# SCIENCE

VOL. 94

FRIDAY, JULY 25, 1941

No. 2430

<i>Aspects of Modern Psychology</i> : DR. CHARLES S. MYERS .....	75	<i>Special Articles</i> :	
<i>Is This Success</i> : THE LATE DR. ROYAL N. CHAPMAN .....	81	<i>On the Hormonal Activity of a Steroid Compound</i> : PROFESSOR HANS SELYE. <i>The Human Excretion of Carotenoids and Vitamin A</i> : DR. GEORGE WALD, PROFESSOR WILLIAM R. CARROLL and DANIEL SCARRA. <i>Correlation of Activity Per Unit Weight of Tobacco-Mosaic Virus with Age of Lesion</i> : DR. ERNEST L. SPENCER .....	94
<i>Scientific Events</i> :		<i>Scientific Apparatus and Laboratory Methods</i> :	
<i>Gifts to Science and Education; The Standards Council of the American Standards Association; The Memorial Hospital, New York City; Awards of the Social Science Research Council; Engineering Awards in Great Britain; Deaths and Memorials</i> .....	83	<i>Measurement of Respiration and Glycolysis of a Single Sample of Tissue in Serum</i> : DR. CHARLES O. WARREN. <i>The Preservation of Oxidizable Substances in Solution</i> : DR. SEWARD E. OWEN .....	97
<i>Scientific Notes and News</i> .....	86	<i>Science News</i> .....	8
<i>Discussion</i> :			
<i>Induced Biotin Deficiency as a Possible Explanation of Observed Spontaneous Recessions in Malignancy</i> : WILLIAM L. LAURENCE. <i>Pre-Euclidean Greek Mathematics</i> : PROFESSOR G. A. MILLER. <i>Cross-Fertilization of Echinoderms</i> : DR. ETHEL BROWNE HARVEY. <i>Phosphorescence of Human Teeth</i> : JACK DE MENT .....	88		
<i>Scientific Books</i> :			
<i>Recent Publications of the British Museum (Natural History)</i> : PROFESSOR T. D. A. COCKERELL .....	91		
<i>Societies and Meetings</i> :			
<i>The Seventh Annual Washington Conference of Theoretical Physics, May 22-24, 1941</i> : DR. E. TELLER, PROFESSOR G. GAMOW and DR. J. A. FLEMING .....	92		

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## ASPECTS OF MODERN PSYCHOLOGY<sup>1</sup>

By Dr. CHARLES S. MYERS

ENGLAND

Two hundred years ago psychology had no independent existence. But it was fast developing in importance and towards differentiation from the universe of philosophy to which it then belonged. In the year 1740, Berkeley and Hume were still living; Kant was in his teens; Locke, Malebranche and Leibnitz had not long since died, and the elder (James) Mill, Herbart and Lotze were yet unborn. Hitherto the concern of philosophers with what was to become psychology had had chief reference to their speculations upon the nature of knowledge and understanding and

upon the relations between mind and matter. But now their interests and observations were becoming increasingly psychological in other directions; and they were fore-shadowing views and attitudes which were to achieve prominence and importance through the history of psychology after its emancipation.

It was the mathematical and biological sciences that helped finally in the birth of psychology as a separate field of study and as an experimental science; they likewise played a part in the emergence of political economy and education, respectively, also out of philosophy. After a sterile mathematical treatment by Herbart of the higher mental processes in the early

<sup>1</sup> Address delivered at the Bicentennial Celebration of the University of Pennsylvania, September, 1940.



During the experimental period, the oxygen consumption is determined manometrically in the usual way, with KOH in the center well to absorb  $\text{CO}_2$ . One advantage of this method over differential manometry for measuring tissue respiration in serum is that the time-course of respiration may be followed, and by using vessels equipped with more than one side-well, additional samples of serum may be withdrawn at intervals to follow the time-course of glycolysis.

Tests of the method show that the same figure for  $Q_G^{O_2}$  is obtained by this "side-well technique," where only the serum is analyzed, as by the usual method of analyzing separate samples at the beginning and end of the experiment and including the tissue in the analysis. In the case of bone marrow, the only tissue so far studied by these methods, the  $Q_{O_2}$  is the same in neutralized as in unaltered serum,<sup>4</sup> but the  $Q_G^{O_2}$  is higher in neutralized serum, apparently an effect of the absence of  $\text{CO}_2$ . This finding may not apply to other tissues.

These methods may of course be used with any medium, but they are particularly useful when it is important to use serum, to conserve tissue and to use as few manometers as possible. The chemical method of measuring glycolysis has the advantage of being virtually specific for lactic acid, and accuracy is gained by making the initial and final analyses on one sample of tissue rather than on separate samples, as in the usual way.

CHARLES O. WARREN<sup>5</sup>

DEPARTMENT OF ANATOMY,  
CORNELL UNIVERSITY MEDICAL COLLEGE

### THE PRESERVATION OF OXIDIZABLE SUBSTANCES IN SOLUTION<sup>1</sup>

CERTAIN chemical and biological preparations, notably those used for growth stimulation or containing natural sulphydryl complexes are prone to gradual oxidation and subsequent loss of potency when in solution. Shinohara<sup>2</sup> has given formulas for these inactivating oxidations and our own work Owen<sup>3</sup> on tissue extracts are in fair agreement with his findings.

After attempting to prevent oxidation in these solutions by refrigeration, tightly capping the vials and employing antioxidants with a minimum of success we found the following procedure to be effective. The embryonic extract or solutions are prepared in the usual manner either aseptically or with permissible amounts of preservative. These are then strained or

filtered as desired. The preparation is then placed in open beakers or wide-mouthed screw cap vials and set at room temperature into a vacuum desiccator. The pump is started and sufficient vacuum applied to cause mild bubbling of the solution but little or no loss in volume by evaporation. Usually not over five minutes pumping is required to remove the dissolved air. The vacuum is then replaced with an inert gas, as carbon dioxide, slowly let in. The containers are filled to the top and the cap screwed on and tightened before removal from the desiccator. Low melting paraffin may also be used to seal the containers. All air must be excluded to insure protection from oxidation.

As an example 1:100,000 cysteine hydrochloride solutions and tissue extracts containing free sulphydryl were maintained at room temperature for over six months with no apparent loss of sulphydryl. Similar solutions not so treated usually gave a negative sulphydryl test after one to four weeks. The method of testing was that used by Owen<sup>3</sup> employing the phospho-18-tungstic acid reagent of Folin and Marenzi.<sup>4</sup>

SEWARD E. OWEN

THE CANCER RESEARCH UNIT,  
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<sup>4</sup> O. Folin and A. D. Marenzi, *Jour. Biol. Chem.*, 83: 109-114, 1929.

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<sup>4</sup> C. O. Warren, *loc. cit.*

<sup>5</sup> This work was done during the tenure of a Lewis Cass Ledyard, Jr., Fellowship, New York Hospital, 1940-1941.

<sup>1</sup> Published with the permission of the Medical Director of the Veterans' Administration, who assumes no responsibility for the opinions expressed or the conclusions drawn by the writers.

<sup>2</sup> K. Shinohara, *Jour. Biol. Chem.*, 109: 665-679, 1935.

<sup>3</sup> S. E. Owen, *Growth*, 2: 355-361, 1938.



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