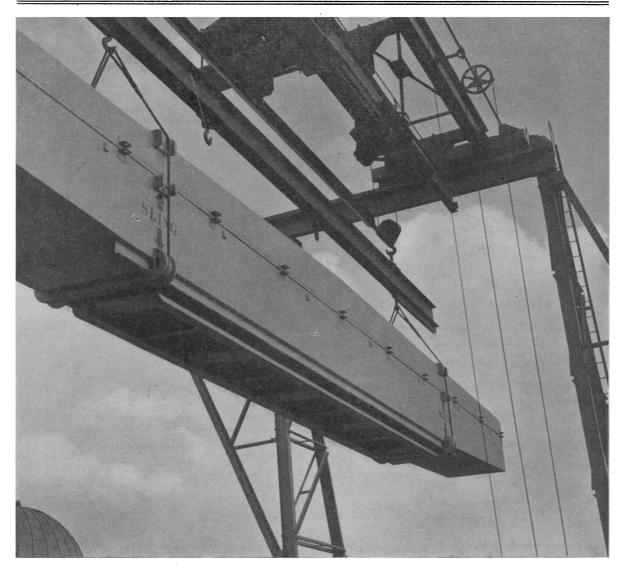
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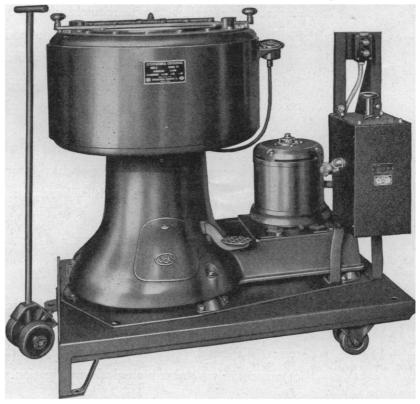
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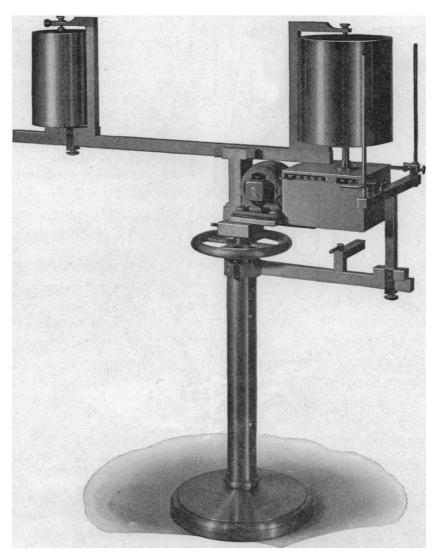
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The Breathing Mechanism of Turtles: Dr. Hansen. Nicotiana rustica Cultivated by Indians: Professor Leslie A. White. C Exposure and Abrasion in Human Teeth f ferent Age Classes: Dr. Paul C. Kitchin Effect of Chloroform on Some Insect Bites fessor W. A. Hoffman. Preservation of Areas in the National Forests: Dr. Will Van Name Scientific Books: Advances in Enzymology: Dr. Carl F. Corl Societies and Meetings: The Eastern Section of the Seismological of America: Professor William A. Lync Southeastern Section of the Botanical Soc America: Professor Kenneth W. Hunt	Pueblo Cervical or Dif- it. The s: Pro- Sample ARD G. 64 Society it. The iety of	SCIENCE: A Weekly Journal devoted to the Advance ment of Science, edited by J. McKeen Cattell and published every Friday by THE SCIENCE PRESS Lancaster, Pa. Garrison, N. Y New York City: Grand Central Terminal Annual Subscription, \$6.00 Single Copies, 15 Cts SCIENCE is the official organ of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. Information regarding membership in the Association may be secured from the office of the permanent secretary in the Smithsonian Institution Building, Washington, D. C.

THE DURHAM MEETING OF THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCE-MENT OF SCIENCE

Edited by Dr. F. R. MOULTON

PERMANENT SECRETARY

From June 23 to June 28 the American Association for the Advancement of Science held its one hundred eighth meeting at Durham, N. H., in connection with the celebration of the seventy-fifth anniversary of the founding of the University of New Hampshire. All the scientific sessions were held in the university buildings, which were conveniently located and excellently equipped. Most of the persons attending the meeting secured sleeping accommodations in the dormitories of the university. The special committees on arrangements were members of the university staff. At the close of the general session on the first evening the university tendered a reception to the association and its guests, and on the fourth evening

the university entertained the scientists with a concert at which Haydn's oratorio, "The Creation," was rendered by the New Hampshire Youth Orchestra under the direction of Professor Bjornar Bergethon. To an exceptional degree the university was an efficient and gracious host to the association.

At the Durham meeting six sections and twenty-one affiliated and associated societies presented programs or participated in joint programs. In addition to two general sessions of the association, the sections and participating societies held 49 sessions at which 210 formal papers were presented. Besides these formal sessions, there were several round-table discussions, eleven luncheons and dinners at most of

solution, which quickly flocculates, is diluted to volume and filtered.

To 1 to 5 ml is added 1 ml of 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine, half-saturated in N. HCl. After 10 minutes 10 ml of 2 N. NaOH are added and the solution diluted to 25 ml and read in the Klett-Summerson⁴ photoelectric colorimeter using the green filter number 52. The blank value (zero time of incubation) is subtracted and the amount of keto acid is read from a calibration curve in order to calculate the content of d-amino acid.

With the more slowly reacting amino acids longer time of incubation or decreasing amounts of the unknown solution have made it possible to obtain maximum values, as shown by the following recoveries. With 10 micro mols of d-alanine 98 per cent. was recovered as pyruvic acid in one hour and with 10 micro mols of d-phenylalanine 85 and 98 per cent. were recovered in 3 and 4 hours, respectively. Using only 5 micro mols of the latter a value of 103 per cent. was obtained in 3 hours of incubation.

The method described has proven particularly useful in determining the unnatural amino acids in various biological materials such as tissue hydrolysates and urine even in the presence of large amounts of members of the levo series. The acyl derivatives in urine have also been readily determined after submitting the samples to a preliminary hydrolysis. Its successful use in other instances and with other amino acids is dependent only on the formation of a stable keto acid and the ability of this keto acid to yield a colored 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone in alkaline solution. Other aspects of the use of this method and the results obtained will be described in detail elsewhere.

ROBERT R. SEALOCK

University of Rochester

A NEW METHOD OF PLANT PROPAGATION¹

A NEW method of rooting plant cuttings without sand, peat, soil or other solid media has been under investigation since early January of this year. Based on the principle that cut stems suspended in the very moist atmosphere of a specially constructed box can develop perfectly normal roots, the method has already given promising results.

The experimental boxes are approximately 3 feet tall, 2 feet wide and 1 foot deep. Each box has a glass front and back; the former is set in grooves so that it can be opened to permit air circulation, and the latter is kept closed but enables observation of root develop-

⁴ The author is indebted to Mr. R. J. Bott of the Will Corporation for the loan of an extra Klett-Summerson photoelectric colorimeter for the purpose of working out this method.

¹ Journal Series paper of the New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station, Rutgers University, department of plant pathology.

ment and of the moisture content in the back of the box. One-inch square removable shelves, made of ordinary builder's lath, are placed in a horizontal position about half-way in the box. A half-inch opening is left between shelves, and vertical wooden strips are nailed on the sides of the box in front of the shelves to hold the shelves in place. A large piece of sheet rubber, with holes of the size of the cuttings to be inserted, is fitted securely immediately behind the shelves. The rubber functions to confine the moisture in the back of the box where it is most needed and to keep the cuttings in place. A water trough in the upper back part of the box from which strips of absorbent cloth are suspended, supplies the moisture necessary to maintain the high humidity.

Successful rooting of a number of popular ornamentals, including Achyranthes, begonia, chrysanthemum, coleus, geranium, perennial phlox, ivy and Philodendron was achieved by this method in less than three weeks. Such plants were then successfully transplanted to soil in pots and have continued to develop normally. Dormant hardwood cuttings were placed in similar boxes in late January and early February. Vigorous roots developed in 6 to 8 weeks on Hydrangea grandiflora, Deutzia crenata and Philadelphus coronarius. These plants were also successfully transplanted to soil and have continued to grow normally.

In all the experimental boxes thus far used, root development was greatest in the vicinity of high moisture content and was either poor or entirely absent in those parts of the boxes where the atmosphere was relatively dry. With improvements in methods of maintaining a saturated atmosphere in the vicinity of the cut stems in the back of the box, this new method promises to be useful not only to commercial growers but also to the amateur propagator. The special type of box in which the present investigations were conducted is tentatively called the "Rutgers Aero-propagator."

P. P. PIRONE

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ELDER, ALBERT L. Laboratory Manual for General Chemistry. Pp. x+259. Illustrated. Harper. \$2.00. GRIER, MARY C. Oceanography of the North Pacific Ocean, Bering Sea and Bering Strait; A Contribution toward a Bibliography. Pp. xxii+290. University of Washington, Seattle.

LOEB, LEONARD B. and JOHN M. MEEK. The Mechanism of the Electric Spark. Pp. xiii+188. 43 figures. Stanford University Press. \$3.50.

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