

the use of a standard preparation, a great deal of saving will be accomplished without sacrificing the accuracy of the assay.

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CELLOPHANE COVER SLIPS AND A METHOD FOR MOUNTING

BECAUSE the price and paucity of cover glasses used in the preparation of microscope slides have become almost prohibitive of their use, an efficient, economical substitute has been sought. O'Brien and Hance¹ have stated that isobutyl methacrylate may be used to replace the cover. This has not been found practical when slides are produced in large numbers. The solution seems also to detract from the brilliancy of the stain. Suntzeff and Smith² recommend a plastic, cellulose acetate, obtained in sheets the approximate thickness of No. 1 cover glasses. They experience some difficulty in its use because the plastic tends to curl unless the slides are carefully dried at room temperature for five to six days.

Plain transparent Cellophane³ has been used in our laboratory during the past seven months. Cellophane covers have a refractive index of 1.53, dry rapidly and without curling, are very thin and inexpensive. Cellophane can be obtained in rolls 15/16ths inch wide, slightly less than the width of a slide. Strips of the desired length are cut as needed. No. 300 plain Cellophane seems to be most satisfactory. It is .00088 inch (0.022 mm) thick. (No. 1 cover slips average 0.13 mm in thickness.) It is possible to take photomicrographs from slides having Cellophane covers. Oil immersion does not affect Cellophane but for high magnifications replacements with glass covers may prove desirable.

The only difficulty so far encountered in the use of Cellophane as a substitute for glass cover slips has been the storage of the roll. During the winter months it can be kept at ordinary room temperatures, but under more humid conditions the Cellophane absorbs moisture, the edges of the roll wrinkle and will not lie smoothly. This wrinkling can be avoided by storing the roll of Cellophane in a desiccator, but continued storage over a long period causes warping and cracking.

Moistureproof Cellophane is less susceptible to atmospheric changes, but it too will wrinkle, and does

not seem to be quite as clear as the plain. Cellulose acetate⁴ No. 88 was tried, but was found not to adhere to the slide when dry. This is probably caused by the xylol used to mount the covers.

A method long used for mounting glass covers is successful with Cellophane as well. Instead of leaving the slides to dry in trays they are turned face down on clean paper towels and xylol is pipetted between them. An extra towel on top readily absorbs any excess on the back of the slide. In 15-30 minutes the slides are ready for use. This method has several advantages: (1) it insures a thin layer of mounting medium under the cover, (2) the slides are ready for immediate use. Further drying in an oven is entirely unnecessary, (3) it removes any excess mounting medium, leaving the edges and ends of the slide clean and dry. Canada balsam was first used in this manner but since the appearance of an article by Groat⁵ we have used Clarite exclusively. It dries more rapidly than balsam, is clear and adheres well to Cellophane.

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⁴ Courtesy of du Pont Company.

⁵ R. A. Groat, *Anat. Record*, Vol. 74, No. 1, 1939.

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¹ O'Brien and Hance, *SCIENCE*, 91: 412, 1940.

² Suntzeff and Smith, *SCIENCE*, 92: 17-18, 1940.

³ A du Pont product obtained through H. D. Catty Distributing Company, 3311 Carroll Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.