Stephens, a forage crops specialist, is now in Japan. They expect to cover as much territory in the Far East as possible during the next eighteen months. They will search for plants in the fringes of the Hingan Mountains, a region which has never been explored for grasses. Frank Meyer, of the department, was there many years ago in search of fruits. Because of the extremes in temperature in this region it is hoped that the search will yield promising plants. While both groups will be particularly interested in plants that can be used to prevent soil erosion, they will also collect seeds and fruits of any other plants, especially promising trees and shrubs.

The hunt for useful wild plants in the United States is the first correlated effort to make the beginning on a nation-wide inventory of our own unused plants. For this reason it is hoped that valuable plants may be found in the United States. Workers at the state experiment stations and those employed by the Department of Agriculture have frequently discovered and domesticated valuable wild plants, but such work has been incidental. One party of ten trained botanists is at work in Washington and Oregon. Another group will soon begin work in Arizona and New Mexico. Other parties will work in Texas and Oklahoma and in North Carolina and Tennessee.

THE CLEVELAND MEETING OF THE AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

More than 2,000 chemists and representatives of allied fields of science and industry will participate in the eighty-eighth meeting of the American Chemical Society to be held in Cleveland, from September 10 to 14, under the presidency of Dr. Charles L. Reese, of Wilmington, Del. The keynote of the meeting will be "Chemistry Catalyzes Commerce."

Progress in practically every field of chemistry will be reported in hundreds of papers, addresses and reports to be presented before various divisions. Leading industries, universities and technical schools, state and government services and private laboratories will send delegates.

The dramatic advances of chemistry during the depression will be set forth by well-known investigators. The sessions will deal with public health and sanitation, with gas and fuel, chemical education, rubber, medicine, fertilizers, industrial and engineering chemistry, petroleum, sugar, water supply, biological chemistry, cellulose, leather and gelatin and numerous other fields of pure and applied science.

The opening meeting, according to the preliminary program, will take place on Monday, September 10, at the Cleveland Hotel, when Professor Robert E. Swain, of Stanford University, will deliver an address on "Chemistry during the Depression." N. K. Chaney, V. C. Hamister and S. W. Glass, of the National Carbon Company, will speak on "Constants of Carbon at Arc Temperatures." Dr. J. R. Katz, of the Scheikundig Laboratorium of the University of Amsterdam, will present a paper on "X-Ray Spectrography of Swelling" and Dr. J. C. Hostetter, of the Corning Glass Works, will discuss "The Technic of Making Large Telescope Mirrors."

The Division of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, of which Dr. Donald K. Tressler, of Geneva, N. Y., is chairman, will hold a joint symposium with the Division of Biological Chemistry on "Chemistry of the Enzymes."

A symposium on "Modernizing the Course in General Chemistry" will be sponsored by the Division of Chemical Education, of which Professor R. A. Baker, of the College of the City of New York, is chairman. Educators from all over the country will participate in the discussion. Teachers from Cleveland and other cities in Ohio will present papers on the need of redirecting chemical education in schools and colleges.

Dr. W. H. McAdams, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, will preside at a symposium under the auspices of the Division of Industrial and Engineering Chemistry. A symposium by the Division of Medicinal Chemistry is being arranged by the chairman, Dr. Paul Nicholas Leech, of Chicago. Joint sessions are scheduled by the Division of Organic Chemistry and the Division of Physical and Inorganic Chemistry. Dr. C. S. Hudson, of Washington, D. C., is chairman of the Organic Division, and Professor Donald H. Andrews, of the Johns Hopkins University of the Physical and Inorganic Division.

The Division of Gas and Fuel Chemistry, headed by Dr. Harold J. Rose, of the Mellon Institute, Pittsburgh, is planning an extensive program, Cleveland being the center of leading research laboratories engaged in this field. The symposium before this division will be on the "Properties of Coal."

Friday, September 14, will be Akron Day. Members of the societies will visit Akron in a body to inspect the rubber and other industries under the direction of the Akron Section, of which G. K. Hinshaw is chairman.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES AND NEWS

Dr. David White, of the U. S. Geological Survey, has been awarded the Boverton Redwood Medal by the Institution of Petroleum Technologists in London.

THE honorary degree of doctor of laws was conferred by the University of Edinburgh on June 28 on Dr. Theobald Smith, emeritus member of the Rocke-