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No. 1882

bservations upon the Use of the Divining Rod in Germany: Dr. C. A. Browne bituary: Jur. Philiptschenko; Memorials; Recent Deaths cientific Events: Exhibition of the Physical and Optical Societies in London; Budget for 1932 Submitted to the Congress for the U. S. Department of Agriculture; Check List of the Birds of the World; Conference on Human Problems in Industry; American Asso-		Scientific Apparatus and Laboratory Methods: Two Improvements in the Technique of Kymograph Recording: W. F. Wichart, Professor C. H. Thienes and Professor M. B. Visscher. Use of Ethylene Oxide for the Eradication of Pests: Dr. Rodney B. Harvey Special Articles: The Biology of the Petroleum Fly: Dr. W. H. Thorpe. The Morphological Basis for Certain Tissue Resistance: Professor Wm. deb. Macnider. A New Factor in the Transportation and Distribution of Marine Sediments: Professor Percy E. Raymond and H. C. Stetson Science News
ciation of Teachers of PhysicsScientific Notes and News		
Discussion:		SCIENCE: A Weekly Journal devoted to the Advance
The Occurrence of Natural and Acquired Immunity to Infectious Myxomatosis of Rabbits: Dr.		ment of Science, edited by J. McKeen Cattell and published every Friday by
JOSEPH R. Hobbs. Note on the Corn Component		• •
of a Rachitogenic Diet: ROBERT S. HARRIS and		THE SCIENCE PRESS
PROFESSOR JOHN W. M. BUNKER. Wheat Mosaic in Egypt: Professor L. E. Melchers. The Fatal		New York City: Grand Central Terminal Lancaster, Pa. Garrison, N. Y
Belgian Fog: Dr. Jerome Alexander	94	,
Special Correspondence:		Annual Subscription, \$6.00 Single Copies, 15 Cts
Committee on Drug Addiction of the National Research Council: Dr. WILLIAM CHARLES WHITE. The American School of Prehistoric Research: Dr. GEORGE GRANT MACCURDY	97	SCIENCE is the official organ of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. Information regarding membership in the Association may be secured from the office of the permanent secretary, in the Smithsonian Institution Building, Washington, D. C.
CECTAL CONTRACT TO CONTRACT CO		institution building, washington, D. C.

EROSION AS A FACTOR IN SOIL DETERMINATION¹

By M. F. MILLER

UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI

It is common knowledge that soils may deteriorate more or less seriously under agriculture. The fundamental changes accompanying this deterioration may include such alterations as a decline in the original store of organic matter, a decrease in the amounts of total and readily available nutrients, an increase in the hydrogen-ion concentration, a modification of the biological activities, and a change in the physical properties of the soil. The extent to which erosion is responsible for such changes has been the subject of much recent speculation. Simple observation warrants the statement that under favorable conditions for erosive action, erosion may be the principal contributing factor responsible for such deterioration, while under less favorable conditions its importance may be of minor significance. There is little doubt,

¹ Address of the retiring chairman and vice-president of Section O—Agriculture, American Association for the Advancement of Science, Cleveland, Ohio, December, 1930.

however, that taking the agricultural regions of the United States as a whole far too little consideration has been given to this matter.

Erosion through the action of wind or water is a natural phenomenon with which most people are familiar. The development of the existing topographic relief in any given section of the country is to a large degree the result of erosive action. It, therefore, has a great geological importance in determining the character of land surfaces. But erosion is also of importance in determining the character of both virgin and cultivated soils, and as a consequence it has a great significance to agriculture. Under nature, soil removal through erosion takes place slowly, but under agriculture, particularly a type of agriculture which makes no provision for soil preservation, such losses may be tremendously magnified.

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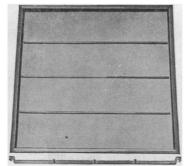
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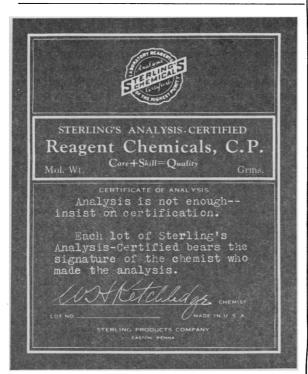
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