it an adaptive response to feeble light, the attenuate form affording best conditions for absorption and utilization of such light.

Comparisons of pier series with those made offshore by boat indicate that inshore stations are fairly representative in showing seasonal trends of surface distribution of diatoms and dinoflagellates in a particular region.

Comparisons of surface series of collections with those taken from depths down to one hundred meters indicate that abundance at the surface may be widely different from that at several or all other levels at a particular time, although, in general, those localities more productive at the surface seem to be more productive in total.

It seems certain that a frequency of collecting of once in twenty-four hours is not high enough to yield a dependable basis for solving some localized problems of the microplankton. For some of these a frequency as high as six-hour intervals may be necessary.

Less than twenty species of diatoms included in five genera have been prominent in the institution records, although the total number of species recorded is considerably more than one hundred.

THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCE-MENT OF SCIENCE

THE NEW VOLUME OF SUMMARIZED PROCEEDINGS

THE Summarized Proceedings of the American Association for the Advancement of Science for the period from June, 1925, to June, 1929, was published October 15. It is four years since the preceding volume appeared, which was for the period from 1921 to 1925. While the new book contains much information about the association and its activities in the period reported, yet the part that will be most frequently used by most readers will probably be the Directory of Fellows and Other Members, which occupies 988 of the 1,192 pages.

This membership list is now the most up-to-date and the most nearly complete address list of American science workers and others interested in the advancement of science. It gives, in a single alphabet, the name and address of every person who has been enrolled in the American Association at any time between June, 1925, and June, 1929. About 21,000 names are included. Names of fellows are each preceded by an asterisk and names of endowment members are printed in large and small capital letters. Higher university degrees (M.A., Ph.D., etc.) are shown, together with the university that conferred each degree and the year it was conferred. Each entry includes the membership formula, which indicates one or more of the following association records: (1) year of election to membership; (2) year of election to fellowship, and year of election to (3)life membership or (4) sustaining membership. For the names of those who have resigned or have died since June, 1925, the formula shows also the year of resignation or the year of death in each instance. Finally, the formula for each member shows the section or sections of the association in which the member is most interested. This part of the book will be almost indispensable to many men and women of science and to others as well. The publication represents an important service performed by the association in the interest of intercourse and cooperation among American scientists and between them and the public.

The Proceedings part of this volume includes general records, such as the constitution and by-laws, the list of officially associated organizations, the complete roll of the presidents of the association, the roll of vice-presidents, secretaries and treasurers for the period 1925-29 and resolutions on general affairs adopted since June, 1925. It also includes list of officers and committees for each year reported and for each meeting in the period, and references to SCIENCE for association announcements, reports, etc., and for presidential, vice-presidential and other addresses given at the meetings and published in the official journal. With the Summarized Proceedings and the corresponding volumes of SCIENCE one has the proceedings of the association from June, 1925, to June, 1929.

An interesting graph is given, showing the annual rate of increase in association membership for the period from 1920 to 1928. On September 30, 1920, the total enrolment was 11,442 and this had increased to 18,462 by September 30, 1929.

The new volume may be secured from the permanent secretary's office, in the Smithsonian Institution Building, Washington, D. C., at a price of \$3 to members of the association, or \$4 to others. For clothbound copies, as long as the limited supply lasts, the price is \$4 to members, \$5 to others.

> BURTON E. LIVINGSTON, Permanent Secretary

HOTELS FOR THE DES MOINES MEETING

THE local committee for the approaching Des Moines meeting of the American Association and associated societies has furnished the following list of Des Moines hotels, with the accompanying information. All prices given are for the least expensive rooms; *i.e.*, each price is to be read as if followed by the words "and upwards."

The session rooms for the Des Moines meetings are to be mainly in hotels, in the business district of the city. The many meeting places will be exceptionally near together and convenient for those who wish to go from one session to another, in order to hear papers presented before different organizations in the same half day. Hotel headquarters have been assigned to the various societies with the aim of having a society's sessions as convenient to its hotel headprice asked for may have been assigned before the reservation request is received. While there will probably be no lack of hotel accommodations at Des Moines, of course the lower-priced rooms are apt to be reserved first and those who defer making their reservations may not be able to secure just the sort of room desired. Those who make early reservations and subsequently alter their plans so as to make it desirable to release their reservations should inform the hotel management promptly.

Those whose societies do not open their sessions till Monday of convocation week (December 30) will find it very advantageous to arrive on Friday or Satur-

Name and address of hotel	No. of rooms	Prices of rooms, per day, for each person			
		With bath		Without bath	
		Single	Double	Single	Double
Fort Des Moines, Walnut St. at 10th	400	\$3.00	\$2.00		
Iotel Savery, 4th and Locust Sts.	350	3.00	2.00		
hamberlain Hotel, 7th and Locust Sts.	225	2.00		\$1.75	••••••
Brown Hotel, 4th St. and Keosauqua Way	280	2.00		1.50	
ranklin Hotel, 5th and Locust Sts.	120	2.00	1.50		
andolph Hotel, 4th St. and Court Ave.	150	2.00		1.50*	
ictoria Hotel, 6th St. and Keosauqua Way	200	1.50		1.00	••••••
rwin Hotel, 6th and Cherry Sts.	95	1.75	1.25		
Illiott Hotel, 215 4th St.	130	1.75		1.25	
logers Hotel, 6th and Mulberry Sts	75	1.75	-	1.25	
oster Hotel, 8th and Walnut Sts.	50	1.50	•••••	1.00	
Vellington Hotel, 5th St. and Grand Ave.	200	2.00		1.50	

* With private toilet and running water.

quarters as possible. The following list shows for each hotel the science groups that will use that hotel as headquarters:

Fort Des Moines Hotel, general headquarters for the American Association; also headquarters for mathematics, physics, chemistry, astronomy, anthropology, psychology, social and economic sciences, linguistics, engineering and education.

Hotel Savery, headquarters for zoology and medical science.

Chamberlain Hotel, headquarters for botany and the groups that are related to both zoology and botany.

Brown Hotel, headquarters for geology and geography.

Randolph Hotel, headquarters for agriculture.

Every one who plans to attend the Des Moines meeting should make hotel reservation at once or as soon as possible, writing directly to the management of the hotel selected and giving information as to the kind of room desired, naming the price to be paid and the time of arrival. It is also suggested that the letter state the highest price that will be paid without further consultation, in case all rooms having the day and attend some of the association's general sessions and the sessions of other organizations held on those days. Sunday will offer exceptional opportunities for meeting other scientific workers, renewing old friendships and forming new ones. These great annual meetings of all kinds of science workers furnish the best of opportunities for personal contacts and for becoming acquainted with the progress of scientific work outside of one's own special field. And the recent trend of basic scientific thought on all lines makes it almost imperative that each investigator and each teacher should follow, as well as possible, the progress that is being made in other fields than his own. Many non-technical but reliable and inspiring lectures are being planned for the Des Moines meeting.

Other notes about the Des Moines meeting will appear from time to time in these pages and the regular Preliminary Announcement will make up most of the issue of SCIENCE for November 29. A note concerning Section F (Zoological Sciences) appeared in the issue for August 23, page 186; notes on Sections E (Geology and Geography) and I (Psychology) appeared in the October 25 issue, page 398.

BURTON E. LIVINGSTON, Permanent Secretary