subscribed to these resumed Annales which, at the present state of foreign exchange, cost less than three dollars a volume. This lack of interest on the part of American scientists in the scientific work of this French institution is the more to be wondered at, since European countries on the economic footing of Austria, Russia and Germany have found the ways and means to resume their normal subscriptions for their learned institutions."

THE U. S. Public Health Service will make an extensive survey in Polk, Hillsborough and Citrus counties, Florida, of malaria. Headquarters of the investigation will be at Lakeland under the direction of Bruce Mayne, assistant technical engineer, who investigated the malaria situation in this community in 1917. The present survey will require several months.

UNIVERSITY AND EDUCATIONAL NOTES

NEW YORK UNIVERSITY has received a gift of \$600,-000 from the Nichols Foundation, Inc., established by Dr. William H. Nichols, which is to be used to erect a new chemistry building at University Heights. Chancellor Brown announced the members of the chemistry building committee as follows: General John J. Carty, Dr. W. H. Nichols, Professor A. E. Hill, Professor Collins P. Bliss and LeRoy E. Kimball.

THE late Miss Helen Culver has bequeathed \$600,-000 to the University of Chicago. According to the terms of the will this bequest is to be added to the Helen Culver Fund, founded in 1895.

The General Education Board of the Rockefeller Foundation has made a gift of \$350,000 for neurological teaching and research at Harvard University. This amount is to be added to the approximately similar amount employed by the university for this purpose and it is to be used in connection with the work at the Boston City Hospital as the new buildings there are developed. The work is to be under the charge of Dr. Stanley Cobb, professor of neurology in the university.

It is announced that Princeton University within the next two years will expend a half-million dollars in the construction of a new engineering laboratory.

PROFESSOR WILLIAM D. FUNKHOUSER, head of the department of zoology at the University of Kentucky, has been made dean of the graduate school.

HAROLD J. BARRETT, instructor in chemistry at the Ohio State University, has been appointed assistant professor at the South Dakota State College.

THE Siamese government has recently completed negotiations for the appointment of Dr. Everett C. Albritton, of the department of physiology at the University of Buffalo, as professor of physiology at the Chulalongkorn University at Bangkok.

Associate Professor W. L. Miser, of the Armour Institute of Technology, was recently appointed professor of mathematics at Vanderbilt University.

Dr. Fridjof Nansen, the Arctic explorer and Norwegian statesman, has been elected rector of the University of St. Andrews.

PROFESSOR RICHARD GANS, of the University of La Plata, has been appointed professor of physics at the University of Königsberg.

DISCUSSION AND CORRESPONDENCE A NEW UNITED STATES WEED: HYMENO-PHYSA PUBESCENS¹

The U.S. National Museum received recently for identification from Mrs. M. E. Soth, of Pocatello, Idaho, specimens of a cruciferous plant evidently not described in the manuals covering the Rocky Mountain region. The plant was determined from descriptions as Hymenophysa pubescens C. A. Mey., but since no herbarium material of the genus was available for comparison, a specimen was forwarded to the Berlin Botanic Garden, where Dr. O. E. Schulz confirmed the writer's tentative determination.

The genus *Hymenophysa* is reported to consist of three species, two of them described from Persia and Turkestan. *H. pubescens*, the original species, is a native of the Altai region of central Asia, where it grows in moist subsaline places on the desert plains. Concerning its occurrence at Pocatello, Mrs. Soth supplies the following information:

The colony of this plant has increased greatly in extent and density since I discovered it two seasons ago. It occurs at the edge of a grain field which previously had been in alfalfa for several years. There has been so little cultivation of the area that the colony has not been disturbed very much, and has spread among the grass and weeds toward the ditch bank that borders the field, until it occupies a space about twelve by eighteen feet. The habit of the plant in shooting up flowering branches from the lower parts after the first fruits ripen makes it conspicuous at this season (September). I should not expect this colony to be eradicated easily by any ordinary process of tillage. My guess as to its origin would be that the seeds were mixed with those of alfalfa or possibly some sort of imported grain seed. I have found a few plants in other localities, to which seed probably was carried with hay from this field. I have no doubt that we are recording the first stages in the establishment of another weed that will be quite common in a few more seasons.

Hymenophysa pubescens is a perennial, but flowers the first year from seed. In general appearance and

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