established New England variety and the strain which carries the waxy endosperm is typical of the variety in type of plants, ears and grain.

The origin, in an American variety, of this peculiar endosperm texture, previously found only in several isolated Asiatic localities, will probably remain a matter for speculation. It may have arisen by mutation within the past few years, or it may have been carried by the stock as a hidden recessive for centuries. In any case its appearance may be regarded as a further bit of evidence against the theory of a pre-Columbian distribution of maize outside of the American continent. Nor would it be surprising if a thorough investigation, by the process of inbreeding, should bring to light waxy endosperm in a number of additional American varieties.

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## THE METRIC SYSTEM

Science for June 13, 1924, contains a letter advocating the metric system. I can not see how the metric system can be of any greater value to the ordinary person than the present system. The decimalists are too fond of overrating their own exploits. Even with the coinage I find after 12 years residence in Canada that the money system is no simpler than the pounds, shillings and pence of England and I find with constant trading with the United States that the rate of exchange does away with any advantage which a common money system may have. And how is it that the "quarter" is so popular? It surely should not have a place in a decimal system. In my opinion a decimal system may be all right for an ignorant and unlettered community and possibly here the advocates in the United States may make a big claim for its use.

It is amusing to see Mr. McAdie claim that scientific men the world over champion and use the metric units. Apparently engineers and the engineering profession in general are not scientific. Why, even a cook¹ may be more scientific than a meteorologist. Mr. McAdie does not see that although it may be an advantage for those who "analyze" to use a decimal system such a system is of no importance to those who "manufacture." For the latter—and they are the useful people in this world—a binary system or a duodecimal system is much better.

I have been teaching physics in Toronto for the last twelve years and have introduced the English units more and more as the years have gone on because I find the students understand them better.

<sup>1</sup> Mr. McAdie is rather scornful of the cook who measures by cups.

Especially is this true in mechanics. I note what the writer of the letter says about the questions in the school arithmetics. I always imagined that they were inserted to give the pupils practice in arithmetical manipulation. I never thought that they would be used to condemn the English system. You might as well condemn Christianity because it is a hard faith to live up to.

The trouble with men like Mr. McAdie is that because they like a thing they think all the world must agree with them. They never see the other side.

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## PERMANENT PHOTOGRAPHS

Dr. Clarence H. Kennedy's experience with platinum photographs as told in the issue of Science for July 11 is another confirmation of the permanence of this printing process. In the British Journal of Photography of December 24, 1909, was an account of some platinum prints recovered in October of that year from the wreck of a war vessel, after having been under the sea for more than five months. The cardboard mounts were disintegrated, and the surface paper, to which the prints still adhered, was ruined by the water. But the prints themselves were bright and clean as if freshly made.

Present day photographers, spoiled by the ease and convenience of modern photographic processes, may think platinum printing difficult, but it used to be regarded as very simple and easy. The paper is partially printed by daylight or electric arc, and developed in a solution of potassium oxalate and potassium phosphate. It is then passed through three acid baths, and finally washed in water for 15 minutes, the whole procedure of developing, fixing and washing taking only about half an hour. The resulting picture is, Dr. Kennedy says, as permanent as the paper on which it is printed. If the print has not been properly "cleared" in the acid baths, the paper may in time turn yellow, but the discoloration is easily removed with a bleaching solution of acidified hypochlorite without affecting the platinum image. The chief drawback to the use of platinum paper is its high price.

CHARLES MACNAMARA

## SCIENTIFIC BOOKS

Galapagos: World's End. By William Beebe. G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York and London, 1924, xxii + 443 pp., with 24 colored illustrations by Isabel Cooper and 83 photographs, mostly by John Tee-Van. Published under the auspices of the New York Zoological Society.

SINCE the publication of "The Voyage of the