Hygiene had begun work in the previous November, when a telegram of congratulation, announcing that the first lectures had been given, had been sent by the director, Lieutenant-Colonel J. W. D. Megaw, I.M.S., to Sir Leonard Rogers, who played the leading part in the inception and carrying through of this great enterprise. In the Journal of April 23, 1910 (p. 1010), the very great advantages which Calcutta offered for the establishment of a school of tropical medicine were pointed out; not only is the variety of clinical cases illustrating tropical diseases unsurpassed, but there is an excellent hospital and medical school, with a highly qualified staff accustomed to teaching, and for the greater part of the year the climate is no drawback. Some eleven years ago the general scheme for the school of tropical medicine was worked out by Sir Leonard Rogers, but its subsequent history has been marked by many delays, not a few of them to be traced to the war; the foundation stone was actually laid by Lord Carmichael, governor of Bengal, in February, 1914. The hospital has accommodation for about 100 patients, European and Indian, while the school has chairs of tropical medicine, pathology and bacteriology, protozoology, pharmacology, serology, public health, and chemistry, to which appointments have already been made; professors of hygiene. entomology, and biochemistry have still to be appointed. In addition, there are assistant professors of the chief subjects, and a number of special research appointments have been made. The nucleus of a reference library has been formed, mainly by gifts from Sir Leonard Rogers. In the report of the director for 1921 it is stated that classes will shortly be opened for the diploma in public health of Calcutta University; classes for the diploma in tropical medicine have already begun. The director considers that the result of the first year's working has entirely removed the doubts and fears which assailed him when he entered on his responsible Considerable progress has also been made in the research laboratories, and reports have been published of work in connection with leprosy and kalazar and filariasis, and on the work of the hookworm laboratory.

## FIELD WORK OF THE MUSEUM OF ZOOLOGY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

During the next fiscal year, which begins on July 1, the Museum of Zoology of the University of Michigan will carry on field work in Michigan, California, Washington, Oregon, North Dakota, Tennessee, Curacao, Panama, Mexico, Brazil and British Guiana.

Fifteen persons will be in the field: Carl L. Hubbs, Norman A. Wood, Lee R. Rice, Mina Winslow, Frederick M. Gaige, Helen T. Gage, Theodore H. Hubbell, and Alexander G. Ruthven, of the museum staff, and Crystal Thompson (Amherst College), Robert Hatt (University of Michigan), Rolland Hussey (Bussey Institution), Horace B. Baker (University of Pennsylvania), Thomas L. Hankinson (Michigan State Normal School), and Jesse Williamson and John Strohm of Bluffton, Indiana.

The work in North Dakota will be done in cooperation with the North Dakota Biological Station, of which Professor R. T. Young is director.

The work in western Brazil is under way and is being directed by Jesse Williamson. The party will remain in the field until sometime next year.

## BRANCHES OF THE PSYCHOLOGICAL CORPORATION

EXECUTIVE committees for branches of the Psychological Corporation have been organized in several states as follows:

Massachusetts: William McDougall, chairman; Herbert S. Langfeld (Harvard University), secretary; Edwin G. Boring, W. F. Dearborn, W. R. Miles, Daniel Starch, F. L. Wells.

Pennsylvania: W. V. Bingham, chairman; E. K. Strong, Jr. (Carnegie Institute of Technology), secretary; Clarence E. Ferree, Francis N. Maxfield, B. V. Moore, J. H. White, Lightner Witmer.

Ohio: George F. Arps, chairman; Harold E. Burtt, (Ohio State University), secretary; B. B. Breese, B. R. Buckingham, Henry H. Goddard, H. M. Johnson, Garry C. Myers.

Michigan: W. B. Pillsbury, chairman; H. F. Adams (University of Michigan), secretary;