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CONTENTS

The Deplorable Contrast between Intrana- tional and International Ethics and the Mission of Medical Science and Medical	
Men: Dr. S. J. MELTZER	515
Cyrus Fogg Brackett: PROFESSOR W. F. MAGIE	523
Geographical Meeting in New York	525
The Pacific Association of Scientific Societies.	526
Scientific Notes and News	526
University and Educational News	531
Discussion and Correspondence:— On the Proposed Reorganization of Depart- ments of Clinical Medicine in the United States: Dr. GRAHAM LUSK. Letter from Professor Ed. Claparède: M. ED. CLAPARÈDE.	531
Scientific Books:— MacBride's Text-book of Embryology: F. R. L. Garrison's Introduction to the His- tory of Medicine: DR. Roy L. MOODIE	534
The Nature and Origin of Fiords: Professor DOUGLAS W. JOHNSON	537
Special Articles:— The Importance of a Consideration of the Fiber Proteins in the Process of Bleaching Cotton: B. S. LEVINE	543
The American Phytopathological Society: Dr. C. L. SHEAR	545
The Philadelphia Meeting of the American Psychological Association: Dr. ROBERT M. OGDEN	547
The Illinois Academy of Science: Professor E. N. TRANSEAU	549
Societies and Academies:— The Botanical Society of Washington: DR. PERLEY SPAULDING. The Biological Society of Washington: M. W. LYON, JR. The Anthropological Society of Washington: DR. DANIEL FOLKMAR	550

THE DEPLORABLE CONTRAST BETWEEN INTRANATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL ETHICS AND THE MISSION OF MED-ICAL SCIENCE AND MEDICAL MEN¹

THE chief aim of my remarks is to point out the unique position which medical sciences and medical men occupy in the horrible war which is going on between civilized nations. International morality may possibly derive some permanent benefit from a conscious knowledge of this position. However, in order to make my point clear, I shall introduce it by a discussion of some aspects of ethics.

Moral philosophy assumes for granted that ethical relations of civilized men are safely established; it concerns itself merely with the question regarding the nature of the origin of ethical precepts. In general, it may be admitted that the vast majority of civilized men indeed do not question the correctness of ethical demands. But writers on moral philosophy fail to distinguish between intranational and international ethics. Hence, we find frequently that international occurrences are discussed from the point of view of intranational principles; international occurrences are brought before the forum of a supreme court of the world for judgment, but the merits and demerits of the cases are argued from the point of view of ethics which obtain in intranational moral relations. But the truth is that there is an abyss between the two domains of morality.

Let us first look at the status of intranational morality. The ethical relations

MSS. intended for publication and books, etc., intended for review should be sent to Professor J. McKeen Cattell, Garrison-On-Hudson, N. Y.

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