SCIENCE

FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1914

Some Aspects of Industrial Chemistry: Dr.	
L. H. BAEKELAND	179
Preliminary Report on the Discovery of Hu- man Remains in an Asphalt Deposit at	
Rancho la Brea: Professor John C. Merriam	19 8
The 72-inch Reflecting Telescope for Canada.	203
Scientific Notes and News	2 04
University and Educational News	207
Discussion and Correspondence :	
The Problem of Gravity: Col. JOHN MILLIS. A Simple Method for Filling an Osmometer:	
LAETITIA M. SNOW	207
Quotations:	

The Proposed Union of Scientific Workers. 208

Scientific Books :---

Holland and Peterson on The Osteology	y of
the Chalicotheroidea: PROFESSOR RICE	IARD
SWANN LULL. Neumann and May	er's
Atlas und Lehrbuch wichtiger tieris	cher
Parasiten: PROFESSOR CHARLES A. KOR	OID. 209

The Relation between Lizards and Phlebotomus verrucarum, as indicating the Beservoir of Verruga: DR. CHARLES H. T. TOWNSEND. 212

Special Articles:-

The Permeability of Fish Eggs: Dr. J. F. McClendon. The Effect of Soil Conditions on the Tassels of Maize: FRANK S. HARRIS. Ascaris Suum in Sheep: DON C. MOTE 214

SOME ASPECTS OF INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY¹

WHILE I appreciate deeply the distinction of speaking before you on the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of the Columbia School of Mines, I realize, at the same time, that nobody here present could do better justice to the subject which has been chosen for this lecture, than the beloved master in whose honor the Charles Frederick Chandler Lectureship has been created.

Dr. Chandler, in his long and eminently useful career as a professor and as a public servant, has assisted at the very beginning of some of the most interesting chapters of applied chemistry, here and abroad.

Some of his pupils have become leaders in chemical industry; others have found in his teachings the very conception of new chemical processes which made their names known throughout the whole world.

Industrial chemistry has been defined as "the chemistry of dollars and cents."

This rather cynical definition, in its narrower interpretation, seems to ignore entirely the far-reaching economic and civilizing influences which have been brought to life through the applications of science; it fails to do justice to the fact that the whole fabric of modern civilization becomes each day more and ever more interwoven with the endless ramifications of applied chemistry.

The earlier effects of this influence do not date back much beyond one hundred and odd years. They became distinctly evident during the first French Republic, in-

¹ An address given at Columbia University to inaugurate the Charles F. Chandler lectureship. Copyrighted by the Columbia University Press.

MSS. intended for publication and books, etc., intended for review should be sent to Professor J. McKeen Cattell, Garrisonon-Hudson, N. Y.