passes away one of the last representatives of the early pioneers in scientific work in old To the labors of this group of New York. men, among whom were Professors Wood and Torrey, we owe many of our privileges to-day in the scientific world. Dr. Hyatt averaged during the years between 1860 and 1870 twenty lectures a week in sixteen schools and colleges, besides holding the chair of chemistry and toxicology in the Woman's Medical College. He was the author of 'First Lessons in Chemistry,' published in 1839, and 'The Elements of Chemistry,' published in 1856. time of his death he was a volunteer observer of the Weather Bureau. It is well that we honor the memory of these pioneers. It was they who fostered the spirit of learning and the love for science when the humanities alone were thought worthy of the attention of those who sought education. To their labors and their foresight we owe our great scientific societies and associations which exercise so potent an influence on the thought and activities of the educational world of to-day.

John J. Schoonhoven.

## HANS HERMANN BEHR.

THERE died in San Francisco, March 6, 1904, Dr. Hans Hermann Behr, in his eighty-sixth His work belonged to the preceding generation; for though the brightness of his intellect was undimmed to the last, yet the feebleness of his body prevented his doing scientific work during the last years of his life, when his position as curator of the Entomological Department of the California Academy of Sciences gave him leisure. His large and valuable collection of lepidoptera is in the possession of the California Academy of Sciences and contains, besides his own types of California insects, duplicates of the types of Xantus and Boisduval and others. collection is cosmopolitan and is probably the most complete collection of Californian lepidoptera in existence. He attended the universities of Halle and Würtzburg, but took his degree from the University of Berlin. He numbered among his friends some of the leading scientific men of the age, Alexander von Humboldt, Virchow, Schlechtendahl,

Naumann, Garmar, Ferdinand von Mueller, Dr. Hillebrand, Louis Agassiz, Max Müller and others.

For many years he was professor of botany at the California College of Pharmacy and he wrote two little books on the 'Flora of San Francisco' to assist the students. The 'Introduction' to the earliest 'Local Flora' shows that he was abreast if not ahead of his time, and also gives an original outline of the system of classification showing a complete grasp of the orders of plants that is very rare. He kept no record or copies of his publications, and it would be a work taking some time to unearth them from the German and American periodicals where they appeared.

He was a many-sided man, wrote German poems of beauty and genuine feeling, wrote a story of life in the Philippine Islands which was published in the Atlantic Monthly, and a novel of life in California published in a German magazine. He understood every language of Europe. Greek and Latin were about as familiar to him as English and he could quote from the classics indefinitely. He was a purist in the formation of scientific terms, and such words as 'cotype' and a genitive like 'Salmonorum' aroused his contempt and wrath. During his early manhood he was a deep student of Sanscrit and he learned Hebrew when a boy. He was one of the early members of the now famous Bohemian Club of San Francisco. The papers which he wrote for the amusement of the club have been lately collected and published under the title of 'The Hoot of the Owl,' to amuse and charm every one with their quaint and original humor.

ALICE EASTWOOD.

CALIFORNIA ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.

## SCIENTIFIC NOTES AND NEWS.

PRESIDENT CARROLL D. WRIGHT has decided not to call a spring meeting of the council of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, in view of the fact that there seems to be no business of sufficient urgency to warrant it.

Dr. Simon Flexner, director of the Rockefeller Institute, New York, has been elected