

nounce it, Germans themselves being almost as mistaken in their pronunciation as foreigners. Never was this general error as plainly emphasized as at the celebrations held in honor of the great scientist's 80th birthday. The delegates whom he received on that occasion had each his own way of pronouncing V-i-r-c-h-o-w, Lord Lister, for instance, speaking as if the word were spelled Wirtschau, Signor Baccelli, Wirkoff, while his French and Russian colleagues pronounced his name in such a way that it was by no means easy to understand whom they meant—Wirschoff, Wirhoff, and Wirchoff respectively. At the banquet which was given by Count von Bülow in the late Professor Virchow's honor, and which practically brought the festivities to a close, Professor Harnack addressed the guest of the evening as Herr F-i-r-ch-o—that is to say, the F is accentuated as softly as possible, as in the English 'fair' and the Russian 'Feodor,' while the 'w' is dispensed with. This greatly delighted the veteran pathologist, and he remarked that never before had he heard his name pronounced properly. Subsequently, he dwelt upon the origin of his name, saying that he had been able to trace it to a small village and a lake in Pomerania, both of which are named Virchow, which word the natives pronounce exactly as Professor Harnack had done. It may be of interest if I add that a leading German philologist devoted considerable time to the subject of the origin of Virchow's name, and came to the conclusion that it was Slavonic. The Slavs, he thought, who bore it, were settled in Pomerania about the fifth century of the Christian era, and gave one of their names to the village and the lake."

UNIVERSITY AND EDUCATIONAL NEWS.

It is announced that the bequest to the Princeton Theological Seminary made by Miss Mary Winthrop, of New York, will amount to \$1,400,000.

At Harvard University students can hereafter complete the requirements for the A.B. degree in three years without other requirements than that the necessary number of

courses should have been taken. Hitherto students who received honors could do this, others being required to wait a year before the degree was conferred.

THE HON. JOHN D. LONG, formerly secretary of the navy, has been elected president of the board of overseers of Harvard University.

SUPERINTENDENT EDWIN G. COOLEY, of the Chicago public schools, has been offered the presidency of the University of the State of Washington.

PROFESSOR THOMAS F. HOLGATE, head of the department of mathematics of Northwestern University, has been elected dean of the College of Liberal Arts.

DR. JOHN MARSHALL, professor of chemistry and toxicology and dean of the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, has declined reelection to the office of dean, a position he has held for eight years, in order to devote himself more exclusively to scientific work. Dr. Charles Frazier has been appointed dean of the department.

DR. WILLIAM B. SAVERY, of Fairmount College, Kansas, has been elected to fill the chair of philosophy at the Washington State University, left vacant by the resignation of Dr. F. W. Colegrove.

DR. FRANK S. WRINCH, Ph.D. (Leipzig), of Toronto, has been appointed demonstrator in experimental psychology in Princeton University.

DR. J. W. L. JONES, Ph.D. (Princeton), has been appointed professor of philosophy and education in Heidelberg University, Ohio.

DR. WILHELM WINDELBAND, professor of philosophy at Strassburg, has received a call to Heidelberg.

DR. HEINRICH MAIER, associate professor of philosophy at Zurich, has been called to Tübingen as successor to Professor E. von Pfeleiderer.

DR. WILHELM TRABERT has been appointed to a full professorship of cosmical physics at University of Innsbruck.

DR. OSCAR ZOTH, professor of physiology at Graz, has been called to Innsbruck as successor to Professor M. von Vintschgau.