tin No. 34, experiments with sorghum in 1891, by Prof. H. W. Wiley.)

The sugar crystallized readily and separated perfectly in the centrifrugals from the syrup in from two to five minutes. By the processes hereinbefore mentioned the sorghum grower of the central States may compete with the grower of ordinary cane in the South. From an acre of good sorghum may be obtained a barrel of nice nearly white sugar, equal in every way to ordinary cane sugar.

The question may arise: "Can the farmer *profitably* manufacture his own sugar, *i. e.*, on a small scale?"

Probably no more than the farmer can manufacture his own woollen goods or make his own flour.

It is doubtful if cane can be profitably raised more than three miles from a central factory, and besides enough cane can be raised within two miles of the factory to supply all of its demands. Such being the fact, the central and northern States must hope to make their own supply of sugar, not by individual factories, but by a system of central factories put up on a large scale and equipped for all the steps of molasses and sugar making.

The amount of sugar consumed in the United States for the year ending June 30, 1890, was about three billion pounds (an average of fifty-five pounds per capita), and there were eighty million gallons of molasses consumed.

The United States produced about one-tenth of the sugar and one-fifth of the molasses. Hence the necessity for increasing our sugar producing crops, viz.: the southern cane and the northern sorghum and the beet.¹

¹ To these may be added "corn cane," for a most interesting discussion of which the reader is referred to Science during the month of September, 1893.

-The third annual meeting of the Ohio Academy of Science was held at Columbus on Dec. 28 and 29, 1893. The usual necessary formal business was done, and papers were read on various subjects connected with geology, botany, entomology, ornithology, and a beginning was made in chemistry and astronomy, which have not previously claimed their fair share of attention. The following among the papers read may claim notice here: "On the Evolution of Indian Corn," by Mr. W. A. Kellerman ; "Distribution of North Ameri-can Lepidoptera in Norway," by Prof. F. M. Webster ; "On Certain New and Known Marine Infusoria," by Dr. D. S. Kellicott ; "Lake Licking; a Contribution to the Buried Drainage of Ohio," by Prof. W. G. Tight; "Further Study of the Wheat Scale," by Prof. A. D: Selby ; "On a New Fossil Crustacean from the Water-Lime," by Prof. E. W. Claypole ; "A Revision of the Lichens of Ohio," by Mr. E. E. Bogue, and "On the Nutritive Value of Common Fruit," by Prof. W. R. Lazenby. Arrangements were also completed for the organization of a Natural History Survey of the State. Three directors were appointed, Professors Claypole, Kellicott and Kellerman, whose duties were simply to enlist and arrange all the volunteer laborers who could be induced to take part in the work and aid them in the choice of fields and in the prosecution of their labors, leaving the whole method or responsibility in their hands as much as if they were independent work-These results when obtained will be presented to ers. the Academy, by the authors if possible, referred to suitable experts and, at the discretion of the Academy. printed in the annual report. The organization of the undertaking is the most important one of the still young academy. Prof. F. W. Webster, of the Agricultural Experiment Station, was elected president for 1804.

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IN "Orthometry" Mr. R. F. Brewer has attempted a fuller treatment of the art of versification than is to be found in the popular treatises on that subject. While the preface shows a tendency to encourage verse-making, as unnecessary as it is undesirable, the work may be regarded as useful so far as it tends to cultivate an intelligent taste for good poetry. The rhyming dictionary at the end is a new feature, which will undoubtedly commend itself to those having a use for such aids. A specially interesting chapter is that on "Poetic Trifles," in which are included the various imitations of foreign verse in English. The discussion of the sonnet, too, though failing to bring out fully the spiritual nature of this difficult verse form, is more accurate than might be expected from the following sentence: "The form of the sonnet is of Italian origin, and came into use in the fifteenth [sic] century, towards the end of which its construction was perfected, and its utmost melodious sweetness attained in the verse of Petrarch and Dante." In the chapter on Alliteration there are several mislead-ing statements, such as calling "Piers the Plowman" an "Old English" poem. In the bibliography one is surprised not to find Mr. F. B. Gummere's admirable "Handbook of Poetics," now in its third edition. In spite of these and other shortcomings, which can be readily corrected in a later issue, this work may be recommended as a satisfactory treatment of the mechanics of verse. A careful reading will improve the critical faculties.-The Dial.

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