

Thus, in case of the Föhn wind, for this air to arrive in the valley at a temperature 60° F. above the temperature normally found there, it must have been heated 60° above the temperature normally found at the summit of the mountains from where it started, and it then remains with Dr. Hann to explain how this air acquired the abnormally high temperature before it commenced to descend, and until he has done this he can have no right to claim that he has added one particle towards the explanation of the phenomena of the Föhn; and, even if he was able to get over this difficulty, it still remains for him to explain the phenomenon of the sand-dust, before it can be recognized that the birthplace of the Föhn is anywhere but in the Desert of Sahara.

The phenomenon of cool night wind from the mountain and the accompanying higher temperature on the mountains than in the valleys find a ready explanation from the same premises. During clear nights the air nearest the earth's surface gets abnormally cooled through radiation, and the radiation is more intense on the mountains than on the plains. The cool contracted air will run off the slope of the mountain and accumulate in the valleys, while its place on the mountain-side is immediately taken up by air which has not as yet been cooled down by radiation. In the valleys the temperature gets lower than on the mountains, or the plains, because the cooling effect of radiation is there acting upon air which has previously been cooled considerably down by radiation on the mountain, and it is clear that the temperature must sink lower when radiation is acting upon air already cooled down, than when the temperature of the air was higher to start with.

The present writer has, on several occasions, tried to induce so able and prolific writer as Professor Hazen to attack his views for the sake of an argument, but the professor seems to decline to enter upon a discussion with any body who does not belong to the "meteorological camp," as he calls it. Now, be it said, in all kindness, that in our advanced age every body seems to be entitled to express his opinions on any scientific subject when he feels himself convinced of having found something new which may add to the progress of science, and also be entitled to a fair hearing; but be it said, as my impression when I accidentally arrived in the meteorological camp, all the inmates seemed to have decamped previously, leaving no one behind to shake hands with me; and this I thought a little discouraging. Dr. Hann may be a most excellent director of the Hohe Warte, and it may seem not a little reckless for an outsider to attack his theories; but it should be remembered that even a blind man may sometimes find a seed, — although a civil engineer of high training may not be entirely blindfolded, — and if there be any truth in the maxim of Dr. Hann's countryman, Feuerbach, "that no philosopher ever yet occupied a professorial chair in philosophy," so it might possibly be equally true that no philosopher in meteorology ever yet sat on Hohe Warte, however great his attainments as director or weather forecaster might have been.

FRANZ A. VELSCHOW, C.E.

Brooklyn, Nov. 9.

Auroral Phenomena.

As Dr. Veeder has mentioned in his description of the aurora of Sept. 9, in *Science* for Nov. 6, some phenomena not ordinarily accompanying auroral displays that were also visible here, some notes made at the time may be of interest.

The aurora on that evening was unusually fine, probably the most brilliant observed in four years. It began about 7 40 P.M. as a faint arch five degrees above the northern horizon, which gradually became higher until a maximum height of eight degrees was reached at 8.15 P.M. Shortly before this time two smaller arches appeared beneath the principal arch, and soon afterward the ends of the three joined together, forming a serpentine band. This band at 8.20 P.M. broke up into brilliant streamers, which were constantly changing in appearance and length, alternately fading and becoming bright again.

This continued until 8.50 P.M., when the display reached its maximum brightness and the streamers their greatest length. The elevations of the ends of the streamers above the horizon were

measured with a theodolite at times, the highest being at a height of 56°, though many exceeded 45°.

Between 9.15 and 9.30 P.M. the aurora diminished greatly in brightness, and at 9.25 two bands extended toward the zenith from the east and west respectively, joining together at 9.27, forming the narrow band that Dr. Veeder saw. This band was apparently of a uniform brightness, approximating that of the Milky Way, and continued, through the period of minimum brightness of the aurora, from 9.25 to 9.35 P.M. After 9.35 P.M. the aurora became brighter, and was visible at 11.40 P.M.

This band of light was seen at Nashua, N.H., and in this vicinity, while the aurora has been reported as visible at several places in Europe as well as America.

A similar band of light, extending through the zenith from opposite sides of the horizon, was observed during the aurora of May 20, 1888, which was described in *Science* by several observers during the succeeding month.

Five auroras were visible during September four of which occurred on the 7th, 8th, 9th, and 10th, respectively, — an unusually large number for such a short period of time.

S. P. FERGUSON.

Blue Hill Observatory, Readville, Mass., Nov. 20.

AMONG THE PUBLISHERS.

D. C. HEATH & Co., Boston, will soon publish *Business Law*, prepared by Alonzo P. Weed. This is not only a text-book for business colleges and the business courses of schools and academies, but it is desirable for the desk of the business man.

— Charles F. Lummis, a Harvard man, who has lived for many years in New Mexico, begins in the Christmas *Scribner* a group of articles on that little-known territory, with its population of Pueblos, Mexicans, Navajos, and Americans. The articles will be illustrated from the author's own photographs, which are unusual in subject and variety.

— The October number of the "Papers of the American Historical Association" contains six articles. The first is a brief account of "Slavery in New York" under the colonial government. Then follow two papers on certain aspects of our national Constitution, the one on "Congressional Demands upon the Executive for Information" being the most suggestive. The next is "A Plea for Reform in the Study of English Municipal History," and there is also a longer article on the "Yazoo Land Companies," giving an account of a gigantic land speculation of a century ago, in which political intrigue played a prominent part. But the article that will be likely to interest the greatest number of readers is that on "The Lost Colony of Roanoke," by Stephen B. Weeks. The colony planted by Raleigh on Roanoke Island has always been supposed to have perished; but in 1885 Mr. Hamilton McMillan of North Carolina advanced the theory that the colonists retreated inland, where they ultimately intermarried with some friendly Indians, and that the Croatan Indians, now living in the western part of the State, are their descendants. The evidence for this theory in the physique, the traditions, and the names of those Indians is really quite striking; and persons interested in our early history will like to read Mr. Weeks's paper.

— A second edition of "Modern American Methods of Copper Smelting," by Dr. E. D. Peters, Jun., has just been published by the Scientific Publishing Company of this city. The book has met with great success, the demand for it having long since exhausted the first edition. The entire book has been practically rewritten, and new chapters have been introduced on the electrolytic assay of copper, the smelting of copper with gas in regenerative furnaces, and the smelting of copper-nickel ores in water-jackets. Additions of great importance have also been made to the chapter on reverberatory smelting, and this portion of the work has been illustrated by nine full sized pages, which form what is said to be the most complete set of detailed working drawings of the kind ever published. The arrangement of the book has been improved; and in addition to the full alphabetical index at the end, a detailed table of contents has been prepared that will be a great aid to the reader. The author has brought a riper ex-

perience to the preparation of this edition, having been actively engaged in the smelting of copper ores during the period that has elapsed since the first appearance of the book; and before preparing the new material he made a special trip through the West to note any improvements or modifications in the treatment of copper ores. The price of the book is \$4.

— "Star Land," by Sir Robert Staurel Ball, F.R.S., Royal Astronomer of Ireland, published by Ginn & Co., is composed of talks with young people about the wonders of the heavens, told in a very interesting and attractive style. The well-known astronomical facts are placed before one, not in the usual cut and dried manner of the scientist and the mathematician, but well interspersed with anecdote and personal reminiscences that cannot fail to be pleasing and instructive to the amateur astronomer or to those wishing a short course in elementary astronomy.

— Ginn & Co. announce the first number of *School and College*, to be edited by Ray Greene Huling, and to appear in January, 1892. The contents will be: Some of the Next Steps Forward in Education, by E. Benjamin Andrews, president of Brown University; Secondary Education in Census Years, by James H. Blodgett, U. S. Census Office, Washington, D.C.; The Greek Method of Performing Arithmetical Operations, by John Tetlow, head-master Girls' High and Latin Schools, Boston; English in Secondary Schools, by Francis B. Gummere, professor of English in Haver-

ford College; When Should the Study of Philosophy Begin? by B. C. Burt, formerly docent in history of philosophy at Clark University; News from Abroad; Home News; Letters to the Editor; and Reviews.

— P. Blakiston, Son, & Co., Philadelphia, will have ready Dec. 1 the new London edition of the late Dr. Carpenter's work, "The Microscope and its Revelations," edited by Professor Dallinger. This well-known book will appear in an almost entirely new form. The shape is different, owing to an enlargement of the page. Nineteen of the twenty-one full-page plates, some of which are colored, are absolutely new, and there are improvements in the woodcuts, of which there are to be 800, instead of 500, as in the previous edition. Special attention has been given to all that appertains to the practical construction and use of the instrument; but the interests of amateurs have not been neglected. The earlier chapters of the book have been entirely rewritten, and the work throughout has been brought up to date.

— *The Chautauquan* for December has several illustrated articles and portraits of a number of prominent men and women. The following titles are from the table of contents: "Domestic and Social Life of the Colonists," III., by Edward Everett Hale; "States made from Colonies," by Dr. James Albert Woodburn; "The Colonial Shire," by Albert Bushnell Hart, Ph.D.; "The History of Political Parties in America," III., by F. W. Hewes;

NEO-DARWINISM AND NEO-LAMARCKISM.

By LESTER F. WARD.

Annual address of the President of the Biological Society of Washington delivered Jan. 24, 1891. A historical and critical review of modern scientific thought relative to heredity, and especially to the problem of the transmission of acquired characters. The following are the several heads involved in the discussion: Status of the Problem, Lamarckism, Darwinism, Acquired Characters, Theories of Heredity, Views of Mr. Galton, Teachings of Professor Weismann, A Critique of Weismann, Neo-Darwinism, Neo-Lamarckism, the American "School," Application to the Human Race. In so far as views are expressed they are in the main in line with the general current of American thought, and opposed to the extreme doctrine of the non-transmissibility of acquired characters.

Price, postpaid, 25 cents.

N. D. C. HODGES, 874 Broadway, New York.

HANDBOOK OF METEOROLOGICAL TABLES.

By ASST. PROF. H. A. HAZEN.

127 pp. 8°.

Professor Waldo says: "I heartily recommend them to all workers in meteorology, and do not see how any of our American meteorologists can afford to be without a copy."

Professor Symons of London says: "They are unquestionably valuable helps, which must be kept handy, and replaced when worn out."

Price, postpaid, \$1.

N. D. C. HODGES, 874 Broadway, New York.

SLIDE-RULE Perpetual Calendar.—This novel application of the slide-rule principle shows, in an instant without study or calculation, a complete Calendar for any month from the Year 1 till the end of time. Sample, 25 cts. JEROME-THOMAS CO., 47 LAFAYETTE PLACE, NEW YORK.

"The Week, one of the ablest papers on the continent."—*Descriptive America.*

THE WEEK,

A Canadian Journal of Politics, Literature, Science and Art.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

\$3.00 per Year.

\$1.00 for Four Months.

THE WEEK has entered on its EIGHTH year of publication, greatly improved in every respect, rendering it more worthy the cordial support of every one interested in the maintenance of a first-class literary journal.

The independence in politics and criticism which has characterized THE WEEK ever since its first issue will be rigidly maintained; and unceasing efforts will be made to improve its literary character and increase its attractiveness as a journal for the cultured home. Many new and able writers are now, or have promised to become, contributors to its columns, and the constant aim of the Publisher will be to make THE WEEK fully equal to the best literary journals in Britain and the United States.

As heretofore, PROF. GOLDWIN SMITH will, from time to time, contribute articles. London, Paris, Washington and Montreal letters from accomplished correspondents will appear at regular intervals. Special Ottawa Letters will appear during the sessions of Parliament.

THE WEEK being the same size as "Harper's Weekly," is the largest paper of its class on the continent.

SEND FOR FREE SAMPLE COPY.

C. BLACKETT ROBINSON, Publisher,
5 Jordan St., Toronto, Canada.

THE AMERICAN GEOLOGIST FOR 1891 AND BIEN'S NEW ATLAS OF THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT,

will be given to **New Subscribers** to the GEOLOGIST for \$25.00 (which is the regular price of the Atlas alone), if ordered through the GEOLOGIST.

For other premiums see the GEOLOGIST for Nov., Dec., and Jan. Address

THE GEOLOGICAL PUBLISHING COMPANY,
Minneapolis, Minn.

THE BOTANICAL GAZETTE.

A monthly illustrated journal of botany in all its departments.

25 cents a number, \$2.50 a year.

Address PUBLISHERS BOTANICAL GAZETTE,
Crawfordsville, Ind.

Publications of the University of Pennsylvania.

SERIES IN

Philology, Literature and Archæology.

Vol. I. now ready.

1. Poetic and Verse Criticism of the Reign of Elizabeth. By Felix E. Schelling, A.M., Assistant Professor of English Literature. \$1.00.
2. A Fragment of the Babylonian "Dibbarra" Epic. By Morris Jastrow, Jr., Ph.D., Professor of Arabic. 60 cents.
3. a. *Ἡ πόλις* with the Accusative. b. Note on a Passage in the Antigone. By William A. Lamberton, A.M., Professor of the Greek Language and Literature. 50 cents.
4. The Gambling Games of the Chinese in America. *Fán tán* and *Pák kòp piú*. By Stewart Culin, Secretary of the Museum of Archæology and Palæontology. 40 cents.

In preparation.

The Terrace at Persepolis. By Morton W. Easton, Ph.D., Professor of Comparative Philology.

An Aztec Manuscript. By Daniel G. Brinton, M.D., Professor of American Archæology and Linguistics.

A Monograph on the Tempest. By Horace Howard Furness, Ph.D., LL.D.

Recent Archæological Explorations in New Jersey. By Charles C. Abbott, M.D., Curator of the American Collections.

Archæological Notes in Northern Morocco. By Talcott Williams, A.M., Secretary of the Museum of Egyptian Antiquities.

a. On the Aristotelian Dative. b. On a Passage in Aristotle's Rhetoric. By William A. Lamberton, A.M., Professor of the Greek Language and Literature.

A Hebrew Bowl Inscription. By Morris Jastrow, Jr., Ph.D., Professor of Arabic.

The Life and Writings of George Gascoigne. By Felix E. Schelling, A.M., Assistant Professor of English Literature.

The Papers of this Series, prepared by Professors and others connected with the University of Pennsylvania, will take the form of Monographs on the subjects of Philology, Literature, and Archæology, whereof about 200 or 250 pages will form a volume.

The price to subscribers to the Series will be \$1.50 per volume; to others than subscribers, \$2.00 per volume.

Each Monograph, however, is complete in itself, and will be sold separately.

It is the intention of the University to issue these Monographs from time to time as they shall be prepared.

Each author assumes the responsibility of his own contribution.

N. D. C. HODGES,

874 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

BOOKS: How to get them. If there is any book or pamphlet that you want, write to the Science book Agency, 874 Broadway, New York.

"Physical Life," III., by Milton J. Greenman, Ph.B.; "National Agencies for Scientific Research (The Weather Bureau)," by Major J. W. Powell; "The Parasitic Enemies of Cultivated Plants," by B. T. Galloway; "The Scottish Language," by Rev. William Wye Smith; "Modern Treatment for Insanity," by C. R. Hammetton; "Moral and Social Reforms in Congress," by George Harold Walker; "Fur-Seal and the Seal Islands," by Sheldon Jackson, D.D.; "A Trip up the Nile," by Armand de Potter; "The Homes of Poverty," by Emily Huntington Miller; "Prepared Food on a Scientific Plan," by Helen M. Ellis; "Women in Astronomy," by Esther Singleton; "Qualifications Requisite for the Trained Nurse," by Lisbeth D. Price; "The German Girl of the Middle Ages.

— Professor A. D. Morse is the author of a monograph recently published by the American Academy of Political and Social Science, on "The Place of Party in Political System." It is a treatise on the philosophy of party, a subject which has been generally

neglected by political scientists. After showing by what other means the State has sought to hold the government in due subordination to itself, he proves that the institution of party is the best device for accomplishing this end. He shows how party carries out its two chief functions, namely, to educate and organize public opinion, and to administer government. In regard to this latter function, he holds that under a system of party government, the party in power does the work which falls to the king in a system which is really monarchical. The monograph will doubtless create considerable discussion, as we are not wont to put so high a theoretical value to the party system.

— D. C. Heath & Co. will publish shortly "Reading and Speaking: Familiar Talks to Young Men who would Speak well in Public," by Brainard Gardner Smith, associate professor of elocution and oratory, Cornell University. Especial importance is given to the theory of sentential delivery as based on the systems of Walker and Mandeville.

A Tonic

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

A most excellent and agreeable tonic and appetizer. It nourishes and invigorates the tired brain and body, imparts renewed energy and vitality, and enlivens the functions.

Dr. EPHRAIM BATEMAN, Cedarville, N. J., says:

"I have used it for several years, not only in my practice, but in my own individual case, and consider it under all circumstances one of the best nerve tonics that we possess. For mental exhaustion or overwork it gives renewed strength and vigor to the entire system."

Descriptive pamphlet free.

Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I.

Beware of Substitutes and Imitations.

CAUTION.—Be sure the word "Horsford's" is on the label. All others are spurious. Never sold in bulk.

POPULAR MANUAL OF VISIBLE SPEECH AND VOCAL PHYSIOLOGY.

For use in Colleges and Normal Schools. Price 50 cents
Sent free by post by

N. D. C. HODGES, 874 Broadway, N. Y.

PRIZE ESSAYS OF THE AMERICAN PUBLIC HEALTH ASSOCIATION.

Practical Sanitary and Economic Cooking Adapted to Persons of Moderate and Small Means. By Mrs. MARY HINMAN ABEL. 12mo, 182 pp. Cloth, 40 cents.

No. 1. Healthy Homes and Foods for the Working-Class. By Professor C. Vaughan, M.D. Ann Arbor, Mich. 8vo, 62 pp. Paper, 10 cents.

No. 2. The Sanitary Conditions and Necessities of School-Houses and School-Life. By D. F. Lincoln, M.D., Boston, Mass. 8vo, 38 pp. 5 cents.

No. 3. Disinfection and Individual Prophylaxis against Infectious Diseases. By George M. Sternberg, M.D., Major and Surgeon U.S.A. 8vo, 40 pp. Paper, 5 cents.

No. 4. The Preventable Causes of Disease, Injury, and Death in American Manufactories and Workshops, and the Best Means and Appliances for Preventing and Avoiding Them. By George H. Ireland, Springfield, Mass. 8vo, 20 pp. Paper, 5 cents.

The four essays (Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4) in one volume of nearly two hundred large octavo pages, thoroughly indexed. Cloth, 50 cents.

N. D. C. HODGES, 874 Broadway, N. Y.



Old and Rare Books.

BACK NUMBERS and complete sets of leading Magazines. Rates low. AM. MAG. EXCHANGE, Schoharie N Y

Speech Reading and Articulation Teaching.

By A. MELVILLE BELL.

Price, 25 Cents.

Practical Instructions in the Art of Reading Speech from the Mouth; and in the Art of Teaching Articulation to the Deaf.

[This Work—written at the suggestion of Miss Sarah Fuller, Principal of the Horace Mann School for the Deaf, Boston, Mass.—is, so far as known, the first Treatise published on "Speech Reading."]

From Principals of Institutions for the Deaf.

"Admirable in its conciseness, clearness and freedom from technicality."

"The simplicity and perfection of this little book."

"Full of exact and helpful observations."

"A very interesting and valuable work."

"The rules are clearly given and will be of great utility."

"Every articulation teacher should study it."

"A model of clearness and simplicity, without having any of the puzzling symbols that trouble the common mind. . . . The exercises given in speech-reading from the lips are especially interesting, and of great importance for the student of phonetics."

— Modern Language Notes.

* * The above work may be obtained, by order, through any bookseller, or post-free on receipt of price, from

N. D. C. HODGES,

874 Broadway, New York.

AMERICAN HERO-MYTHS.

A Study in the Native Religions of the Western Continent.

By D. G. BRINTON, M.D. 8°. \$1.75.

THE CRADLE OF THE SEMITES.

By D. G. BRINTON, M.D., and MORRIS JASTROW, JR., Ph.D. 8°. 30 cents.

N. D. C. HODGES, 874 Broadway, New York



DO YOU INTEND TO BUILD?

If you intend to build, it will be a mistake not to send for "SENSIBLE LOW-COST HOUSES," now arranged in three volumes. In them you will find perspective views, floor plans, descriptions, and estimates of cost for 105 tasteful, new designs for houses. They also give prices for complete Working Plans, Details, and Specifications, which enable you to build without delays, mistakes or quarrels with your builder, and which any one can understand. Vol. I. contains 35 copyrighted designs of houses, costing between \$500 and \$1800. Vol. II. contains 35 copyrighted designs, \$1800 to \$3000. Vol. III. contains 35 copyrighted designs, \$3000 to \$9000. Price, by mail, \$1.00 each, or \$3.00 for the set.

"COLONIAL HOUSES," a volume showing Perspectives and Floor Plans of houses arranged in the inimitable style of the Colonial Architecture, and having all modern arrangements for comfort. Price, \$2.00.

"PICTURESQUE HOUSES FOR FOREST AND SHORE":—This show Perspectives and Floor Plans of new designs for Summer Cottages, which are romantic, convenient, and cheap. Price, \$1.00, by mail.

N. D. C. HODGES, 874 Broadway, New York.