

as the student is presumed to be sufficiently familiar with them and their meaning. How useful the book may prove can only be determined by experience; but many pupils will be interested in thus tracing the various derivatives of a given stem. There is one serious defect in the execution of the work. The pages are encumbered with long notes, sometimes filling half a page, about such things as the atmosphere, gravity, gladiatorial shows, etc.—notes which are sadly out of place in a dictionary. We noticed also some inaccuracies, such as calling the Latin *honestus* Greek, and the Greek *laos* Latin. The work is illustrated by numerous quotations, mostly in verse.

An Elementary History of the United States. By CHARLES MORRIS. Philadelphia, Lippincott. 12°. 60 cents.

THIS work covers the whole period of American history from the discovery of the continent to the present time; and yet it is all crowded into two hundred and forty pages. The natural result is that the narrative is too much condensed, and contains too much detail for so short a work. This is the common fault of brief histories, and not only renders them less interesting than they might be, but also tends to obscure the main outlines of the subject. Apart from this defect, however, Mr. Morris's work is pretty well done. We like in particular the attention he gives to the social life of the people and the progress of industry,—matters that are not only important in themselves, but also interesting to young people. The book is illustrated with both pictures and maps.

AMONG THE PUBLISHERS.

THE September issue of the *Contemporary Review* will contain an article covering some twenty-three pages, by Rudyard Kipling, entitled "The Enlightenment of Pagett, M.P.," which, in the form of a story, is a trenchant criticism on the National Con-

gress movement in India. The *Contemporary* is published in America by the Leonard Scott Publication Company at 40 cents per number.

—Messrs. Houghton, Mifflin, & Co. announce that they will have ready for publication in the early part of September a book by John Fiske, entitled "Civil Government in the United States, considered with some Reference to its Origins." In this book Mr. Fiske aims to set forth the principles and methods of civil government as understood and exemplified in the republic of the United States and in the several States; and he traces the rise and development of the various forms of government of towns, counties, cities, states, and the nation, with their relations to one another. Although of great interest to the general reader, the book is designed primarily for use in schools; and to make it still more practicable for this purpose, there have been added at the end of each section questions on the text, and at the end of each chapter suggestive questions and directions "designed to stimulate reading, investigation, and thought." These questions and suggestions have been prepared with great care by Frank A. Hill, the head master of the English High School at Cambridge, Mass. Mr. Fiske has also added a bibliographical note at the end of each chapter.

—The most important article in the *Political Science Quarterly* for September is that on "State Control of Corporations," by George K. Holmes. It is an account of what has been done in Massachusetts toward securing the rights of the public against corporations of every description, and is a very encouraging exhibit. The Massachusetts method consists in the maintenance of commissions whose duty it is to hear complaints, settle disputes when possible, and give advice to the Legislature on the one hand, and to the corporations on the other. This method has proved very successful in protecting the public against abuses; and, in Mr. Holmes's opinion, it only needs to be extended to trade com-

Publications received at Editor's Office,
Aug. 25—Sept. 6.

- DIEHL, Mrs. Anna Randall. *A Practical Delsarte Primer.* Syracuse, N.Y., C. W. Bardeen. 66 p. 16°.
- HAYWARD, R. B. *The Elements of Solid Geometry.* London and New York, Macmillan. 190 p. 16°. 75 cents.
- HEALTH for Little Folks. New York, Cincinnati, and Chicago, Amer. Book Co. 121 p. 12°.
- KENNEDY, J. *A Stem Dictionary of the English Language.* New York, Amer. Book Co. 382 p. 8°.
- MILNE, J. J., and DAVIS, R. F. *Geometrical Conics. Part I. The Parabola.* London and New York, Macmillan. 72 p. 12°. 60 cents.
- MORRIS, C. *An Elementary History of the United States.* Philadelphia, Lippincott. 250 p. 12°. 60 cents.
- ORPHEUS, The. Vol. I. No. 1. Aug. 15, 1890. St. Paul, Minn., Orpheus Publ. Co. 16 p. f°. \$1 per year.
- PRESTON, T. *The Theory of Light.* London and New York, Macmillan. 465 p. 8°. \$3.25.
- THRUSTON, G. P. *The Antiquities of Tennessee and the Adjacent States.* Cincinnati, Robert Clarke & Co. 369 p. 8°. \$4.
- U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. *Report on the Substitution of Metal for Wood in Railroad Ties,* by E. E. R. Tratman, C.E., together with a Discussion on Practicable Economies in the Use of Wood for Railway Purposes, by B. E. Fernow. Washington, Government. 363 p. 8°.

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binations to be a complete success. Another interesting paper in the *Quarterly* is a sketch of "German Historical Jurisprudence," by Ernst Freund, giving a clear though brief account of the rise and progress of juristic studies in Germany. Mr. Fred. Perry Powers, in a paper on "Recent Centralizing Tendencies in the Supreme Court," contends that the Court has gone too far in claiming for Congress power over interstate commerce. Professor Seligman continues his series of articles on "The Taxation of Corporations;" Professor Ashley has a somewhat elaborate review of Charles Booth's work on "East London;" and there is also an article by William Chauncy Langdon on "Italy and the Vatican," which is mainly devoted to setting forth the views and policy of the late Baron Ricasoli. On the whole, this number of the *Quarterly* is a good one; and yet we feel bound to say that there is very little in it that can properly be termed scientific. The majority of the articles are on questions of practical politics, and only one or two of them deal with really scientific problems.

—The Forest and Stream Publishing Company (New York) announce for immediate issue "House and Pet Dogs; their Selection, Care, and Training." It is written by a woman. The same firm will publish at once "The Spaniel and its Training."

—The Putnams have published "The Pleroma, a Poem of the Christ," by Rev. E. P. Chittenden, consisting of two parts. The first part is an imaginary account of the creation of the world, which is performed by the "Pleroma," or fulness of the Godhead, while the "Circles," the "Bands," the "Limits," and other fanciful beings, look on and sing. The days of creation are made to represent the successive geologic ages, the scenery of which is illustrated by numerous pictures. The second book treats of "Christ in History," beginning with the Garden of Eden. The author expresses the hope that his book will "find favor among Christian students of science and scientific students of Christianity;" but why it should do so we are unable to see, for it is neither

poetical nor scientific, and is wholly devoid of moral significance. You may read pages of it without finding an idea; and the book is not in any sense an addition to literature.

—Jules Verne's latest story of travel and adventure, "Cæsar Cascabel," will be published early in the fall by the Cassell Publishing Company, who have made an arrangement with the author to that end.

—Messrs. Ginn & Co. announce to be ready this month "A Hygienic Physiology," for the use of grammar and common schools, by B. F. Lincoln, M.D., late secretary of the Medical Department of the American Social Science Association, author of "School and Industrial Hygiene," etc. The chief object of this book is to present the laws of health as fully as pupils fourteen or fifteen years old can be expected to understand, appreciate, and apply them. The distinctive feature of the work is thus its putting hygiene first, and making anatomy and physiology tributary, instead of making anatomy and physiology the main things, and introducing hygiene incidentally. Enough of the theoretical is in all cases given to supply a basis for the practical; but it is given with a varying fulness, according to the nature of the topic under consideration. Thus, under the head of "Bones," the anatomy and physiology take up most of the chapter, while the anatomy of the digestive organs is treated but briefly, the chief attention being directed to food, ways of cooking and eating, etc. Exercise, sleep, bathing, ventilation, and kindred subjects are carefully treated. Alcoholic beverages have a chapter to themselves; but additional remarks, if they seem called for, are given at the end of the chapters on other subjects. It has been the writer's endeavor to present this matter wisely and truthfully, and it is believed that his views are in harmony with the opinions of the recognized leaders of modern medicine, and avoid the dangers of distrust and re-action which attend over-statement.

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