to, but rather what I believed to be a misconception of the nature of certain phenomena which such misuse seemed to imply. Let me see if I can maintain my ground.

If two bodies connected by an elastic medium retain their relative positions, the two may be transported cr caused to move in any or all possible ways, and still with all speeds; yet the condition of stress under which this elastic connecting medium exists is not changed at all. If a force be exerted upon one of these bodies, tending to change its position relative to the other, the stress of the elastic connecting medium will be changed; and I do not think it necessary to conceive of a rate of propagation of this modified stress from the one object to the other, for, if the second body were not attached to the first in some way, the force applied to the first could produce no stress whatever in the medium connecting the two. A push on one becomes a pull on the other, but there could be no push on the one without there being an exactly equal and opposite effect upon the other. Has any propagation taken place in this case?

If, again, we have a system of bodies, all of which are connected with each other by elastic strings or by a pervading elastic medium, any movement of one of these bodies necessarily involves a change of stress between all of them. A push on one means a pull of exactly equal amount on others. There can be no push without a resistance, and this resistance is a

Publications received at Editor's Office, Feb. 17-22.	 (U. S. Dept. Agric., Bulletin No. 25.) Washington, Government. 61 p. 89. WHIST, American, Illustrated. By G. W. P. Boston and New York, Houghton, Mifflin, & Co. 367 p. 169. \$1.75. 	JUST OUT. Speech Reading and Articulation
KANSAS Academy of Science, Transactions of the Twentieth and Twenty-first Annual Meetings of the, 1887-88. Vol. XI. Topeka, State. 127 p.		Teaching.
8°. U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY. Chart showing Annual Change of the Magnetic Declination for	DODULAD MANUAL OF MOUDLE ODEFOULAND	By A. MELVILLE BELL.
 Annual change of the Magnetic Decimation for the Epoch January, 1890. Washington, Govern- ment. Scale 1: 10,000,000. — Chart showing Magnetic Meridians of the United States for January, 1890. Washington, Government. Scale 1: 10,000,000. 		Practical Instructions in the Art of Reading Speech from the Mouth; and in the Art of
 Isogonic Chart for the Epoch 1890. Alaska and Adjacent Regions. Washington, Government. Scale 1: 13,700,000. Isogonic Chart of the United States for the Except 1900. Washington Consumment Scale 	Sent free by post by N. D. C. HODGES, 47 Lafayette Place, New York.	[This Work—written at the suggestion of Miss Sarah Fuller, Principal of the Horace Mann School for the Deaf, Boston, Mass—is, so far as known, the the first Treatise published on "Speech Reading."]
 Epoch 1890. Washington, Government. Scale 1: 7,000. WARD, H. M. Diseases of Plants. London, Society for promoting Christian Knowledge; New York, E. & J. B. Young & Co. 196 p. 16°. \$1. WAUTERS, A. J. Stanley's Emin Pasha Expedition. Philadelphia, Lippincott. 378 p. 12°. \$2. 	HEAVEN AND HELL. By EMAN- UEL SWEDENBORG. 416 pages, paper cover. Mailed pre-paid for 14 Cents in stamps by the American Swedenborg Printing and Pub-	N D C HODGES

WEDDERBURN, A.J. A Popular Treatise on the Ex-tent and Character of Food Adulterations. lishing Society, 20 Cooper Union, N. Y. City.

47 Lafayette Place, New York.

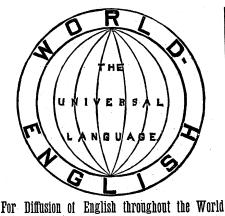
ONE LANGUAGE FOR THE WHOLE WORL

WORLD-ENGLISH :

THE UNIVERSAL LANGUAGE. 25 CENTS.

EVERY one has heard of the butcher who, after a long search for his knife, at last found it in his mouth : so speakers of English have been seeking for a universal language, when, lo ! it is in their mouths. The intelligiranguage, when, to it is in their mouths. The intelligi-bility of English words has been obscured by a dense mist of letters. This is now dispersed by A. Melville Bell, who has already won a world-wide reputation through his invention of "Visible Speech," the great through his invention of "Visible Speech," the great boon to deaf-mutes. Professor Bell calls this new discov-ery of his "World-English," and the result is a language which cannot fail to meet with acceptance, and at once supersede the supposed necessity for "Volapük," or any other artificial language. No language could be invented for international use that would surpass English in gram-The matical simplicity, and in general fitness to become the tongue of the world. It is already the mother-tongue of increasing millions in both hemispheres, and some knowl-edge of the language is demanded by all educated popula-tions on the globe. Social and commercial necessities require that the acquisition of this knowledge shall be facilitated, and it is believed that Professor Bell's invention has removed the last impediment to English becoming the universal language, for which vague desires have long been entertained, although hitherto only futile efforts have been made.

Ex-President Andrew D. White, of Cornell University, says: "I believe that the highest interests of Christian civilization and of humanity would be served by its adoption. China and Japan would be made Englishspeaking peoples within fifty years, and so brought with-in the range of Christianizing and civilizing ideas, in the largest sense. All existing missionary work is trivial as compared with this. For your system would throw wide open those vast countries, as, indeed, all the countries of the world, to the whole current of English and American thought.



THE UNIVERSAL LANGUAGE This "Hand-Book of World-English" is the Complete, Simple, and Efficient Medium.

FOREIGNERS

Will Acquire, by Means of this Hand-Book, a PERFECT PRONUNCIATION OF ENGLISH. For Primary School Pupils and Illiterate Adults World-English is a Royal Road to Reading.

To Teachers of English and Modern Languages This Hand Book will be of Primary Importance as a Phonetic Directory.

DEFECTS OF SPEECH

Will be Readily Corrected by Means of the Articula-tive Directi ns in this Hand-Book.

HAND-BOOK OF WORLD-ENGLISH,

25 CENTS.

The plan of this little book is altogether new. Letters and sounds are so associated, in all the exercises, that from the mere knowledge of letters a learner cannot fail to pronounce words with certainty. English reading will thus be easily acquired, whether by natives or foreigners, children or adults.

The general resemblance of World-English to Literary English is such that any reader of the latter deciphers the former at sight, or, at most, after a few minutes' study of the new letters. A like result may be anticiated for those who shall learn to read from World-English. They will transfer their power of reading to the literary form of the language, almost without effort. The orthographic aspect of words will, besides, be so fixed in the eye, by contrast, that spelling will be remembered as - what it really is - a pictorial association with words.

No special training is required to qualify teachers for using this book. The subject can even be successfully in-troduced in the kindergarten and the nursery. This phonetic mode of initiation in reading cannot be too strongly urged on the attention of School Boards on both eiter of the Atleneit sides of the Atlantic.

The ordinary orthography of each word is interlined with the World-English version throughout the Exercises and Readings.

So set down, our tongue is the best for the world to unite upon.—*Brooklyn Eagle.* The idea of Mr. Bell has much to recommend it, and the presentation is charmingly clear. – *American*, Phila.

The result is a language which cannot fail to meet with acceptance.—Boston Traveller. Has the merit of great ingenuity.—Railway Age. His treatise, as a study of English orthoepy, condenses. the result of much thought and experience in small com-pass.—The Critic.

pass.— *The Critic.* World-English deserves the careful consideration of all serious scholars.—*Modern Language Notes.* World-English is the English language unburdened of its chaotic spelling.—*Popular Science Monthly.* We commend it to the attention of teachers.—*Ottawa*

"World-English" and "Hand-Book of World-English" can be had of all booksellers, or will be sent for 50 cents, post free, by the publisher,

N.D.C. HODGES, 47 Lafayette Place, New York.

FEBRUARY 28, 1890.]

He claims, in his article, that the facts I used are his, while in the preface to his book he lays no claim to the facts. Here is what he says: "The nature of the work is such that I have no claim for the presentation of new material." In regard to "Rocks and Soils," published by Dr. Stockbridge, I have lately examined it, and I can confirm what he has said, that it does not contain a single fact new to science. I believe one such claim is made, but the facts have been in print for forty years. We have the same publisher, and for that reason I do not care to make any comments upon it. Any of your readers that are interested will find a review of it in Nature, Jan. 24, 1889, p. 292. D. O'BRINE.

Fort Collins, Col., Feb. 15.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

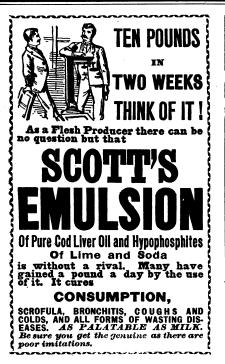
The Electric Light in Japan.

An American electric-light system has again come out victoriously while competing with the older European systems. This time the battle-ground was Tokio, Japan, where a corporation of capitalists, The Takata Company, awarded a large contract for electric lighting to the Westinghouse Electric Company of Pittsburgh, Penn. The Westinghouse alternating-current system has gained great favor in eastern Asia, as an immense central station for electric lighting is now being installed with Westinghouse alternating-current apparatus in Canton, China. The Japanese plant will be put up at Shidznoka, near Tokio, and it will have a total capacity of 500 lights. This is the first alternating-current central-station plant in the land of the Mikado.

A Big Road goes in for Electricity

DURING the last week Mr. Thomas Lowry, president of one of the largest street-railway combinations in the world, showed his confidence in the electric system of street-railway propulsion by deciding to equip all the lines of St. Paul and Minneapolis by electricity. The electric company to whom this contract was awarded is the Sprague Electric Railway and Motor Company, and the investment called for from the street-railway company is said to be in the neighborhood of two million dollars.

Before deciding upon any system to be used upon these roads, the president of the company, together with the directors, made a careful inspection of all the different methods of operating street-cars in large cities, and investigated the merits of each. As a result of this investigation, the contracts for



the partial equipments of the road by cable were cancelled, and negotiations were entered into with the Sprague Company for the entire electrical equipment.

By the terms of the contract, the Sprague Company is to fully equip and put into working order the entire mileage owned by the railway company, the work to be completed by June 1; and the first delivery of electric-railway apparatus, which will include 360 Sprague improved motors for the equipment of the rolling-stock, will be made shortly.

This is probably the largest order which has ever been given for electric-railway motors, and evinces the confidence which prominent street-railway managers feel in the electric system.

Photography done Quickly.

THE initial letters of the above three words have been adopted as the name of the "P. D. Q." camera, a new detective camera of small size, manufactured by E. & H. T. Anthony of this city. This camera, which is shown in the cut, is adapted to the making of four-by-five inch pictures, either time or



THE P. D. Q CAMERA.

instantaneous, and which may be taken either vertically or horizontally. It is provided with a finder which may be used for either position. Three patent double holders are supplied with each camera, - one for dry plates and two for films. The double-film holders are very durable and compact, being only three-eighths of an inch thick.

This camera is fitted with a combination instantaneous achromatic landscape lens and a shutter of a new design, which by its peculiar mechanism is always closed except at the moment of exposure, the resetting being accomplished by an ingenious device, which requires only the movement of a lever to the right or left. The manipulation of the shutter is wholly from the outside of the box, and it may be made to work with greater or less rapidity, as desired.

HOSPITAL REMEDIES. What are they? There is a new departure in the treatment of disease. It consists in the collection of the specifics used by noted specialists of Europe and America, and bringing them within the reach of all. For instance, the treatment pursued by special physicians who treat indigestion, stomach and liver troubles only, was obtained and prepared. The treatment of other physicians celebrated for curing catarrh was procured, and so on till these incomparable cures now include disease of the lungs, kidneys, female weakness, rheumatism and nervous debility.

A New Method of Treating Disease.

This new method of "one remedy for one disease" must appeal to the common sense of all sufferers, many of whom have experienced the ill effects, and thoroughly realize the absurdity of the claims of Patent Medicines which are guaranteed to cure every ill out of a single bottle, and the use of which, as statistics prove, has ruined more stomachs than alcohol. A circular describing these new remedies is sent free on receipt of stamp to pay postage by Hospital Remedy Company, Toronto, Canada, sole proprietors.

	\mathbf{ANY}	\mathbf{OF}	
Prof. A.	. MELVILLE	BELL'S	WORKS
	ON-		
Elocut	ion — Visil	ble Sp	oeech —
Principles of Speech—Faults			
of Speech—Phonetics—Line			
Writing — World - English,			
etc.	, SUPPLIE	D BV	
	SUPPLIE	אם ת	

N. D. C. HODGES,

47 Lafayette Place, N.Y.

FOR SALE.

A first-class water motor, for hydrant pressure of 20 pounds or over. No experiment; 5,000 in use. Clean, simple, safe, reliable. economical, and very desirable. No dirt, delay, or danger. Always ready; no repairs. Any one can erect and operate it in parlor, workshop, or office. For price, particulars, etc., address "HYDRAULIC," care of SCIENCE, 47 Lafayette Place, New York.

CALENDAR OF SOCIETIES.

Anthropological Society, Washington.

Feb. 18.-D. S. Lamb, Olecranon Foramen; W. W. Rockhill, Tibet; Mark B. Kerr, The Origin of Llao Nous, a Legend of the Shasta

Engineers' Club, St. Louis.

Feb. 19. - Professor Johnson read Mr. Edward H. Connor's paper on the "Substructure of the Cairo Bridge." The paper was accompanied by drawings, showing the spans, piers, and caissons; also by numerous tables, and the complete specifications of the bridge. The paper explained the work of construction in detail, and the difficulties met with in various parts of the work. The tables gave the results of numerous tests on cements, showing the effect of different proportions of salt, the effect of freezing, the effect of fine grinding, etc. The results were given for both Portland and Louisville cements. Under general discussion, Mr. Willard Beahan was called upon for some information regarding the outlook for engineers in South America, he having recently returned from that country. He stated that the prospects for American engineers were excellent at the present time. Railroads are few, but a large number are in prospect. Municipal engineering was just being taken up. The prices secured and salaries paid were good. Most of the engineers now in that country are French, there being only a few from America and England.

Exchanges.

[Free of charge to all, if of satisfactory character. Address N. D. C. Hodges, 47 Lafayette Place, New York.]

I have a number of duplicates of microscopic slides, mostly botanical, which I would like to exchange for others not now in my collection. Send list of what you have to exchange and get my list. S. R. Thompson, New Wilmington, Pa.

ew Wilmington, ra. Correspondence and exchanges solicited with persons torrested in the study of American and Mexican aninterested in the study of American and Mexican an-tiquities. L. W. Gunckel, 36 Elm St., New Haven, Conn

I wish to exchange or purchase well-fixed or hardened vertebrate embryos for sectioning. Desire specially rep-tilian embryos, but will be glad to secure any material that I do not possess. Thomas G, Lee, M.D., Histo-logical Laboratory, Yale University, New Haven, Conn.

Wanted-Books and journals, American or foreign. relating to Photography-exchange or purchase. C. W, Canfield, 1,321 Broadway, New York.

Wanted.-Marine univalves of the west coast, from U. S. line southward, and from Pacific Islands, offered; ex-change from a general collection. — F. C. Browne, Fram-ingham, Mass., Box 50.

D. E. Willard, Curator of the Museum, Albion Acad-emy, Albion. Wis., will answer all his correspondence as soon as possible. Sickness and death in the family, with many other matters, have prevented his answering as promptly as he should have done.

I will give roo good arrow heads for a fine pair of wild cattle horns at least two feet long. If you have shorter or other horns write me, and also how many arrow heads you want for them. I will also exchange shells, minerals and arrows. W. F. Lerch, 308 East 4th St., Davenport, Iowa.

A few duplicates of Murex radix, M. ramosus, M. brandaris, Cassis rufa. Harpa ventricosa, Oliva tri-atula, O. reticularis, Chlorostoma funebrale, Cypræa caput serpentis, C. lynx, Lottia gigantea, Acmola patina, Chama spinosa, and some thirty other species, for exchange for shells not in our collection. List on ap-plication. - Curator Museum, Polytechnic Society, Lou-isville, Ky.

Photographs and Stereoscopic views of Aborigines of any country, and fine landscapes.etc., wanted in exchange for minetals and fossils. – L. L. Lewis, Copenhagen, New York.

Droysen's Algemeiner Historicher Hand-atlas (Leip-zig, 1886,) for scientific books – those published in the International Scientific Series preferred. – James H. Stoller, Schenectady, N.Y.

Astronomical works and reports wanted in exchange or to buy. Reports of observations on the planet Neptune and its satellite specially desired. – Edmund J. Sheri-dan, B.A., 295 Adelphi St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

I would like to correspond with any person having Tryon's "Structural and Systematic Conchology" to dispose of. I wish also to obtain State or U.S. Reports on Geology, Conchology, and Archæology. I will ex-change classified specimens or pay cash. Also wanted a copy of MacFarlane's "Geologists' Traveling Hand-Book and Geological Railway Guide." — D. E. Willard, Cura-tor of Museum, Albion Academy, Albion, Wis.

Morris's "British Butterlies," Morris's "Nests and Eggs of British Birds," Bree's "Birds of Europe" (all colored plates), and other natural history, in exchange for Shakesperiana; either books, pamphlets, engravings, or cuttings. – J. D. Barnett, Box 735, Stratford, Canada,

I have Anodonta opalina (Weatherby), and many other species of shells from the noted Koshkonong Lake and vicinity, also from Western New York, and fossils from the Marcellus shale of New York, which I would be glad to exchange for specimens of scientific value of any kind. I would also like to correspond with persons inter-ested in the collection, sale, or exchange of Indian relics.-D. E. Willard, Albion Academy, Albion, Wis.

Shells and curiosities for marine shells, curiosities or minerals address W. F. Lerch, No. 308 East Fourth St., Davenport, Iowa.

IFE-LOR A MONTHLY MAGAZINE OF POPULAR BIOLOGY.

The Subject-Matter is LIFE—Life in all its forms, plant and animal, from the "lowest" to the "high-est," recent and extinct. The engravings and letterpress are beautifully produced.

PUBLISHED BY

W. MAWER, at Essex Hall, Essex Street, Strand, London, W.C.

Post-free for twelve months for \$1.25, prepaid.

"We expect it will become one of our most im-portant magazines."—Halifax Courier. "We predict a career for Life-Lore worthy of its high aims and the ability it displays."—Citizen.

"It is handsomely printed; the engravings are well executed, and the matter is excellent."—Standard. "A model of what a popular scientific magazine should be . . . gives signs of vigor and staying power."-Literary World.

"Exceedingly well got up. The letterpress and illustrations are in the best style of printer's and wood engraver's art."—Boston Guardian.

"Bears evidence that it means to be sound, as the first number undoubtedly is. . . We wish this con-scientious venture success."—Bazaar, Exchange & Mart.

"A decided advance upon the too often unscien-tific popular journals of its class. . . . We have nothing but praise for this conscientious attempt." --Stagordshire Advertiser.

"Life-Lore is the felicitous title of a new monthly magazhe of natural history which seems admirably calculated to fill up a gap in our serial literature. Replete with intelligible instruction."— Newcastle Daily Journal.

"The first volume, which is before us, contains excellent papers and illustrations."—Graphic.

"Whilst far eclipsing its one English rival in the matter of beauty of type, illustration, and paper, and popularity of treatment, it is marked editorially by an unusually strong grip."—Bayswater Chronicle.

A TEMPORARY BINDER

for Science is now ready, and will be mailed postpaid on receipt of price.

Half Morocco - 75 cents.

This binder is strong, durable and elegant, has gilt side-title, and allows the opening of the pages perfectly flat. Any number can be taken out or replaced without disturbing the others, and the papers are not mutilated for subsequent permanent bind ing. Filed in this binder, Science is ELE BINDER always convenient for reference.

N. D. C. HODGES,

17 Lafavette Place. New York.

CATARRH.

Catarrhal Deafness-Hay Fever.

A NEW HOME TREATMENT.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result of this discovery is that a simple remedy has been formulated where-by catarrh, catarrhal deafness and hay fever are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient once in two weeks.

N.B.-This treatment is not a snuff or an ointment; both have been discarded by reputable physicians as injurious. A pamphlet ex-plaining this new treatment is sent free on receipt of stamp to pay postage, by A. H. Dix-on & Son. 337 and 339 West King Street. Toronto, Canada.—*Christian Advocate*.

Sufferers from Catarrhal troubles should carefully read the above.



DO YOU INTEND TO BUILD?

We offer an Atlas of Sensible Low Cost Houses, a portfolio lix14 inches, containing handsome illustrations, floor plans, and ful descriptions of this popular design, and fity-four others, ranging in cost from \$800 to \$7,200. This specimen design is for a cottage with seven rooms, and costing \$1,100. It combines beauty and comfort, has two large porches, and is a popular and practi-cal working design, having been built several times for its estimated cost. No matter what style of a house you may intend to build, it will pay you to have this book. We will send this Atlas, postpaid, on receipt of price, \$1.-N. D. C. Hodges, 47 Lafayette Place, New York.

621 Sixth Avenue, New York Established 1852.

GRUNOW

MAKER OF

Jı

Microscope Stands, **Oil Immersion Object**ives and Abbe Condensers for Bacteria and Histological work, of Objectives, Camera Lucida and other accessory apparatus.



NO DELAY FROM WORK. NO OPERATION.

12 周報

Call or send stamp for circular and reference of those cured. We have on hand over 300 styles of trusses, from \$1 up, and suspensories of all kinds. Orders filled by mail or express to any part of the United States. C. A. M. BURNHAM, M.D., 138 Clinton Place, New York.

Readers of Science



Corresponding with or visiting Adver tisers will confer a great favor by mentioning the paper.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.. "Attractive in form, beautifully printed, and vigorously written."—Despatch.