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For the present I must bring these papers to a close. If the conclusions to which they point are true, then we have in them some foundation-stones strong enough to bear the weight of an immense, and, indeed, of an immeasurable, superstructure. If the Unity of Nature is not a unity which consists in mere sameness of material, or in mere identity of composition, or in mere uniformity of structure, but a unity which the mind recognizes as the result of operations similar to its own; if man, not in his body only, but in the highest as well as in the lowest attributes of his spirit, is inside this Unity and part of it; if all his powers are, like the instincts of the beasts, founded on a perfect harmony between his faculties and the realities of creation; if the limits of his knowledge do not affect its certainty; if its accepted truthfulness in the lower fields of thought arises out of correspondences and adjustments which are applicable to all the operations of his intellect, and all the energies of his spirit; if the moral character of Man, as it exists now, is the one great anomaly in Nature—the one great exception to its order and to the perfect harmony of its laws; if the corruption of this moral character stands in immediate and necessary connection with rebellion against the Authority on which that order rests; if all ignorance and error and misconception respecting the nature of that Authority and of its commands has been and must be the cause of increasing deviation, disturbance, and perversion, then, indeed, we have a view of things which is full of light. Dark as the difficulties which remain may be, they are not of a kind to undermine all certitude, to discomfit all conviction, and to dissolve all hope. On the contrary, some of these difficulties are seen to be purely artificial and imaginary,

whilst many others are exposed to the suspicion of belonging to the same class and category. In some cases our misgivings are shown to be unreasonable, whilst in many other cases, to say the least, doubt is thrown on Doubt. Let destructive criticism do its work. But let that work be itself subjected to the same rigid analysis which it professes to employ. Under the analysis, unless I am much mistaken, the destroyer will be destroyed. That which pretends to be the universal solvant of all knowledge and of all belief, will be found to be destitute of any power to convict of falsehood the universal instinct of Man, that by a careful and conscientious use of the appropriate means he can, and does, attain to a substantial knowledge of the Truth.

## ELEMENTS OF COMET (b), 1881.

(Communicated by Rear Admiral JOHN RODGERS, Superintendent U. S. Naval Observatory.)

The following elements have been computed by Prof. Frisby, U. S. N., from observations made with the Transit Circle at the Naval Observatory:

Time of perihelion passage, June 16, .37001.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT FOR NEW YORK CITY FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUG. 13, 1881.

Latitude 40° 45′ 58″ N.; Longitude 73° 57′ 58″ W.; height of instruments above the ground, 53 feet; above the sea, 97 feet; by self-recording instruments.

	THERMOMETERS.																
	MEAN FOR THE DAY.	MAXII	MUM.	MINIM	ME	AN.		MaXI	MUM.		MINIMUM.				MAXI'M		
AUGUST.	Reduced to Freezing,	to	Time.	Reduced to Freezing.	Time.	Dry Bulb,	Wet Bulb.	Dry Bulb.	Time.	Wet Bulb.	Time.	Dry Bulb.	Time.	Wet Bulb.	Time.	In Sun.	
Monday, 7 Monday, 8 Tuesday, 9 Wednesday, 10 Thursday, 11 Saturday, 13	29.773 29.889 29.794 29.616 29.832 29.803 29.560	29.810 29.910 29.910 29.710 29.878 29.872 29.700	o a. m. 12 p. m. o a. m. 12 p. m. 10 a. m. 7 a. m. o a. m.	29.722 29.796 29.632 29.578 29.710 29.700 29.498	2 p. m. o a. m. t2 p. m. 5 a. m. o a. m. 12 p. m. 6 p. m.		70.6 65.3 67.7 70.0 63.3 67.6 73.7	79 78 81 86 78 81 96	2 f, m. 5 p. m. 3 p. m, 2 p. m. 4 p. m. 2 p. m. 4 p. m.	69 71 74 67 71	2 p. m. 7 p. m. 6 p. m. 5 p. m. 6 p. m. 2 p. m. 6 p. m.	61 62 64 59 62	12 p. m. 5 a. m. 5 a. m. 12 p. m. 5 a. m. 5 a. m. 5 a. m.	60 61 62 58 61	12 p. m. 5 a. m. 6 a. m. 12 p. m. 5 a. m. 5 a. m. 5 a. m.	140. 141. 141. 139.	
Mean for the wee Maximum for the Minimum Range	week at 12	2 p. m., Au 7 p. m., Au	gust 8th . gust 6th .		29.910 29.498	inches.	Me Ma Mi	ean for aximum nimum Rang	for the w	zeek <sub>l</sub> at	4 pm. 13t 5 am. 11t	74·3 <sup>(</sup> h 96. h 59.	degrees at	6 pm 1 5 am 1		Vet. degrees 	
WIND.							ROMI	ETER.	177 / A VIII 1989 S	C	LOUDS		RAI	RAIN AND SNO			
DIRECTION. VELOCITY FORCE IN LES PER FOR							A BOR	RELAT	TIVE	CLE	AR,	0	DEPTI	DEPTH OF RAIN AND SE			

WIND.									нүс	ROM	ETF	ER.		C	CLOUDS		RAIN AND SNOW.				ONE.		
	DIRECTION.						VELOCITY IN MILES.	L	ORCE IN BS. PER R. FEET.	FORCE OF VAPOR.			RELATIVE HUMIDITY.			CLEAR, O OVFRCAST, 10			DEPTH OF RAIN AND SNOV			ow	ozo
AUGUST.	7 a. m.	. 2	р.	m.	9 1	p. m.	Distance for the Day.	Max.	Time.	7 a.m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.	7 a.m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.	7 a.m	2 p. m.	9 p. m.	Time of Begin- ing.	Time of End- ing.	Dura- tion. h. m.	Amount of water	1 01
Sunday, 7-	s. w.	;	s. v	v.	s.	w.	187	63/4	4.30 am	.693	.730	.708	85	74	100	8 cu.	8 cir. cu.		3.45am 2.15pm		5.15 7.45	.63	10
Monday, 8. Tuesday, 9.	n. w.s.w.		, n .			, e. s. w.		1 1/4 4	11.00 pm 2.50 pm		.554 .612	.622 .666	8 <sub>3</sub>	64 62	8 <sub>5</sub>		5 cu. o cir.cu.	o 7 cu.	10 p m	10½ pm	0.30	.01	4 8
Wednesday,10.	w. s. w. n. n.w.							51/4	1.15 pm 9.10 am		.596 .449	.644 .586	77 78	48 52	8 <sub>5</sub>	0	3 cu.	0					0
Friday, 12.		S.	. s.	w.	s.	s. w.	137	2 33/4	5.40 pm 4.00 pm	.476	.624 .768	.666 .829		59 51	77 78	2 cir. s. 7 cu.	7 cir. 4 cu.	1 cu. 5 cu.					6

6¾ lbs.

miles. | Total amount of water for the week 13 hours, 30 minutes. |

Duration of rain 13 hours, 30 minutes.