# BRIMAR



## HEPTODE FREQUENCY CHANGER TYPE 15A.2

The BRIMAR 15A.2 is an indirectly heated frequency changer of the heptode or pentagrid type, designed to perform simultaneously the functions of mixer and oscillator in receivers of the super-heterodyne class.

These functions are accomplished in a single valve comprising a triode unit and a screened grid or tetrode unit coupled by a common electron stream.

The triode unit functions as an oscillator, the oscillations modulating the electron stream of the tetrode unit, producing in the

anode circuit the required I.F. frequency.

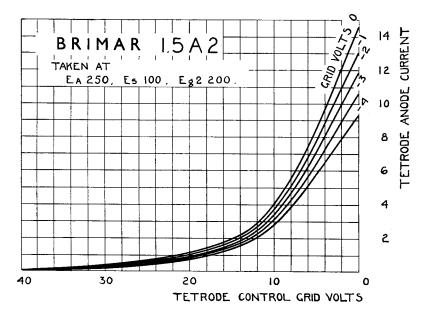
The tetrode portion of the valve is designed with a variable mu characteristic; thus enabling the conversion gain to be varied over a wide range by variation of tetrode control grid bias. Great care has been taken in the design of this valve to eliminate frequency drift. How far the designers have been successful may be gathered from the following information. At 1,500 K.C. the application of 40 volts bias to the grid of the tetrode portion produces a frequency drift of less than 150 cycles. Operation details and characteristics are given overleaf. The

Operation details and characteristics are given overleaf. The valve is fitted with a seven-pin base, connections being as shown on page 51.

=VA[[VE5=



### **CHARACTERISTICS**



Heater Voltage				 		4 volts ± 5%
Heater Current				 		0.65 amp.
Tetrode Anode V	oltage (	maxim	um)	 		250 volts
Screen Voltage (1	naximur	n)		 		100 volts
Triode Anode Vo	oltage (n	naximu	m)	 		200 volts
Conversion Cond	uctance			 	•••	550 Micromhos *

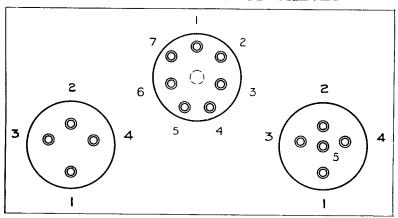
<sup>\*</sup> Taken at anode volts (tetrode) 250, screen volts 100. anode volts (triode) 200, control grids -3 volts.

#### OPERATING CONDITIONS

		250	150	100
		100	100	50
		200	120	100
• • •	• • • •			-1.5
• • • •	•••			10,000 150
		300		20,000
nce (c	ohms)	15,000	10,000	20,000
	•••		3.0	1.5
•••	•••			2.5
•••	•••	4.0	4.0	3.5
	   nms) nce (o	ams) nce (ohms)	100 200 3:0 50,000 300	100 100 200 120 3.0 -2.5 50,000 25,000 300 300 15,000 10,000 2.0 3.0 2.0 2.5



## BASE CONNECTIONS OF VALVES



#### UNDERSIDE VIEW OF BASES 4-PIN VALVES

Туре				1		2		3	4			
HLB.1, PB.1 R.1, R.2, R.3, 1A.7 4037A						G A2		.M H F	F H.C F			
		5-1	PIN V	ALVE	S							
Түре		1	2	3		4		5	Top Cap			
8A.1, 9A.1 HLA.2, PA.1 PenB.1, PenA.1 4039A 1D5		A A A	G1 G G1 G	H H F H	]	H H F H		C.M C.M G2 C C				
	7-PIN VALVES											
Түре	1	2	3	4	5	•	5	7	Top Cap			
4D.1 7A.3, 7D.8,			_	Н	Н	(	2	Α	G			
7D.6, 7A.2, & 7D.3		G1	G2	н	Н	(	2	A	_			

A. Anode. G1, G2, G3, G4, 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Grids. F. Filament. H. Heater. C. Cathode. D1, D2, Diodes. A. Anode. M. Metallising.

G3

D2

G3.G5

Н

H

Н

Н

Η

CCC

G1

G1

G4

A

M

G1

G2

9D.2

11A.2, 11D.3 D1

15A.2, 15D.1