

# SP. 181 A.C./D.C. MAINS H.F. PENTODE

## RATING.

Heater Voltage						18.0
Heater Current (Amps.)		•••			•••	0.2
Maximum Anode Voltage	•••	•••				250
Maximum Screen Voltage	• • • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	250
*Mutual Conductance (mA/V)			···· _	. • :-	•••	8.5
*Taken at Ea=	= 200 :	Es = 20	0 : Es	7 1.5.		

# TYPICAL OPERATION.

Anode Voltage				•••		175	200	200	
Screen Voltage	•••					175	200	200	
Grid Voltage		•••		• • • •		1.8	1.8	1.5	
Anode Current	(mA)	• • •		•••		6.3	8.5	10.9	
Screen Current	(mA)	•••	•••	•••		1.6	2.1	2.7	
Mutual Conduct	ance (m	A/V)	•••			6.6	7.6	8.5	
Input Capacity V	Vorking	$(\mu\mu F.$	.)			15.0	15	15.25	
Change in Input Capacity produced by biasing									
valve to cut-o	ff∆C (	$\mu\mu$ F.)	•••			3.75	3.75	4.0	
Self Bias Resistar	nce (ohi	ms)		•••		230	170	110	
Input Loss at 45	Mc. (ol	ıms)	•••	•••		2,510	2, <del>4</del> 00	2,150	

### INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITIES.

*Anode to Earth			• • •	•••			5.0	$\mu\mu$ F.
*Grid to Earth	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••		$\mu\mu$ .
Anode to Grid	•••	• • •	• • • •	•••	•••		0.003	$\mu\mu$ F.
"Earth" denotes				earthy	potent	tial	electrodes	and
metallising joined	l to ca	ithode.						

### DIMENSIONS.

Maximum Overall Length	 	 	 95 mm.
Maximum Diameter	 	 	32 mm

## GENERAL.

The SP.181 is a screened H.F. Pentode for use in the H.F. stages of Short Wave A.C./D.C. receivers. The bulb is of small dimensions and metallised. The valve is fitted with a Mazda octal base, the connexions to which are given overleaf.

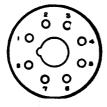
EDISWAN RADIO



### APPLICATION.

H.F. and I.F. Amplifiers.—Particular care has been taken in the design of the valve to reduce the input loss at high frequencies to a minimum, and the equivalent input resistance at 45 Mc. is shown in the tables on page I. When designing circuits for use at very high frequency where the valve capacities form a large percentage of circuit capacity, difficulty is often experienced in obtaining control of amplification without adversely affecting response curves. This is largely on account of the change of the portion of capacity between grid and cathode due to space charge (designated  $\Delta C$ ) caused by biasing back Gl. In the SP.181 this change of capacity is about 4  $\mu\mu$ F. when the valve is biased to cut-off. This capacity change can be reduced by biasing back the suppressor grid in addition to the control grid, and the circuit given at the end of the section for the SP.4I shows how this may be accomplished. With this method of control the input loss also remains constant with variation of amplification.

## BASING

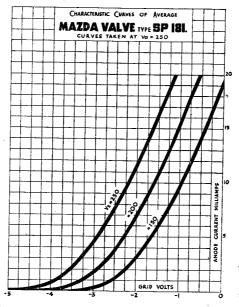


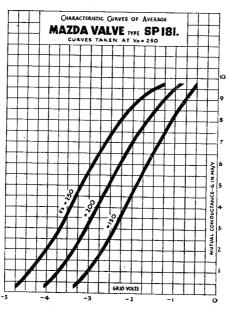
- Pin No. I. Heater.
  - 2. Cathode.
  - 3. Anode.
  - 4. Screen.
  - 5. Suppressor Grid.
  - 6. Metallising.
  - 7. Omitted,
  - 3. Heater.

Top Cap. Control Grid.

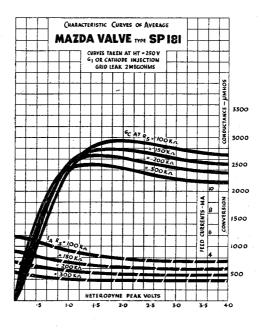
Viewed from the free end of the base.











Maida Radio Valves are manufactured in Great Britain for the British Thomson-Houston Co., Ltd., London and Rugby, and distributed by THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC CO., LTD. 155, CHARING CROSS ROAD. LONDON, W.C.2

