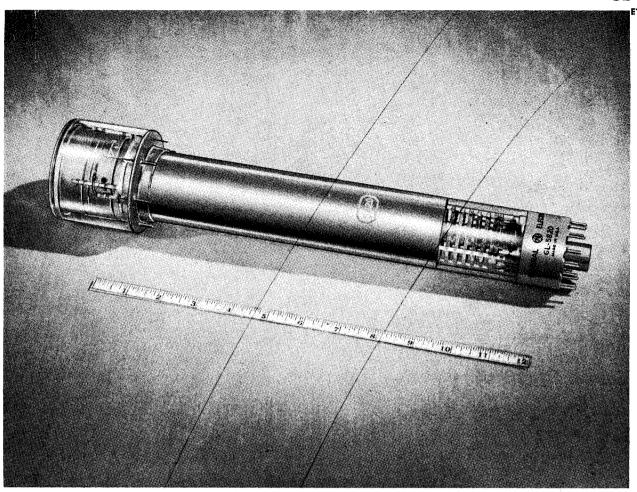
ET-T1238A PAGE 1# 5-58



### IMAGE ORTHICON

The GL-5820 is a television camera tube for outdoor and studio pickup use in which exceptionally high sensitivity is combined with a spectral response approaching that of the eye. It is very stable in performance at all incident light levels on the object ranging from bright sunlight to a deep shadow (several thousand foot-candles to one foot-candle or less). Commercially acceptable pictures can be obtained at incident light

levels greater than about 10 foot-candles.

The GL-5820 has a photocathode characterized by a spectral response with high blue and high green sensitivity, very good yellow sensitivity, and good red sensitivity. It has practically no infrared sensitivity. This particular characteristic of the response permits portrayal of colors in nearly their true tonal gradation since it prevents any color-masking by infrared.

#### **TECHNICAL INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL**

Electrical

Cathode-Unipotential Volts Amperes Photocathode—Semi-transparent Response—See spectral sensitivity curve on page 3 for details. Rectangular Image, 4 by 3 aspect ratio ⊕Useful Size, maximum diagonal..... Inches Orientation—Proper orientation is obtained when the vertical scan is essentially parallel to the plane passing through the center of the faceplate and pin No. 7 of the shoulder base. Focusing Method-Magnetic Deflecting Method-Magnetic Direct Interelectrode Capacitance  $\mu\mu f$ 



5-58

TECHNICAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)	
Mechanical	
Over-all Length. $15.20'' \pm 0.25''$ Greatest Diameter of Bulb. $3.00'' \pm 0.06''$ Minimum Deflecting Coil Inside Diameter $2^3/8$ Deflecting Coil Length. $5$ Focusing Coil Length. $10$ Alignment Coil Length. $\frac{15}{16}$ Photocathode Distance Inside End of Focusing Coil. $\frac{1}{12}$ Weight, approximate. $1.4$ Operating Position—Any, except with diheptal base up and the tube axis at an angle of less that vertical.	Inches Pounds
MAXIMUM RATINGS AND TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS	
Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values	
Photocathode Voltage—550 I	Max Volts
Photocathode Illumination	Max Foot-Candles
Anode Supply Voltage*	Max Volts
Grid-No. 1 Voltage	
Negative Bias Value	
Positive Bias Value	Max Volts
Grid-No. 2 and Dynode-No. 1 Voltage	Max Volts
Grid-No. 3 Voltage	
Grid-No. 4 Voltage	Max Volts
Grid-No. 5 Voltage	Max Volts
Grid-No. 6 Voltage	Max Volts
Voltage Per Multiplier Stage	Max Volts
Target Voltage	
Positive Value	Max Volts
Negative Value	Max Volts
Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage	
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode	Max Volts
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode	Max Volts
Operating Temperature of Any Part of Bulb	Max C
Operating Temperature of Bulb at Large End of Tube, target section	Min C
Temperature Difference	
Between Target Section and Any Part of Bulb Hotter Than Target Section	Max C
Typical Operation	
Photocathode Voltage, image focus	Volts
Grid-No. 1 Voltage for Picture Cut-off, beam	Volts
Grid-No. 2 and Dynode-No. 1 Voltage	Volts
Grid-No. 3 Voltage†, multiplier focus	Volts
Grid-No. 4 Voltage, beam focus	Volts
Grid-No. 5 Voltage, decelerator	Volts
Grid-No. 6 Voltage, accelerator	
75 Percent of Photocathode Voltage, approximate	Volts
Dynode-No. 2 Voltage	Volts
Dynode-No. 3 Voltage	Volts
Dynode-No. 4 Voltage	Volts
Dynode-No. 5 Voltage	Volts
Anode Voltage	Volts
DC Anode Current	Microamperes
#Signal Output Current, peak to peak	

Ratio of Peak-to-Peak Highlight Video Signal

□Target Cutoff Voltage‡......-3 to +1 Volts 

Minimum Peak-to-Peak Blanking Voltage..... 5 Volts 

Target Voltage!

<sup>\*</sup> Ratio of dynode voltages is shown under Typical Operation.

<sup>†</sup> Adjust to give the most uniformly shaded picture near maximum signal.

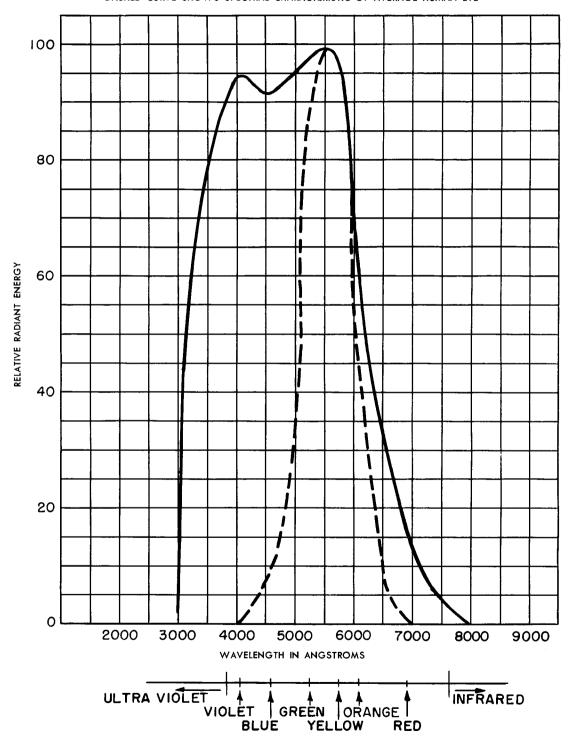
 $<sup>\</sup>ddagger$  Adjustable from -3 to +5 volts with blanking voltage off. Normal setting of target voltage is +2 volts from target cutoff.

Direction of current should be such that a north-seeking pole is attracted to the image end of the focusing coil, with the indicator located outside of and at the image end of the focusing coil.

Denotes a change.

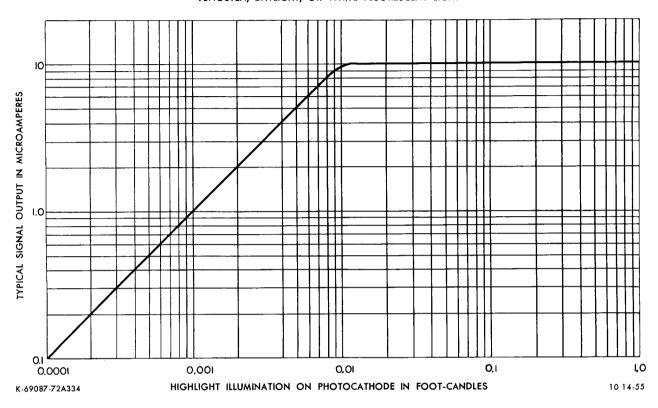
<sup>□</sup>Denotes an addition.

# SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC FOR EQUAL VALUES OF RADIANT FLUX AT ALL WAVELENGTHS DASHED CURVE SHOWS SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF AVERAGE HUMAN EYE

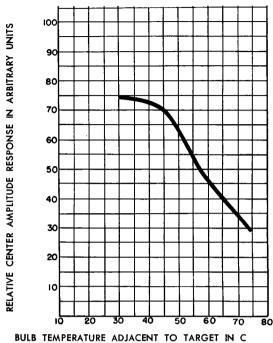


GL-5820 ET-T1238A PAGE 4 12-56

# TYPICAL SIGNAL OUTPUT SCENE: BLACK AND WHITE BALANCED TUNGSTEN, DAYLIGHT, OR WHITE FLUORESCENT LIGHT



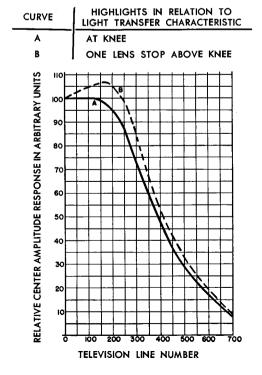
#### TEMPERATURE EFFECT ON AMPLITUDE RESPONSE TELEVISION LINE NUMBER = 300

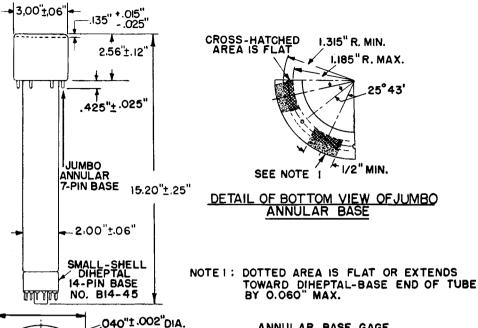


#### AMPLITUDE RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS

TEST PATTERN: SQUARE WAVE

OPERATING TEMPERATURE OF BULB ADJACENT TO TARGET = 35 C RESPONSE MEASURED IN SYSTEM HAVING 10 MC BANDWIDTH





2.500" 6 PINS PIN 6 7 8 9 0 5 CIRCLE **Ø**5 DIAMETER ĭÌ₩ .093"±.003"

#### ANNULAR BASE GAGE

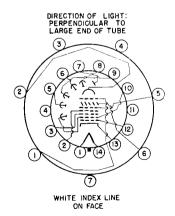
ANGULAR VARIATIONS BETWEEN PINS AS WELL AS ECCENTRICITY OF NECK CYLINDER WITH RESPECT TO PHOTOGATHODE CYLINDER ARE HELD TO TOLERANCES SUCH THAT PINS AND NECK CYLINDER WILL FIT FLAT- PLATE GAGE WITH:

a. SIX HOLES HAVING DIAMETER OF 0.065"± 0.001"
AND ONE HOLE HAVING DIA. OF 0.150"±0.001". ALL HOLES HAVE DEPTH
OF 0.265"±0.001". THE SIX 0.065" HOLES ARE ENLARGED BY 45° TAPER
TO DEPTH OF 0.047". ALL HOLES ARE SPACED AT ANGLES OF 51°26' ±5 ON CIRCLE DIAMETER OF 2.500 "± 0.001

#### ENLARGED BOTTOM VIEW

b.SEVEN STOPS HAVING HEIGHT OF 0.187"± 0.001" CENTERED BETWEEN PIN HOLES, TO BEAR AGAINST FLAT AREAS OF BASE.

- RIM EXTENDING OUT A MINIMUM OF 0.125" FROM 2.812" DIAMETER AND ¢. HAVING HEIGHT OF 0.126" 10.001
- NECK-CYLINDER CLEARANCE HOLE HAVING DIAMETER OF 2.200 "± 0.001."



N-15118AZ-Outline Revised

#### SMALL-SHELL DIHEPTAL 14-PIN BASE

PIN 6 : DYNODE NO.4 PIN II: INTERNAL CONNEC -PIN 1: HEATER PIN 2: GRID NO.4 PIN 3: GRID NO.3 PIN 7: ANOBE PIN 8: DYNODE NO.5 PIN 9: DYNODE NO.3 PIN IO: DYNODE NO.1, GRID NO.2 PIN 12: GRID NO.I PIN 13: CATHODE PIN 14: HEATER PIN 4: INTERNAL CONNECTION - DO NOT USE TION - DO NOT USE PIN 5; DYNODE NO. 2

#### KEYED JUMBO ANNULAR 7-PIN BASE

PIN 1: GRID NO.6
PIN 2: PHOTOCATHODE
PIN 3: INTERNAL CONNECTION-DO NOT USE
PIN 4: INTERNAL CONNECTION-DO NOT USE

PIN 6: TARGET

PIN 5: GRID NO.5

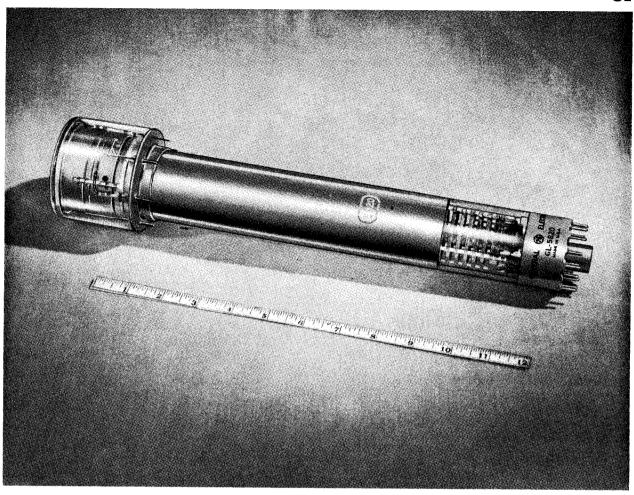
PIN 7: INTERNAL CONNECTION - DO NOT USE

ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS DIVISION



4-23-58





## IMAGE ORTHICON

The GL-5820 is a television camera tube for outdoor and studio pickup use in which exceptionally high sensitivity is combined with a spectral response approaching that of the eye. It is very stable in performance at all incident light levels on the object ranging from bright sunlight to a deep shadow (several thousand foot-candles to one foot-candle or less). Commercially acceptable pictures can be obtained at incident light

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#### **TECHNICAL INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL**

El	ec	tr	ic	a	Į
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Cathode—Unipotential	
Heater Voltage, AC or DC	Volts
Heater Current	Amperes
Photocathode—Semi-transparent	
Response—See curve K-69087-72A333 on page 3 for details.	
Rectangular Image, 4 by 3 aspect ratio	
Useful Size, maximum diagonal1.6	Inches
Focusing Method—Magnetic	
Deflecting Method—Magnetic	
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	
Anode to All Other Electrodes	nuf



Mechanical

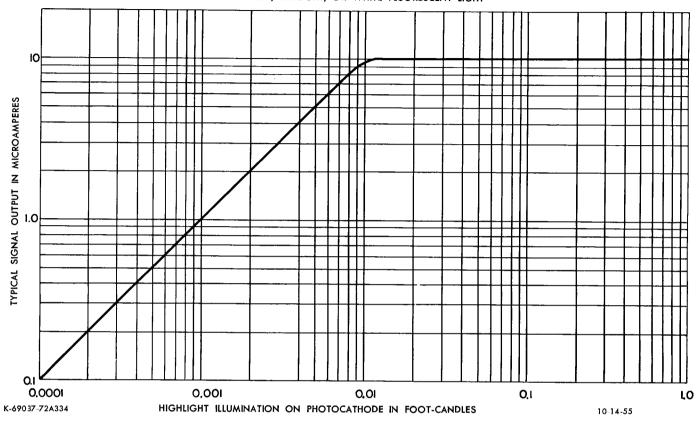
### **TECHNICAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Mechanical	
Over-all Length $15\frac{3}{16} = \frac{1}{4}$	Inches
Greatest Diameter of Bulb	Inches
Minimum Deflecting Coil Inside Diameter	Inches
Deflecting Coil Length	Inches
Focusing Coil Length	Inches
Alignment Coil Length. $\frac{15}{16}$	Inches
	Inches
Photocathode Distance Inside End of Focusing Coil	
Weight, approximate	Pounds
MAXIMUM RATINGS AND TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS	
Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values	
Photocathode Voltage	Max Volts
Photocathode Illumination	
Anode Supply Voltage*	
Grid-No. 1 Voltage	
Negative Bias Value	May Valte
Positive Bias Value	
Grid-No. 2 and Dynode-No. 1 Voltage	
Grid-No. 3 Voltage	
Grid-No. 4 Voltage	
Grid-No. 5 Voltage	Max Volts
Voltage Per Multiplier Stage	Max Volts
Target Voltage	
Positive Value	Max Volts
Negative Value	
Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage	
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode	Max Volte
neater negative with Respect to Cathoda	Max Volta
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode	
Operating Temperature of Any Part of Bulb	
Operating Temperature of Bulb at Large End of Tube (Target Section)	Min C
Temperature Difference	
Between Target Section and Any Part of Bulb Hotter Than Target Section	Max C
* 1.10 ·	
Typical Operation Photocathode Voltage (Image Focus)	Volta
Photocathode Voltage (Image Focus).	Volts
Grid-No. 1 Voltage for Picture Cut-off	
Grid-No. 2 and Dynode-No. 1 Voltage	
Grid-No. 3 Voltage†	
Grid-No. 4 Voltage (Beam Focus)	Volts
Grid-No. 5 Voltage (Decelerator)	Volts
Grid-No. 6 Voltage (Accelerator)	
75% of Photocathode Voltage	Volts
Dynode-No. 2 Voltage 600	
Dynode-No. 3 Voltage	
Dynode-No. 4 Voltage	Volts
Dynode-No. 5 Voltage	
	Volts
Anode Voltage	
DC Anode Current	Microamperes
Target Voltage‡0 to 3	Volts
Target Temperature Range	С
Ratio of Peak-to-Peak Highlight Video Signal	
Current to RMS Noise Current, approximate	
Minimum Peak-to-Peak Blanking Voltage	Volts
Field Strength at Center of Focusing Coil§	Gausses
Field Strength of Alignment Coil, approximate	Gausses
a sour and on a submission and, after a source and a sour	

<sup>\*</sup> Ratio of dynode voltages is shown under Typical Operation.
† Adjust to give the most uniformly shaded picture near maximum signal.
‡ Adjustable from -3 to +5 volts with blanking voltage off.
§ Direction of current should be such that a north-seeking pole is attracted to the image end of the focusing coil, with the indicator located outside of and at the image end of the focusing coil.

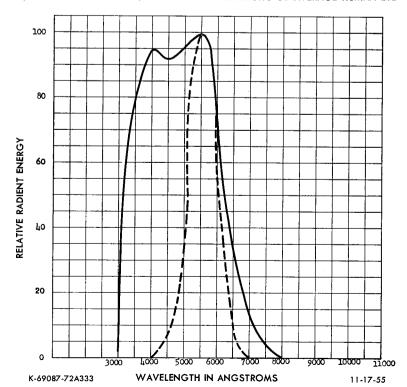
## TYPICAL SIGNAL OUTPUT SCENE: BLACK AND WHITE BALANCED

SCENE: BLACK AND WHITE BALANCED TUNGSTEN, DAYLIGHT, OR WHITE FLUORESCENT LIGHT

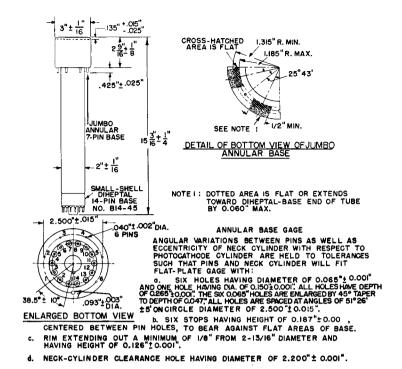


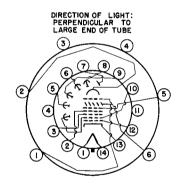
### SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC

FOR EQUAL VALUES OF RADIANT FLUX AT ALL WAVELENGTHS (DASHED CURVE SHOWS) SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF AVERAGE HUMAN EYE



11-55





#### WHITE INDEX LINE ON FACE BASING DIAGRAM

#### SMALL-SHELL DIHEPTAL 14-PIN BASE

PIN 1: HEATER
PIN 2: GRID NO.4
PIN 3: GRID NO.3
PIN 4: INTERNAL CONNECTION - DO NOT USE

PIN 5: DYNODE NO. 2

PIN 6: DYNODE NO.4 PIN 7: ANODE PIN 7: ANODE PIN 8: DYNODE NO.5 PIN 9: DYNODE NO.3 PIN IO: DYNODE NO.1, GRID NO.2 PIN II: INTERNAL CONNECTION-DO NOT USE
PIN I2: GRID NO.I
PIN I3: GATHODE
PIN I4: HEATER

#### KEYED JUMBO ANNULAR 7-PIN BASE

PIN 1: GRID NO.6
PIN 2: PHOTOCATHODE
PIN 3: INTERNAL CONNECTION-DO NOT USE
PIN 4: INTERNAL CONNECTION-DO NOT USE

PIN 5: GRID NO.5 PIN 6: TARGET

PIN 7: INTERNAL CONNECTION - DO NOT USE

N-15118AZ

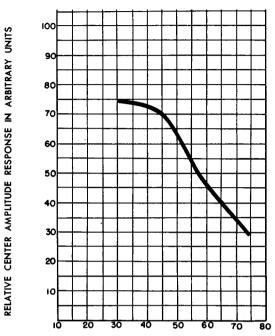
#### TUBE DEPARTMENT



Schenectady 5, N.Y.

10-20-55

## TEMPERATURE EFFECT ON AMPLITUDE RESPONSE TELEVISION LINE NUMBER = 300



BULB TEMPERATURE ADJACENT TO TARGET IN C

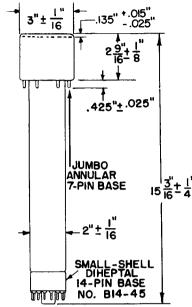
#### AMPLITUDE RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS

TEST PATTERN: SQUARE WAVE

OPERATING TEMPERATURE OF BULB ADJACENT TO TARGET  $= 35\,$  C RESPONSE MEASURED IN SYSTEM HAVING 10 MC BANDWIDTH

CURVE	HIGHLIGHTS IN RELATION TO LIGHT TRANSFER CHARACTERISTIC
Α	AT KNEE
В	ONE LENS STOP ABOVE KNEE
IVE CENTER AMPLITUDE RESPONSE IN ARBITRARY UNITS  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
TUDE RE	
R AM PLI'	
CENTE	
<u>≅</u> ⊸	<del>                                      </del>

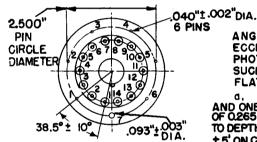
PAGE 6 9-57



CROSS-HATCHED I.315" R. MIN.
AREA IS FLAT I.185" R. MAX.
25°43'
SEE NOTE 1 1/2" MIN.

DETAIL OF BOTTOM VIEW OFJUMBO ANNULAR BASE

NOTE I: DOTTED AREA IS FLAT OR EXTENDS TOWARD DIHEPTAL-BASE END OF JUBE BY 0.060" MAX.



#### ANNULAR BASE GAGE

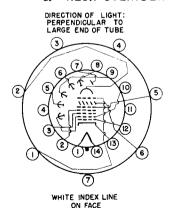
ANGULAR VARIATIONS BETWEEN PINS AS WELL AS ECCENTRICITY OF NECK CYLINDER WITH RESPECT TO PHOTOCATHODE CYLINDER ARE HELD TO TOLERANCES SUCH THAT PINS AND NECK CYLINDER WILL FIT FLAT-PLATE GAGE WITH:

a. SIX HOLES HAVING DIAMETER OF 0.065"± 0.001"
AND ONE HOLE HAVING DIA. OF 0.150"±0.001". ALL HOLES HAVE DEPTH
OF 0.265"±0.001". THE SIX 0.065" HOLES ARE ENLARGED BY 45° TAPER
TO DEPTH OF 0.047". ALL HOLES ARE SPACED AT ANGLES OF 51°26'
±5' ON CIRCLE DIAMETER OF 2.500"±0.001"

ENLARGED BOTTOM VIEW

BETWEEN PIN HOLES, TO BEAR AGAINST FLAT AREAS OF BASE.

- c. RIM EXTENDING OUT A MINIMUM OF 1/8" FROM 2-13/16" DIAMETER AND HAVING HEIGHT OF 0.126"10.001".
- d. NECK-CYLINDER CLEARANCE HOLE HAVING DIAMETER OF 2.200" ± 0.001".



#### SMALL-SHELL DIHEPTAL 14-PIN BASE

PIN 1: HEATER PIN 6: DYNODE NO.4 PIN 11: INTERNAL CONNEC - TION-DO NOT USE PIN 3: GRID NO.4 PIN 7: ANODE PIN 8: DYNODE NO.5 PIN 12: GRID NO.1 PIN 9: DYNODE NO.3 PIN 13: CATHODE PIN 15: DYNODE NO.1 PIN 16: DYNODE NO.1 PIN 18: CATHODE PIN 18: DYNODE NO.1 PIN 18: CATHODE P

#### KEYED JUMBO ANNULAR 7-PIN BASE

N-15118AZ—Outline Revised

8-22-57

#### **ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS DIVISION**

