

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

COLD CATHODE GAS - DIODE

TYPE CK6763

The CK6763 is a ruggedized, instant starting, cold cathode, gas-filled, half-wave rectifier of miniature construction suitable for high voltage, low current power supplies up to 12 mAdc output. Several tubes can be operated in cascode to produce very high voltages. The CK6763 is designed for use in high vibration environmental conditions such as found in mobile and aircraft equipments.

MECHANICAL DATA

ENVELOPE: T-5½ Glass BASE: Miniature Button 7-Pin

TERMINAL CONNECTIONS:

Pin 1 Cathode Pin 2 Cathode Pin 5 Cathode Pin 6 Cathode Pin 3 Cathode Pin 7 Cathode Pin 4 Cathode Top Lead Anode

MOUNTING FOSITION: Any

ELECTRICAL DATA

August 30, 1955

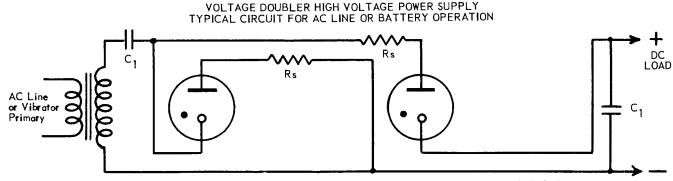
RATINGS - ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM VALUES:

2800 volts Peak Inverse Voltage Peak Cathode Current (Steady state) * 100 ma Peak Cathode Current (surge) 300 ma 12 mAdc Average Cathode Current (dc) Maximum Anode Supply Voltage (RMS) Minimum Anode Supply Voltage (RMS) 1200 volts 500 volts Minimum Surge Limiting Impedance 6000 ghms C - 55 to + 90 Ambient Temperature Range

CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION - HALF . WAVE RECTIFIER:

1200 volts Anode Supply Voltage (RMS) 6000 ohms Minimum Anode Supply Impedance Load Current (dc) 12 mAdc 85 volts Approximate Anode to Cathode Drop

* To avoid damage to the equipment or tube, it is recommended that the anode supply impedance be adjusted to limit forward currents and intermittent reverse peak currents to stated values. Typical resistance is 6000 ohms minus the effective equivalent transformer loss, but never less than 2000 ohms dc resistance. For voltage multiplier circuits, a separate limiting resistor should be connected in series with the anode or cathode of each tube. In the event of a reverse arc, the absence of a surge limiting resistor causes all of the energy of the filter condensor to be dis. sipated in the tube.



Rs= Surge Resistor. Adjust to keep Peak Cathode Current (steady state) and Peak Cathode Current (surge) within ratings of 100 ma. and 300 ma., respectively. Rs should not be less than 2000 ohms in voltage doubler circuits regardless of transformer characteristics.

C1= 1.0 μ f, (Typical for 60 cycle operation).

Tentative Data

RAYTHEON MANUFACTURING COMPANY

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